EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE--"Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown—RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all."

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NATIONAL CONVENTION.

THE PROCESSION.

The Procession was led by Captain James O Law, Chief Marshal of the day, and an aid on each side on horseback. He had appointed five assistants; they were Messrs. James H. Milliken, Washington Booth, Charles H. Winder, Levi Fahnestock and J. W. O-borne. A fine band of music immediately followed the Marshal playing *Harrisons March* as composed by Professor Deilman. Then came the President and officers of the Baltimore City Delegation bearing a large white banner on a frame: with the following appropriate inscription from a new and popular song:

The people are coming from plain and from mountain,
To join the brave hand of the honest and free
Which grows as the stream from the leaf-sheltered fountain,
Spreads broad and more broad till it reaches the sea;
No strength can restrain it, no force can retain it,
Whate'er may resist, it breaks gallantly through,
And borne by its motion as a ship on the ocean
Success on in his glory—
OLD TIPPECANOE!
The iron arm'd soldier, the true hearted soldier,
The gallant old soldier
OF TIPPECANOE!

An eagle was represented at the head of the inscription, and beneath it was a barrel of "hard cider."

INVITED GUESTS.

A number of barouches followed, containing the invited guests of the Convention, at the first of which we observed the *Hon* Daniel Webster of U S. Senate, and his Honor Sheppard C. Leakin, Mayor of the city of Baltimore.

NEXT to the carriages, and on foot came the Sub Committee of Arrangements, the Harrison Convention, and the Central Committee, distinguished by sashes and appropriate badges expressive of their official position in the duties of the Convention.

The above composed that portion of the line resting on Baltimore street, which, as it passed down, was joined by the delegation from

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

It was proceeded by the State Banner ner, with the motto—"Crescit sub pondere virtus." The delegation was larger than was anticipated, and admirably did the fine body of men which represented the "Granite State" sustain their distinctive appellation.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The delegation from the Old Bay State was alike imposing for the strength of its numbers and the high respectability of those arrayed under its numerous and significant banners. It comprised about a thousand delegates. It was preceded by an elegant banner borne by the Boston members, having a view of the city of Boston with the motto—"We are where we have been, and ever mean to be." On the reverse of the banner—"Sicut Patribus sit Deus Nobis. Bostonia Condita. Civitatis Regime Donata, A. D. 1822."

The various sections of this Delegation were distinguished by banners with appropriate devices and inscriptions. On the first of these was the figure of "Fame" and inscribed on the reverse, "Harrison and Tyler." This was followed by one representing 'The Book of Laws,' and on the reverse, "Honor to the Majesty of Law.' Two richly finished silk scrolls, one representing the "Constitution of the U. States," and having therefrom a sentence in letters of gold; the other the "Constitution of Massachusetts," with a sentence therefrom in the same letters. A silk banner encircled with pictorial illustrations of General Harrison's career closing with the Presidency, and bearing the words—"The rising of Harrison."

The members from Bunker Hill with a banner bearing those two words only, were very numerous, and were cheered with the deepest enthusiasm. Succeeding them was a banner with a device of a golden goblet, overflowing with gold pieces: on the reverse, the words—"The Golden Humbug." On the next was represented a quantity of mechanics' implements of labor, and on the other side the pithy expression, "Buchanan beware of edge tools." It will be remembered that Mr. Buchanan in the course of a speech some time since, exclaimed—"I would that the whole of New England might hear my voice." They appear to have heard it, and Mr. Buchanan is thus honored with their reply. New England, like all other sections of the Union, is not well pleased with that political theory which would begin its practice by a reduction of the price of labor. A banner followed, with the device of the Sword and Balance, bearing the motto—'Equal rights and equal Justice."—Amongst others we noticed banners with the following inscriptions: "Glad tidings for the people;" "Union for the sake of the Union;" 'Success to our cause.' The device of an Arm and Hammer with the motto "Strong arms and stout hearts."

The Cape Cod delegation were distinguished by banners with the following inscriptions: "The Fisheries--by this we thrive." Bounty and prosperity to the Fishermen."

