giers, and the appointment of Marshal Molitor to succeed him. The success of the French in the capture of Medeah, Milliana and Chercell, appears to have been more than counter-balanced in the absolute impunity with which the Arabs overrun and ravage the plains, and destroy the crops of the colonists.

The English papers say that General Hamilton had failed to negociate the Texian loan in Paris, and had arrived in London, where owing to the low prices of American securities generally they prognosticate no better success.

The weather is again unseasonable and flour in bond has advanced at 26s 9d a 27s 3d per barrel, at which about 500 barrels has sold to day.

Liverpool, July 4—Our market this morning was thinly attended by both town and country millers and only a moderate business was done in wheat. There was a fair retail made for barrel Flour, duty paid, at 37s per barrel for the best brands of American. Oats and Oat meal met a languid demand, and we repeat our quotations for both articles.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, July 25.

FOR PRESIDENT
William Henry Harrison,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
John Tyler.
OF VIRGINIA.

WHIG ELECTORAL TICKET.

DAVID HOFFMAN, for the Western Shore
JOHN L. KERR for the Eastern Shore.
THOMAS A. SPENCE, of Worcester co.
THEODORE R. LOOCKERMAN, of Talbot co.
GEORGE HOWARD of Anne Arundel co.
JOHN P. KENNEDY, of Baltimore city.
RICHARD J. BOWIE, of Montgomery co.
JACOB A. PRESTON, of Harford county.
JAMES M. COALE, of Frederick county.
WM. T. WOOTTON, of Prince George's co.

ATTENTION,
WHIGS OF CAROLINE!

A general meeting of the Whigs of Caroline county, will be held at DENTON, on TUESDAY, THE 4th of AUGUST, when several of the Whig Electoral Candidates will attend and address the People.

Citizens of Caroline and neighboring counties are invited to attend. The Meeting will be opened at 11 o'clock, A. M.

MANY WHIGS.

Caroline co., July 25, 1840.

LATE WHIG CONVENTION.

The Committee of Invitations having received a large number of letters of acceptance & apology, proposes to publish as many of those from distant friends as our limits may allow. We begin in our present number, with a few and will continue them in our next,—as it will be interesting and agreeable to our Whig readers to have assurance of the sympathy and high confidence of so many distinguished statesmen and patriots in the success of the *Good Cause*.

WASHINGTON, 22d June 1840.

GENTLEMEN:—

I have received the invitation with which you have honored me to attend the Whig Convention at Easton, on the 15th of July next, and thank you for it. Cordially uniting with the Whigs of the Eastern Shore of Maryland in all the feelings, motives and purposes of that Convention; and knowing how long and fervently many of them have honored me with their esteem and confidence, it would afford me very great pleasure to be with them on the interesting occasion in contemplation; but before the day arrives I hope to be at or on my way home; and, after an absence which will have been protracted beyond eight months, you will appreciate, Gentlemen, the natural desire I feel to rejoin my family. Should I be detained here, it will be by official duties which would equally deny me the satisfaction of visiting Easton.

I cannot conclude without expressing a wish which I feel to guard our friends against the stratagems of our opponents. They are making, beyond all doubt; the greatest exertions. They will leave no stone unturned. They feel that it is a struggle for life or death. But we shall defeat them, and defeat them with ease, if our friends persevere in their present efforts, and do not allow themselves to be deceived or alarmed by false rumours.—These will be industriously propagated by our opponents, and before one has run its race, another and another will be put in motion. They will boast of changes never made, and magnify the importance of the few instances of desertion that occur. I have been struck with both of these last remarks by recent reports in respect to alleged accessions to their side from ours in Kentucky. The few cases of abandonment of our cause are counterbalanced by ten to one that have come to us; and Kentucky will give to the Whigs a larger majority than she has done, at any time, within the last fifteen years.

Let the Whigs then every where continue resolutely all their exertions, without being deceived, discouraged or alarmed. Let every one of them be animated by the conviction that on himself and on his vote depend the fate of his country. That the issue of the present contest involves her prosperity, her purity, and her future destiny, I firmly believe. And I rejoice also to believe that, if we are faithful to our duties and our highest interests, that issue will be auspicious to the hopes of the Patriot, worthy of our Ancestors, and gratifying to the friends of civil liberty throughout the world.

