EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, June 6.

FOR PRESIDENT
William Henry Harrison,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
John Tyler.
OF IRGINIA.

Whig Republican Meeting.

ST. MICHAELS DISTRICT—ALL READY!

The friends of HARRISON and REFORM will hold a meeting at St. Michaels on Saturday afternoon next, (June 13th) at 3 o'clock.—A punctual attendance is expected.

Many Voices from the old Bay Hundred.

June 6, 1840.

The Whig Convention, which assembled at Centreville on Wednesday last, agreeably to public notice, unanimously recommended Theodore R. Loockerman, Esq., as the Electoral Candidate for this Congressional district.—This nomination is an excellent one and will be warmly supported by the Whigs of the district—the proceedings of the convention will be published in our next.

We regret not to have fully stated in our last paper, among other accounts of the proceedings of the late Talbot County Court, the true case in regard to Mr. James Arringdale.—We ought to have added to the statement of this case, that the Court, Jury and Bar, were so fully satisfied of his entire innocence, that the prosecution was abandoned, and the Jury without retiring from their box declared unanimously their opinion of his innocence.

"MARK NOW, HOW A PLAIN TALE SHALL PUT YOU DOWN!"

"The Motto" on the Talbot banner, which was used at the Young Men's Whig Convention, at Baltimore, on the 4th of May, has taxed the combined ingenuity of a Loco Foco Club in the 4th Ward, the scrupulous Editor of the "Republican" and the candid conductor of the "Easton Whig" to make out a plausible perversion of an obvious emblem.

The first story gotten up was that the Whigs of the 7th Ward of the city had exhibited *their* banner inscribed with the words,—"WE stoop to conquer!" and, thereupon, a meeting of Loco Focos in the 4th Ward, with equal truth and holy horror, gravely resolved that this meant *stooping* "to a level with the common people!!" The Resolution, indorsed with the names of a "Chairman" and "Secretary," was actually published in the party organ, interlarded with the insolent designation of the great assemblage of the People by the epithets of "British Whig Procession" & with the false imputation to them of such terms or sentiments as "tag-rags," "bobtails" and "filthy mechanics!"

There happened to be but one trifling circumstance adverse to the success of this attempt to slander the Whigs, to wit:—there was not one word of truth in the whole story, as it was notorious that no banner of any such description was displayed from any ward of the city, and a Whig Voter of the Seventh promptly came forward and stamped the averment as an unqualified falsehood. And now at length the Easton Whig takes up the wondrous tale, with mystical insinuations of some dire offence in the banner and the motto, borne by the Young Whigs of Talbot.

It is well known that the sole occupation of many of those,—and some of "such as live in a splendid mansion,"—who went over from Talbot ostensibly to attend that miserable abortion,—the Van Buren Convention for the selection of candidates for President and Vice President, was to pick what they could out of the proceedings of the Whigs for a little political capital to go upon at home and to save their falling party. They huzza'd for Col. Johnson, agreeably to the humbug arrangement, *by order*, to dupe poor Dick, and they gazed in wonderment and alarm on the vast "avalanche" of Whigs from all parts of the Union. One of our cunning Talbot Loco Focos caught at the story of the Whig banner and its motto, without ever looking at the *real* device, and having heard some body repeat—"We stoop to conquer," at once resolved that it should be good *capital* enough for spreading a sly insinuation of an insult to the people. It is the constant practice of the Loco-foco gentry of Talbot to get up some plausible tale, to excite prejudices against prominent individuals in the ranks of their opponents. Hence in this instance, the mysterious allusion to some individual "author" of a motto, pretended to bear an offensive political import. Hence, the cool and deliberate malice with which this scheme of misrepresentation has been cherished ever since the Convention. The mystical *Editorial* of the last Easton Whig will now have its reward in the self-condemnation of the Editor, after a "sober second thought," of the contemptible perversion which he was meditating on this SMALL subject.

