bridge crosses the Mohawk, from which a splendid view of the *Cohoes Falls*, about nine hundred yards distant. About one mile from the bridge is the *junction* of the Champlain and Erie Canal. The two canals intersect near this place. The canals, rail'road bridges over the spouts of the Mohawk, the nine locks of the Erie canal, form interesting attractions well worthy the attention of the curious traveller. The travelling to Ballston Spa and Saratoga Springs, is now confined to the railroad by which Cars leave daily from Albany and Troy. The fare nearly the same.

Ballston Spa is in Saratoga county, is about twenty five miles from Troy, and thirty one from Albany. Nothing worthy of particular attention in the Village, only the celebrated *mineral waters*. The spring first discovered is on a level at the west end of the town, and is enclosed by a plain iron fence, several other springs of equal celebrity have been discovered some have been discovered on the surface, and others by boring. The principal Hotel at the east end of the village is beautifully situated, and is celebrated for its superior accommodations. Several respectable boarding houses well prepared to accommodate travellers and visiters, at all times, but particularly in the summer. The Village was incorparated in 1807 and contains probably nearly fifteen hundred inhabitants. There is likewise a reading room and library. The waters are very disagreeable to the palate of some persons at first, but become more agreeable by use.

Saratoga Springs 36 miles from Albany; is now considered the most celebrated, and fashionable watering place in the United States. The village is pleasantly located on a level spot of ground, with many pine and hemlock trees skirting its suburbs. The soil rather sandy in the vicinity of the town, but the prospect very circumscribed. It has the advantages of a "salubrious air and fine climate." The springs have been long and justly celebrated for their medicinal virtues. they are situated on the margin of a vale on the east side of the village. The principal springs are the Congress the High Rock, the Hamilton and the Flat Rock. A cluster of mineral springs are found about a mile east of the town called the Ten Springs.

Congress spring at the south end of the village, is enclosed in a tube sunk in the earth about thirteen feet, and surrounded by railing. This is considered the most important spring at Saratoga. Many hundreds in the summer are continually wending their way to this spring. In the morning a vast concourse, of almost every grade, from the most beautiful to the most abject are here to be seen assembling, some for pleasure, and others for health. A rail road has been commenced to extend from the termination of the Saratoga and Schenectady rail road to Whitehall on Lake Champlain a distance of forty miles, "when finished. this road will complete the line of rail roads from the head of Steamboat navigation on the Hudson river, to Lake Champlain." But there is no prospect at present of this road being finished.

If this short distance were completed passengers might travel the whole distance by steamboat and railroad from *Washington city*, to *Quebec*, almost one thousand miles, in three days and a half, or four days.

PLANTAGENET.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, (MD.)

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 5.

We publish to day the 'First Annual Report of the President and Directors to the Stockholders of the Eastern Shore Rail Road Company,' from which it appears that the Company has surmounted nearly all its difficulties, and that the road will be brought into profitable use in a much shorter period than was anticipated.

Neither House of Congress sat on Tuesday, 1st inst.

No Western mail this week—therefore we have no late news from Washington or Annapolis.

FROM ANNAPOLIS.

We learn from Annapolis that on Monday there were seventy members of the House in attendance. After taking the oaths, a motion was agreed to, to adjourn until the next day, Tuesday, when the election of Speaker was to take place.

In the Senate, all the members were in attendance, and that branch of the Legislature was duly organized by the election of Richard Thomas, Esq. of St. Mary's, as President, on the first ballot, by a majority of three. The vote, as stated in the Patriot, was as follows:

For Richard Thomas (Whig)—Messrs. Beckett, Boone, Donoho, Eccleston, Magruder, Potts, Purnell, Pratt, Ricaud, Stewart and Wilson—11.

For Hugh Ely, (Van Buren.) Messrs Matthews, (Chas.) Matthews, (Allegany,) Martin, Evans, Goldsborough, Scott, Wason, Maulsby—8. Whig majority, 3.

