HARRISON STATE CONVENTION OF MARYLAND.

Proceedings of the Harrison State Convention of Maryland, assembled at Baltimore city, on Thursday, April 9th, 1840.

The Convention was called to order by Geo. R. Richardson, upon whose motion Robt. W. Bowie of Prince George's county, was chosen to preside as Chairman, with a view to the organization of the Convention. Mr. Bowie was then conducted to the chair by the delegation representing his county. Upon the motion of the same gentlemen, Joseph H. Nicholson of Annapolis city, was chosen Secretary of the Convention.

The Secretary proceeded to call the Delegations from the several counties of the State, when the following gentlemen appeared and answered to their names. All the counties were represented except Cecil and Alleghany.

Anne Arundel county.—Thomas Hood, J. S. Williams, Nicholas B. Worthington, Charles Waters, Benjamin E. Gantt, Richard Sellman.

Annapolis city—Joseph H. Nicholson.

Baltimore county—William S. Winder, Samuel Parker, George Harryman, John Wethered, Caleb D. Goodwin.

Baltimore city—John McKim, Jr. George R. Richardson, John Glass, Thomas Kelso, Chas. W. Hanson.

Calvert county—Benjamin Teach.

Caroline county—Aaron M. Arlett, Ignatius B. Newton, Joseph Mobery.

Carroll county—Jacob Mathias, Joshua C. Guest, Nicholas Dorsey

Dorchester county—William T. Goldsborough Reuben Tall, Noah Dickson, Aaron Richardson.

Frederick county—Isaac Baugher, William P. Jones, Grafton Hammond, Dr. Thomas Springer, James L. Davis.

Harford county—William B. Bond. Jacob A. Preston, Charles H. Rate, David G. McCoy.

Kent county—Edwin Wilkens Thomas Walker. William McLane.

Montgomery county—William M. Steuart, George C. Patterson, Richard Holmes, Thomas J. Bowie, Thos. T. Wheeler.

Prince George's county—William T. Wootten, Robert W. Bowie, Osborn Sprigg Charles Calvert.

Queen Ann's county.—Thomas Ashcom, John Brown, D. C. Hopper Emory.

Somerset county—Richard Lemon. Samuel W. Jones. George S. Atkinson.

St. Mary's county—Henry Sewell, Arthur Coad, Jno. Bean, Bennet Taylor, Robert Thompson, William S Crane, Thomas Loker, William L. Smith.

Talbot county—Nicholas Goldsborough, John Harrington, John Bozman Kerr.

Washington county.—Otho H. Williams, William B. Clarke, Alexander Neill, Andrew Hoguire.

Worcester county—Williams, H Wailes, Edwin Foreman, George M. Upshur, Littleton Dennis, Jr.

A motion was then made that the Chair appoint a Committee to consist of one Delegate from each county to report officers for this Convention. The motion being adopted, the Chair appointed the following gentlemen:—Henry Sewell, Thomas Walker, Thomas Hood, William S. Winder, Nicholas Goldsborough, David G. McCoy, Aaron M. Arlett, William M. Steuart, Jacob Mathias, Richard Lemon, Wm. T. Goldsborough, William T. Wootton, Thomas Ashcom, Wm. H. Wailes, Grafton Hammond, John McKim, Jr. Otho H. Williams.

The Committee, after a short absence, reported the following gentlemen as officers of the Convention:

President.

ROBERT W. BOWIE, of Prince George's county.

Vice Presidents,

JOHN McKIM, Jr. of Baltimore city.
THOMAS HOOD, of Anne Arundel county,
NICHOLAS GOLDSBOROUGH of Talbot Co.
DR RICHARD LEMON of Somerset county.

Secretaries.

JOSEPH H. NICHOLSON of Annapolis city,
WILLIAM B. CLARKE of Washington county.