In the following short passage, which we extract from the Baltimore Patriot, we are almost wholly anticipated in the simple exposition which we designed to give of the mysterious and dangerous MOTTO, which according to the story, "the grey headed Young Whigs" of Talbot had devised to conquer "the hard-fisted Democracy, in the approaching contest." Read TALBOT for Queen Ann's and you have herein, the simple truth succinctly stated, as well descriptive of the appropriate device of the Whig banner of Talbot as of the origin of the notion of the Eagle and the Fox:—

"In regard to the motto which has awakened the ire of the Loco Focos of the Fourth Ward, we may say that, by the delegation from Queen Ann's county, there was borne a banner representing the well known scene of the eagle catching his prey. Above was an eagle with extended wings, hovering ever a fox, and in the very act of stooping to catch the wily animal in his talons. The fox, on the banner, was crouching, as viewing the approach of the Bird of Jove with an apprehension which took from him even the power of moving. Beneath this significant scene, were written the words "He stoops to conquer." The scene, the words, every thing in relation to the banner, were doubtless suggested by the celebrated speech of Mr. Calhoun, in the Senate of the United States, in which he denounced Mr. Van Buren, to his face, as a "fox." If the Loco Focos can make any thing out of this, they are indebted to Mr. Calhoun for it, and should be thankful to him, without resorting to mis representation or untruth."

The adoption of the motto,—"She stoops to conquer"—very naturally suggested itself, on the spur of the occasion, at Baltimore, when the Delegations of the Counties were getting up mottos expressive of the indignant sentiments of the Whigs towards the petty tyrant, who, without qualification for his high office, was appointed by the Old Lion of Misrule as his successor in the Government of this Great Nation. The *traits*, by which he has been ever distinguished and by means of which he has wormed himself into the favour of his chief and into exalted stations are low cunning, heartless selfishness and the alternate support and desertion of abler and better men. Hence Mr. Calhoun, whom he artfully supplanted in his hopes of power, characterised him, on the floor of the Senate, as one destitute of all the qualities of the higher and nobler animals, in the scale of Creation, and likened him to the *low, groveling* and *cunning Fox*.

The image of the Eagle, as of the highest and noblest race of birds, was the standard of the ancient Romans and of other great nations. It was adopted, with the glorious stars and stripes, as the emblamatic banner of the free and enlightened People of these United States. The nature of the noble bird, which thus figures forth the protecting genius of our country, is to be *keen-sighted* to discern any encroachment on the liberties of the People. In taking her aerial flight of vigilance, she springs upwards to the broad blaze of the Sun of Truth; and even the little Magician cannot baffle her glance nor deceive her penetration.

The artifices, by which he has sought to circumvent the People, in order to gratify his own towering ambition and his lust of power, have been discovered and the People, themselves, have risen in their might, resolved to detrude from their confidence and their service, the *Deceiver* and *his horde of spoilers*. They have resolved, too, to call from retirement to the first office in their gift, a true and well tried citizen of the Republic, who, from youth to age, has been ever ready to obey her summons to the battle-field and there proved himself the brave and ardent and persevering defender of his country, and, in her civil service, during a long and various exercise of official power and important public trusts, the diligent, able, and honest public servant.

In the late great gathering of this People from all quarters of the Union, they came forth "as an army with banners." On one humble banner, devised by the Young Whigs of Talbot, the Guardian Eagle of our Country was portrayed as stooping from her pride of place to seize upon and *conquer* the groveling, but artful enemy of her Country's peace, prosperity and happiness, in the characteristic figure of a Fox. "She stoops to conquer" surmounted the significant emblem.

What more—what else can any candid or honest man make of "the motto" or ask in explanation of it?

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Senator SPENCE, of Maryland, has been confined to his room in this city for several days past, by severe indisposition, from which it is understood, however, that he is recovering.—*Nat. Int.*

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.—The Whig Convention of Anne Arundel county on Saturday made the following nominations of candidates for the House of Delegates:

Gen. C. S. RIDGELY,
RICHARD ESTEP,
BENJAMIN E. GANTT,
MORTIMER DORSEY.

