IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

The Speaker announced the Standing Committees, viz—

Committee on Ways and Means—Messrs. Page, Ridgely, Wharton, Spence, McPherson, Coade and Thomas.

Committe on Claims—Messrs. Estep, Townsend, Wilmer, Watson, Keene, Wilson and Boyle.

Committee on Grievances and courts of Justice—Messrs. Bowie, Pitts, Spencer, Causin, Thomas, Schley and Mason.

Committee on Internal Improvements—Messrs. Wooten, Causin, Pitts, Handy, Comegys, Maulsby, and Blocher.

Committee on Coloured Population—Messrs. Sollers, Bowie, Orrick, Roberts, Matthews, Comegys and Rider.

Committee on Corporations—Messrs Spence, Ridgely, Handy, Stewart, Fitzhugh, Schley and Roberts.

Committee on Pensions and Revolutionary Claims—Messrs. Jones, McNamara, Huddleson, Berret, Waters, Primrose, and Hellen.

Commirtee on Education—Messrs. Shaw, Collins, Calvert, Williams of Somerset, Shower, Lloyd, and Watkins.

Committee on the Militia—Messrs. Maulsby, Stewart, Neff, Beall, Watson, Hook and Purnell.

Committee on Insolvency—Messrs. Ridgely, Handy, Boy'e, Stevens, Gillespie, Purnell and Blocher.

Committee on Divorces—Messrs. Risteau, McNamara, Beall, Stewart, Leary, Watkins, and Berret.

Committee on Crimes and Punishment—Messrs. Maulsby, Pitts, Spence, Roberts, Williams of Somerset, Shower and Ghieslin.

Committee on Pensions to Indigent Persons by County Assessment—Messrs. Stewart, Forwood, Neff, Calvert, Hook, Woolford and Swann.

Committee on Agriculture—Messrs. Bruce, Roberts, Tyler, Hammond, Lloyd, Woolford and Dade.

Committee on Manufactures—Messrs. Townsend, Leary, Powder, Hellen, Colston, Hope and Hammond.

Committee on Inspections—Messrs Ghiselin, Tyler, Fitzhugh, Foard Wilson, Hardcastle and Matthews.

Committee on Lotteries—Messrs. Purnell, Nichols; Steuart, Williams, of Harford, Roberts, Tyler and Colston

Committee on Expiring Laws—Messrs. Sollers, Roberts, Biser, Blocher, Redden, Williams of Somerset and Hammond

Committee on Engrossed Bills—Messrs. Redden, Orrick, Wilmer, Charles, Blocher, Biser and Beall.

MONDAY, January 7th, 1839.

The Senate met. Present the same Senators as on Saturday. The proceedings of Saturday were read.

The message adopted by the Senate on Friday, proposing the appointment of a joint committee to investigate, and report to the General Assembly the proceedings of the Board of Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, and

The bill entitled an act for the relief of Thomas Postley, passed by the Senate on Saturday.

Were sent to the House of Delegates.

Mr. Ely presented the petition of William P. Jenks and Rachel Story, of Baltimore County, for the passage of an act to authorise them to bring into this State a colored woman therein mentioned;

Which was read and referred to the Committee on Coloured population.

The Clerk of the House of Delegates delivered a bill entitled an Act to authorise Thomas Dowden, Sheriff of Allegany County, to bond as Sheriff of said County at any time before the first day of February next; and to authorise the Clerk to receive and record said bond,

Which was read the first time, and referred to the Committee on invalid deeds and defective proceedings.

Mr. Potts presented the petition of L. P. W. Balch for certain relief;

Which was read the first time, and referred to the Committee on judicial proceedings.

On motion of Mr. Magruder,

Leave was granted to the committee on judicial proceedings to prepare and report a bill, to be entitled a supplement to the act entitled an act to authorise the appointment of commissioners to take the acknowledgment of deeds and instruments of writing under seal out of the State of Maryland.