I am, Gentlemen, with high respect
Your friend and ob't. serv't.
H. CLAY.

Messrs. Hambleton, Dudly, Denny, Tilghman, Harris, Bruff, Nicols, Goldsborough, Groome, Mackey, Wilson, S. Hambleton, Jr. Kerr, Jenkins, Dawson, Tenant, Stevens, Trippe, Harrington, Martin and Russum.

—

Edward N. Hambleton, Esq and others, Committee of Arrangements for a Whig Convention to be held at Easton, E. Shore, Maryland, on Wednesday 15th July next,

Washington, 25th June 1840.

GENTLEMEN:—

Your very obliging invitation of my attendance as a Guest at the proposed Convention is received with grateful acknowledgments.—The probability that I shall not so early as that day be released from the discharge of duties which detain me here, and an infirm state of health, do not flatter me with the hope, that I shall be able to join with you in the deliberations of that day. But as their purpose is to promote a true and faithful reform of abuses, the lamentable prevalence of which no falsehood can disprove, and no sophistry can disguise, my warmest feelings and most deliberate opinions will concur in cheering you to the persevering and successful issue of your patriotic exertions.

I am with great respect Gentlemen,
Your friend and Fellow Citizen.
JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

—

Washington, June 22d '40.

GENTLEMEN:

I have the honor to have received your invitation to the Whig Convention, at Easton, on the 15th July.

There are many reasons why it would be most agreeable to me to accept this invitation, and embrace so favorable an opportunity of visiting the Eastern Shore. But my engagements are various, and the time of the breaking up of the Session of Congress uncertain. All I can say is, that if Congress remain in Session, I shall make an effort to be with you.

I am, Gentlemen, with great regard,
Yr. Obt. Serv't.
DANL WEBSTER.

To the Com'tee.

—

Washington, June 22d, 1840.

GENTLEMEN:

I assure you that no considerations of a private character would prevent me from meeting you at your Convention the 15th of July—But public duties here forbid me to do so. Cut off as I am from all hope of rendering any efficient aid in my own State to the great cause of reform—indeed I may say of public liberty—I should be happy on any occasion to contribute my mite any where—and I assure you, that no where would I expect to meet more congenial spirits, than amongst the gallant and generous whigs of Maryland. I do most devoutly believe that if after all that has past, our present most ignorant, incompetent and corrupt rulers are continued in power, that it will have been demonstrated that the power of patronage is too strong for liberty. A revolution will have been silently effected, and whatever the form and the name may be we shall no longer live in a Republic.—It will only be by some violent convulsion that the public liberty can be recovered. We may retain the form of election of the President, but practically the incumbent will nominate his successor.—If you agree with me in this opinion nothing is necessary to stimulate you to your utmost exertions. The auspices are all favorable, but we must not relax for one moment. Satan did not address his discomfitted and despairing allies in strains of more desperate defiance and courage, than those in which the cohorts of power are now rallied for a last struggle—with energy, vigilence and courage on our part the defeat will be the same. Such is the most earnest and fervent prayer of my heart as I doubt not it is yours.

Most Respectfully
Yr. Obt. Serv't.
WADDY THOMPSON, Jr.
E. N. HAMBLETON & others.

The Baltimore city delegation, on their return from Easton, held a meeting on board the steamer Carroll when Gen. Joshua Medtart was unanimously elected chairman, and J. Erskine Stewart unanimously appointed secretary.

Gen. Duff Green then stated the object of the meeting, and offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

Resolved, That we, the Baltimore city delegation to the Whig Convention at Easton, hereby tender our thanks to the committee of arrangements and to the Whigs of Talbot county, for the liberal provision made for our comfort, and the generous hospitality with which we were received while attending the convention.

Resolved, That we tender to our fair countrywoman, whose patriotic devotion to the cause of their suffering country impelled them to expose themselves for ten hours to a summer's sun, that by their countenance and example they might stimulate their husbands and brothers to a faithful and energetic discharge of their duty as American citizens, our sincere thanks, and hereby pledge ourselves to use every effort in our power to fulfil their just expectations, and to oust the present unfaithful public agents from power.