The Steamboat Prairie.—It will be remembered that this vessel was destroyed by the tornado at Natchez while lying at the wharf, having every thing torn away down to the lower deck. She is said to have had on board 200 passengers, many of whom are reported to be lost; she had also a very valuable cargo estimated at $30.000, besides $50.000 specie shipped by the Bank of St. Louis, and $12,000 belonging to a citizen of that place. There was insurance on most of cargo but not on the specie.

[For the Easton Gazette.]

"THE PEOPLE!" THE DEAR, DEAR "PEOPLE."

A fair average specimen of the deep felt regard of the administration, for the rights and interests of "*the people*!" may be seen in the regulations lately issued by the Secretary of War, regarding the appointment of persons from civil life, as officers in the army.

By these regulations, a Board of Examiners is to sit yearly on the first Monday in September, to make inquisition as to the merits of such applicants for appointment, as shall have received letters from the War Department authorizing their examination.

No candidate is to be examined who is under twenty or over twenty five,—of course not a day over the latter or under the former age,—no matter of what order his qualifications may be, or whether he may have already done battle for his country or not. There are men, and not a few of them, who are thus shut out of the service,—who are much below the middle age—who are brave, vigorous, intelligent, and aspiring,—the very men to raise the sunken credit of the army, and to revive public confidence in its operations.

The regulation restricting the examination to unmarried men, is about as wise & as democratical, as the one above noticed. But the feature in the regulations, which stands out in the boldest relief and which has the strongest claims upon the gratitude of the beloved *People*, is embodied in the following extract:

"*Any candidate having passed, who is also a graduate from any* COLLEGE, *shall be allowed* FIVE ADDITIONAL MARKS *in his favor, which shall be taken into the account of his* GENERAL MERIT."

Now beat that, any administration that can!—beat that any faction, or cabal, or what not, that may claim to be the *exclusive friends of the* PEOPLE!—very fine truly! to make a smatter of Latin and Greek an important ingredient in a man's fitness for military promotion!—and what is better,—to give preference to the Latin and GREEK OF THE SON OF A RICH MAN, whose wealth has enabled him to procure College diplomas for his children, to the Latin and Greek of A POOR MAN'S SON, whose classical lore may be more respectable than that of the other, but which, like that of Claude Melnotte, may have been the fruit of patient, laborious, solitary effort,—the acquisition of an individual noble by nature, and plebeian only in so far as respects a certain quantity of "yellow dirt," without which the all potent bit of college sheepskin cannot be obtained! If this is not putting down the Aristocracy with a vengeance, tell me what is!

It has been thought in days past, that no man who ever lived, more thoroughly understood the character of THE PEOPLE, or knew better how to elevate and render the People great and formidable, than Napoleon Bonaparte, especially in the military department of his empire,—and hence the success of that wonderful man, good or bad as you may choose to consider him. But what a noodle, what a "Granny" he must have been, in the estimation of the faithful, devout believers in the infallibility of our present administration.

What a "Granny," I say, never to have discovered the superiority of College Latin, to self-acquired Latin, and in fact, in the creation of his marshals, to have perceived no use in Latin at all. He wanted intelligence in his officers—no chieftain ever more rigorously exacted that—such intelligence as would render them pre-eminently fitted for the stations they were intended to occupy.—But it was his folly to care no more for a mere diploma than for a broken fiddle,—in other words, to regard not whether his generals were the sons of rich men or poor men, provided they were ambitious of renown, and could best do battle for the glory and extension of his empire. Look at his weakness in giving promotion to Lannes, Junot, Ney, Murat, and others men sprung from the common people—diploma-less, nearly or quite Latin-less, and, in the beginning of their career, as silkstocking-less, as the heart of loco focoism could desire.