On motion, it was ordered, That the President of the Convention appoint a Committee to consist of one Delegate from each county, to report subject matter for the consideration of the Convention. The President appointed the following gentlemen:

Charles W. Hanson, John S. Williams, Reuben Tall, Edwin Foreman, Alexander Neill, Joseph H. Nicholson, Arthur Coad, John Bozman Kerr, Wm. T. Wootton, James L. Davis, William M. Steuart, Ignatius B. Newton, Samuel W. Jones, D. C. Hopper Emory, Wm. B. Bond, Jacob Mathias, John Wethered.

Upon motion of Col. Wm. T. Wootton, the Convention adjourned to meet at 3½ o'clock, P. M.

The Convention met at the hour appointed, and was called to order by the President, when the Committee reported the following resolutions.

Resolved, That a State Central Committee of twenty one residents in the City of Baltimore, be appointed by the President of this Convention, clothed with full powers to superintend and direct the political movements of the friends of HARRISON and TYLER in reference to the Presidential and other elections of the ensuing fall—that seven of the Committee constitute a quorum—that the chairman of each county committee to be hereafter appointed, be ex-officio a member of such Central Committee. Said committee to have power to fill any vacancy that may occur.

Resolved, That this Convention recommend the appointment in each county of a committee. That it be the duty of the officers of the county committee to hold constant correspondence with the State Central Committee. They should meet frequently during the canvass, be careful to visit their Post Offices, and upon receiving pamphlets, papers, or other communications from the Central Committee, to distribute them with the utmost industry. They should be empowered to manage all county matters in relation to the canvass, and to organize committies of vigilence to bring out the voters at each election, as well as to attend the polls and see that the elections are fairly conducted.

Resolved, That the county committees should especially appoint a District committee for each election district within their respective counties. These District committees should be charged particularly with the distribution of all pamphlets, papers, &c which may be sent to them from the county committees; and with a view to this duty, the District committees should procure copies of the pollbooks of their respective districts, & parcel out the names on the same amongst their own members, having reference to local position, so that each member of a District committee may be able to distribute publications amongst a convenient number of voters in his neighborhood, whereby every man on the poll books may be supplied.

Resolved, That the Central Committee should publish, to the extent of the means at their disposal, pamphlets and tracts, calculated to convey to the public mind the most accurate and useful knowledge of public affairs. They should procure as many well conducted newspapers as possible, and circulate them amongst the people—and should keep up such a correspondence with the county committees as may enable them to produce the greatest vigor and concert in the action of the party. For the purpose of distribution, the Central committee should employ special messengers when necessary, and should allow no obstacles to prevent the rapid and wide diffusion of the publications they may think proper to circulate.

The Electoral candidates should all be nominated before the first of June; they should visit as many counties as possible, not confining themselves to their own districts.

Resolved, That this convention further recommends to the several counties of the State to hold frequent assemblages of the friends of Harrison and Tyler during the ensuing summer and fall.

The President presented a communication from the Delegates of Cecil county, which was read; and on motion of Wm. M. Steuart, ordered that it be entered on the journal of the proceedings, that the absence of the Delegation from Cecil is occasioned by their attendance on the court now in session in said county.

On motion of Wm. McLean, of Kent the convention adjourned, to meet on Friday morning, at eleven o'clock.

The convention met at 11 o'clock.—After being called, The President announced to the convention the following named gentlemen, to constitute the State Central committee:

Samuel Jones, Jr.	John S. Ridgely,
Nathan F. Williams,	Abraham G. Cole,
James Grieves,	Wm. R. Jones,
Hugh Birckhead,	Geo. R. Richardson,
George W. Krebs,	James Frazier,
Wm. M. Chesnut,	Asa Needham,
James Harwood,	Wm. H. Gatchell,
Tho's. Yates Walsh	George M. Gill,
Gustav. W. Lurman,	Samuel McClellan!
Charles H. Pitts,	Nelson Poe.
John P. Kennedy,	

Mr. McLean, of Kent, submitted the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the members of this convention, delegated from counties which have not, as yet, appointed their Central committees be instructed to urge upon the citizens of their respecive counties the necessity of such organization, and forthwith, upon such organization, to report themselves to the State Central committee.