Mr. Magruder, from the committee on judicial proceedings, to which the leave was granted, reported a bill, entitled an act to confirm the sale of the lands of the heirs of Preston McComas,

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Potts,

The following order was read, and

On motion of Mr. Ecleston,

Ordered to lie on the table,

Ordered that six copies of the daily proceedings of the Senate be furnished to each Senator during the session, provided that the expense thereof shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars for each Senator.

The clerk of the House of Delegates delivered the following message:

By the House of Delegates,
January 7th, 1839.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

His Excellency William Grason having been elected Governor of the State, we propose with the concurrence of your Honorable body the appointment of a joint committee of the two houses, to wait on him, and request his attendance this day in the Senate Chamber to qualify according to the Constitution. and form of Government of this State. We have appointed Messrs. Wharton and Spencer on the part of this house, to join such gentlemen as may be selected by your honorable body.

By order,
Geo. G. Brewer, Clk.

On motion of Mr. Stewart,

It was ordered that Messrs. —— and —— be a committee on the part of the Senate, to visit and report upon the condition and wants of the Maryland Hospital.

On motion of Mr. Stewart,

He was excused from serving on said committee.

The president then appointed Mr. Ricaud and Mr. Willson.

Mr. Scott submitted the following message, which was read and adopted.

By the Senate,
Jan. 7th, 1839.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,

We received your message, and have appointed Messrs. Scott and Martin to unite with your committee and wait upon the Governor elect, and attend him to the Senate Chamber.

By order,
Jos. H. Nicholson, Cl'k.

One o'clock having arrived,

The honorable William Grason, the Govenor elect, accompanied by his Excellency Governor Veazey, and attended by the joint committee of the Senate and of the House of Delegates, appeared in the Senate Chamber.

The Honorable the Judges of the Court of Appeals, and the Honorable the Chancellor of Maryland, appeared in the Senate Chamber, and took the seats assigned them on the floor.

On motion of Mr. Ricaud,

The following order was read and adopted.

Ordered that Messrs. Ricaud and Ely be appointed a committee to wait on the House of Delegates and inform the Speaker and members thereof, that His Excellency the Governor elect, is now in the Senate Chamber, prepared to qualify, and that their attendance to witness the ceremony is respectfully requested:

The Honorable Speaker and members of the House of Delegates, accordingly appeared in the Senate Chamber, when the oaths of office were administered by the President of the Senate to William Grason, the Govenor elect, in the presence of the General Assembly, in conformity with the requirements of the Constitution and the Laws.

The Honorable Speaker and members of the House of Delegates retired.

His excellency Governor Grason also retired.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, (MD.)

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12.

We publish to-day the Farewell Message of Governor Veazey. It exhibits a candid statement of the affairs of our State, and is calculated to inspire confidence in the utility and propriety of the measures of the Whig party, which have as far as the Executive is concerned been faithfully carried into effect.—Gov. Veazey retires now from public life, and whatever fault may have heretofore been objected to his course, all will unite, friends and foes, in the expression of the opinion which we entertain, that he has faithfully and honestly discharged the duties of his station. We wish the Governor in his retirement all the happiness and pleasure, which the retrospect of a life honestly devoted to the service of his native State will inspire. Gov. V. has always manifested firmness in the performance of his duties and on no occasion, has been disposed to flinch. This is the characteristic of a true man, and as such deserves our sincerest commendation.

We are informed Cornelius McLane, Esq. has been appointed Secretary of State.

We have read Gov. Grason's *Oration* delivered in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature.—He has emphatically laid down certain axioms by which he proposes to be governed.—We shall see hereafter, how closely he adheres to his text.

The present "Democratic," only genuine "Democratic" Governor, has most strangely fallen into an error in his first appointment.—His Secretary of State, to whom we personally make no objection, is about as good a Democrat as the Governor himself.—The Governor and his Secretary being now Democrats, "dyed in the wool" have a strange propinquity to each other.—Although Democracy is now triumphant, Federalists of the old genuine stamp obtain the offices—so we go—all true Democrats.

Easton, January 8th, 1839.