Resolved, That we feel fully authorised to pledge to our fellow citizens throughout the United States, that at the approaching Presidential election, Maryland will do her duty, and give her Electoral vote for to William Henry Harrison for President, and John Tyler for Vice President.

Resolved, That we return our unanimous thanks to Capt. Smith, of the steamer Carroll, for his kind and gentlemanly treatment to us on our visit to Easton, and on our return home.

JOSHUA MEDTART, Pres't.
J. ERSKINE STEWART, Sec'y.

—

The Madisonian of Thursday says, that there are rumors of changes in the President's Cabinet, which come in such a shape, that it cannot question them.—Mr. Paulding, it is said, is to go out of the Navy Department, and Mr. Poinsett is to take his place. *Query*—Is the Army Militia Bill, abandoned forever or is it merely laid on the table until Van is made Emperor.

LOUISIANA ELECTION.

From the N. Orleans Bee, July 13.

We have now returns from the whole of the 1st congressional district. They exhibit the following vote:

CONGRESS.—FIRST DISTRICT.

PARISHES.	*White.*	*Leonard.*
Orleans,	1793	671
St. Bernard,	72	211
Jefferson,	272	87
Plaquemine,	10	258
St. Charles,	18	46
St. John Baptist,	136	72
St. James,	415	13
Ascension,	237	186
Assumption,	391	181
Terrebone,	145	7
Laforche Inter.	280	22
	3802	1757
	1757	
White's majority,	2045	

In 1838 WHITE's majority in this district was 919. His majority is now more than double that amount. The first district has covered herself with glory.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The official returns have not yet been received. There was a report that a Whig District in Washington parish had not been heard from; but this, we think, is incorrect, and that Dawson has got in by a dozen votes. It is also stated that Morgan will contest the election, on the ground that thirty illegal votes were polled for Dawson in one of the Feliciana.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

There is some doubt still hanging over this district, though we think the chances are in favor of Moore, (Whig.)

We are without further advices from New Orleans—there are now three mails due from the South which augurs well for the Whig cause.

—

We learn through the Columbia Enquirer that 2,000 persons attended the Tippecanoe celebration of the 4th July in Columbus, (Georgia.) That paper says, "it would be in vain to attempt a description of the enthusiasm which pervaded the meeting during the reading of the toasts."

GARRISON ENDORSING THE FREE NEGRO TESTIMONY.

The Emancipator thus delicately intimates its approbation of Van's inability to find any thing objectionable in negroes testifying against officers of the Navy.

"A LATE occurrence, shows that even our FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, is not quite so far gone in disregard of humanity and JUSTICE, as the government of the Methodist E. Church."

The allusion to this Church is in consequence of the declaration of a late Conference, held in Baltimore, that it is improper to admit negro testimony against white men.

From the Balt. American, of July 22.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

Congress adjourned yesterday, *sine die*, at two o'clock P. M. A large number of the members reached this city yesterday evening by the Rail road trains.—We learn verbally that a rencontre took place on Tuesday evening in the rotunda of the Capitol between two of the members. Our correspondent's letter thus briefly notices the sitting of yesterday:

Correspondence of the American.

WASHINGTON, July 21st. 1840.

The Fortification, Army, Naval, Indian and West Point Appropriation Bills have passed both Houses.

The Army and Fortification bills have each an amendment, empowering the President to suspend the Appropriations to such an extent as he may deem proper, in case there shall be a deficit in the Treasury arising from the failure of the U. S. Bank and Deposite Banks to pay their debts at the appointed time.

In the House this morning, Mr. ADAMS succeeded in getting passed a joint resolution of the Senate, for the relief of the workmen on the public buildings during a suspension of the appropriations.

Mr. CUSHING gave notice that at the commencement of next session he would call up at an early period the bill in relation to French Spoliations.

The House then passed a few Territorial bills of an unimportant character, when the hour of 2 P. M. having arrived, it adjourned *sine die*.

—

Among the passengers in the steamer British Queen, at New York from London, are Gen. J. H. Eaton, late United States Minister to the Court of Spain, with his family.

[COMMUNICATED.]

