odist preacher' in that State, though we cannot perceive the necessity for the introduction of this *fact* in any gross taunt upon him as a public speaker. However poorly his eloquent defence of Harrison may be estimated by the Mississippi Argus or its indorsers hereabout, it stands in record before the country an unanswered and unanswerable argument.

Had the Baltimore Post been disposed to mete out even-handed justice, would it have concealed the FACT that the resolution, containing the THANKS OF CONGRESS and a request to the President of the United States to procure and present to Gen. *Harrison a Gold Medal*, emblematical of the triumph on the Thames in Upper Canada, was offered by *Mr. Dickinson*, VAN BUREN'S LATE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY? But why dwell upon this charge when the very motion in the Senate of the United States, upon which the Post relies, was *made* and carried in the *affirmative* at the earnest request of one of Gen. Harrison's most intimate friends, who had in view *Harrison's* MONOR, NOT *Harrison's* DISGRACE.

When the FACTS, connected with the *Missouri Question*, shall be blotted out from the page of history; when the speeches of this *native* Virginian on several occasions, denunciatory of *Abolitionists*, shall be forgotten; when *the fact* of his having lost an election to Congress for his uncompromising devotion, as was alleged at the time, "to *Slavery* and *the Slave interest*" shall be lost sight of, then and not til then, will the friends of 'HARRISON' find it necessary to shield his reputation from the charge of Abolition.

Harrison, emulous of the zeal of *Jefferson and Clay*, has been the early and devoted advocate of African Colonization, and any one, who has watched the course of things, must have known how bitter is the hate of Abolitionists towards Colonization men.

But all these charges are it seems mere twinkling stars, growing dim in the presence of the full moon, which is shedding such a flood of light upon the preceptive faculties of *Harrison's political enemies*. *"The poor man's friend,"* his time-honored appellative, has been forfeited, within a year or two past only, by his answer to the PEOPLE'S CALL TO THE PRESIDENCY.

Gen. Harrison's letter, which we will publish next week, is a full refutation of the last slander upon his good name, and shows, how unjustly his benevolence towards the unfortunate has been tortured into *favour of White Slavery*.

"THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMING!!

NINE of the TWENTY-THREE Electors for *Harrison* and *Tyler* in VIRGINIA were on the Electoral ticket for MARTIN VAN BUREN four years ago. This looks somewhat squally for office-holders.

THE WHIG CANDIDATES FOR ELECTORS.

We extract from a Baltimore paper the letter of John Leeds Kerr, Esq. in reply to a communication from the Hon. Richard Thomas, chairman of the meeting of Whig members of the General Assembly, announcing his nomination by that meeting as a candidate for the State at Large.

In the same paper we find the letter of David Hoffman, Esq. in answer to a like communication to him from Mr. Thomas. We regret exceedingly that from the reduction of our force this week, by indisposition we find it impossible to insert in this paper the letter of Mr. Hoffman, on account of its great length. It will however in due time be published and its value highly appreciated.

LETTER FROM MR KERR.

We publish below, the letter of the Hon. JOHN LEEDS KERR, accepting his nomination as one of the Electors for the State at large.

EASTON, March 6th, 1840.

SIR—I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 29th ultimo, announcing, in behalf of a Meeting of the Whig Members of the General Assembly of Maryland, held at the seat of government, on the 28th, that I was unanimously nominated by them, as one of the Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, for the State at large.

For this flattering expression of confidence by the Whigs of the General Assembly, consisting of so large a portion of the representatives of the people, I shall cherish a high sense of the distinction conferred on me: and to you, sir, personally, my acknowledgments are due for the acceptable terms in which you have conveyed their wishes.

I will not do myself the injustice to disclaim the merit of an ardent zeal in the cause of the country. Viewing with you, at this crisis, the cause of opposition to the continued misrule of a party, governing the affairs of the nation, with selfish policy and despotic sway, as the cause of the country, I feel a deep anxiety for the success of the people in the great struggle they are about to make—with fearful odds—against the inordinate power and influence of a long organized faction. I hope, from indications manifested in every quarter of the Union, that there is, indeed, sprung a new feeling of devotion to constitutional liberty and to the general welfare, which, with a correspondent disaffection to the ruling powers, will lead to a glorious consummation of the wishes of the people for the establishment of a pure, patriotic and able administration.