Agreeably to public notice, a number of persons friendly to the Silk Culture in Talbot County, assembled at the Court House in Easton. Doct. Sydenham T. Russum was called to the Chair, and Thomas C. Nicols appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting was explained by Doct. Solomon M. Jenkins, to be, the choosing of delegates to represent this county in the State Silk Convention, at Annapolis, on Tuesday the 15th inst.

Whereupon the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen, viz:

S. HAMBLETON, Jr.
JOHN HARRINGTON,
JOHN H. HARRIS, & } Esquires.
WM. H. TILGHMAN,

On motion it was then resolved that the proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary and published in the Easton Gazette and Easton Shore Whig.

SYDENHAM T. RUSSUM, Ch'r.
Thos. C. Nicols, Sec'ry.

THOMAS J. EVANS, (W.) at present Speaker of the House of Representatives of Indiana, is announced as a candidate to represent the Seventh District of that State in Congress, in place of Mr. White, elected U. S. Senator.

THE DEFALCATIONS.

We make the following extracts from the report in the National Intelligencer, of the debate elicited by a motion to print 20,000 copies of the report of the Secretary of the Treasury in reply to a call from the House of Representatives. Would that the document at large, or at least this debate in relation to it, were at full length in the hands of every man in this country. It would work conviction, and raise such a cry for wholesome and substantial *reform*, as would not fail to be obeyed, if this be a Republic, and the rulers obedient to the public voice.

Mr. Wise remarked; I understand the gentleman. I understand him most perfectly. I should not understand him any better after he had made five thousand explanations of his speech, than I did before he made it. I knew that that gentleman's party instincts would lead him to oppose the publication of these documents. I say this without intending to impugn that gentleman's motive or his integrity. I speak only of his party instincts. Modify the motion as I may I well know he will never vote for it. If the gentleman had patiently sat here with me the other day for six hours and a half, until I had pretty fully exiscerated this document No. 297, containing the correspondence of Mr. Woodbury with his Land Office Receivers, he would have found out that my object had not been to show, as he says, what every body knew before, viz:—that great and numerous defalcations do exist; but to declare in the face of day that if I had the least hope of either being sustained by this House, or of getting an honest trial in the other branch, I would not wait twenty four hours till I filed articles of impeachment, and rely on no other proof than is contained in this document.—And I will agree to forfeit forever my public station, to turn my back upon these Halls, and never again dare to offer myself to the confidence of my constituents, if on this document No. 297, and on this alone I cannot convict the Secretary of the Treasury of wilful and corrupt neglect and violation of his official duty. And I ask, was there ever such an offer publicly made, such a challenge openly proposed in Parliament or Congress, in respect to a Cabinet Minister, without his friends accepting it, and calling for charges? I say again, give me twelve honest men of the Secretary's own party and let them be put upon their oaths to render a true verdict according to the evidence, and I pledge myself to convict him on an indictment at law. I will show not merely that defalcations have taken place, but that the Secretary is himself the chief offender. I do not mince my terms. I speek coolly, deliberately. I once more repeat the averment, that the Secretary of the Treasury is guilty of wilful, gross, and corrupt neglect and violation of his public duty. And I say that this document No. 297 will prove the fact under his own hand. It is to furnish these proofs that I have called for the printing of these documents.—I do not cry like the starting, without knowing what my cry means.

Mr. Legare rose to express his astonishment at what had fallen from the gentleman from Maryland, (Mr. Thomas.) It was inconceivable to him that any gentleman should have serious objections to the printing of an important public document.

It was to him personally a matter of profound indifference whether one party or the other would be condemned for their shameful depredations on the public purse; it was of immense importance at the present moment that all the light should be shed on the public mind that could be brought to bear on the great subjects before the country. He was amazed at what he heard. And was it indeed true that the country was so fallen that if the Government were administered as it ought to be, men could not be found to fill public offices in whom the public could confide? He had hardly ever listened to any thing with a more awakened interest than to the very extraordinary correspondence which had been read in his ears. He would by all means have it spread before the world. It was the very thing he wanted to see.—He wanted to see whether, as soon as any laxity or remissness was manifested by a custadier of the public money, he was frowned upon by the Government, or whether its organs bowed to a defaulter, and treated him with criminal lenity, because he was a powerful demagogue? Were they ready to sacrifice the principles of the constitution to the interests of the party?

