EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown—RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XXII. EASTON, (MD.) SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 21, 1839. No. 52.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY *Saturday Morning*, BY **Alexander Graham.**

TERMS.

TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS Per annum, payable half yearly in advance

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding a square inserted three times for ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

BALTIMORE TYPE FOUNDRY.

THE PROPRIETORS of this long established and well known Foundry, now situated in Bank lane, between Calvert and St. Paul's sts. have made and are steadily making such additions and improvements to it, as will enable them to furnish promptly, every variety of TYPE made of metal and wood, from Nonpareil to 40 lines Pica—Flowers and Borders—Cuts and newspaper Ornaments in great variety—Leads and Quotations—Printing Presses of all kinds—Printing Ink, black, green, red, &c.—Varnish for making coloured ink—Furniture and Quoins—Cases and Stands—Chases, of wrought and cast iron—Composing Sticks—Galleys of all kinds—Imposing Stones—Roller Stocks and Moulds—Parchment for Tympans, &c. &c.

A reduction in the price of Type having taken place in other Foundries, the Baltimore Foundry will furnish theirs at the same reduced prices, viz:

Pica	38 cents	per pound.
Small Pica	40 "	"
Long Primer	42 "	"
Burgeoise	45 "	"
Brevier	54 "	"
Minion	65 "	"
Nonpareil	84 "	"

These prices are on a credit of 6 months for satisfactory paper, or a discount of 5 per cent. will be made on a credit of 3 months and a further one of 5 per cent. for cash.—Old metal taken in exchange at 9 cts. per pound.

☞ All orders will be promptly executed, attended to in such a manner as to ensure satisfaction, and forwarded in any way that may be desired.

CHARLES CARTER, Agent
Baltimore Type Foundry

Oct. 19, 1839.

150 Dollars REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscriber on Wednesday night, the 23d inst. while at Easton, a mulatto boy named

Joe Thomas,

about 18 years of age and five feet, six inches high.

He is rather stout made with a mouth somewhat prominent and particularly so when displeased.—He is well supplied with clothing, having among his other clothes two broad cloth coats, one much worn, with a velvet collar, and the other of some fancy color with bright buttons quite new and a fur hat; but it has not yet been ascertained whether he has taken any other clothes than those worn by him, when he left home, which consisted of a round jacket and trousers with a drab overcoat, and a hair cap. He can both read and write tolerably well, and having a mother now residing in Baltimore, it is probable that he will make his way to that place. His mother's name is SOPHY.

I will give the above reward for his apprehension if taken out of the State, or $100 if taken within the state and out of the county, and $50 if taken in Talbot county, in each case to be secured in the Jail at Easton.

JAMES H. CHAMBERLAINE,
Oxford Neck, Talbot County, Md.

Oct 26th, 1839.

New Hat Store.



The subscriber has re-commenced the Hatting business in the Store next to William Loveday's and second door from the Bank—He has just received a large supply of the best materials, and intends to manufacture

HATS
AND
Beaver Bonnets,

at the lowest prices, (wholesale and retail.)

His assortment of Hats, &c. is very complete. He solicits a continuance of support from his old customers, and the public generally, and he hopes to be enabled to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call.

ENNALLS ROSZELL.

Easton, Jan. 5, 1839.

N. B. The above business will be conducted by Mr Thos. Beaston. E. R.

THE STEAM BOAT
MARYLAND,



Has discontinued her trips to St. Michaels and Wye Landing, until next spring.

She will continue to run as usual from Baltimore to Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton, until the first of January next, weather permitting.

L. G. TAYLOR, Commander.

Nov 23 tf

A Housekeeper Wanted.

The advertiser wishes to employ a Housekeeper, who will be willing to attend to all the business of the family. For such a one liberal wages will be paid. Apply to the Editor for particulars.

Nov. 30

TO RENT,

For the balance of the year 1839 and 1840 the STORE-ROOM and CELLAR, now in the occupancy of J. W. Cheezum, and possession given immediately. This situation is one of the most elligible in the town for almost any business. For terms and particulars apply to J. W. Cheezum or

ELIZABETH JENKINS.

Easton, Nov. 16, 1839.

The Thorough Bred
BULL,
Blanc Mange,

Will stand for Cows at the Haylands from this date. Terms two barrels of corn, or the equivalent in money, to be paid before the Cow is removed.

W. GOLDSBOROUGH,

Nov. 16, 1839.