But the "Granny"-like disregard of Napoleon for mere college honors, was equalled if not overshadowed by that of the fathers of our revolution. What Goths the men of '76 must have been, in the estimation of the faithful—"*the true grit Democracy*"—who deem it a *sine qua non* of true orthodoxy to believe, not only that Mr. Van Buren can do no wrong, but that his ministers, Mr. Poinsett and Mr. Any-Body-Else included, cannot, by any possibilty, do wrong!—Look at the thing! was General Putnam—rough "old Put,"—before he was allowed to mow down the British at Bunker Hill, challenged by the "Grannies" of that soul trying time, as to what College he hailed from? Was Stark, "old Stark," Farmer Stark, Saw-mill Stark, required to produce the aristocratic bit of parchment, before he was graciously permitted to beat, cut up, and annihilate the forces of Baum; and thus pave the way to the immortal surrender at Saratoga? To say nothing of Knox, of Marrion, and a score of others, look at Greene!—Greene, a hero second to one only in that glorious period of our history,—a scholar and a sage, indeed, but an *uncertified* one—a man self taught, self-made—such as John Neal was wont to call "one of the scholars of God Almighty." And what shall we say of him who stood majestically above all others, emphatically the Man of his age! of Washington?—But I need go no farther to show any "true grit democrat," that he is right, ay, quite right in believing that the present Administration, King Martin, his Ministers and all, can do no wrong! That above all legislators who ever appeared on earth, they are the true, consistent and disinterested friends of the "THE POOR MAN."

DAMON.

A SIGN FROM OLD FREDERICK.

The subjoined communication is taken from the Frederick Herald of Saturday.—In giving it place, as a sign of the times, we may mention that the writer, Dr. John W. Dorsey, is one of the oldest and most respectable physicians of Frederick county; one who has enjoyed as large a practice in his profession as any physician in Maryland; and who has rendered services to his county under the lamented Decatur, as a surgeon in the United States Navy.

LIBERTY TOWN, Md. May 18, 1840

To the editor of the Frederick Herald.

As the friends of Mr. Van. Buren in this election district have placed my name upon their committee to attend the Van Buren Convention which is to assemble in Frederick on Monday the 8th of June next, I feel it incumbent upon me to adopt this mode of publicly announcing, that I am no longer a supporter of the present National Administration, It is true that I was amongst the original friends of Gen. Jackson, and sustained his Administration throughout his two successive terms; that confiding in the fair promises of the present incumbent I gave him my zealous support at the election of 1836 & have since until a recent period acted in concert with his political friends in reference to both State and General Goverment—but I can act with them no longer.

The measures and policy of Mr. Van Buren have been so disastrous to the general prosperity of the country, that with all the preferences of early associations and party attachments bearing upon me, I cannot longer render to him my support: I believe that the interests of the people of the United States require a change of rulers and as one of the people I shall exert myself, so far as my humble abilities will avail, to effect that change. And in turning from the support of Mr. Van Buren to that of General Wm. Henry Harrison of Ohio, I do it with no reluctant spirit. With the distinguished claims of Harrison I have long been familiar. Whether we look upon his services in the battle field, or in the councils of the nation, or as a minister to a foreign Court, there is perhaps no living man in the U. States who merits so large a share of public approbation. The impartial pages of history have long since recorded his triumphs and his great public services & it would be as useless for me here to enumerate and applaud them, as it is degrading to the partisans of the present administration to attempt to disparage them in estimation of the public. The fame of our Heroes and Statesmen is the jewel of the People, and they will preserve it from detriment.

That Gen. Harrison will receive that reward at the hands of the people of the U. States which belongs to distinguished merit and great public services, when they are called upon to cast their ballots in November next, is the sincere wish of your Ob't Servant,

J. W. DORSEY.

Connecticut last year cleared $1511 by her state prison, located at Weathersfield, making $9000 surplus now in the hands of the warden. There are now 169 convicts in the prison, of whom 7 are females, and 40 are black. The average number of convicts for the last year has been about 25 less than the average of the last five years, and of course a corresponding diminution of the labor would take place while the general expenses have been about the same.—[N. Y. Sup.

To Correspondents.—"A Subscriber" is received, and will be attended to next week.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Office of the Patriot, Thursday, June 4.