What poor ability I possess to further such a cause in any situation to which it may place the people to call me, will not be withheld.

With great respect and consideration,
I have the honor to be
Your ob't. humble servant,
JOHN LEEDS KERR.

To the Hon. RICHARD THOMAS,
Chairman of a Meeting of the Whig Members of the General Assembly of Maryland at Annapolis.

NEW PAPER.—The '*Log Cabin Advocate*" was issued, in Baltimore on Saturday last, and its subscription list is already such as to warrant the announcement that it will be continued regularly hereafter.—The Baltimore Patriot says—

"Its list already exceeds the expectations of every one, though we have had time to hear only from a small portion of the State and adjoining country.

The call for the publication DAILY of the Advocate has now become so general, that we are induced to say, that the desire in this respect will most probably be gratified on the *1st of May next*. To this end a SUBSCRIPTION PAPER is now prepared, and is left at the *Patriot counting room*, where persons may enter their names for the DAILY MORNING LOG CABIN ADVOCATE; and if, by the *15th day of April next*, TWO THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS shall have been obtained the first number of the DAILY PAPER will be issued on the *1st of May next*. Two thousand is the lowest number necessary to meet the actual expense of the publication.

The paper will be published on the CASH SYSTEM, and delivered to subscribers at TWO CENTS for each number.

It may not be out of place here to say, that the paper will be conducted with energy—that it will have the aid of gentlemen of acknowledged talents and great political experience & information—that it will be handsomely printed, and be in every respect worthy of the great cause of which it shall be the *Advocate*.

If the requisite number are obtained at an earlier day than above indicated, the Daily Paper will be published in fifteen days thereafter. The Tippecanoe Clubs throughout the city and State, and all others favorable to the election of Gen HARRISON, are invited to use exertions to obtain subscribers for the paper. By calling at the Patriot Counting Room, subscription papers may be obtained.

Gentlemen out of the city are requested to send in their names with the understanding that the subscription money is to be forwarded as soon as it is ascertained that the paper will be regularly published. The subscription for the campaign—six months—is $3.

HOW IT WORKS.—Ex governor Kinsey of Illinois one of the most influential and decided friends Gen. Jackson ever had in that State, has come out in a publication under his proper signature, in favor of Gen. Harrison, and against the sub-treasury National Bank measure of King Martin. He says the system has been in full operation for hundreds of years in Spain, and has produced nothing but *monarchy* and *aristocracy*.

CITY COURT.—On Saturday the case of the alledged libel against Mr. James L. Maguire was finally brought to a close.—The Attorney General stated his intention not to prosecute the matter any farther, and a *nolle prosequi* was entered by him both in the case of the Rev. Mr. Breckinridge, and in that of the Rev. Mr. Cross, associate editor of the Literary and Religious Magazine.—[American.

The Centreville Times states that the roof of the dwelling of Dr. R. Goldsborough, of that place, took fire from a crack in the wall of the chimney, on the morning of the 14th instant; but, by timely discovery and exertion, the flames were subdued before much injury was done to the building.

THE GREAT WESTERN.—This steamer left New York at one o'clock, P. M. on Thursday 19th for Bristol. The Commercial Advertiser of that afternoon says—"The probability is that she will be at her anchorage at King's Road, near Bristol, on the afternoon of the 2d of April, and in that case she will carry to England answers to letters received by the British Queen, which left Portsmouth on the 2d of March. This will be a despatch never before known, and what a few years ago would have been deemed among the things impossible.

The Albany Argus states, on the authority of a correspondent at Detroit that the Legislature of Michigan is about to extend relief to the banks of that state, by legalizing the suspension of specie payments until the first of February, 1841, and selling the remaining instalments of the 5,000,000 dollars loan to the banks. A bill to that effect has been introduced into the House of Representatives, and the letter-writer is of opinion that it will pass both houses and receive the signature of the Governor.