The following resolution was offered by Wm. M. Steuart, of Montgomery, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the members of this convention mutually pledge to each other to use their most zealous and unremitted exertions to carry out to successful issue, the measures which have here been adopted, and until the day of election, will enter upon a generous rivalry who shall do most in the common cause.

Wm. B. Bond, of Harford, submitted the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this convention most heartily concur in the nomination of Gen. Wm. H. Harrison and John Tyler, as the Whig candidates for the office of President and Vice President of the United States—That in Gen. Wm. H. Harrison we recognize the skilful and gallant commander who has often led the armies of his country to victory and to glory—as the able and faithful statesman, who having passed through various high and responsible civil offices, has left no one act upon which his bitterest enemies can justly cast a shade of censure. That in John Tyler we recognize the able and steady friend of the constitution, the ready advocate of all measures tending to the best interests of our country.

Upon the adoption of the above resolutions the convention was severally addressed by Wm. S. Winder, Edwin Foreman, Wm. B. Bond and Wm. B. Clare, delegates from the counties of Baltimore, Harford, Washington and Worcester, reporting the progress of Harrisonian principles within their limits, each representing the enthusiasm of their citizens in the glorious cause of Harrison and Reform.

The convention then adjourned to meet at 4 P. M. On re-assembling, at that hour, it was addressed, with great zeal and ability, by the Hon John P. Kennedy and the Hon. Charles W. Hanson.

Mr. Bozman Kerr then submitted the following resolution.

Resolved, That the thanks of this convention be tendered to the President and other officers, for the able and dignified manner in which they have presided over the deliberations of the Harrison State Convention.

The resolution being adopted, a motion was made that the proceedings of the convention be signed by its officers and published in the newspapers of the State friendly to the Harrison cause.

On motion of Wm. M. Steuart, the convention adjourned sine die.

R. W. BOWIE, President.

Dr. Richard Lemon,
Thomas Hood,
John McKim, Jr.
Nicholas Goldsborough } V. Pres'ts.

J. H. Nicholson,
W. B. Clarke, } Secretaries.

ELECTIONS.

The following table will be found handy as a matter of reference. It has been compiled with great care, and is believed to be accurate:

States.	State Election.	Presi'l. Elec.
N. Hampshire,	March 10	November 2
Connecticut,	April 6	" 2
Rhode Island,	" 15	" 18
Virginia,	" 23	" 2
*Louisianna,	July 6	" 3
Alabama,	Augus 3	" 9
Kentucky,	" 3	" 2
Indiana,	" 3	" 2
*Illinois,	" 3	" 2
Missouri,	" 3	" 2
Tennessee	" 6	" 19
N. Carolina,	in August.	" 15
*Vermont,	Sept. 1	" 10
*Maine,	" 14	" 2
Georgia,	Oct. 5	" 2
Maryland,	" 7	" 9
S. Carolina;	" 12	by Legislature.
*Pennsylvania,	" 13	November 6
*Ohio,	" 13	" 6
*New York,	Nov. 23&24	" 23 & 24
*New Jersey,	" 3 & 4	" 3 and 4
Mississippi,	" 2	" 2
Michigan,	" 2	" 2
Arkansas,	" 2	" 2
*Massachusetts	" 9	" 9
*Delaware,	" 10	" 10

Those States marked with a star choose members of Congress on the same day that State officers are chosen.

The Electors meet at the capitols of the respective States in which they are chosen, on the second day of December and give in their ballots for President and Vice President.—Boston Democrat.

BUCHANAN AND LOW WAGES.

The Baltimore Republican challenges the *Whig* presses to publish Mr. Buchanan's speech. *We* have published it in our paper, and are now sending out 6 000 pamphlet copies of it. The only difficulty we find in making converts by it, is from the fact that the cunning Vanites swear that Buchanan is a *Whig*.

Wheeling Times.

Has the Baltimore Republican ever found space for Mr. Buchanan's speech? *We* observe that the Loco Foco papers of Pennsylvania have been generally so *much crowded, as to be unable to publish* this great speech of Mr. Buchanan—"our own Buchanan," too!—although it is now nearly three months since it was spoken in the Senate. Of the Van Buren papers of the Keystone State, probably not half a dozen have ventured to publish this speech What sort of a "sign" is that?—*Pat.*

To the Editor of the U. S. Gazette.