Wheat (Red)	$0 95 a	$1 00
(White)	1 04 a	0 00
Corn (Yellow)	47 a	0 00
(White)	43 a	0 44
Rye	45 a	0 00
Oats	25 a	0 00

DIED

In this town on Tuesday 2d inst. after a long and protracted illness, Mrs. Martha A. Stitchbury, wife of Nicholas P. Stitchbury, in the 22d year of her age.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at the residence of Col. N. Goldsborough, on Thursday the 11th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

A punctual attendance of the members is requested.

By order
T. TILGHMAN, Sec'ry.

June 6, 1840.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

THE LECTURES OF THE FACULTY OF PHYSIC of the University of Maryland, will commence the ensuing term on the FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, and will continue until the FIRST DAY OF MARCH following.

Professor N. POTTER, Theory and Practice of Med.
" R. W. HALL, Obstetrics, Hygine & Med. Jurisprudence.
" S. G BAKER, Materia, Medica, Therapeutics.
" W. E A AIKIN Chemistry & Pharmacy.
" W. N. BAKER, Anatomy and Physiology.
" N. R. SMITH, Lecturer on Surgery

By the arrangements for the next session, Dr. Smith will give a full and complete course on Surgery before the usual period for his departure for Lexington, and after his departure an additional course in Surgery will be given by the Professor of Anatomy. The faculty are satisfied that Medical Students will fully appreciate the great advantages to be derived from a SIX MONTH'S course of Lectures—while for the few who cannot conveniently spend six months in town, an attendance during four months as in other Institutions will meet the demands of the Charter.

WILLIAM E A. AIKIN, Dean.

June 6—5t

For Rent,

For the year 1841, the WHITE TAVERN, in the town of Denton, at present occupied by Mr. John Greer, and formerly occupied by Mr. Abraham Griffith, of Easton; the dwelling and out houses have been thoroughly repaired & are all in good order for the reception of customers, any industrious man who can comply with the terms, may do well as it is considered one of the best stands for a house of entertainment in that place, the whole of the property at present occupied by Mr J Greer is included.

ALSO,

Two small fields; with a sufficiency of timber, and a fishery adjoining the town, the fishery is perhaps one of the best on the river and convenient to market. All of the above property will be rented to good tenants as none other need apply. Apply to

MARY A. DENNY.

Deep Neck, Talbot co., May 6, 1840.—4t

The Centreville Times will copy the above four times and forward account to this office for collection.

Very Valuable Land

For Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber as Trustee, will expose to public sale at the front door of the Court House, in the Town of Easton, on Tuesday the 14th day of July next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, in the forenoon and 4 o'clock, in the afternoon of that day, that very valuable estate, beautifully situated on the waters of Hunting Creek, in Talbot county, and very convenient to St. Michael's River, of which the above creek is a tributary, the life estate in which land belongs to the subscriber and the reversion to his children The above fertile land will be sold clear of any legal claim and contains about

200 ACRES,

more or less. It will be sold by the acre, and the terms of payment will be cash.

A full description of this land will be given by the Trustee, on the day of sale. On the payment of the purchase money the Trustee is authorized to pass a good and valid deed.

EDWARD SPEDDEN, Trustee.

June 7, 1840.

The Delaware Journal, Centreville Times and Cambridge Chronicle will insert the above once a week for three weeks, and forward accounts to this office for collection.

EASTERN SHORE U. S. Mail Line,

Summer Arrangement,



(*Through in Four-Horse Post Coaches.*)

Will leave Elkton immediately after the arrival of the Cars from Philadelphia and Baltimore, say 1 o'clock, P. M., on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, and arrive at Cambridge on the following days at 1 o'clock, P. M. Leave Cambridge Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Elkton at 10 o'clock next day, in time to take the cars for either city.

Fare from Elkton to Cambridge,		$3 00
" "	Easton,	2 50
" "	Centreville,	2 00
" "	Church Hill,	1 75
" "	Chestertown	1 50
" "	G. Town ✕ Roads,	1 00
" "	Sudler's ✕ Roads,	1 50
" "	Millington,	1 00
" "	Head of Sassafras,	1 00
" "	Warwick,	75

WM. J. BENJAMIN, Agent.