A SIGN.—The Hagerstown Torch Light says: There were something like one hundred voters in the Harrison procession on Saturday last, who had voted the administration ticket last fall.

For the Easton Gazette.

How literally true the Proverb! When a child, I thought as a child, &c. Yes, when a child, I thought and spake like a child, but now, I think and speak like a man. Well do I remember the thoughts and feelings, and companions, of the sports and pastimes of by-gone years James and John. But where are those companions? With the former, time has dealt gently and fortune generously, whilst the latter, is a raving lunatic, confined within the walls of a mad house.—And I, what am I? A sober and quiet, but rather prodigal young man, possessing little of the fire, but all the feeling of younger years. How changed the trio! their prospects, hopes and sources of amusement! Of the trio, I shall have nothing more to say, being particularly anxious to display myself to the world.

In boy-hood, when engaged in hunting, I thought of nothing beyond its enjoyment, and the necessary appertenances thereto. Dog, gun, ammunition and game, bounded my hopes and wishes for the time. I conceived, no other sport or vocation, necessary to make me a great and happy man, when the period of manhood should arive, and would most willingly have converted this fair and diversified world of ours into interminable hunting grounds, to gratify the caprice of the moment. So it was in regard to fishing. When engaged in pulling up fish, after fish, from their native element, I would as unceremoniously have turned, glen and forest, hill and valley, into mighty views, that I might enjoy the sport forever; never supposing that a second flood, might not be congenial to the tastes of the rest of the world. These were selfish thoughts it is true, but they were the thoughts of boy, and must be excused upon the same ground, that we would excuse the owl, for wishing the sun put out.

As for me, would that I could still think as a child! One hour of the past in all its freshness, is worth half a lifetime, of sober thinking, money calculating manhood. When a child, no ungenerous sentiment occupyed my mind. I was happy and considered all the world so too. I created and peopled worlds subjects were mine it is true, but subjects and monarch, met upon one common level. We were equal, and equally essential to each other's happiness.

I only created enough to carry out my purposes—enough to make me happy, and as many as I could make happy. In one of those creations of fancy, I inverted the order in which the universe was created, by its great architect—First I created an *ideal being*, to share my pleasures and my love, next the world, and then gathered together in promiscuous profusion, the richest and rarest treasures of every clime, to lay at her feet, and imagined not that advancing years, would dissolve this beautiful dream of perspective happiness. Little did I suppose, that time would explode, the theories and fancies of youth. No, I considered them as firm and immutable, as the decrees of [illegible] with riper years, the theories and pleasures of boy-hood, have passed away; and it may be, that in years still more mature, the summer of life with its fruits and flowers, will present a picture, upon which we shall delight to dwell, and the shiverings and decrepitude of age.

CHARLES.

Easton Hotel, March 26, 1840.

For the Easton Gazette.

Mr. Graham,

By an article in your paper of the 14th inst. headed TEMPERANCE RESUSCITATION, it appears that the Total Abstinence Society, was organized about a week after the organization of the society to encourage temperance, by excluding ardent spirits as a beverage, and to suppress excess in the use of Wine, Cider and Beer. Now it is but right to inform your readers every where, that the constitution of the Total Abstinence Society was adopted on Tuesday evening the 3d of March, and the officers elected on the succeeding Tuesday being the 11th inst. The election of officers was postponed, because the evening had been occupied in the discussion of the principles on which the constitution was framed, and as the hour was late when the constitution was adopted, it was deemed expedient to hold an adjourned meeting to elect the officers.

This communication is made in view of the fact that the article referred to, has been published in another paper, and carries with it the idea that the Total Abstinence Society had is origin subsequent to the other temperance association; whereas the reverse is true—for it is well known *here*, that the last mentioned society originated in consequence of a failure on the part of its advocates to get its principles incorporated in the first mentioned association. Finding this could not be done, (as a majority opposed it,) a proposition was made to hold another meeting, and a society was organized on the 4th inst. as stated in the article mentioned in the commencement of this communication. S.

OPIUM EATING.