Strayed or driven away,

From Oak-hill near Easton, the residence of Mrs. Mary Loockerman,



THREE MILCH COWS,

one large Red Buffaloe Cow, with white back and dark face, one Black Cow, with a glass eye, and a small Brindle Cow. Any information relative to these cows, communicated to the Editor of this paper, will be liberally rewarded.

Nov. 9, 1839.

Wanted.

An overseer for the ensuing year. Apply to W. H. DeCOURCEY,
Cheston, Q. A. County.

Oct. 26th, 1839.

Wanted.

For the next year, four or five hands to work on a farm, in a healthy situation in this county—Those of fourteen years of age, if accustomed to farming, and upwards will suit. The highest wages will be given, with the usual clothing, &c.—Apply to the Editor of this paper, for further information.

Sept. 21, 1839.

Proposals

For supplying the Alms House of Talbot County with Pork, for the ensuing year will be received until Thursday 28th November, either by the subscriber in Easton, or by W. A. F. C. Kemp, overseer, at the Alms House.

By order of the Board.

WM LOVEDAY, Treasurer.

Oct 9

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

JOHN B. RAY

Respectfully informs the citizens of Easton and its vicinity generally, that he has taken the store at the corner of Washington and Dover Streets and nearly opposite the Market House, where he intends carrying on the



SADDLE,
TRUNK
AND
HARNESS MAKING,

in all its variety, and on the most accommodating terms. He solicits a share of the public patronage, and promises to execute his work with all possible despatch, and in a most substantial and workmanlike manner. He has on hand,

A fine assortment of
WHIPS, BITS,

Stirrups of all kinds, travelling Trunks Harness and Saddles of every description, which he will sell at city prices.

August 10, 1839.

Notice.

All persons indebted to Talbot county for taxes for the present year 1839, are requested to make immediate payment to me or my Deputies who are legally authorised to receive them. I am determined to close the business by the time allowed by law, it is therefore unnecessary to ask indulgence—persons holding property in the county and residing elsewhere will pay attention to this notice. The subscriber will hold his office adjoining the Whig office.

SAMUEL S. SATTERFIELD,
Collector of Talbot County.

Sept. 28, 1839.

Notice.

The undersigned Commissioners appointed by Talbot County Court upon the petition of Joseph R. Price and Mary B. his wife, formerly Mary B. Hayward, to value the lands of William Hayward, late of Talbot county, dec'd, and to proceed therein according to the directions of an act of Assembly entitled an act to amend and reduce into one system the laws to direct descents' give notice, that on Wednesday the fifteenth day of January in the year eighteen hundred and forty, they will meet on the premises to proceed in the discharge of the duties assigned them by the Commission under which they act.

John Edmondson,
Theodore Denny,
William Arringdale,
Jonathan Bartlett,
H. L. Edmondson,
Commissioners.

Dec. 14, 1839.—5t

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE, EASTON, ST. MICHAELS AND WYE LANDING.

THE STEAM BOAT



MARYLAND,

Will leave Baltimore from the Lower end Dugans wharf, her usual place of starting for the above places on the following days viz:

On every Sunday Morning at 8 o'clock, for Annapolis, St. Michaels and Wye Landing return on Monday, leaving Wye at 8 o'clock.

Tuesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock, for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton, returning Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Passage to Annapolis, $1
" to St. Michaels and Wye 2
" to Easton and Cambridge, 2

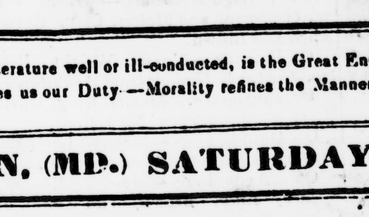
All Baggage at the owner's risk.

N. B—The Maryland can be had on Thursdays for Pleasure Excursions.

LEM'L G TAYLOR.

Nov. 2, 1839.

COACH, GIG,



AND
HARNESS MAKING.

The subscribers return their grateful acknowledgements to their friends, customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage extended to them in their line of business, and now respectfully take this method to inform them that they continue to manufacture every kind of

CARRIAGE,

in the neatest and most elegant manner, and on reasonable terms.

They flatter themselves that from their knowledge and experience in the business and from their determination to use none but the best materials and employ the best workmen, that they will be able as heretofore, to give entire satisfaction to all who may honor them with their custom.