* * * *

And what was his astonishment to hear at this particular moment of all others, the principles of *economy* resorted to as a reason against printing these matters and sending them abroad into every part of the country? Never was there an expenditure which would better pay for itself in the good it would effect. This was a document which, above all others ought to be sent abroad on all the winds, especially at this moment, when a new system was proposed by the Executive for the custody of the public treasure, and the people were called to compare the two schemes between which they were, by their representatives, to choose. He hoped the printing would be ordered.

From the Baltimore Chronicle, Jan. 2.

We need not say, we are sure, that we embrace the opportunity of publishing the annexed letter with the sincerest pleasure The writer is a judge of eloquence—for he is one of the most eloquent men living—he is a judge of the qualifications of a lawyer, for he is second to no man in America, in the extent and variety of his legal acquirements—he is, in short, in all respects, one whose applause is worth far more than the common place eulogies of the day. We have not the least doubt that all that he has said was richly merited.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman of Baltimore, dated,

DOVER, Del., Dec. 30th, 1838.

The public here have been entertained during the last two weeks with some fine speaking in the now celebrated case in the Court of Appeals of the heirs and representatives of the late James A. Bayard, deceased, vs. Louis McLane, Esq. Mr. Frame of Del., Mr. Jones of Washington and Messrs. Meredith and Seargant of Philadelphia have all been able and eloquent. But the effort last made has eclipsed all others. It was the closing argument for the complainants, made by Reverdy Johnson of your town, in reply to four able counsel, who proceeded him on the side of the defendant. For more than five hours your townsman kept our Court of Appeals and the audience of ladies and gentlemen in the State House entranced by his eloquence. The energy of his action and manner, the animation of the Speaker who seemed to pour his whole soul into the argument, the richness of the tones of his fine manly voice, and above all the strength of his argument and the quickness of his apprehension place him among the first orators and advocates of his country. When he rose to speak too, it was under what I considered great disadvantages. His task was to reply alone to four others who had occupied the Court incessantly for seven days. Among these were the able and eloquent Jones and Sergeant who had nobly sustained their well earned reputation at the bars of Washington and Philadelphia. But the Marylander rose with a strength proportioned to the weight that was upon him and by his effort has gathered new laurels for your Baltimore bar. It is supposed that he will scarcely conclude his argument before Tuesday when our Legislature will assemble and have an opportunity of witnessing his ability.'

From the Richmond Whig of Dec. 31.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

The Eagle Tavern and adjacent buildings prostrate.—One of the most destructive fires with which Richmond has been visited for many years, commenced on Saturday night about 11 o'clock. It was first discovered by a dense volume of smoke issuing from one of the stores in the basement story of the Eagle, and the flames spread with great rapidity through the whole building. The night was very cold, but fortunately, the wind was light from the North, & the roofs of the houses were covered with snow, else the entire square would have been destroyed. The result is, that the Eagle Tavern, the Apothecary Store of Mr A. Duval, the Lottery Office of Messrs. Clark and Hoyt, the stores of Messrs. Putney, Booth, Regnault and Drew, were consumed, with a large portion of their contents.—Mr. Duval succeeded in saving most of the goods in his store room, but the heavy articles in the cellar were destroyed. Mr. Drew also saved some of his stock, but we believe Mr. Putney saved very little. Mr. Booth lost every thing in his store, and Mr. Regnault the greater part of his stock.

Mr. Mauck, the worthy occupant of the Eagle, had barely time to save his family. Mrs. Mauck was sick in a chamber directly over the room in which the fire broke out, and was taken out, with her children, through a suffocating volume of smoke.