One of the consequences of the spread of teetotalism, as it is called, in England, is an increased consumption of opium. In a paper read recently before the Westminster Medical Society, it was said that several of the life insurance offices of London had been obliged to alter their rates on account of the additional risk to which they were put by the introduction of opium eating. We have the authority of a physician of a neighboring state, that many of his patients addicted themselves to this practice at the time the public movements on the subject of temperance commenced.

[New York Evening Post.

The New York papers announce the resignation of M. Gelston, President, and Robert White Cashier of the Manhatten Bank.

The Committee of Ways and Means of the Pennsylvania House of Delegates have made a long and elaborate report on the finances of the State, recommending the sale of the Bank stock belonging to the State, and the motive power on the Columbia Railroad, as the best means of raising money to pay the current expenses of the Government for the present year. The report is accompanied with a bill laying a *tax* upon personal property, on household furniture, and silver plate, in value over $300—two cents per dollar. On watches, according to their value, 50 cents to 150 cents each; on all salaries and emoluments of office, one cent per dollar; on notes, bonds, and stocks, (except those of the State) and debts due from solvent debtors, money at interest, and ground rents, half cent per dollar. These, together with a tax on brokers, and a revenue from some other sources, are estimated to produce the annual sum of $600,000.

The annual deficit in the revenue of the State is set down at $1,087 743, Which must be borrowed to pay the interest on the present debt, and be constantly increasing if other means cannot be devised.

THE SUB TREASURY SYSTEM.—The following "CASE." which we copy from a Connecticut paper, as showing the effect of the Sub-Treasury, hard money system, and the arguments used by its supporters, deserve attention from the mechanics and working men, of every State in the Union:

A CASE.—We are informed that in the city of Hartford there is a certain mechanic who has in his employ something like eight or ten journeymen. The whole of these persons were nominated as delegates to the Loco Foco Young Men's Convention, and calculated to attend.—But a leader of the Loco Foco party happening at the shop a day or two before the Convention met, began to speak with the boss upon the subject of wages—and as an argument to convince him that he ought to be a Loco, too, said that the effect of carrying into full operation the Sub-Treasury measures would be to reduce the prices he would have to pay to his journeymen one half; so that where he now paid $16 a month he would have to give but $8. This he said in an under tone; upon which the employer raised his voice so that all his workmen might hear repeated what the Loco had said, and asked if that was his belief? He replied, yes. Well, said the employer, will the price of tea, coffee, sugar, &c. be also proportionably reduced? No, says the Loco, still in a low tone, but flour and meat and other domestic provisions will fall considerably. The employer again raised his voice, and caused the Loco to repeat what he had said, so that all his workmen might hear what was the doctrine promulgated by the Loco Focos. The Convention was accordingly held, but *not one of these workmen attended*.

We have names for these facts—and one of them bearing a strong affinity to Judge Niles—[Litchfield Enq.

A young man in the post-office at Petersburg, Va recently committed suicide, having been detected in embezzling money from letters.

FALLING OFF.—In Waterbury, Ct. there were employed in the factories in 1837, 840 hands. At present there are 161. The value of the goods manufactured there in 1837 was $91,000. This year it is $1,950.

MUTINY. The New York Journal of Commerce states that while the ship Cambridge was on her passage from Liverpool, eight of the men remained on the forecastle, refusing to do duty; next day they came aft, headed by one Douglass, who threatened to hang the Captain at the yard arm, flourishing his knife, and threatening to stab any person who attempted to arrest him. At this time there were four seamen confined to their berths by sickness, making it imperative on the cabin and steerage passengers to assist in working the ship. The mutineers had taken complete possession of the forecastle. The cabin passengers kept watch during the night to prevent a surprise by them. On the second day, three of the mutineers, finding they could get nothing to eat, came aft, and asked to be permitted to go to duty.—Next day three more also came over.—Captain B. finding that the two ringleaders still held out, went into the forecastle, disarmed, and, with the assistance of the mates, succeeded in securing them in irons, and restoring order during the remaining part of the voyage.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE PATRIOT OFFICE,
THURSDAY, March 26.