The following officers (Whigs) were then chosen:—Jos. H. Nicholson, chief clerk, and J. N. Watkins assistant clerk.

Governor Veazy's message was probably sent in on Wednesday. Under the Constitution the new Governor elect, Mr Grason, will enter upon the duties of his office on Monday next, the 7th instant.

IMPEACHMENT OF LEVI WOODBURY.—In the House of Representatives of the United States on Monday Mr. Wise submitted a motion for the appointment of a Committee to prepare articles of impeachment against the Secretary of the Treasury.

WAR UPON COMMERCE.—Mr. Benton gave notice in the Senate on Monday, that he should bring in a bill to repeal the duties on salt, and the law giving bounties to fishermen. What will New England say to this?

The Alexandria Gazette mentions, as a report, that Col. R. M. JOHNSON will not be a candidate for re-election as Vice President of the United States.

FREEDOM OF SUFFRAGE.

The following is a copy of the bill introduced into the Senate by Mr. Crittenden, of Kentucky, and now depending in that body:

A BILL *to prevent the interference of certain Federal officers in elections.*

To the end that the great powers given to the officers of the Federal Government, and other persons employed in its service, may not be used for the influencing of elections, which ought to be free and incorrupt:

Be it enacted, &c That from and after the first day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, no marshal or deputy marshal, no postmaster or deputy postmaster, no receiver or register of a land office, or any of their deputies or clerks, no surveyor general of the public lands, or any of his deputies or assistants, no collector, surveyor, naval officer, weigher, gauger, appraiser or other officer or person whatsoever concerned or employed in the charging, collecting, levying, or managing, the customs, or any branch or part thereof, no engineer, officer, or agent employed or concerned in the execution or superintendence of any of the public works, shall, by word, message, or writing, or in any other manner whatsoever, endeavor to persuade any elector to give, or dissuade any elector from giving, his vote for the choice of any person to be elector of President and Vice President of these United States, or for the choice of any person to be a Senator or Representative in the Congress of the said United States, or for the choice of any person to be Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any State, or of any person to be a representative or member in the legislative department of any State of this Union, or for the choice of any person to serve in any public office established by the law of any of said States; nor shall any such officer or person intermeddle in any of the elections above mentioned or use any means with intent to influence or control the same, otherwise than by giving his own vote, and every person offending therein shall forfeit the sum of five hundred dollars, one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the United States aforesaid, to be recovered, with costs of suit, by any person that shall sue for the same, by action of debt, bill, or plaint in any of the district or circuit courts of the United States; and every person convict, on any such suit, of the said offence, shall thereby become disabled and incapable of ever bearing or executing any office or place of trust whatsoever under the said United States.

From the National Gazette.

A writer in the Globe newspaper, proposes that Commodore Porter should be restored to his former rank in the Navy, and has the effrontery to sign himself "A Friend to the Navy." This writer is probably the identical person who during the past summer slandered and villified the Officers of the Navy in the columns of this same Globe. His libels were universally and indignantly condemned and having failed as an avowed enemy to injure the Navy, he hopes better success under the guise of friend.

In 1835 there was published at New York a work entitled "Constantinople and its environs in a series of Letters." These letters were written by Commodore Porter. In an account of Constantinople we scarcely could expect any mention of our Navy or its commanders, yet the following is extracted from that publication. It is no part of my object to vindicate the officers of the Navy against Commodore Porter, but simply to spread before the public Commodore Porter's sentiments and feelings relative to that service to which it is now proposed he should be restored.

Extract from Commodore Porter's book upon Constantinople.

"There were three or four servants or pages leaning against the sides of the gate and the garden wall, and every body about the Sultan appeared to be as much at their ease, as military or naval officers are generally in the presence of their chief; nay more so, than I have myself witnessed on some occasions, and on my first entrance in the navy, was made to feel. I look back with horror to that period, when an unfriended and unprotected youth, I was made to feel the contumely and oppression of a proud and tyrannical, though gallant naval commander. How had I patience to submit to it, or fortitude enough to bear it, is to me now a wonder and a mystery. Perhaps my sufferings then, may have had a powerful effect on my character subsequently, in giving it a disposition to resist oppression, and oppose tyranny, in whatever quarter they may manifest themselves.