They have now finished and ready for sale, a large assortment of

NEW CARRIAGES,

made in the latest style and fashion, among them a beautiful



COACH
TWO HANDSOME FAMILY
CHARRIOTEES, BAROUCHES,
YORK WAGONS,
GIGS, &c. &c.
AND A LARGE LOT OF
HARNESS,

Both double and single, which they will dispose of with or without the Carriages. In connection with the above, they have a great variety of second-hand

GIGS,

and four-wheel work which they are anxious to sell at the most reduced prices; and they would most respectfully invite the attention of the public to call and examine their assortment and judge for themselves. All kind of repairing done as heretofore, at the shortest notice, in the best manner and on accommodating terms. Orders for work from a distance thankfully received and punctually executed by

The public's obedient servants.

ANDERSON & HOPKINS

May 4 1839.

N. B. Five active intelligent boys will be taken at the different branches of Coach making if early application is made.

A. & H.

Branch Bank of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, at Easton.

the 13th December 1839.

The Teller of this Bank has expressed to the Board of Directors his intention to resign his office, on the twenty fourth day of the present month; it, therefore becomes necessary to supply his place by a competent person.—Notice is hereby given that, on Friday the third day of January in the year eighteen hundred and forty—the board of Directors will proceed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation aforesaid.

By Order
THOS J. BULLITT, Pres't.

Dec. 14—3w

Additional Supply.

Loveday & Pullikin.

Has just received and opened at their Store House, in Easton an additional supply of

WINTER GOODS,

Which added to their previous stock renders their assortment very general and complete. they invite the attention of their friends and the public generally.

Dec 14 3t (W3t)

Wood for Sale.

The subscriber wishes to sell about 200 cords of Pine Wood either cut or standing, within 2 miles of Easton, it can be sold either in small or large quantities to suit purchasers. For particulars apply to Wm C. Mackey, Easton, or to

JAMES A. RIDGAWAY,
Royal Oak.

Nov. 30 7t (W7t)

Public Sale.

The subscriber will offer on Monday the 23d day of December, at his residence near Bennetts Mill, the following property, viz:



Four Head of Horses,

Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Carts.

Fodder, Wheat, Oat and Rye Straw, Corn Cays, and

Farming Utensils,

together with other articles too tedious to mention.

TERMS—Upon all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required before the removal of the property. On all sums above five dollars a credit of six months will be given to the purchaser, by giving a note with approved security.

JAMES HAND.

Dec. 14 ts

N. B.—He will also offer for sale about one hundred barrels of Corn for cash, in lots to suit purchasers.

J. H.

Public Sale.

The subscriber will offer at public sale at his residence near Wye Mills on Monday the 23d December if fair, if not the next fair day, the following property viz.

Household and Kitchen Furniture

FARMING UTENSILS,



Horses Cattle, Mules and Hogs

A good yoke of oxen and cart gig and harness and a number of other articles too tedious to mention. A credit of four months will be given on all sums over five dollars with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale, all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

FRANCIS E. JUMP.

dec 14 ts

N B—No property taken away until terms of sale are complied with.

F. E. J.

SHINN & SELLERS'

CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS AGAIN TRIUMPHANT OVER "LEAK SPASMODIC ASTHMA CURED BY THEIR USE!"

Messrs SHINN & SELLERS—You are aware that for the last six months I have been in the use of your Pills, though you may not know the complaint for which I have used them.

Some fifteen years ago being sorely troubled with spasmodic asthma, I was relieved from it by Lobelia. Last summer the complaint returned upon me with increased violence, from which I received not the least relief by the use of lobelia.

A friend persuaded me to make trial of your Pills, though, to be candid I had no much faith in them, for the reason that from what I could discover, you had not recommended them to asthma. I was however, relieved by them. Still I had a relapse of the complaint. Again I had recourse to the Pills—and now, after a patient and persevering use of them I feel that I am cured of spasmodic asthma.

Last summer my eldest son lying at Louisville Ky. was violently seized with the prevailing sickness, congestive fever. Having received from it so far to return home, here however he had a violent relapse of the fever. After recovering from it, he began to feel a pain in the region of the liver, which increasing daily seemed to demand prompt attention. Suffice it to say, he was cured by the use of your Pills.

As you have requested of me a statement of facts with respect to the benefit and cure you have received from your Pills, I have given it with a scrupulous regard to accuracy.

Your's, with esteem,
N. RUGGLES SMITH.

Pittsburgh May 11th, 1839.

The 'Liver Pills' can be had wholesale and retail of

SHINN, SELLERS & WILSON
No. 46, corner 3d and Vine sts.