Wheat (white)	$1 05 a	$1 10
(Red)	0 90 a	1 00
Corn (Yellow)	50 a	0 00
(White)	49 a	0 00
Rye	47 a	0 50
Oats	27 a	0 28

MARRIED,

In Baltimore, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. James Reid, Mr. Benjamin Holmes, of Talbot county, to Miss Ann J. Parrot, of Baltimore.

Branch Bank at Easton.

MARCH 28, 1840.

The President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a dividend of 3 per cent, on the stock of the company for the last six months which will be payable to the stock holders in the Branch Bank aforesaid, or their legal representatives on or after the first Monday in April.

JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Cashier.
March, 28 3w (W)

Last Notice.

All persons that have not paid their County Tax for 1839, are requested to make immediate payment, those having claims against the county are constantly calling on the collector for them and it is impossible for him to settle with them, until he can collect the Tax to pay it with. All persons that do not settle by the 15th of April next, may calculate on being proceeded against according to law, after that time, I shall give my deputies positive orders to collect in the most speedy manner. I have dunned persons for their tax until. I am tired, and all to no purpose, I have to resort to this measure in justification to myself.

SAMUEL S. SATTERFIELD,
March 28 Collector.

Public Sale.

The subscriber will offer at public sale in Oxford Neck, on Thursday the 9th day of April next, if fair, if not, the next fair day the following property consisting of

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

FARMING UTENSILS,



Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs,

About 80 barrels of Corn in the corn-house. Corn-Blades. Top fodder, &c, Bacon and Lard and a variety of other articles to tedious to mention

Terms of Sale.—On all sums over five dollars, a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from date, before the removal of the property. & on all sums of & under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. and attendance given by

JEREMIAH BROMWELL,
Adm'r. with the will annexed,
of Jacob S Bromwell, dec'd.
March 28.—2w (W)

N. B—The crop of wheat now growing on the land, will be offered for sale on same day.
J. B.

FOR ST. MICHAELS & WYE LANDING.

THE STEAM BOAT



MARYLAND,

Will commence her trips to the above places, on Monday the 13th of April next leaving Baltimore every Monday morning at 6 o'clock and return the same day—All baggage at the owners risk,

LEM'L G. TAYLOR.
March 28

Cotton Yarn and DOMESTICS.

Corner of Baltimore and Hanover Streets, Baltimore would call the attention of Merchants who visit this City, to his extensive assortment of Cotton Yarn, Brown Muslin, Osnaburgs, &c. The Yarns are of the most approved Factories in the country, viz: Manchester C. & W. M Co. Richmond (Va.) Cross Creek Factory, (N. C) Kimensie Factory Del. and many others. Brown goods principally of the Manchester Factory, Richmond.

As the above named articles are on consignment, consequently Merchants will find it greatly to their advantage to purchase from FIRST HAND and at the very lowest manufacturers prices.

☞ The Winchester Virginian, Hagerstown Torch Light, Easton Gazette, and Frederick Herald, MD. will please insert the above each 6 weeks, and charge the cost to Office of the National Intelligencer.

March 28 6t

MARYLAND ECLIPSE,



Will be put to mares this season at the reduced price of $10 the spring's chance, if paid by the 1st day of November next—if not paid by that day 12 dollars will be exacted 50 cents in each case to be paid to the groom—the season to end about the 1st of July. He is now on his stand at Easton, and will be there every week on Mondays and Tuesdays; and every other week alternately, in Miles River Neck, and the Chappel District, on Wednesdays and Thursdays; in the Trappe District, on Fridays and Saturdays, and in the Bay side District on Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

MARYLAND ECLIPSE is so generally known that it is deemed unnecessary to give his pedigree, or to speak of his performances, or those of his progeny, on the turf

WILLIAM K LAMDIN.
March 28—8w (W8w)

THE IMPORTED MALTESE ASS,



Peter Simple,

Will stand for Mares at Easton, the 'Royal Oak,' and at 'Deep Water Point,' near St Michael's, the farm of John N. Hambleton, at 6 dollars the Spring's Chance and 25 cents to the groom The Season to commence in Easton, 30th March, and end 30th June.

He will be at Easton on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays, at the Oak Thursdays and Fridays, and Saturdays at Deep Water Point.