Sir.—Having read, with the deepest astonishment and mortification, the following paragraph, with comments, in a Delaware journal of a recent date, which purported to be a *fact*, and which of course, if *true*, must and will seriously affect the political character of our prominent candidate for the Presidency, you will much oblige a reader, if you have means at your command, to contradict it, as it will, without doubt, be extensively circulated by the opposition papers, and conspicuously inserted by them, throughout the Union.

A WHIG.

From the Columbia (Ct.) Register.

General Harrison, when a member of the *Ohio* Legislature, *voted* that *white men*, when imprisoned for the non payment of small sums of money for *fines and costs*, should be sold at the post as *slaves*, at beat of drum, to serve a master till the money was earned.

In answer to the above, we subjoin a paragraph from General Harrison to the Editor of the Richmond Whig, in answer to just such a question as our correspondent proposes.—Ed. U S. G.

Such an act would have been REPUGNANT TO MY FEELINGS, and in DIRECT CONFLICT WITH MY OPINIONS, public and private, through the whole course of my life. NO SUCH PROPOSITION WAS EVER SUBMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE OF OHIO—none such would for a moment have been entertained—nor would any son of her's have dared to propose it.

BAD OMEN.—The Washington correspondent of the Patriot states that the late fire in Washington destroyed a large edition of the Life of General Harrison.—It is doubtless a great public calamity, but we have all along predicted that the fame of that redoubtable hero would end in smoke.

The above is from the Baltimore Post, a Van Buren paper. The editor is wrong, it was not a smoke, but a "glorious blaze," in which the "life" ended. But it was only a *part* of the edition. A portion of the life of Harrison has certainly been exposed to the galling fire that injured his country and him; but there is enough left to enrich the capital and benefit the people.—U. S. Gaz.

What a monster of contradictions the adherents of the administration are attempting to make of Gen. Harrison. In one breath they denounce him as being disposed to condemn white men to slavery and in the next as being anxious to break the bonds of the black man. They should remember that there is such a thing as overacting a part.—[Examiner.

HARRISON BADGES.

The Log Cabin boys, and other friends of the "Log Cabin Candidate," will be pleased to learn that our Baltimore artists have taken care to provide suitable badges to be worn at the great Convention on the 4th May. Mr. J. S. Horton, corner of Baltimore and South streets, and Mr. G. M. Taylor, No. 8, North street, have prepared a very appropriate badge, of which, a copy as printed on satin, is now before us. It exhibits a bust of General Harrison—'OUR COUNTRY'S HOPE"—with the motto, "Union for the sake of the Union," and is further embellished with the representation of a Log Cabin, the string of the door latch of which is plainly perceptible, with such a knot on its extremity, as effectually to prevent it from being "pulled in," even by accident. The date, 4th May, 1840, will tell the story of its design and uses in after times.

Another handsome badge, somewhat different in its details, but with the same general characteristics and objects, has been prepared by Messrs. Northerman & Mettee.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.—Thursday the 16th inst. was the period fixed for the final adjournment of this body.—Accordingly on that day, in conformity to usage, a joint committee waited on the Governor and informed him that both Houses were about to separate, and were ready to receive any communication he might have to make. He informed the Committee that he would make a communication in writing, and immediately thereafter transmitted to them a call for an extraordinary session, to commence on the next day, the 17th. The reason for this step was that the Legislature had made no provision for paying the interest on the State Debt, or for repairing and continuing the public works. The various items for which he thinks it necessary that provision should be made, require upwards of $2 200 000.

After the reading of the message, the Legislature adjourned sine die, and would re-assemble on the following day.

Gen. Rogers has resigned the speakership of the Senate, and E. Kingsbury, Esq. of Wayne county, has been appointed in his place.—American.