The Banner of the Arms of the State was borne in the rear of this long line of the Young Whigs of Massachusetts, and it was encircled by the motto--"There is Lexington, and Concord and Bunker Hill and there they will be forever."

The Massachusetts delegation was accompanied with a remarkably fine band of music which came on with them, and whose performances excited much admiration.

RHODE ISLAND.

This gallant little State who came with "victory yet green upon her brow," was well represented. Her sons moved on with an elastic step under the folds of her State Banner, repre-enting an anchor hove, with the appropriate motto—"Fast anchored to her ancient principles."

CONNECTICUT.

Connecticut, too, has but recently added a new leaf to her laurels and on the present occasion was represented by a goodly number of her sons who had just reason to be proud of the station which she has permanently assumed among her Whig sisters of the National Confederacy.

A fine band of music occupied the interval in the line, and was followed by the delegation from

NEW YORK.

The proud "Excelsior" of the Empire State met the eye in the van of the long line of intelligent, enterprising and patriotic citizens which composed her numerous delegation. Almost every one of her many counties was represented, and at the head of the delegation we recognized its Chairman J. N. Reynolds, Esq. The eyes of the spectators appeared to sparkle with new interest and pleasure as the long line passed before them—the observed of all observers." The cry of "rescue" is in the slow's of her sons—we know "she can"—we hope "she" will"—may we live to write "she has!"—The motto on the armorial banner, consisted of the Words--"New York - The ebbs and flows of whose single soul are tides to the rest of mankind."

NEW JERSEY.

The wronged New Jersey next appeared and with the free air and fearless port of men, who know their rights and dare maintain them, followed that banner which they have preserved in the hands of the undismayed defender of their rights their worthy Governor. The State Banner bore the significant inscription—'The next impression of her broad seal will be respected." A very elegant banner represented a *fac simile* of the seal of the State, over which were the words—"Our State sovereignty shall not be violated. Around it--"The Great Seal of the State of New Jersey." We cannot doubt but that it will make a due impression in the fall.

The Nottingham delegation displayed a rich silk banner, inscribed--"Our Cause is our County, our Candidate its Gallant Defender. Presented by the young ladies at Mill Hill, April 8, 1840." Each corner was beautifully embroidered with roses.

A banner in the West Jersey delegation contained the motto,--"Jerseymen choose their own Representatives."

The members from Princeton, whose ranks were well filled, were distinguished by a rich silk banner, representing the American Eagle with the words, 'Princeton Whig Association," and on the reverse; "Harrison and Tyler."

PENNSYLVANIA.

The delegation from the Key Stone State was immense, and presented a scene that in itself would dignify the name of a procession. Its approach was indicated by a large white banner, on which was inscribed "Key Stone State. It is coming." Then followed the "Philadelphia City and County delegation" with a banner signifying the same, and another rich one bearing the arms of the State.

Another banner had on it a ship, with the sentence above, 'Labour is wealth;' and below, 'Don't give up the ship.' In the rear of the Philadelphia members was carried a transparency, being a full length portrait of Gen. Harrison, encircled by the words 'Honor be to him who defends our Homes and friends.' On the reverse it stated that 'This transparency was displayed in Philadelphia in 1813, by the people, after the defeat of Proctor by the Gallant Harrison.' A relict of a time when the people en masse offered honor to the victorious soldier.

York County was fully represented, and the delegation was preceded by a banner, with the characteristic sentence—"The White Rose of Pennsylvania defends the fair fame of Harrison.'

From Schuylkill County a large number were present: their banner—'W. H. H.—In peace the farmer and his ploughshare: in War the soldier and his sword.' On the reverse--'Harrison and Tyler.'

The Dauphin County delegation exhibited an elegant banner, on one side of which she announced her principles as 'First for Jackson; First for Harrison Always honest—she gave up Cæsar for Rome, and now to the aid of Rome she calls the Cincinnatus of the West.' On the other side was 'Pro Patria—Harrison and Tyler.'

