EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, (MD.)

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1.

WHIG NOMINATION,

For Governor of the State of Maryland.

JOHN N. STEELE,

OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

Election to be held on Wednesday, the 3d day of October.

WHIG MEETING.

The Committees from the several election districts of Talbot County, elected for the purpose of nominating a Senator, three Delegates for the General Assembly of Maryland, and a County Commissioner, for District No. 4, to be presented to the consideration of the Whigs of Talbot County, nominated the following gentlemen:

For Senator,
JOSEPH BRUFF, Esq.
For Delegates,
JOHN B. KERR,
JOHN H. HARRIS,
GEORGE DUDLEY, Esq'rs.
For County Commissioner,
THOMAS O. MARTIN, Esq.

After which the convention passed the subjoined resolution and adjourned.

RESOLVED, That the members of this Convention, recommend the gentlemen nominated to the Whigs of Talbot County, and pledge themselves to use all fair and honorable means to secure their election.

Attest,
WM. W. HIGGINS, Secretary.

Easton, August 28, 1838.

MISSOURI.—After a desperate struggle the 'party' have obtained a majority in the Legislature. Benton of course is re-elected and this 'Glorious Victory' they have only lost 30 members of the Legislature since last year) has nearly turned the brains of the Loco Focos. The "Whig" fires no less than three hundred guns for Benton and Missouri. The next Legislature will be divided as follows:

	W.	L. F.
Senate,	13	20
House,	40	56
	53	76
		53
Loco Foco majority		23

In the last Legislature the Whigs had 23 in both houses.

KENTUCKY.—The Franklin Commonwealth of the 22d ult. contains the full returns of the Senators and all the members of the lower house of the Legislature but five. The account stands

	Whig	L. Foco.
Senate	22	16
House	62	29
	84	45

The proposition for a Convention did not receive the support of one fifth of the voters.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The Raleigh Register, of Monday, brings us the full returns of the election for members of the Legislature. The two houses will be politically divided as follows:

	Whig.	L. Foco.
Senate	27	23
House	65	55
	92	78
	78	
Whig majority	14	

Gov. Dudley is re-elected by about twenty thousand majority!

The Register gives the following striking facts:—

In 1824, Gen Jackson, received EVERY VOTE for President in the county of Haywood. In 1838, the Whig candidate for the Legislature received a majority of the votes.

In 1824, Mr. Crawford received 18 votes in the county of Buncombe, against Gen. Jackson. In 1838, the Van Burenites dared not to bring out a candidate.

In the same year, Mr. Crawford received about 80 votes in Burke county. In 1838, no Administration candidate presented himself to the people.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

The Whig Convention have nominated the following Ticket.

For the Senate—J. DONAHOE.

For the House of Delegates—Doctor WILLIAMS; WILLIAM W. HANDY; NOAH RIDER, and B. I. JONES.

BALTIMORE CITY.

The Whig Convention, at its session on Monday evening last, nominated the following gentlemen as the Whig candidates for the Legislature:

For the Senate.
DAVID STEWART.
For the House of Delegates
CHARLES H. PITTS,
JAMES L. RIDGELY,
CORNELIUS L. L. LEARY,
RICHARD J. CROSS,
Dr. STEPHEN COLLINS.

MR. GRUNDY'S RESIGNATION.—On the 20th ult. Mr. Grundy, of Tennessee, resigned his seat in the Senate, and left Nashville immediately thereafter to assume the duties of Attorney General of the United States.

ANOTHER EXPOSURE—MORE LIGHT.

Mr. R. M. Whitney has replied to the attack made upon him by the Globe.—We make extracts that the people may see how things are managed by the Kitchen Cabinet:

"The editor of the Globe to talk about defrauding the Post Office Department, by sending prospectuses with a newspaper! Will the editor say how many thousand prospectuses of Extra and Congressional Globes he has sent off in papers, Presidential messages, franks of members, and directed to Postmasters all over the country, from the Blue Book? Defraud the Post Office! Indeed! I never obtained either single or by quires, the franks of distinguished individuals, for my family to carry on their familiar correspondence under. Can the editor of the Globe say the same?