June 6, 1840.—3t

FOR SALE.

A first rate Milch Cow.—Also, a first rate Grey Gig Horse, warranted sound. Apply at this office.

June 6 3t

NOTICE OF THE SALE OF LANDS.

The President and Directors of the Branch Bank of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, at Easton, will offer for sale, at public auction, on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, in the forenoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House, in Talbot county, a parcel of land, commonly called The Deep Branch Farm, and another parcel of land thereto adjoining, commonly called the Ogden Farm, both lying in Talbot county, and belonging to the Bank.—The Deep Branch Farm contains about two hundred and fifty-five acres of arable land, and about one hundred, forty six and a quarter acres of valuable wood and timber land.—The Ogden Farm contains about one hundred and sixty seven and an half acres of arable land, and about seventy and an half acres of wood land—all these lands lie not more than two miles from navigable water, and are at this time occupied by tenants—possession will be given to the purchaser, or purchasers at the end of the present year eighteen hundred and forty. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser, or purchasers, must pay the purchase money, by equal instalments, at the end of one, two, three and four years from the day of sale, with interest on the whole principal sum, or sums of money, from the first day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-one, until the whole be satisfied—satisfactory security for the payment of the purchase money and interest will be required, and no conveyance will be made, before the payment of the purchase money and interest.

THOS. J. BULLITT, Pres't.

June 6, 1840.—ts (Wts)

The Cambridge Chronicle will copy the above till day of sale.

Wool Carding.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Caroline, Talbot and Dorchester counties, that his

CARDING MACHINE

is now in complete repair, and that he is now ready to receive all orders for carding wool, the prices for carding are once through six cents, twice through eight cents.

All orders left at the store of Mr. J. W. Cheezum, in Easton; Mr. Isaac Dickson, Dover Bridge, or at the machine at Upper Hunting Creek, Caroline county, will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

The wool should be put in good order.—Having employed an experienced carder, he solicits a share of public patronage.

JOHN BEACHAM.

Upper Hunting Creek, Caroline co., Md.

June 6, 1840. (Wt)

WOOL CARDING AND MANUFACTURING.

The subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Queen Ann's and Talbot counties, that he has made arrangements to take in Wool, and manufacture it, and return Kersey at the following places to wit:

Mr. Samuel Kerr's, Church Hill; Mr. Thomas M. Coleman's, Centreville; Mr. John W. Cheezum, Easton.

TERMS.

Thirty seven and a half cents per yard, for *manufacturing; the subscriber returning one* yard of Kersey for every pound of good and well washed wool, that may be delivered.

THOMAS H. WHALAND.

Chestertown, Kent co., Md., June 6—3tq

$5 Reward.

Ranaway from the subscriber on Sunday night last, an apprentice boy, named David Wooters, 17 years of age, upwards of 5 feet high, rather spare made—dark hair and blue eyes.—He had on when he ranaway, brown Holland roundabout jacket, nankeen pantaloons, grass hat with a green ribbon round it—black silk neck-handkerchief, marseilles vest and monroe boots.—Whoever will take up said runaway and deliver him to the subscriber living in Talbot county, Maryland, near the farm of Thomas Frampton, shall receive the above reward.

WILLIAM MORGAN.

June 6 3tq

MARYLAND,

Caroline County Orphans' Court.

26th day of May, A. D. 1840.

On application of John Clarke and Thomas Wheeler, Adm'rs. of Aaron Clarke, late of Caroline county, dec'd.

It is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, & that they cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes and proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the county aforesaid I have hereto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 26th day of May in the year eighteen hundred and forty.

SEAL.

Test,
W. A. Ford, Reg'r. of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance to the above order

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscribers of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline County in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Aaron Clarke, late of Caroline county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 20th day of December next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 26th day of May, A. D. 1840.

JOHN CLARKE, &
THOMAS WHEELER, Adm'rs.
of Aaron Clarke, dec'd.

June 6—3w

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