In the same delegation there was also a beautiful banner, which attracted particular notice. This banner, we learn, was got up by two members of the Harrisburg Tippecanoe Club, Messrs. A. Jones and T. Fenn. On one side of the banner, the body of which was black satin, was a Log Cabin, in gilt, surrounded by thirteen stars, indicative of the thirteen original States; and attached to the Cabin was a barrel of 'hard cider,' also in gilt. The string of the door of the cabin was *not* drawn in. On the same side was Harrison and Tyler and True Democracy,' and 'The Ball is rolling,' also in gilt. On the other side was the Pennsylvania Coat of Arms and the inscription--'To preserve their Liberties the People must do their own Fighting and Voting,' all also in gilt. The banner was splendidly decorated and trimmed.

The delegation from Fayette County conveyed a portion of its members in a complete 'Log Cabin' built upon wheels and drawn by six horses. Upon the roof a banner was displayed, inscribed 'Laurel Mountain Boys, from Fayette County, Pennsylvania, head of the Mississippi Valley.' Deer and Fox skins, Buckhorns, with sundry implements of husbandry, adorned the sides and roof of the cabin, and boughs of green trees decorated the top. The appearance of such a thing in our streets, was not a little interesting to many as a curiosity in the way of architecture, and of novelty to all. A barrel of 'Hard Cider' was placed in the rear of the cabin, and a gourd was suspended by it. A flag in front announced whence it came--From Fort Necessity, Washington's First Battle Ground.'

The Bucks County Delegation followed it with the banner, brief but expressive --Huzza for old Tippecanoe'

Lancaster County was preceded by a banner that announced herself as 'The Gibraltar of the Key Stone State—Good for 4,000 majority for Old Tip.' A club from Lancaster City had a beautiful flag bearing the words of Gen. Harrison to his soldiers at parting with them.

Mifflin county with an appropriate flag followed, and

Adams County was largely represented, her banners having a variety of devices. On the first banner was 'Adams Co., Pa., opposed to reducing the wages of the labourer and mechanics.' On another--'Harrison the Conqueror of Proctor shall lead us to Victory.'

The Delaware County delegation carried a banner bearing the motto 'Tippecanoe--No reduction of wages.'

From Pittsburgh the delegation was large, and consisted of substantial looking men, the iron of Pennsylvania. They carried a banner consisting of a painting representing Harrison and his staff, and on the reverse a Log Cabin, with Harrison at the plough in the foreground.

Mercer County was well represented. The banner of the delegation presented a likeness of Harrison, and around it—'Our Candidate--Fort Meigs--The Thames —Tippecanoe—Wm. H. Harrison, the poor man's Friend.' On the reverse—'Our candidates—Harrison and Tyler.'

DELAWARE.

The delegation of this gallant little State reached the city at an early hour yesterday morning. It comprised representatives from all the counties. The banner borne in front had on it the arms of the State, and on the reverse the motto, 'The first to adopt—the last to abandon the Constitution.' On another banner was the motto, 'Our country—our rights.' The New Castle Tippecanoe Club had its appropriate banner as had also the Sussex and Kent members.

The banners of the Kent County delegation had on them the 'Blue Hen's Chickens;' a name given to the Delaware Line in the glorious war of the Revolution. As the worthy sons of worthy sires have arrayed themselves under this banner, its appropriateness will be seen from the following explanation, furnished by one who took part in the struggle for our National Independence:

'In the revolutionary war, Delaware was amongst the most densely populated portions of our country, and is said to have furnished five thousand fighting men to the revolutionary army. The regiment of 'Delaware Blues' was so called from their blue uniforms. When they marched from Wilmington, in 1776, they were indeed a gallant sight. Eight hundred men, with such perfect discipline in their march, that when advancing in line, it was said a bullet might have passed from one end of the regiment to the other between the ankles of every soldier without touching a man—exhibited a spectacle such as has not been exceeded since that day.