When the editor of the Globe wrote that "they, (Mr. Wise and his friends) judged rightly, it seems, in supposing that Mr. Whitney, as agent of the banks, was willing to bring their money and influence to bear on politics," he knew he was penning that which was basely false. Mr. Blair well knows the efforts that were made by him &others in the last half of the year 1835 to get a bank in Kentucky, selected a depository of the public money, a State in which there was no revenue collected, and but little disbursed; and consequently, no depository was required. The object of the bank, in striving to be selected, was: that its notes might be made as 'Land Office money,' & its circulation thereby become agumented.

The efforts made to get this bank selected, were untiring and almost unceasing, and by no one more perseveringly and pertinaciously than Mr. Blair. and what did he avow his object to be?—Partly to serve a relative interested in the bank and partly political. He declared more than once, that the selection of that bank would be the means of securing the vote of Kentucky in the Presidential election! To my knowledge, both Gen. Jackson and the Secretary of the Treasury were importuned by Mr. Blair until they were tired. The bank was not selected. This is the man who now has the audacity to charge me with having been willing to bring the money and influence of the banks to bear on politics!'

* * * * *

Who is he of the Globe that arrogates to himself to form a fourth branch of the Government!

This proud patrician, I have been told, came here a beggar. The friends of the administration contributed to purchase his press, types, &c., to start him! He has been pampered with the public money and fattened upon it ever since.—From a hundred and twenty to a hundred and fifty thousand dollars has he received from the Executive Departments alone, and from Congress probably quite as much more. What has he ever done to give him a claim to all this patronage and have bestowed on him a monopoly? Nothing—nothing. Selfish and sordid; grasping and avaricious; his patriotism extends no farther than his pockets; he will be the advocate to morrow of any man, for the next Presidency, be he whom he may, or of whatever party, that will insure him a continuance of his monopoly—the public printing.

The Globe of Tuesday night, speaking of Mr. Clay, exclaims, "How a man, indeed, can manage to keep himself prominent in the public eye, with so little intellectual capital; is a curious phenomenon."

The Globe is a most modest paper. Mr. Clay's reputation of forty years' standing is thus summarily disposed of by a man, who not many years ago, was his most devoted and sycophantic admirer.—[Balt. Chronicle.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—This high minded and honorable State cannot possibly be transferred to Martin Van Buren, & yet he says he has it—it is in his hands—his interest. The Columbia Telescope feels and speaks the language of a true son of that patriotic State

The delusion cannot long continue.—And now we put the question directly, will the State of South Carolina, the delusion being dissipated, permit itself, knowingly and of purpose, to fall into the arms of Mr. Van Buren? This is the only question.

Whom are we to be delivered over to Look to it, people of South Carolina.

To the ruffian dynasty of Blair, Benton and Kendall—

To the cold blooded, selfish, and unscrupulous politics of the New York Regency—

To the wild and lawless principles of unbridled loco focoism—

To the "Kitchen Cabinet"—to the Spoils party—To that which Mr. Calhoun said had no principle of adhesion but a desire of office.

To the foulness of the Mrs. Eaton party.

To the ferocity of the Proclamation party.

To the daring sycophancy of the Expunging party.

To the fraud and duplicity of those who betrayed us into the Tariff of 1828 who opposed the compromise of 1833 and urged its violation in 1837.

To that profligate and prodigal party which at the last session borrowed twenty millions, to enable it to spend thirty nine in patronage and influence.

These are the people and the principles we are to be delivered over to.

And under what circumstances of gross humiliation are we brought up to be surrendered.

From the New York Express.

THE CAUSE.—The Hon. Isaac Hill and Cyrus Barton are journeying west The reasons for travel by the distinguished visitors is given in the following paragraph from the New Hampshire Courier of August 10th, premising that Abner P. Stinson, a tall walking defaulter from the Granite State is now a rewarded Collector of the port of St. Joseph, Mich.

'Mr. Senator Hubbard, who is on Stinson's bonds for $20,000, left for St. Joseph, Michigan, a few days since. Isaac Hill who is on the same bonds for $40,000, and the Double Voter, who is on the bond for $55,000, left town yesterday morning for St. Joseph, where they will meet Hubbard, Stinson, and many of their friends who have fled from justice in N. England. It is said, as Stinson cannot come to Merrimack, Hubbard, Hill, and Barton had gone to St. Joseph to arrange with the aid of Stinson and Thompson the 'vouchers' as well as they possibly can be arranged, and then they will bring them back, and face the bonds as best they can face them. We know that these bondsmen sweat like rain under the road that will ultimately crush to the ground both Hill and Barton. Hubbard can pay his share and still be well enough off in the world; but the bonds will wind up the fiddles of Isaac Hill and Cyrus Barton.