The Sultan Mahmoud, the most absolute sovereign on the earth, can afford to be kind and courteous to those around him; but the little tyrant who struts his few fathoms of scoured plank, dare not unbend, lest he should lose that appearance of respect from his inferiors which their fears inspire. He has therefore, no society, no smiles, no courtesies for or from any one. Wrapped up in his notions of his own dignity, and the means of preserving it, he shuts himself up from all around him. He stands alone, without the friendship, or sympathy of one on board; a solitary being in the midst of the ocean. This, nine times out of ten, is the condition of naval commanders.

A man of war is a petty kingdom, and is governed by a petty despot, exacting from his subjects, all the respect and homage, that are voluntarily and spontaneously bestowed on a higher order of legitimate sovereigns.

But what am I doing on the quarter deck, when my business is with Constantinople? Excuse the digression; my thoughts happened to turn on the navy, a thing that occupies them generally as little as any other, except as an arm of general defence to our country. When they do turn on it, they are always unpleasant. During the whole thirty and one years, that I have been in the naval service, I do not recollect having passed one day, I will not say of happiness, but of pleasure. Enough of this.'

[Correspondence of the U. S. Gazette.]

New York, Thursday, M.

The only news I find in any of the mail papers received this morning, is a copious and rather affecting account of the execution of Cardinel and Duquette, in front of the jail of Montreal on Friday last. On the day previous these unhappy men had each been visited by their families, when a most affecting interview is said to have taken place. Their appearance on the scaffold, betrayed much emotion, and the death of Duquette, owing to the insufficiency of the hangman was wretchedly prolonged, and his sufferings great.

Cardinal had been a Notary Public at Chataguay, and a member of the House of Assembly in the late Provincial Parliament; Duquette was his Clerk and on that account his fate appears somewhat hard, but sympathy must be banished, when the enormity of the offence is considered. Lepailleur and Ducharue it is said will be executed at Beauharnois immediately.

At Kingston also Martin Woodrooff a native of Salina in this State, met his fate on Wednesday week last. It is said he had held the situation of Colonel of militia, and was Deputy Sheriff for Onondoga County, he died professing the Roman Catholic faith, to which he had lately been converted Sylvanus Severe and Joel Peeler, who were taken at Prescott had been ordered for execution on Saturday last.

It appears that since the suspension of specie payments by the Banks of Montreal and Quebec, the notes of these institutions were no longer a legal tender, in payment of bonds for duties and other government dues, and the matter was beginning to cause much inconvenience and apprehension amongst the mercantile community of Canada. I observed now that on application of the Board of Trade to Sir John Colbourne, the merchants are permitted to liquidate their demands in the notes of the chartered banks, on condition of their redeeming the same in specie by the 1st June, when the banks, I believe, are to resume.

A melancholy case of fratricide, occurred at Little Compton, R. I. on Friday last. Mr. Lewis Simmons of that place, was shot by his brother, who, it seems, was suffering under temporary derangement, and had imprudently been allowed to retain possession of a loaded pistol and jack knife; his brother was endeavoring to sooth him, when he was shot.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

A slip from the New York Journal of Commerce, of the evening of 29th December, has the following intelligence:—

A FLEET OF PACKETS ARRIVED. NINE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Five packet ships from Europe have arrived this afternoon, viz—the Europe, Capt. Marshall from Liverpool Nov. 12th the Sheridan, Capt. Depeyster, Liverpool Nov. 14th, Columbus, Capt. Cropper, Nov. 20th; Francis 1st, Peli, Havre, Nov. 5th; Emerald, Capt. Orme, Nov. 16th. We are indebted to Capt. Cropper, of the Columbus, for London papers to the evening of Nov. 19th, and Liverpool to the 20th.