The Virginia Bank Embezzlement.—In referring to this monstrous case of Swartwouting, the Globe speaks of the "Whig teller." But has it nothing to say of the Loco Foco president and cashier of the Bank that has been thus preyed upon? Perhaps if Dr. Brockenbrough, the "anti-bank" president of this *victimized* institution, had looked more after its concerns, and less after party politics, it had been better for all parties. But be that as it may, if the Globe thinks it well to proclaim the party politics of the subordinate, it would be perhaps as well to proclaim also the party politics of his commanding officers. As to the former, if a Whig at all, it is probable he must have been one of the "leg-treasury" order."—Balt. Pat.

From the Providence (R. I.) Herald of April 13.

TERRIBLE DISASTER.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE:

We had yesterday and last night a tremendous fall of rain, attended with a heavy gale of wind from the south. We have heard however of no damage by them in the city, but in the neighboring town of Johnston the freshets have been truly awful.

About five o'clock this morning the water had become so much swollen in the vicinity of the manufacturing village known by the name of Simmonsville and belonging to James F. Simmons, Esq., of Johnston, that the embankments of the reservoir gave way, and the water immediately burst forth with tremendous power and impetuosity. Three or four houses, we learn, were carried off by the flood, and a number of lives lost, how many, it has yet been impossible to ascertain amid the confusion of the dreadful scene; but the person who came to Olneysville this forenoon, for the Coroner, says not less than nine and perhaps as many as twenty.

Besides the houses already swept away, several others were surrounded by the water, when we last heard from the scene of disaster; and it was feared they would also go, and that more lives might still be lost.

The stream below continued to swell and roll on with fearful rapidity, up to our last accounts. The bridge near Sprague's establishment, at or near what is called Monkey town, has been swept away, and great fears are entertained for the safety of mills, &c., on the stream.—This is the most terrible disaster, by flood that has ever occurred in this State.

POSTSCRIPT.—Half past 11 o'clock A. M.—A gentleman direct from the spot gives the following particulars:

The dam was carried away, together with two dwelling houses, the factory, a store, a part of a grist mill. The number, of persons swept away with them about THIRTY—six of whom have been found alive, and six dead—the remainder are missing. Two or three houses are still surrounded by water, and the persons in them without any possibility of any one getting at them, or rendering them aid.

Later, 1 o'clock, P. M.—We learn from a person directly from the scene of the disaster, that NINETEEN of the bodies of the unfortunate sufferers had been found.

2 P. M.—We have a report of one more dead body found—making TWENTY.

Death of Capt. Riley.—Capt. James Riley, once so well known as the author of "Riley's Narrative," died on the 11th of March on board his brig, the William Tell, bound to Mogadore. His extraordinary sufferings and adventures in Africa after his ship-wreck on the southern coast, when, falling into the hands of the Arabs, he was compelled to traverse the burning desert, under extreme privations of thirst, hunger and fatigue—his descriptions of the wild race into whose hands he had fallen, the kindness shown to him and his companions by Mr. Wiltshire at Mogadore, and all the various incidents, new and strange, which his narrative related, gave to his publication the interest of a romance, while the air of simplicity and sincerity which marked the story, imparted to it the aspect of truth throughout. After his return to the United States, Capt. Riley resided a few years in Ohio. But the habits of the sailor could not be changed for those of the farmer. He went to see again; and it is stated that all his subsequent voyages were made to Mogadore. "He must have been trading from this country to Mogadore," says the New York Star, "for the last twenty-five years."

That paper adds:

Captain Riley in many respects was an extraordinary man—he had a strong mind, great energy and perseverance of character, not easily daunted by danger, was grateful to the last for the kindness shown to him in adversity, and possessed many excellent traits of character. His work, which may be considered as an authentic detail, has had a wide circulation, and has always been considered a very interesting narrative.

STATIONS OF PREACHERS OF THE M. E. CHURCH FOR 1840.