"HARRISON an Abolitionist," say the Vanites, and prove it by his belonging to an Abolition Society in Virginia, old Slave-holding Virginia, forty five years ago. How absurd! nay, how incomparably false! Marylanders, will you believe it? Can you, dare you believe, that WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, belonged to an Abolition Society, *twenty five years before Abolition existed in this country*? If you do, you can readily believe, the story told by the soldiers who guarded the supulchre of our Saviour, that is, that his deciples came and stole him away whilst they slept." The one is as probable as the other, and the man who is weak enough with a thorough knowledge of the history of his country, to believe the former, is skeptic enough to believe the latter.

Sons of Maryland, know you not that Abolition in this country, as now known and recognized, *was unknown until after* 1817, and with this knowledge can you believe, the foul malignant, unmanly and oft REFUTED charge, brought by the opposition, against the Whig Candidate for President of these United States?

To the truckling tools of the present administration, we say come on. Back your charges by proof, or when they are met and refuted, do not like the Sow return to your wallowing. D.

To the Editor of the Easton Gazette.

SIR:—Having been for many years a warm supporter of the administration of Gen. Jackson and of the administration of Martin Van Buren, and having lately been fully satisfied of the error of my way, I take this public means of signifying my change of opinion. The present hard times brought about by the tinkerings with our currency by Mr. Van Buren—his vote in favor of free negroes having the right to vote—his speech against universal suffrage in the N. York Convention are enough for me—let alone his scheme for a standing army of 200,000 men—I therefore wipe my skirts of him and his party.

WM. FAIRBANKS.

Upper Hunting Creek, }
Caroline County. }

RESIGNATION OF THE NORTH CAROLINA SENATORS.

The Raleigh Standard of Wednesday contains the letters of BEDFORD BROWN and ROBERT STRANGE, resigning their offices as Senators of the United States from the State of North Carolina—the resignation to take effect on the meeting of the Legislature of the State in November.

The Eastern Crops.—The Boston Courier gives a most favorable account of the appearance of the crops in that vicinity. Rye oats, barley and corn, give promise of a most bountiful harvest, and the fruit crop never was greater nor the quality finer; vegetables are equally abundant and superior; and the contemplation of the season brings the writer to an ejaculation of praise "to the bounty of HIM whose paths drop fatness, and who maketh the fields to shout and the valleys to sing for joy."

THE DUEL.—The Tuscaloosa (Ala.) Monitor of the 10th inst says:—An affair of honor took place on Monday morning last, 6th inst. in Pickens county, near the Mississippi line, between Ex-Governor RUNNELLS and VOLNEY E. HOWARD, Esq both of Jackson, Mississippi. One shot was exchanged by the parties, when Mr. Howard received the ball of his antagonist just below the right lobe, which came out immediately opposite on the other side, burying itself in the fleshy part over the breast bone and perhaps raking the bone itself. Mr. Howard's wound is not likely to terminate mortally, unless it should take an unexpected direction.—Gov. Runnells was not touched. They fought at twelve paces.

COMMODORE ELLIOTT.—The Washington Globe of Tuesday announces that the Naval General Court Martial, which convened at Philadelphia on the 4th May last, for the trial of Commodore Elliott, found him guilty of the 1st, 3d, 5th, 6th, and 8th charges preferred against him, and sentenced him to be suspended for four years, with a suspension of pay for the first two years.

The sentence has been approved by the Secretary of the Navy; but so much of it as deprived Commodore Elliott of his pay has been remitted by the President.

DISTRICT BANKS.—The question in reference of these institutions was finally decided on Thursday night in the U. S. Senate, when the motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill from the House continuing their corporate existence had been rejected, was determined in the negative by yeas 18, nays 21.—The Banks, therefore, must proceed to wind up their business and close their doors.

HENRY CLAY'S EARLY DEMOCRACY.

—Col Johnson stated during his speech in Harrisburg, that the first time he ever remembered taking off his coat to fight, was with Henry Clay against the supporters of the alien and sedition laws. He said that in argument Mr. Clay wielded a battle axe, while he could only handle a tomahawk; but of late years, said Col. J., Mr. Clay and myself have been on opposite sides.—I must, however, say, that he is the pride of Kentucky, and although we HOPE to carry the State next fall, it looks like hoping against hope.

Penn. Int.

Extract of a letter from a Gentlemen late of Caroline County, dated Montezuma, Illinois, June 12, 1840.