The news by these arrivals, politically speaking, is of but little interest. The English Tory papers are fanning the embers for a war with Russia, and some of the Whig papers speak in the same strain. They pretend that Russia is interfering to prevent the execution of the treaty recently concluded between England and the Porte.

The passengers by the Garrick, hence 25th October, reached Liverpool Nov. 16th, in the steamer from Waterford, having been received on board while the ship was in the channel, detained by adverse winds.

All the coming packets are full of goods and making capital freights. The freight list of the Europe is £1500 and the Columbus £1800.

The Royal William was advertised to start for New York Dec. 15th, taking no freight, and the Liverpool Jan. 10th.—The Liverpool Times estimates that the wheat crop in England this year is one fourth part less than in 1835 and 1837.

An attempt had been made to assassinate the Duke of Normandy, who is now in England, and claims to be the son of the unfortunate Louis XVI and Maria Antoinette. The Duke was wounded in the arm by a pistol ball. A man by the name of Desires Rousselle, was arrested as the author of the attempt.

Affairs in Spain are in STATU QUO.—There has been very little fighting of late.

Fifty-five Carlist prisoners had been shot at Valencia, by way of reprisal for a like number of Queen's troops (prisoners) who had been shot by the Carlist General Cabrera.

A laborer by the name of Damberger lied lately at Ernstbrunn, Austria, at the age of 130 years. He was never married till he was 100 years old. Better late than never.

BRITISH GRAIN MARKETS.

☞The editor of the Liverpool Times estimates the deficiency in the wheat crop of Great Britain at five millions of quarters.

The London Mark Lane Express says the deficiency in the Grain crop of the Kingdom will be one eighth,—and that a million of quarters only will be required to make up the deficiency.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE AMERICAN OFFICE, *Tuesday, 1 o'clock, P. M.*

GRAIN—In consequence of the small streams emptying into the Chesapeake being closed by ice, there are no wheats at market this week. Strictly prime reds would probably bring the rates of last week, viz. $1,73 a $1,75, and good to prime $1,70 a $1,73

The market is also bare of Corn, except one or two parcels in store. A sale of a lot of about 600 bushels new white, from store, has been made at 95 cents which establishes an advance.

We hear of no sales of Rye.

The last sales of Oats from store were at 48a50 cents, but the stock being very light, and supplies by water suspended at present, holders ask much higher, though no sales have been made.

MARRIED

On Wednesday the 19th ult. by the Rev. Benjamin F. Price, Mr. John Lewis, to Miss Caroline Coursey, both of Queen Ann's county.

On Thursday evening 27th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Hambleton Mr. Edward H. Coursey, jr. to Miss Mary Ann Horgan, both of Queen Ann's county.

On the 20th of December, by the Rev Vincent Offley, Mr. John M. Davis, to Miss Lavina Price, both of Q. Ann's county.

On Thursday the 20th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Collins, Mr. Charles Stanly to Miss Caroline V. Foreman, both of Kent county.

New Hat Store.

The subscriber has re-commenced the Hatting business in the Store next to William Loveday's and second door from the Bank—He has just received a large supply of the best materials, and intends to manufacture

HATS

AND

Beaver Bonnets,

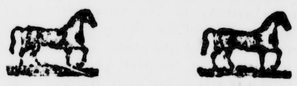
t the lowest prices, (wholesale and retail) His assortment of Hats, &c. is very complete He solicits a continuance of support from his old customers, and the public generally, and he hopes to be enabled to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call.

ENNALLS ROSZELL.

Easton, Jan 5, 1839.

N B. The above business will be conducted by Mr. Thos. Beaston E. R.

STOCK FOR SALE.



The Subscriber will sell at private sale a pair of Mules, a first rate saddle horse, a sorrel mare

WATER WITCH,

b. Imported Valentine, with foal by Mr. Wm C. Tilghman's horse Billy Morgan, full brother to the famous Bumper,

—ALSO—

a bay filly 4 years old next Spring, by Maryland Eclipse, out of Water Witch

For Water Witch's pedigree see American Turf Register.