A Van Buren Prophecy.—The American Sentinel, one of the oldest and most influential papers in Philadelphia, and which has been, from first to last, an advocate of the party now in power, has taken decided ground against the Sub-Treasury, and in yesterday's paper, after recapitulating the changes which have taken place in the party in regard to certain measures, and that four years ago, they repudiated the whole scheme of a Sub-Treasury as anti-democratic, makes this remarkable prophecy:—*Balt. Cron.*

"And it is no more than probable, judging from the signs of the times, that before many years elapse, another change will take place, when all good democrats will be required, on pain of expulsion from the ranks of the party to be as clamorous in favor of a National Bank as some of our leaders were a few short years ago, or as they are now in opposition to such a measure."

A New York paper calls upon us to say whether the word 'Queendom' is appropriate to the nation over which Queen Victoria reigns. We answer, no. 'Kingdom' signifies the united teritory of a *monarch*, without regared to the sex [U. S. Gazette.

A GOOD JOKE.

The New York American intimates that the Philadelphia banks were enabled to resume in consequence of the previous resumption of the New York banks.—We saw the moon, a few mornings since, in the last quarter, creep up the eastern horizon, in her waning beauty, and shortly afterwards, at his appointed time, the sun arose, and dispensed its light and heat upon all within its influence. We remarked however that notwithstanding the early *resumption* of its labors, the moon did not occupy much attention *after* sunrise.—[U. S. Gazette.

THE CORN CROP.—We copy a couple of extreme estimates, one on each side, as to the growing corn crop. The Farmer and Gardener anticipates about *one fifth* of an average crop; and the Germantown Telegraph nearly a full average crop, throughout the Union. These estimates are both, in our *estimation*, wide of the mark; but which of the twain is the wider, will, in our opinion, depend somewhat on future contingencies, relative to 'the weather and the crops.'—[Pat.

From the Germantown (Pa.) Telegraph of August 22.

THE CORN AND POTATO CROPS.

These two crops, so valuable to the community, will not yield so abundantly as there was good ground to expect a month or six weeks ago. The excessive heat of the weather for so long a period, with scarcely a drop of rain, have had a tendency to destroy the hopes of the farmer, in many places, relative to these products. We never saw the corn look more promising in this country, than it did four weeks ago; and although in several districts and on many farms, it will yield tolerably fair, yet if taken on the whole, that is, in this and some of the adjoinining counties, scarcely more than half a crop will be the result. We saw on the beautiful farm of James Gowen, Esq. at Mount Airy, on Saturday last, as fine a field of corn, of the yellow gourd species, as could well be produced. The stalks averaged nearly ten feet in height, the ears remarkably large, well filled; & frequently two on a stalk. His corn, this year, is all very good; but scarcely could it be otherwise under the admirable system of culture pursued by Mr. G.

Our friend Col. K. Smith, who cultivates one of the finest farms in the county of Philadelphia, informs us, that his corn will turn out tolerably fair: and all circumstances considered, not to be complained of.—The Colonel farther informs us, that he planted a small patch of the Baden species, on the 10th of May, and on the 5th instant, he husked several years perfectly hard. The stalks are unusually tall, most of them bearing several years; and from present appearances, it will be a very profitable species to cultivate.

The failure, however, of the corn and potato crops, is not so general or to the extent the *croakers* would make us believe. Maryland has probably suffered the most, with parts of Virginia, Delaware and Pennsylvania. But the yield of these products in other States, will be unusually abundant; so much so indeed, as to make them, upon the whole, almost or quite average ones throughout the country.

THE CORN CROP.—Some weeks since we advanced the opinion that under the most favorable circumstances not more than from ½ to ⅔ of an average crop of corn be raised, subsequent information, personal observation, and reflection, induce us to believe, that more than one-fifth of an average crop throughout the United States will be raised, in Maryland it will he much less. The late rains came too late to do much good. We rode by a lot of corn of perhaps 10 acres a few days since, and was so struck with its wretched appearance that we were induced to get down and walk through it. The blades were scorched and curled from the earth to the tassel, and we do not undervalue it when we say, that in our opinion, if it were to rain an hour or two every day from now till corn gathering time, it would not produce 1 bushel on the whole lot. Much other corn that we saw in a ride of 40 or 50 miles was in a most deplorable condition, and we may safely assert, that in our whole ride we did not see a single field that will make half a crop, though we saw many whose produce would not be worth the cost of the labor of gathering.—*Farmer and Gardener.*

The Crops in the West.—The intelligent editor of the Cincinnati Gazette writes from Wheeling under date of the 16th.