Snow Hill District.—J. Massey, P. E.
Dorchester.—J. D. Burns, J. Quimby.
Cambridge—T. J. Quigley, G. Barton,
Salisbury—Wm. Quinn,
Princess Ann—S. Drain, M. Oldham,
Nasswaddux—J. Harges—Way,
Snow Hill—J. S Taylor.
Milton—S. Townsend, J. A. Watson,
Lewes—Wm Spry,
Lawrel—J. Allen, J. D. Long,
Accomac—C. Harsner, J R. Willett,
Northampton—J. Hazzard,
Easton District—D. Lamdin, P. E.
Fredericka—R. E. Kemp,
Milford—Wm. Connelly, J. Carlisle,
Wey—J. Cazier.
Easton—J. Houston,
Denton—J. Bayne, —— Tarmeter,
Caroline—E. Reed,
Talbot—J. Bell, W. Henderson,
Centreville—E R. Williams ——
April.
Church Hill—Wm. Allen, M. D. Kurtz,
Kent—L Storks, J. Mason,
Millington—J. Person,
Wilmington District—H. White, P. E.
Wilmington—J. Lybrand,
New Castle—J. McFarland,
Middletown—E. Janes,
Smyrna—J. B. Ayres, W. C. Thomas.
Dover—J Humphreys,
Delaware City—Wm Williams,
Cecil—E. Kenard, I. Ruth,
Elkton—J. Curtis,
Nottengham—W. Torber —— Shock.
North East—J. Henry,
Port Deposit—W. A. Wiggins.

The Twelfth Annual Conference of the Maryland District of the Methodist Protestant Church has just closed its session in Alexandria, D. C. It was a session of great interest. We add a list of the appointments for the insuing year.

President, Dr. J. S. REESE.

Baltimore—Isaac Webster, Dr. S. K Jennings.
East Baltimore—Josiah Varden.
Washington—Augustus Webster.
East Washington.
Georgetown—Levi R. Reese.
Alexandria—A. A. Lipscomb.
Philadelphia—Filbert st.—T. H. Stockton.—Kensington.—J G Wilson.
Lancaster.
Anne Arundel Circuit.—William Collier, J. Elderdice. Pipe Creek Circuit—G. D. Hyndson, B. Appleby. Williamsport Circuit.—Frederick Shier. Washington Roby. Harper's Ferry Ct.—John W. Everist. Deer Creek Ct.—Wm. Hunt. Concord Ct.—J. Rolliston, H. Miller. Trough Creek—Daniel Collier. Baltimore Ct.—Eli Henkle, James Elderdice. Cumberland Ct.—Joshua Rutledge. New Market Ct.—John Keller, Prince William Ct.—Timothy Remick. New Leeds Ct.—W. W. Maddox. Queen Ann's and Talbot—S. L. Rawleigh.—Caroline Ct—Snowhill and Princess Ann Ct.—Avery Melvin, L. W. Bates. Dorchester Ct—Daniel F. Ewell. Sussex Ct.—L. A. Collins. Kent Ct.—Wm. Kesley, James K. Nichols. Northampton and Accomac Mission—John R. Nichols. Licking Creek Mission.

Dr. Davies, without an appointment at present, at his own request.

R. H. Bull without any appointment, on account of ill health, at his own request.

J. W. Porter, R. Wilson, N. Dorsey, and Dr. Waters, transferred to the unstationed districts, at their own request.

Next conference to be held in Philadelphia, April, 1841.

OHIO!—"BOYS DO YOU HEAR THAT?

The Herald made a miserable attempt on Tuesday to raise the flaging spirits of their party by parading some apparent Van Buren gains in a few of the Township elections of Ohio. We had the curiosity to figure up the whole of their half column, and it amounted to 406 all told! Why our Whig gain in the single place we had then heard from in that State was nearly double that! Yesterdays mail brought us further accounts, and we regret that we are unable to place only the following in type out of a long list just like it.

HARRISON IN OHIO.

Lake County.—The whole Whig ticket elected by majorities varying from 914 to 1004, whole number of votes 2171, *Every township Whig*, majorities varying from 37 to 201.

Steubenville Township Jefferson county.—Whig gain one hundred and forty seven votes.