The above stock will be sold very low for cash or good paper

JAMES TILGHMAN.

January 5 1839 —8w

The Easton Gazette will insert the above three times and charge the Centreville Times Office.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County, on the 17th day of December, 1838, by James Blair, Esq, a Justice of the Peace, in and for the City of Baltimore, a negro man as a runaway named John Powell, who says he belongs to Charles D. Warfield, of Anne Arundel county, near Cooksville. His age is about fifty or sixty years, five feet 4 inches high, and dark complexion. Had on when committed, a gray frock coat of domestic cloth, light gray pantaloons, old dark cloth vest, seal skin cap, cotton shirt and coarse shoes.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. HERRING, Warden,
Balt. City and County Jail.

Jan. 5, 8w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City & County, on the 18th of Dec, 1838, by Joshua F. Cockey, Esq, a justice of the peace in and for Baltimore, county, a negro man, as a runaway named CHARLES, who says he belongs to Joseph G. Harrison, of Anne Arundel county, near Friendship. His age is about 30 years, 5 feet 8¼ inches high and dark complexion.—Had on when committed a brown cloth frock coat, blue casinet pants, dark brown cloth vest, a new black fur hat, cotton shirt and fine shoes.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be discharged as required by the act of assembly.

D. HERRING, Warden.
Baltimore City and County Jail.

Jan. 5—8w.

BLANKS

Of every description for sale at this Office.

Notice.

ALL persons friendly to the cultivation of Silk in Talbot county are requested to meet at the Court House, on Tuesday next, the 8th inst. at 12 o'clock in order to select five persons to represent this county in the State Silk Convention at Annapolis on the 15th inst.

January 5, 1839—1w--(W)

Great Excitement in

BOSTON.

TREMBLING AMONG THE MEDICAL FACULTY!!!

We learn that the distinguished Dr. Watson, 276, Washington street, and Dr. S. C. Hewitt, the celebrated bonesetter, 297 Washington street, (two of the most skillful practitioners in Boston,) have witnessed the happy effects of Goslicke's Matchless Sanative in several cases which have come under their observation, have given the general Agent of this great modern medicine, permission to refer to them through the public journals. It is with pleasure, we notice such acts of disinterested benevolence, and this noble generosity of Drs H. and W. bespeak their genuine philanthropy.

We understand, Dr Watson is of the opinion that as the Sanative has created such a tremendous excitement among the Medical Faculty, it must be something extraordinary, and far superior to the common nostrums of the day—and there cannot be a doubt, but when the virtues of this great specific shall be duly appreciated by Physicians, they will frankly acknowledge it to be the most valuable addition which has been made to the Materia Medica since the days of *Hippocrates*.

We further learn that the General Agent of the Sanative has the liberty to refer his fellow citizens to Dr Hewett, for two very interesting cases which came within the knowledge of the Doctor. One of the cures as we learn, was effected upon a young lady afflicted with 'Lumber Abscess'—and as reports was her complaint, that she was unable to submit to Dr. *H's* usual mode of treatment in such cases. He advised her to try the Sanative, she did so, and before taking one phial, was entirely cured and not a vestige of her disease remains!! Another, a gentleman aged 45, pronounced by all who knew him to be in a 'confirmed CONSUMPTION,' was wonderfully restored to health by the use of only one phial of the SANATIVE —and is now well and about his daily business as usual!

We think the open and candid course pursued by Dr's. Watson and Hewett richly entitle them to the lasting gratitude of the public—although they may have the whole phalanx of the Medical Faculty pouncing upon them.

After reading the above, and the following extracts from letters* addressed to Dr Rowland, by his agents, who can for a moment doubt the powers of the mighty Sanative?

Amherst, N. H. Jan. 1, 1838.