FOR SALE by Dawson & Sons, Easton; P. Sutton, Centreville; W. B. Tilghman, Hillsborough.

July 27, 1839.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the subscriber on book account of six months or longer standing are requested to call and settle the same between this and the first of January next without delay.

The public's ob't serv't
ALEXANDER DODD.

Dec 14 3w

N B—He still continues to carry on his Business at the old stand on Dover street, where all orders in his line will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

A. D.

(From the New York Mirror.)

LAST DAY OF GRACE, (IN NEW YORK) OR PAYING A NOTE.

"Procure a hundred pounds! I say to thee
There's no such sin[illegible] nature. Forty shillings
There may be now i' th' [illegible]—and that's a treasure!
I've seen five pounds—and let me tell it!
For 'tis as wonderful as calves with five legs."

Beaumont and Fletcher.

In the days of old—when all men were honest and wise, and unsophisticated and plain dealing, and generous—all human affairs went on smoothly. No niggardly thrift or mercenary selfishness—no sordid love of lucre—no [illegible]erly cold-heartedness existed to [illegible] chill upon the warm [illegible] genial [illegible]s of social intercourse. If a debtor could not pay, doubtless the creditor crossed out the account and let him go. If any man wanted to borrow money—which might happen of course, in the best of times—he found a hundred friends ready to lend him any sum. Bless me! how the dollars trotted from hand to hand!—Lending money is certainly the best, noblest, and greatest invention that the genious of man has ever achieved. Oh ye powers of prosperity! what harmony, joy, abundance, content, felicity, and glorious jollity must have filled the land!—For, cash being plenty in every man's pocket, all the shops overflowed with custom; all handicrafts were in full activity, and every body drove a rousing trade. People paid their taxes without grumbling. Every thing was cheap, besides being in great demand; the jails were empty, and the lawyer starved!

But these things were too good to last. By and-by, a little cloud began to gather over the sunshine of this golden age.—The great and irresistable proclivity of all human institutions towards evil began to manifest itself. Man became less liberal and generous. Doubtless some miserly old hunk or other first set the example, by refusing to lend his money; this instigated others, and the example was soon followed by universal imitation. Such is the perverse fate of the world!—All good customs get speedily out of fashion. Now, when those who *had* money would no longer lend it, those who *wanted* money could no longer spend it—for how could they spend without borrowing? So money became scarce; people could not pay their debts; trade declined, and lawsuits increased. Nobody would be generous or charitable, or public spirited any longer; but all mankind suddenly grew selfish, mercenary, and [illegible]culating. Each looked out for the main chance, and took care of nothing but number one: and the result of this pestiential contagion was the breeding of that horrible, direful, wasting, ravaging, lethiferous epidemic which is now stalking over the earth at noonday in the frightful shape of HARD TIMES!

Such appears to me the true philosophical explanation of this phenomenon, but whether this or any different account of its origin be the nearest the truth, the melancholy fact is indisputable that hard times really exist, and the question most interesting to all philanthropists, politicians, moralists, financiers, philosophers, poets and poor devils is how to get rid of them. Dare we hope that some species of legislative, metaphysical, or monetary vaccination will be discovered in the course of time, that shall extirpate this dire disease, and restore the felicity of the good golden age?

Such were my reflections when I rose in the morning, knowing that my note at the bank must be paid that day; but knowing no more than the man in the moon where the money to pay it was to come from. I dreamed through the night of all sorts of vain and tantalizing attempts to find something in my pockets. I awoke in the morning and found it *not* all a dream. Every thing seemed to go wrong in my endeavors to dress; my pantaloons were wrong side before; buttons were in the wrong places; vest inside out, and stock bottom upwards.—'Where shall I get the money?' said I to myself, in great perplexity, and at that moment stuck a particular sharp pin into my windpipe. Pshaw.

At breakfast nothing went better.—The coffee was scalding hot the steak tough, and appetite languid. Every thing had a trick of slipping through my fingers. I broke a cup and saucer, and dropped a thumping slice of toast in my lap—pantaloons been new! 'Shall I ever have another pair,' thought I—'Two o'clock, and the note must be paid!'

I looked over my pocket-book again, as if I expected to find what I was looking after. What a fool? I knew as well as I knew that I was a live how much was in it—or rather how much was not in it. Six hundred dollars to make up the sum!

'Can't I collect some of my debts this forenoon?' thought I. What a fool again! for who ever could collect a debt when he wanted it? 'Two o'clock,' said I again, and it must be paid!'