JAMES AULD, Manager.
March 28, 1840.—4t

BILLY MORGAN.



The Thorough Bred Stallion,

BILLY MORGAN,

Will stand the present season, at Easton and Centreville. He will be at Easton on Monday 30th March, Tuesday 31st, and Wednesday the 1st April, and on those days, every alternate week, during the Season.—TERMS—Single Leap $5. Spring's Chance $8. Insurance $15.—For Pedigree, &c. see handbills.

WM. C. TILGHMAN,
Near Centreville, Queen Ann's co.
March 28—4t

The Fine Full Blooded Horse,



Uncle Sam,

Will stand for mares this season, to commence at the subscribers stable, on Friday the 20th inst. and remain until Wednesday, the 25th, 26th and 27th through the Chapel District, Bay Side 28th, 29th and 30th, at Easton 31st and 1st of April, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th in the Trappe District, and then will return to the subscriber's stable on the 5th, and will continue to attend the above places throughout the season. The subscriber has now put the horse within the reach of every person, say $5 the Single Leap, with the privilege of turning it to a Spring's Chance at $10,—but if the mare should not stand, then $5 is to stand as a credit to the Spring's Chance; the Single Leap to be paid to the groom at the serving of the mare, and 50 cents to the groom in each case; the Spring's Chance to be paid by the 10th of October, if not by that time $12, the subscriber deems it unnecessary to give any of the particulars of the horse, as he is well known in this county, he is in good order to commence the Season. The season to end on the 20th of June.

BENNETT TOMLINSON.
March 21

TUSCARORA.



TUSCARORA will stand at the subscriber's farm 'Fansley Wood,' one mile from Easton, from the 1st of April, to the 1st of July. Terms.—Season $5—Insurance $10—Groome's fee 25 cents. Good pasturage will be furnished to mares from a distance at 25 cents per week. Apply to the groom Joe Nicols or to the subscriber.

T. TILGHMAN.
March 21—9t (W8t)

The Centreville Times and Cambridge Chronicle will copy the above 3 weeks.

NEW & FASHIONABLE



HAT STORE.

JAMES D. DUNCAN,

Has just opened in Easton, one door below Mr Griffith's Hotel, and next door to the 'Whig Office,' a new and fashionable Hat Establishment. He returns his sincere thanks to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended towards him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand and offers for sale, a full assortment of

Neat and Fashionable

HATS,

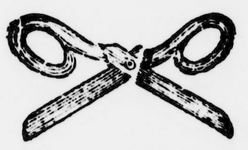
Which cannot fail to please in materials, finish and wear, and particularly invites the attention and solicits the patronage of those who were formerly supplied by him in this place, and assures them that every exertion will be made to retain their confidence and merit their support.

March 21, 1840.—3w

To the Public.

The subscriber has settled himself in Easton for the purpose of carrying on the

TAILORING



BUSINESS,

in all its various branches. He has just returned from Baltimore with a new and improved system for cutting garments, which he can safely say is superior to any other now in use. He would therefore invite his old customers and the public generally to give him a call, as he feels confident that he will be able to give general satisfaction. Should any garment fail to fit, another of equal value will be furnished in its place. His work shall not be surpassed for style and durability by any, as he is determined to give his business his entire attention and study. He has made arrangements to receive the Fashions as soon as they are published. His shop is at the old stand next door to the Easton Hotel and nearly opposite the store of Messrs. Loveday and Mullikin.

The public's ob't serv't.
JOHN H. K. SHANNAHAN.
March 21—eow6w

Constables Sale.

By virtue of 4 writs of Fieri Facias, issued by James Chaplain, Esq. Chief Justice of District Court, No 3 of Talbot county, 3 at the suit of Thos. H. Leonard and 1 at the suit of Barnett C. Egan, against Loftus Bowdle, I will sell on Wednesday the 1st day of April next, the following property, to wit: 1 Schooner, Margaret Ellen with sails, rigging, &c. at the head of Dividing Creek, near Trappe, all taken as the property of said Bowdle, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above mentioned writs, debts, interests and costs due and to become due thereon, and attendance given by BARNETT PARROTT.

March 21, 1840—3tq

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