Dr. Rowland—I sold a phial of the Matchless Sanative to a gentleman who was in a *Confirmed Consumption* pronounced PAST ANY RELIEF and confined to his room—he had settled his affairs and prepared to meet his fate. He has not taken a whole bottle, and says his health is perfect, that he is entirely well, and imputes the cure to the *sanative* and to nothing else. Many others who have taken it make similar statements.

Yours respectfully, &c
THOMAS M. BENDER.

Orland Post Office, Maine, March 30, 1838

Dear Sir:—The Matchless Sanative has had a wonderful effect in several cases in this town. I sold a phial to a man who had been sick with Consumptive and Rheumatic complaints for 4 or 5 years, and who was unable to *dress himself* when he commenced taking it He has recently sent me word that he felt quite well, could dress himself without any trouble, and thinks he shall wholly recover.

Yours, in haste,
R. TRUSSEL P. M.

Rush Post Office, Monroe Co. N Y. March 14, 1838.

Dear Sir—In 48 hours after I received the package of Sanative, I sold *all* of it—and have come to the conclusion that it must be all that it is recommended to be. It is sufficient to say, that the benefit derived from a short use of it, has convinced the most *prejudiced* of its utility. The enclosed money you will pass to my account, and I wish you to send me more of the Sanative as soon as convenient.

Respectfully, &c.
JOHN B CROSBY, P. M.

Haverhill, Mass. March 26, 1838.

Dear Sir—Numerous cases have come to my knowledge in which the Sanative has proved very beneficial—and *one* case in particular, in which it performed a *wonder* I can procure you a good certificate from the patient if you wish Please credit me with the enclosed money, and forward me more of the Sanative by the bearer

Yours truly,
THOS G. FARNSWORTH.

Cornwall Post Office, Vt. April 6, 1838.

Dear Sir—The Matchless Sanative is very *highly esteemed* in this quarter, and is getting into general use.

Yours &c.
SAMUEL EVERTS, P. M.

Westfield Post Office, N. Y. Feb. 16, 1838.

Dear Sir—Several pressing cases demand the Sanative at whatever expense it can be sent to me. It has effected some astonishing cures already, and I cannot *wait* for the package you say is on the way. I wish you would send me half a dozen phials by MAIL, and I will put the extra price of postage on the Sanative. Dont fail to send by the mail as it will come by weight at $1 per ounce as postage, and I shall expect it in 12 days from date.

Yours, &c.
ORRIS NICHOLS, P. M.

Hartford, Ct. April 12, 1838.

Dear Sir—My daughter, who had a *distressing cough*, raised a great deal of matter, and who was afflicted with *palpitation of the heart* has taken a phial of the Sanative and is now WELL. Others also bear testimony to its good effects.

Yours respectfully,
C. R. COMSTOCK.

Plymouth, Mass. Feb. 6, 1838.

Dear Sir—I have abundance of matter to tell you concerning the Sanative, where it has performed cures when those who have bought it, had scarcely any faith in its efficacy. We have one person now able to attend to her domestic concerns, who was at the time she commenced taking it confined to her chamber and *prostrated on her bed.*—I will tell you more when I see you.

Repectfully, &c.
ISAAC B. RICH.

Beaver Post Office, Pa. March 1, 1838.

Dear Sir—Since I last wrote you, I have seen several persons who have been using the Sanative and in *every case* it has proved itself, worthy the *name* it bears. A young man, Robert McIlhery had been wasting away in a *scated consumption* for the last two years—and by using this medicine about six weeks, his cough, pains, &c. left him entirely, and he is now so well as to be about his ordinary business.

Indeed sir, from the rapidity of the sales, the value of the Sanative may be safely determined. I am wholly out, have daily calls for it, and wish you would forward me more as soon as possible.

Yours, &c.
A LOGAN, P. M.