The Wheat is not of the best quality. Most of it is light in the grain, as if the sudden and severe hot sun that had ripened it for the harvest and hastened its preparation, and operated upon it like a kiln-drying process Whatever may be the cause, it is certainly light.

The oat crop is rather inferior. It was affected by the first hot weather of the season, and further injured by the grasshoppers, myriads of which have overspread this part of the country for some weeks. Oats are steady in demand, at unusual prices, for the period of the year.

Much is said of injury to the corn and potatoes by the drouth. The first has really suffered little, in the districts hereabouts. It is not now planted, except in the best lands, and in comparative small quantities. Wherever it has been properly cultivated, there is a fair crop. The price given for wheat within the last three or four years has wrought great change in the agricultural business of the country. Wool has been dull and heavy, and a consequent reduction has followed in the estimation and value of sheep. The distillation of grain is totally suspended, nay, in appearance, there is an end to that disposition of grains.

The potatoe crop is of very poor promise. But I presume the recent rains will renovate it. Such at least is the hopes of the cultivator.

TEXAS.—The National Banner, published at Houston, contains the official annunciation of the conclusion of a commercial agreement between Texas and Great Britain, from which it appears that vessels and goods under the Texian flag, and with Texain papers, are to be admitted into the ports of the former, in the same manner as the vessels and goods of Mexico, under the scope and stipulations of the Treaty with that Government; and the vessels and goods of Great Britain to be admitted into ports of Texas upon the basis of the same treaty.

[N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.

The New Orleans Bee of the 21st instant contains the constitution of an 'association of Mexican Robbers,' published in a paper called the *Themis*, printed in the Mexican metropolis. The existence of a band of ruffians bound together by the most fearful oaths and pledged to sustain each other to the death, in the prosecution of their nefarious designs, is of itself a fact calculated to demonstrate the utter weakness and incapacity of the authorities of that unhappy country. The constitution consists of forty articles comprizing the details of duty and requiring of the members the sacrifice of every good feeling and virtuous attachment. A part of their policy is not to take a wife before her capability to keep the secret of the fraternity is ascertained, and after having taken them, the men are bound to use harsh treatment so as to make their women afraid of doing any thing that might compromise the safety of the gang. They are never suffered to retire from active service and enjoy their ill gotten gains, on pain of death, the reasons assigned for such a rule being that they are bound to continue to aid others inasmuch as others have aided them.—[Balt. American.

Candinates for the next General Assembly.

KENT COUNTY.
For State Senator.
JAMES B. RICAUD.
Delegates.
Wm. S. Constable, | John McDaniel.
James H. Gale, |

FOR ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.
For State Senator.
ALEXANDER C. MAGRUDER, Esq.
For the House of Delegates.
Gen. C. S. Ridgly, | Dr. Wm. W. Watkins
Rich'd. Estep, Esq. | George Tyler, Esq.

CALVERT COUNTY.
For Senator.
JOHN BECKETT, Esq.
Delegates.
Augustus R. Sollars, | Francis Stephens,
Thomas I. Hellen, |

CARROLL COUNTY.
For Senator,
A. F. SHRIVER, Esq.
Delegates.
Mordecai G. Cockey, | Upton Scott,
Col. James C. Atlee, | A. Wampler,

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.
For Senator,
JOHN BROWN, Esq.
Delegates,
Ely Pardee, | Wm. Hemsley.
W. T. Wright, |

WORCESTER COUNTY.
For Senator,
WILLIAM U. PURNELL, Esq.
For Delegates,
Teagle Townsend, | John S. Purnell,
Thomas A. Spence | —— Redding.

CHARLES COUNTY.
For Senator,
J. G. CHAPMAN, Esq.

HARFORD COUNTY.
For Senator,
JAMES MOORES, Esq.
Delegates.
Stephen Boyd, | David G. McCay,
C. W. Billingslea, | James Luckey.