'They were exposed in every action from Long Island to Charleston, and as fast as they fell in battle their ranks were recruited from Delaware alone. Jaquett, who was one of their officers, used to say that he could march all day with them, from sunrise to sunset, and when on Greene's retreat, every body else was tired and asleep, his Sussex soldiers alone would get a fiddle and dance around their watch fires. They were engaged in thirty-two pitched battles, and were always the last to retreat. It was natural that they should have been then the pride and boast of the State in which scarcely a man was left who had not a relation or friend in the regiment.

'Captain Caldwell had a company recruited from Kent and Sussex called *'Caldwell's game cocks,'* and the regiment after a time in Carolina was nicknamed from this 'the Blue Hen's Chickens' and 'the blue chickens' as the fun and fancy of their comrades preferred the phrase. But after they had been distinguished in the South the name of the *Blue Hen* was applied to the State, whenever after a battle the recruiting officers were sent home to get more chickens of her raising, and those who came from Kent were chiefly taken from her forests of white oak. The poor fellows for the most part died in the battles of the Revolution, and but a very few of those who returned ever received any reward for their services, being paid off in continental money. But the whigs of the Revolution never ceased to boast of the Blue Hen and her chickens, and to this day their descendants will often boast in Kent, that they are the cocks of that brood, and were taken from 'the stooping white oak.'

At this point of the Procession was another *Log Cabin*, with its appendages of dried skins and emblems of the agricultural life, and, as an indispensable accompaniment, a barrel of 'hard cider' with its pendent gourd

An elegant full length portrait of Gen. Harrison, by Otis, was born in front of the Cabin.

MARYLAND.

Our own State occupied, of course, a large portion of the line, and was rich in devices and decorations. The Baltimore City Delegation, under the Banner of the State, with the motto 'Religious Toleration and Public Liberty,' was in the van; they also carried an elegant banner representing the 'Battle Monument.'

The delegation from St. Mary's, which followed, was distinguished by a large banner inscribed—'Old St. Mary's—the adopted land of Lord Baltimore, and now the advocate of Old Tippecanoe.' They were accompanied by a very neatly finished 'Log Cabin' drawn by eight grey horses, and having a variety of tasteful decorations in character. It was the favorite establishment of the kind with the ladies, and was particularly honored with their attention. A banner in the rear of the delegation exhibited the words—'Tip, Tyler, and the Tariff.'

Worcester County followed with a banner representing a Log Cabin, and having the inscription—'Harrison and Tyler —Worcester county is pledged to support Maryland.'

A portion of the Frederick City Delegation occupied a well built Log Cabin, drawn by six horses; on the side a placard was suspended with the words.—'The Cabin in which this Morus Multicaulis Administration may winter,' on another 'Sweep the Augean Stable'—for which purpose a most ominous broom discovered itself at the chimney top. On the branch of a tree on the roof of the cabin was perched a mountain eagle, which produced an excellent effect.

The new made Howard District, victorious in their first election, carried a banner inscribed 'The Young Whigs of Young Howard District, the true blood of the Old Maryland Line.' On the other side was 'No reduction of wages.'

A large 'Log Cabin' from Sharpsburg here diversified the line; it was a most substantial one, built on a frame fixed on six wheels and drawn by eight beautiful horses, each wearing a set of bells. In this cabin we learn that a delegation of forty came down from Washington county, and from a peep into the interior their quarters were quite comfortable.

A man was seated on a barrel of 'Hard Cider' behind; on the sides were a number of skins of various animals; in one of the windows a hat without a crown was thrust; cooking utensils and farming implements, with tools peculiar to the labor of the log cabin occupants, abounded about it, and upon the roof an opossum was seen clinging to a branch of a gum tree. This was the favorite of the men, and a capital specimen it was.

Carroll County also came in with a 'Log Cabin' similar to those we have described.

Talbot County Delegation was distinguished by an appropriate flag.

The delegates from Queen Ann's carried a handsome flag, bearing the motto 'When our country calls obey—Cincinnatus.