"* * * You speak of your Log Cabin Convention in Baltimore—don't say a word, we have had the greatest one in Springfield I ever witnessed. I will give you a short sketch. I built a small skift for my own use, it was so far superior to any skift on the Illinois that they took it up, dressed it over and painted it splendid colours, with masts and all the riggin belonging to a sloop and on Monday the 1st we set sail for Sprinfield.—We encamped about two miles from Jacksonville that night together with the delegations from several of the counties.—Next morning we formed in front of Gov. Dunkins & marched in town where we were received with shouts and hurras We then formed with the different delegations west of the town and marched through Main St. Two hundred and twenty five wagons and one thousand three hundred and seventy five persons. We encamped and struck our tents six miles distant from Springfield. All night the camp was filled with one continued ROAR of music. In the morning (Wednesday) we paraded, in open Prarie, two miles in length, which would not contain the line, numbering two thousand persons. We continued our march and were met two miles from the city by marshals who escorted us in, to our different places of encampment. It was a most animating scene—after striking our tents the provision carts came round, bringing fresh meats, corn and wood, free of charge for our welfare—we spent the evening most agreeably—At at 6 o'clock on Thursday morning the marshals gave orders for all the Boats, Cabins, &c. &c. to parade in front of their respective delegations and a band of music with each delegation.—The delegates on foot, were formed in open field south of the town, one mile in length, six men deep turned at about sixty paces and both ends were in town at the same time, mustering NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED and THIRTY on foot with FIVE HUNDRED Banners. We marched through the city and were cheered by the Ladies who crowded the windows, waving their handkerchiefs and from some windows splendid silk flags were floating—We partook of a sumptuous dinner and emptied a number of cider barrels and returned to camp, not a man having drank a drop of spirits of any kind and the usual consequence of sobriety, without a fight or quarrel. We remained in Springfield until Friday morning when they bid us farewell with the firing of cannon.

Candidly in my opinion Harrison will get every State west of the mountains—The Van Buren men are all turning over our county gave Van 30 majority and enough has turned in this immediate neighborhood to turn the scale and so it is throughout the West."

WASHINGTON'S MONUMENT.—The project of erecting a monument to Washington in Washington Square, Philadelphia, has been abandoned. In lieu of the proposed monument, an Equestrian Statue is to be erected, on a *colossal scale, in iron* manufactured with the *Anthracite coal of Pennsylvania*—Jour. of Com.

BALTIMORE MARKET.
Office of the Patriot, }
Thursday, July 23. }

Wheat (Red)	$1 06 a	$1 10
(White)	1 15 a	1 18
Corn (Yellow)	52 a	0 00
(White)	50 a	0 00
Rye	55 a	0 00
Oats	26 a	0 00

DIED

In this county on Monday morning last, after a lingering illness, Mr. James W. Starkey.

In this county on the 23d inst. Martha A., infant daughter of Nicholas P Stitchbury.

On the same day at the same place, William H., infant son of Capt. Stephen and Mary Stitchbury.

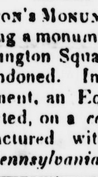
AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at Isthmus, the residence of Robert Banning, Esq on Thursday the 30th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

A punctual attendance of the members is requested.

By order
T. TILGHMAN, Sec'ry.
July 25, 1840.

To Rent for the ensuing year,



Union Tavern,

In Easton, now in the tenure of Mr. Reece Merrett. The whole premises were put in complete order last fall. Also, the following Farms;

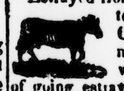
That part of "Poplar Neck," in Caroline county, now occupied by Mr. John Leaverton The adjoining Farm occupied by Adam Harkless—My Sailes' Farm in Oxford Neck, in Talbot county, on the south side of the road to Oxford, and binding with Island creek—Also, "Spring Close," on the south side of Island creek, where buildings will be raised. The Farm at the Hole in the Wall, now occupied by Mr. Caleb Smith, and several small farms in that neighborhood all adjoining.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The farm on Tuck shoe creek, where Mr. Wm Anderson lately resided.

WANTED—An industrious and faithful young man who has been bred to farming, and is willing to labour and take care of a small place. JOHN LEEDS KERR.