Gauga County.—The seven Townships heard from gives a Whig gain of 470 since the governors election. The county is set down as over 1500 majority for the Harrison candidates.

Camden, Burton, Thompson and Hamden Townships have made clear sweeps of Loco Focoism by tremendous majorities.

The Cincinnati Republican states:—"As Cincinnati began, so continue the returns, all filled with glad tidings for the friends of Harrison and Reform!—We have partial returns from Cleveland, Columbus and Steubenville, which shew a decidedly improving condition of the popular mind. In each place the Harrison ticket ran far ahead of the hitherto Whig votes. Full returns from Dayton, in Montgomery county, and from several Townships in Ross, Pickaway and Fairfield Counties, give a similar result. In the Townships from which our accounts are complete, the Harrison gain stands thus, claiming an advance

In Cincinnati of only	459
In Dayton, average increase,	198
Two Townships in Ross County,	290
Four Townships in Pickaway Co.	210
One Township in Fairfield county,	278
Total,	1456

In nine townships an increased majority of fourteen hundred and fifty six, over the Whig majorities of last fall! Isn't that "coming it pretty strong," Mr. Ohio Statesman! Apply to this the arithmetic you used a few weeks since in reference to the special election of a constable, or justice of the peace, and tell us what will be the result. Does it indicate a majority for Harrison, next November, of fifteen thousand? Or, after "fighting it out," will you tell us we must be content with ten?

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS IN ALLEGANY COUNTY.

The last Cumberland Civilian contains amongst other indications the following proofs of the progress of reform in the Western county of this State.

Mr. Charles.—You will please inform the conductors of the "Allaganian" that they have put my name on the Van Buren committee of Vigilance without being authorized. I am now an avowed friend to the election of Gen Harrison, and no longer a supporter of the Van Buren administration

HARRISON STARTZMAN.

April 7, 1840.

We, the undersigned, finding our names on the Van Buren committee of vigilance for this District, think it due the cause of truth to state, that thinking there ought to be a change, we now go for HARRISON and REFORM:

H. S. SHAFFNER,
J. RANDECKER,
CHRISTON STATLER,
HENRY MITCHELL,
THOMAS LUDDY,
EDWARD MIDDLETON,
W S. WHITTAKER,
JOHN BRANT.

The Editor of the Civilian says: "The above is only a *beginning*.—We intend "driving" a bigger business in the way of correcting the Van Buren committee of vigilance.

There are others that stand in the same relation as those above, and some on it that never have and will not now, support Van Buren.

GRAIN CROPS.—The Philadelphia North American says: 'From various sections of the interior of our State, we learn that the growing crops of wheat and rye are unusually promising. During the past winter the ground was generally frozen so hard that the rain ran off the surface without penetrating into it. The roots were thus prevented from being frozen out, and the late rains and mild weather have brought vegetation forward rapidly.

NEGLECT OF DUTY.—In a report of the proceedings in the U. S. House of Representatives, under date of the 7th inst. there is the following paragraph:

In answer to a query, it was stated by Mr. Proffit (one of its members, that 'the Committee on Naval Affairs was as good as defunct. The chairman, Mr. Thomas, had been present but once or twice during the session, and others were not constant in their attendance.'

The New York American says, 'We understand, from good authority, that orders have been received at the Navy Yard here, to get all the vessels in port ready for active service. These vessels are the Independence, (razèe), just returned from Brazil; the Fairfield, the Natchez and Boston, large sloops of war, and the Relief lately returned from the South Sea Expedition. The greatest despatch is also ordered to be given to completing the new steam ship of war now building here.'

Figures won't Lie.—A Farmer in the country, owed last year $200, which he could have discharged with 178 bushels of wheat—this year it takes 500, difference 322 bushels. Last year he could have paid the same debt with 400 bushels of oats—this year it takes 1400—difference 1000—267 bushels of corn would have paid this debt last year, this it takes 909; difference 642.—*Ohio Times.*

The Baltimore District Court has condemned the schooner Butterfly, taken by a British cruiser while engaged in the slave trade on the Coast of Africa.

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