A large delegation from the Laurel Factory followed with a magnificent and very costly banner. This splendid ornament of the procession contains forty yards of silk; its principal picture represents the Factory village including the river and all the prominent buildings connected with it. Its motto above was, 'Protect American Industry,' below the words 'Laurel Factory, Prince George's County, Maryland May 4th, 1840.' On the reverse, it presents a screw and lever press under which is a figure intended to represent the President, and a laboring man at the lever; above is the quotation —A pressure which no honest man need regret' The banner trimmed in superb style by Sisco, it is suspended from a gilt spear across the top, the feather projecting at one end and the point at the other; this supported by gold cord attached to gilt banner poles. It was borne in the procession by six persons. Mr. A. C. Smith, we learn, was the painter. A large gilt eagle is at the cap of the banner.

A delegation followed bearing the motto—'Old Kent Co., Union for the sake of the Union.'

The next made the candid acknowledgment—'The Whigs of Cecil—often beaten, never conquered.' Another banner was inscribed—'Hard cider—Harrison and Reform;' and on the other side, 'Retrenchment and Reform—No standing army of 200,000 men.'

A curious affair followed here, which was immediately preceded by a flag announcing that 'Alleghany is coming.' It was a huge *ball*, about ten feet in diameter, which was rolled along by a number of the members of this delegation: the ball was apparently a wooden frame covered with linen painted in divers colors, and bearing a multitude of inscriptions, apt quotations, original stanzas, and pithy sentences, which it was impossible to collect in consequence of the motion of the ball. We think there was other evidence, yesterday, that 'the Ball is in motion.'

The Cumberland delegation was preceded by an elegant satin flag, worked by the ladies of that town. On another flag of the same delegation was the motto: 'Buff and Blue—Good and True—For Tippecanoe.'

Hartford, Cecil, Kent and other counties were designated by their appropriate banners.

The Govanstown District displayed a banner representing a Log Cabin, with the inscription 'General Harrison elected to the Presidency by the hard handed yeomanry.' And this closed the Maryland Delegation.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The delegation from the "ten mile square" was numerous. The members from Washington headed the delegation, with a banner representing the Capitol and a motto, "Insensible alike to blandishments or threats." A very beautiful banner, having a painting of the genius of Columbia, and the inscription 'Columbia the sentinel of the Republic," was second in order. This was followed by a flag with the significant motto—"The liberty of speech, if not the right of suffrage.

Georgetown came next, and exhibited a banner having thereon the appropriate sentences, "As Sentinels on the tower of Liberty we sound the Alarm. "Young Whigs to the Rescue," and on the reverse "Under the shadow of the throne, the throb of Liberty still beats on."

From Alexandria the delegation was large. Their banner, which was very beautiful, represented a figure on a pedestal and bore the motto, "Public good our only aim."

VIRGINIA.

Virginia—just fresh from the encounter in which she has added to her renown and given a new zest to the hopes of the American people, and to their confidence in her strength and ability—brought her own good welcome with her welcome news. The delegation was very large. In every respect the flag of the "Old Dominion" and its followers did justice to the place of the nativity of the gallant Harrison.

The Norfolk Borough Delegation bore a large banner with the picture of the Balance, over which were the words of warning first given to Belshazzar—"*Mene mene, Tekel Upharsin--Thou art weighed in the balance and found wanting.*" On the opposite side the significant expression "Treasury pap inoperative."

From Hampshire County there was a considerable delegation with an appropriate banner, and lively green badges.

There was a delegation quite numerous bearing a banner whose familiar motto especially belonged to them—on the front an eagle was painted among the clouds and lettered above "Wise's District," on the reverse the hand in hand, with the well known expression which originated with Mr. Wise, and was so interesting exemplified yesterday—"The Union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union."

NORTH CAROLINA.

This delegation was comprised in one body under the banner of the arms of the State, the motto upon which was "On, Stanly! on."

SOUTH CAROLINA.

A similar deputation from this State took its place in the line, and hoisted the State banner in the cause. It bore the motto—"The Palmetto resists oppression."

GEORGIA.

The enthusiasm which has circulated like electricity throughout so large a portion of the Union, has not been more thoroughly felt than among the warm temperaments of the sons of the South. Georgia, but a short time since avowing her apathy in the Presidential campaign, has felt the kindly influences of a renewed hope, and sends forth her representatives to the Convention, while at home the name of Harrison is cherished as the talisman that is to protect the Union.—Her banner bore the motto, "She has aroused from her lethargy."