Easton, July 25, 1840. tf

TWO COWS ESTRAY.



Estrayed from the subscriber living in Easton, TWO YOUNG RED COWS—they have no flesh marks—are much alike and were giving milk at the time of going estray.—Any information respecting them will be suitably rewarded and kindly received by S. M. JENKINS.

Easton, July 25, 1840.

Wheat Machines for Sale.

The subscriber has a Wheat Machine for Sale at Mr. Barclay Haskins, a few miles below Easton. For terms apply to Mr. Annals Roszell or to the subscriber at Greensborough, in Caroline county.

Some six or seven persons applying soon can be furnished. The Machine is on an improved plan.

WILLIAM TURNER.

July 25, 1840—3w

Valuable Farms
FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell at public sale on Tuesday the 18th August next, at the Court House door in the town of Easton, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, that well known farm "Galloway," at present occupied by Mr. Thos. Hopkins, situated within two miles of the town of Easton. The improvements on this farm are equal to any in the county, there being an elegant



DWELLING, AND
OUT HOUSES

sufficient to secure every species of stock and provender, all in first rate repair, two first rate pumps of water and a very fine young orchard. The farm contains near 400 acres, nearly forty of which is valuable meadow land and a proportionable quantity of Woodland. The premises will be shewn to any person wishing to purchase, by Mr. Hopkins.

—Also—

A Farm near *Holt's* (now Tilghman's) Mill, in Chapel District, Talbot county, containing a little upwards of 200 acres, on which Mr. Wm. Gardner at present resides; this farm is laid off in three fields, and has a very kind soil, it will be shown by Mr. Gardner to any person wishing to purchase.—The terms which will be accommodating will be made known on the day of sale.

THOS. C. NICOLS.

Easton, 25th July, 1840. (W)

FARMERS' BANK OF MARYLAND.

Branch Bank at Easton, July 18th, 1840.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders in this institution, that an Election will be held at the Banking House in Easton, on the first Monday of August ensuing, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of choosing from among the stockholders; twelve Directors for the Branch Bank at Easton, for the ensuing year, agreeably to the charter.

By order,
JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Cash'r.
July 18—3w

Notice.

All persons who bought property at the sales of Samuel and George S. Bowdle, dec'd. are respectfully informed that their notes are now due and payment is expected without delay.

CHARLES H. BOWDLE, Adm'r
of Samuel and George S. Bowdle, dec'd.
July 18—3t

STATE OF MARYLAND,

Caroline County, to wit:

On application of Peter Todd, of Caroline county, in writing to me, one of the Justices of the Orphan's Court of Caroline county, stating that he was under arrest and in actual custody of the law, for debts which he was unable to pay, and praying for the benefit of the insolvent laws of Maryland, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath being annexed to his said petition, and having satisfied me by the oath of Eli Todd, of Caroline county aforesaid, that he has resided two years, next preceding the time of his application within the State of Maryland; I having appointed Eli Todd, Trustee for his creditors, who has entered into bonds and certificates in possession of all the property mentioned in the schedule of the petition, and the said petitioner having taken the oath and complied with the other requisites of the law; I do hereby grant a personal discharge to the said Peter Todd, and do hereby appoint the first Tuesday of March Term of Caroline county Court for the final hearing of the said application & do also order that the said Peter Todd, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, once a week, for three successive weeks, three months before the said first Tuesday of next March Term of Caroline county Court, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said Court on the said day, to show cause if any they have, why the said Peter Todd ought not to have the benefit of the insolvent laws of Maryland.

WILLIAM WHITELEY.

True copy,
JOSEPH RICHARDSON, Cl'k.
July 18—3w

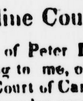
A Camp-Meeting

Will be held for Talbot Circuit, in the Bay Side District—to commence Friday the 14th of August next.

July 4, 1840. (W)

Centreville Times and Cambridge Chronicle will please copy the above.

THE SCHOONER!



William Ozmon,

Is now in first rate order for the reception of Grain, at the subscribers landing, at Chancellers Point, Talbot County, and call for the above purpose at any landing requested.—She is a new and excellent vessel, her captain skillful and accommodating.—Any orders will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. WILLIAM OZMON.

Chancellers Point, July 18, 1840.—3tq

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