FREDERICK COUNTY.
For Senator,
RICHARD POTTS, Esq.
Delegates.
J. Thomas, of John, | G. Beckenbaugh,
Surat D. Warfield, | G. Hammon.
George Schlly, |

CECIL COUNTY.
For Senate.
Dr. CHARLES W. PARKER.
Delegates.
James Ford, | James L. Maxwell.
Johnson Simpers, |

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY.
For Senator.
THOMAS G. PRATT.
Delegates.
Robert Ghiselin, | Thomas F. Bowie,
T. J. Marshall, | Charles Calvert.

DORCHESTER COUNTY.
For Senator.
THOMAS H. ECCLESTON.
Delegates.
Henry Page, | Joseph Nicols,
H. L. McNamara, | W. W. Woolford.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE PATRIOT OFFICE, *Thursday, 1 o'clock, P. M.*

WHEAT, WHITE,	$1 40 a	$1 62
RED,	1 35 a	1 48
CORN, YELLOW,	0 88 a	0 90
WHITE,	0 84 a	0 85
RYE,	0 75 a	0 90
OATS,	0 34 a	0 35

Died,

On Wednesday the 22nd ult. at his fathers residence, near Federalsburgh, Caroline county, Samuel son of Mr. Tilghman Davis, aged 21 years.

In Caroline County on Tuesday 28th ult. Mrs: Rebecca, wife of John Jump (of E.) Esq in the twenty eight year of her age Mrs. Jump experienced religion, and joined the Methodist Episcopal Church some ten years past. When she gave her heart to God, and united with his people, it was with a full determination to make salvation the business of her remaining days. She maintained her christian profession, and adorned it with a happy consistency worthy of imitation. Her sickness was protracted. The last three months of her illness were months of severe suffering. This she bore with patience and resignation. For some time previous to her death she expressed an anxious desire to be more given up the will of her God.—When the closing scene approached she evinced to those around that her peace was made that she was ready to be offered, and the time of her departure was at hand, that she fought a good fight, and finished her course and kept the faith. Her confidence in God was strong and unshaken and when the summons came, without a struggle or a groan she fell asleep in Christ.

CATTLE SHOW, POSTPONED.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Md. Agricultural Society for the E. S. held on the 23d ult. it was unanimously, Resolved—That in consequence of the failure of the corn and root crops and the deplorable condition to which the stock have been reduced by the unprecedented drought which has prevailed throughout the country it is expedient to postpone the Cattle Show for twelve months and that it be held on or about the 1st of November 1839.

By order
T. TILGHMAN, Sec'ry.
September 1, 1838. (W)

Papers friendly to Agriculture are requested to copy the above.

PUBLIC SALE.

By order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot County, will be sold, on Wednesday the 12th day of the present month September all the personal estate (negroes excepted) of Joseph Martin Esq. dec'd. at his late residence, in Island Creek Neck, consisting of some valuable horses, a pair of fine mules, some good Milch Cows, and oxen, and other cattle, hogs, and sheep. Also household and kitchen furniture, two carriages and harness, one wheat threshing machine, one still, and many other articles

A credit of six months will be given on all sums over $5 the purchasers giving approved notes bearing interest from the day of Sale, all sums of $5 or under must be paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

Attendance by
JOHN S. MARTIN, Ex'r.
of Joseph Martin, dec'd.
Sept. 1 (W)

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale on Thursday the 20th day of September in Deep Neck, on the well known farm called Ashberry adjoining the residence of Mrs. Eliza C. Skinner, the following property for cash namely, six head of horses, thirteen head of cattle, forty head of hogs, and thirty head of sheep, one four wheel carriage, household and kitchen furniture, Farming Utensils, and the crop of Corn on the ground and many other articles too tedious to mention.

BENJAMIN ESGATE.
Talbot co., September 1, 1838—6t

RULES

Of the Eastern Shore Court of Appeals,

Adopted at December Term 1806. Published by authority and in compliance with a law passed at the last session of the General Assembly.

1st. That the Plaintiff in error shall assign errors during the term to which the record is returned, at the second term there shall be a rejoinder in error, and the case shall stand for argument at the third term.