From the Postmaster of Claremont, N. *H.*

☞The above powerful and invaluable medicine is doing wonders in this section of the country, as well as in others. Applications for it have been made in various places in this vicinity. A young lady in this town has been restored from a consumption and confirmed in health by the use of it—No mistake. She had been visited by various physicians, but all to no purpose. *One phial* of this medicine *produced the long desired effect.*

A few more bottles of this efficacious medicine may be found at the Post Office if applied for soon.

J. NYE.
Sole Agent for Claremont.

Claremont, April 27, 1838.

From Timothy George, Esq. Orrington Me.

"My wife has been considered of a consumptive habit for two years, attended with a severe cough, but has always or generally attended to her domestic concerns until the forepart of last winter, when she had a sudden and severe attack of pain in her side, and distressed for breath I immediately called upon one of our best Physicians, who attended carefully upon her, and I was well satisfied with his treatment of her case, though her distress was partially alleviated, there was no hope of her recovery, her Doctor told her that she had the consumption, and that her LEFT LUNG WAS PARTIALLY CONSUMED, and seemed to despair of her recovery, as well as myself, we calculated she could not continue but a short time, he left her nothing but sleeping powder to command her rest, when providentially I fell in with those Sanative Drops, and though she was altogether faithless the first drop she took gave her some relief, she continued taking them exactly according to the directions, her appetite was soon restored to a child's appetite, and she continued gradually to recover so that I do not know but *her health is now as good as it has been since we married say ten years.*

N. B. She took about one and one half bottles when she called herself *well.*

TIMOTHY GEORGE.

Orrington, Maine, April 30, 1838.

From the Vermont Phœnix.

HEAR YE!

THE MATCHLESS SANATIVE (sold by DUTTON, CLARK, & Co., Agents for Brattleboro' Vt.) has effected many cures of diseases so obstinate as to resist the skill of Physicians and the power of other remedies The following are a few of the testimonials of the efficacy of this medicine, which they now cheerfully lay before the public. Many more individuals can be referred to by them as having been greatly benefitted by using the Sanative.

Certificate from Thos Crosby of Brattleboro.

This certifies that my daughter has for a long time been in a decline, and has tried many medicines without effect. She has made use of the Matchless Sanative, which has greatly relieved her It restored her appetite and sleep, which she had not before enjoyed for a long time. I would cheerfully recommend to all suffering with consumptive complaints.

THOMAS CROSBY.

Brattleboro, March 13, 1838.

Certificate from Henry Clark, Esq. of Brattleboro.

This certifies that I had suffered for many months from an obstinate cough which resisted a great variety of medicines, until I used a bottle of the Matchless Sanative, which removed it entirely in the course of two or three weeks and restored me to excellent health.

HENRY CLARK.

Brattleboro, March 12th, 1838.

Certificate from Samuel Cutting, Esq. of Guilford, Vt.

I, Samuel Cutting, of Guilford, Vt. would certify that I have suffered for more than two years past from a severe lung complaint, attended with severe pain in my side & back, & with general debility. I have used a great variety of medicines from various Physicians in this vicinity, and received advice from the most eminent Physicians of Boston, without the least benefit I am now using the last bottle of the *Matchless Sanative*, which medicine has *greatly* relieved me. The pain in my side is comparatively well, and my strength has gained very much. I feel confident that the *Sanative alone* has afforded me the relief, and I would cheerfully recommend it to all who are suffering with lung complaints, and advise them to try the medicine without delay.

SAMUEL CUTTING.

Guilford, March 19, 1838.

The above medicine is for sale by D. S. ROWLAND, General Agent, 188 Washington street, Boston, where numerous letters certifying to the good effects of the medicine may be seen. Also, sold by most of the Postmasters in America. Price three and one third dollars ($2.50) per half ounce

AGENTS WILL PLEASE HAVE THE ABOVE INSERTED (one month inside and two months outside.) in the Papers published in their towns—stating their agency at the bottom.

JOS. W. NEAL, Agent.

Cannons Ferry, Del. Dec. 15th, 1838.—3m.

PRINTING

Of every description neatly and expeditiously executed at this Office.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2940_scm11031-0495.jpg