The proprietors of the Eagle, Messrs. Puckett and Robinson, have sustained a serious loss. They were only ensured for $32,000 which will not cover more than a third of their real property.—We understand the whole insurance on the buildings destroyed, amounts to something over $11,000, all of which falls upon the Mutual Assurance Office of this city. The amount of insurance on goods, in other offices, we have not been able to ascertain.

The entire loss exceed $120,000, and the interruption of business to the occupants will constitute a heavy item. We find it difficult to enter into particulars with accuracy, and therefore do not attempt the task. Information on such occasions is always uncertain and contradictory. It is enough to know that the calamity is a serious one, not only to individuals, but to the City.

The firemen, though laboring under many disadvantages, such as an insufficiency of hose, engines, &c., acquitted themselves with their usual zeal and activity; and the citizens owe them everlasting gratitude for their promptitude in all emergencies. We are clarely of opinion, that sufficient reflection is not given to the subject of keeping up and sustaining the corps of firemen. The liberality of the citizens and of the public authorities should be enhanced in this respect, and the protection of the city should not be left as a burden upon one class of citizens—all should contribute, directly or indirectly. We hope the late calamity will excite the public vigilance in this respect.

THE SOUTHERN MAIL.—The Globe contains an official announcement of the recent new arrangements for carrying the Southern Mail. We copy them:—

"The great Southern Mail will hereafter be carried on the Virginia rail roads, and, from their termination, by the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company, to Charleston, South Carolina. Whether the services of the Charleston and Hamburg Rail road Company will be secured, is a little uncertain If they shall be, this mail will be sent by that route to Augusta, Georgia, where it will strike the present line; if not, it will probably go by steamboat to Savannah, and up the Savannah and Macon Rail Road as far as is in use, and thence to the most convenient point on the present line.

The express mail will be immediately discontinued as far South as Augusta, Georgia, in the event of an arrangement being made with the Charleston and Hamburg Railroad; otherwise it will, for the present, start from Charleston.

The obstacles which have existed in making satisfactory mail arrangements with the Virginia railroad companies have continued almost to the present moment, and those beyond Charleston not being known even now to be obviated, it will be some days before the mail service in that quarter can be reduced to regularity, but every effort will be made to effect that object as soon as possible. The result will be a more rapid mail line from Washington city to Georgia, than has ever before been established; the entire mail travelling with the speed of an express.

In consequence of its unproductiveness the Postmaster General has felt it his duty to discontinue the express mail from Montgomery, Alabama to Louisville, Kentucky, which will accordingly cease on the 15th of January.

It seems by this that we are to get clear to a very considerable extent of the Express mail, and that after these arrangements are made the only route on which there will be Express will be between Augusta and New Orleans.

A HINT FOR JANUARY—*The collecting Month—Not at Home.*—The Philadelphia Spirit of the Times tells the following story at the expense of one of its customers:—

The devices of collectors, it is known, are various as they are sometimes ingenious—and more especially so with collectors of newspaper bills. *Ours* has just related us the following which being good as well as late, we give it for the benefit of all parties. Dropping in at the place of business of a *slippery* customer yesterday morning, he addressed the servant with—"Is Mr. Butler within?" "No; he is out of town."—"When can I see him?" "I don't know—have you any special business with him?," "Yes; there is a small bill which I wish to settle." "Well" said the servant, "I don't know whether he will return this week or not." "But I wish to pay the bill as I am to leave town immediately." "O! you wish to *pay him* some money? He is up stairs, I'm thinking; I will call him—Please to walk in; take a chair, sir, your hat, if you please. Mr. Butler will be with you in a moment."

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE AMERICAN OFFICE,
Tuesday, 1 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR.—The news by the Royal William has unsettled the flour market, and caused higher prices to be demanded by holders.

GRAIN.—A sale of a parcel of prime red Virginia, which reached the market to-day by water, was sold at $1,84 per bushel.

CORN.—No sales to-day—it is held at $1 per bushel.

A sale of Rye, afloat, this morning at 95 cents.

A sale of 5000 bushels Oats to-day from store at 53 cts.