I sat down and fell into a profound cogitation. I thought of the mines of Potosi—of the mint of Mexico—of the Massachusetts Bank—of John Lackland of Job's cat, and of my own empty pockets.

'I never thought so hard in my life before. But thinking will never pay a man's notes. At last a bright thought struck me. 'I'll borrow the money' said I. Eureka.

Before the resolution had time to cool, I ran to my neighbor, Mr. A. 'Neighbor A.' said I, 'you are an excellent man; just lend me six hundred dollars.'

'Six hundred dollars!' exclaimed he, turning up the whites of his eyes 'I have not a dollar to spare if it was to save my own life—every cent is gone. My boy lent forty two thousand dollars out of my drawer before I came down from breakfast this morning.'

I saw plainly there was nothing to be got in this quarter; so I ran to my particular friend, Mr. B. 'My dear sir,' said I 'lend me six hundred dollars as a particular favor.'

'Six hundred dollars!' said he; 'and do you want this money?'

'So much so,' replied I, 'that if it were for my own particular use I could not want it more.'

'I am sorry for that,' returned he, 'for there's not a dollar of money to be had now a days—Money! I believe it is all sunk to the bottom of the sea for my part. Six hundred dollars, with a vengeance! Why if I had a ten dollar bill, I'd go about town and exhibit it as a raree show.'

'Bah!' said I to myself, 'I must try a third.' So I hurried to my acquaintance Mr. C. and made the same request of him.

'Six hundred dollars!' said he, 'in these hard times. Why, every body is failing, and the banks won't discount.' Horrible words! I had as leave hear it thunder as '*the banks wont discount.*'

Not quite disheartened at these rebuffs, I hastened to Mr. D. Mr. E. and Mr. F. All the same song. 'Hard times; people failing; *banks wont discount!*'

So much for my borrowing scheme! There was only one resource left, and that was to go to a worthy gentleman by the name of Solomon Sharp. He was a money broker, and lent cash to gentleman in distress, out of pure charity.

The crafty old fox saw me approach as he stood at the corner of Congress street, in conversation with a broken merchant, and a bribeless lawyer. He saw me coming, and knew what I wanted.—These fellows can scent the approach of a penniless dog at the penultimate hour as quick as a vulture can smell the carcase. But he pretend not to see me.—He knew I had not half an hour to lose, and I knew he had no particular interest in the matter he was discussing with his worthy friends; yet I dared not accost him; and he studiously avoided meeting my eye. Ten long minutes did I wait, wishing his companions, with their tattle about nothing, a thousand leagues off; and every ten seconds stealing a look upward to the dial over the City Hall, watching the progress of the minute hand, which advanced with fearful rapidity towards that point beyond which there was no salvation of credit. It was strange he could not see me; or rather I should have said it was strange he *would* not; but I was too much in a perturbation to think that men, especially money lenders, love to torment those whom they have in their power. The ten minutes seemed endless, all and singular of them; but at last my gentleman pretended suddenly to discover me.—'Ah! Mr. Lackpenny, how d'ye do?'

My heart by this time was up to my throat, for in a small fraction of an hour the bank would be shut, and my note unpaid—a consummation not at all devoutly to be wished by a man who desires to be in good name and fame upon 'Change. I was hardly collected enough to state my necessity, but old Sharp can understand such matters with half a word.

'Lend money?' he exclaimed; 'I never do such things.'

'You don't indeed!' said I.

'No,' returned he taking out his snuff box with an air of the greatest nonchalance, 'but for a proper consideration, I think I know somebody that will.'

'What is the man's name?' asked I with an equal degree of seriousness, though I knew the man's name was Solomon Sharp, and that he was standing that moment before my face.

'I'll see him, and let you know,' said my honest friend. 'Call here in a quarter of an hour—possibly it may be done.'

'A quarter of an hour! Oh, Mr. Sharp! but if you think it can be done in a quarter of an hour ——'

Mr. Sharp looked as composed as if the whole affair had been nothing more than the picking up of a straw. He walked out, and so did I. We separated, and I saw him go up State street, pass round the post office, and return to his den without speaking to a soul on the way. When the ten minutes had expired, I went to him.

'Well, Mr. Sharp.'

'I have called on the man,' said he, 'but he is not at home.'

'This,' thought I, is to be [illegible] and ten per cent more from me. 'Mr. Sharp!' said I imploringly.

'I shall see him in five minutes without doubt,' returned he. 'Wait here, and I will step out again.'

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