2d. In all those cases which are intended for argument, the counsel shall at the second term furnish the Court with a brief of the facts upon which the questions, of Law are to arise and a statement of the questions that no suit shall be continued beyond the time limited by law although the counsel for the parties should consent to continue the same, unless the Court are satisfied justice requires such continuance.

3d. That no suit standing under Rule argument shall be continued beyond the time assigned for argument unless at the discretion of the Court for cause shown.

4th. That no writ of Detinution shall be granted after the suit is under rule argument, unless on the terms that the party applying for such writ shall be burthened with all the costs which have antecedently accrued in this Court.

5th That no writ of Demination shall issue unless the party applying for the same shall specify in writing in what the Record brought up is defective.

6th. That the Clerk of this Court do not deliver out any original papers without leave of the Court

7th. That the several Sheriffs of the counties on the Eastern Shore, who have process in their hands shall attend the Court on the first day of every Term and return all the process at nine o'clock on the first day of the Term.

At June Term, 1812 the following order was made Is Ordered by the Court that in future all cases brought up to this Court by appeal or writ of error to June, and all cases brought up the November Term shall stand for argument to the June Term following.

True copy. Attest,
THOS. C. NICOLS, Clerk.
September 1st, 1838.

$100 REWARD.

Runaway from the subscriber, on Sunday night last, the 5th ult, a negro man named

John Shadden,

very black, about 27 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, stout and well made, has rather a down look when spoken to, but very humble and submissive; has a scar on his face near the temple, but not recollected on which side; also a scar on the chin, occasioned by the cut of a knife. The said negro is a good laboring hand on a farm, and is partially acquainted with the shoemaking business. The clothing taken off by him were two pair of new tow linen trousers, with cotton warp, and two shirts of the same kind; a pair of cross-barred cassinet pantaloons, a blue cloth round jacket, a pair of white jeans pantaloons a round jacket of red and white twilled cotton, two muslin shirts, and two pair of old kirsey trousers, dyed purple, a fur hat not much worn, with some other clothing not recollected. It is supposed a small black woman, his wife, and the property of Mrs. Sarah Lee, has gone off in company with him, and it is believed they have made their way to Pennsylvania or Jersey.

The above reward will be given if said negro be apprehended out of the State, and lodged in some Jail so that I get him again, or fifty dollars, if taken in the State and brought home.

WILLIAM SLAUGHTER.
Talbot Co. Md. Sept. 1, 1838

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the 14th day of August, 1838, by John Shee, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for Baltimore City, a negro man, as a runaway, named JOHN, alias GEORGE WARE, who says he is free, and was raised by his mother, Anne Ward, in Kent County, Md., and has lived for several years in this city. He is 5 feet 2 1-4 inches in height, 19 or 20 years, of age, light complexion, has a scar on the right side of the head and several small ones on the front part of his neck—the little finger of the left hand injured from a cut Had on when committed a blue striped cotton shirt, blue cloth pants, pair old shoes and old straw hat

The owner, if any, of the above described negro man, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. HERRING, Warden,
Baltimore City and County Jail.
Sept. 1

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore city and county on the 15th day of August 1838, by Henry Cliffe, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for Baltimore city, a negro man, as a runaway, named HARRY GIBSON, who says he formerly belonged to the late Christopher Hughes, and then to Col. Samuel Moore of this city, and for the last two years lived on the farm of capt. George Weems, at Herring Bay. He is about 40 or 45 years of age, 5 feet 2¼ inches in height, dark complexion, has a number of scars on his breast occasioned from an eruptive disease.—Had on when committed a blue stripe cotton shirt, brown cotton pants, old black fur hat, old coarse shoes and dark cloth round about.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. HERRING, Warden,
Baltimore city and county Jail.
Sept. 1

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the 9th day of August, 1838, by Wm. A. Schaffer Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for Baltimore city, a negro boy, as a runaway, named ROBERT BARNES, who says he is free and was raised by his mother, Susan Barnes, of St. Mary's county, and for the last four years has lived with Mr. Wm. Taylor, who resides on St. George's Island. He is about 15 years of age, dark complexion, 4 feet 8 inches in height; has several small scars on each hand and wrist, occasioned by a burn also a small scar over his right eye in the eye brow. Had on when committed a blue check shirt, white twilled cotton pants and an old black and white palm leaf hat.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro boy is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. HERRING, Warden,
Balt. city and county Jail.
August 25, 1838.—3w