MARRIED

On the 3d inst. by the Rev. Paul Conaway, Mr. William M. K. Davis, to Miss Elizabeth J. W. Gowty, both of Caroline county.

Died

In this town, on Saturday last, at the residence of Dr. T. Thomas, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Henrietta Maria Francis, in the 86th year of her age.

In this county on Thursday last, Mr. James Harwood.

In this county, on Tuesday night, after a short illness, William Barnett, Esq.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

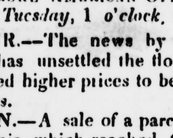
The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at the residence of W H Groome, on Thursday the 17th inst. at 11 o'clock, A M.

A punctual attendance of the members is requested.

By order
T. TILGHMAN, Sec'ry.

Jan. 12, 1838.

STEAMBOAT



PAUL JONES.

ALL persons who are desirous of taking stock, in the beautiful and fast sailing Steamer "Paul Jones," are hereby notified, that subscription papers, are deposited with Capt. Shadrack Mitchel, E. P. Lecompte, James V. Stewart and Josiah Bayley, Esqr's., Cambridge—Nathaniel E. Green, Richard Hughlett, Esqr's., New Market, Dorchester County—Joseph Evitt, Esq Denton, Caroline County—Jonathan Talcot, Esq. near Easton, Talbot, County. The said boat will commence her trips, as soon as navigation will permit, in the ensuing spring, provided the requisite number of shares are subscribed on or before the 1st day of March next.

Jan. 12. 1839.

The Easton Whig and Gazette, will insert the above 3 times and charge the Dorchester Aurora.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!



$2 50. $2 50.

FACTS speak louder than words, which can be proved by calling at DUNCAN'S, next door to the Bank, and nearly oppusite WM. H. & P. Groome's, and examine his

SILK, SATTIN,

BEAVER AND MOLE SKIN HATS,

WARRANTED FUR BODIES,

AT ONLY $2 50.

Feeling assured that they are equal, if not superior to any sold for the price in Baltimore.—CALL AND EXAMINE.

J. D. Duncan,

Returns his thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support they have extended to him since his commencement in business, and by reducing his HATS, to the lowest scale of price, and close application to business, hopes to deserve the continuance of the same.

CLOSE NAP HATS.

The subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of his customers and the public generally to a very superior article of HATS, which he is now manufacturing, being equally close in the nap as the

RUSSIA HATS,

and of a fine texture and much better lustre, and of the latest style. Gentlemen intending to change their Hats are invited to call and examine the article before they supply themselves.

The subscriber has also on hand a general assortment of HATS, of all discriptions of his own manufacture All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, or on the usual time to punctual customers.

J. D. DUNCAN.

January 12, 1839—4w—(W)

100,000 CUTTINGS

OF THE

MORUS MULTICAULIS,

Warranted genuine,—for sale by

THO'S. C. NICOLS,
SAM. S. SATTERFIELD.

Easton, Jan. 12, 1839—(W)

MARYLAND.

Talbot County, Orphans' Court.

11th day of January, *A. D.* 1839.

On application of Anna Dean, administratrix, of Henry Dean, late of Talbot county, deceased.—

It is ordered that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, & that she cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the County aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 11th day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-nine.

SEAL

Test,
JAS. PRICE. Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber, of Talbot County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of *Henry* Dean, late of Talbot County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 11th day of July next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 11th day January, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty nine.

ANNA DEAN, admtx.
of Henry Dean, dec'd.

Jan. 12—3w

MARYLAND.

Caroline County Orphans' Court,

8th day of January, A. D. 1839

On application of Solomon Kenton, Adm'r. of William Wilson, late of Caroline county deceased —It is

ORDERED, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

Intestimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes & proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the County aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 8th day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-nine.

SEAL

Test
WM. A. FORD, Reg.
of Caroline County.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Subscriber of Caroline County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline County in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of William Wilson, late of Caroline Co., dec'd., all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 26th day of July next or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 8th day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty nine.

SOLOMON KENTON, Adm'r.
of William Wilson, dec'd.

Jan 12 3w

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