VERMONT

Came next, preceded by her armorial standard, and presented a goodly array both in numbers and appearance. The Green Mountain Boys who have ever proved the inflexible supporters of the doctrine of equal rights, received a hearty welcome to our city. We know Vermont and can rely on her, and in the language they have adopted on their flag, we feel assured that "The Green Mountain Boys will do their own voting and their own fighting."

TENNESSEE

Came with the sable weeds of solemn mourning on her flag, for one of her great and good men has just passed away.—'This token of respect to the memory of the talented and virtuous Hugh L. White, produced a deep sympathy of feeling on the beholder The motto of the standard—"Not that she loved Cæsar less, but Rome more."

KENTUCKY.

There was a full delegation from this State and larger than was expected. The Standard bore the name of "Henry Clay" and the Latin passage "Tanto nomine nullen par eulogium." It was no doubt a great gratification to the gentlemen from Kentucky to have the pleasure of meeting their distinguished representative in the Senate; Mr. Clay, at the Convention, as it was to many others.

A band of music as in the order of procession, followed Kentucky, and preceded a large delegation from

OHIO.

The banner of the State with the well selected motto—"She offers her Cincinnatus to redeem the Republic"—led the procession from Ohio.

A large body of men from Hamilton County, in which General Harrison resides, followed, bearing a beautiful banner, representing Harrison at the plough; on the reverse a view of Cincinnati, the Ohio River and the landing. They also brought on with them a miniature Log Cabin, about three feet in length, built of the "Buckeye," grown on the farm at North Bend.

A large banner was borne by the Muskingum delegation, to whom it was presented by the Hamilton County delegation, representing a demand of the surrender of Fort Meigs by Proctor, and bearing General Harrison's reply—"Tell your General its capture will do him more honor than a thousand surrenders."

LOUISIANA.

The Convention received some addition to its members from this State under their common arms, and the motto "Sans peur—sans reproche."

INDIANA.

A very fine delegation was in attendance from the 'Buffalo" State, whose sons have cause to be known and to appreciate the gallantry of the man they have thus publicly honored. The flag was inscribed—"She will cherish in her manhood the defender of her infancy."

MISSISSIPPI.

The banner of Mississippi, which preceded a liberal delegation, bore the motto—"Once more to the rescue—We honor him who gave up office for our sake."

A band of music here varied the procession; and it was followed by the delegation from

ILLINOIS.

The banner was inscribed "She will teach palace slaves to respect the Log Cabin;" at the base—'The Prairies are on fire!'

ALABAMA.

This delegation followed under the banner of their State with the pithy motto—"She will soon renounce allegiance to a KING."

MAINE.

The delegation from Maine was very full. A fine body of men supported the banner which bore the apt sentences "Her honor is our honor—Her quarrel shall be our quarrel."

MISSOURI.

From this State the delegates were not very numerous, but the few perhaps had warmer welcome. Their banner was inscribed—"*Missouri remembers her early friend.*"

MICHIGAN.

The delegation was limited in number but not the less welcome on that account The banner had the motto—"*Oh mayst thou ever be what thou now art*"—a sentence to which we all respond. Amen.

ARKANSAS.

From this State there was a small delegation to unite with their brethren in the distinguished honors of a day that will ever be brilliant in the civil annals of American history.

BALTIMORE CITY TIPPECANOE CLUBS,

Came next, from the first to the Twelfth ward inclusive.

The Club of each ward had an appropriate Banner.

[Concluded in our next.]

THE JEWS. A Hamburg paper, the Dorpzeitung, says "the Jews of Constantinople have, with their Rabbi, declared that they will not wait any longer than another year for their Messiah.—If, within that time, he does not appear, they will conclude that he is already come, and then they will try to discover by what religion he is already recognized. The Rabbi is entirely of this opinion, and has even proposed to his congregation to profess Christianity forthwith.

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