one day; but the banks declined a continuance of the practice, upon the ground that they are paying specie, and that all checks are payable in specie. They would, therefore, make no distinctions in their checks, since they would look invidious. So the wretched CHARLATANRIE of the specie requisition must be literally complied with."

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, Aug. 1.

FOR PRESIDENT
William Henry Harrison,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
John Tyler.
OF VIRGINIA.

WHIG ELECTORAL TICKET.

DAVID HOFFMAN, for the Western Shore
JOHN L. KERR, for the Eastern Shore.
THOMAS A. SPENCE, of Worcester co.
THEODORE R. LOOCKERMAN, of Talbot co.
GEORGE HOWARD of Anne Arundel co.
JOHN P. KENNEDY, of Baltimore city.
RICHARD J. BOWIE, of Montgomery co.
JACOB A. PRESTON, of Harford county.
JAMES M. COALE, of Frederick county.
WM. T. WOOTTON, of Prince George's co.

ATTENTION,
WHIGS OF CAROLINE!

A general meeting of the Whigs of Caroline county, will be held at DENTON, on TUESDAY, THE 4th of AUGUST, when several of the Whig Electoral Candidates will attend and address the People.

Citizens of Caroline and neighboring counties are invited to attend. The Meeting will be opened at 11 o'clock, A. M.

MANY WHIGS.
Caroline co, July 25, 1840.

The Steam Boat last night brought us nothing later from New Orleans than the following letter.

Correspondence of the Balt. American.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22d.

I have nothing further to state concerning the Third Congressional District.—This uncertainty is most provoking, but there is no possible means of obviating it. We have rumors in abundance; some favorable—some unfavorable, they are entitled to very little credit. Although sixteen days have now elapsed since the election, the excitement has not subsided, and more particularly in relation to the Third District, as many bets—so ne pretty heavy ones—have been made upon the result. The Van Buren men some time since prepared powder and cannon for a FEU DE JOIE in case of the election of Winn. Perhaps when the returns are known, they may dispose of their ammunition cheap to the Whigs.

From the Cambridge Chronicle of July 25.

LARGE MEETING OF THE WHIGS.

Monday last was a proud day for the Whigs of old Dorchester. On the Thursday previous it was advertised that a meeting would take place, and would be addressed by DAVID HOFFMAN, Esq.—Although most of those whom we expected to attend had just returned to their homes from the Easton Convention, and the day was exceedingly warm, whole squads of Whigs continued to arrive from the farthermost sections of the country, and by 2 o'clock, the town was literally crowded. At that hour they repaired to the Court House, when on motion of Col. Henry Page, the meeting was organized by the appointment of the Hon. Thos. J. H. Eccleston as President—Benjamin G. Keene, Esq. Vice-president, and E. Richardson Hooper, Secretary. David Hoffman, Esq. was then called upon, and addressed the meeting for nearly four hours. Mr. Hoffman exposed the false democracy of the Loco Focos in a masterly manner, and proved them to be rank aristocrats. He traced the two old parties back to their origin, and shewed plainly that the present Loco Foco party is composed of the ultra portion and that the Whig party comprise the better parts of the two old parties. Mr. H. related one or two anecdotes to shew Mr. Van Buren's aristocracy, and the falsity of his pretensions to democracy. He laid bare the corruptions and abuses of the present administration—he exhibited its broken promises and violated pledges in the most glaring colours, and appealed to the honest, but misguided, Van Buren men to abandon an administration that would reduce them to indigence and want to enrich and elevate the office-holders. Mr. H. paid an elegant and just tribute to the ladies, a number of whom where attentive listeners to his speech. Upon the whole Mr. Hoffman's speech was a temperate and philosophical review of the measures of the administration, which he proved to be the source of all our sufferings—replete with patriotic sentiments and eloquent ideas.

At 8 o'clock in the evening the meeting again assembled, and Mr. Hoffman addressed them in most eloquent and glowing manner. He seemed to have imbibed a new degree of zeal from the enthusiasm manifested by the whole-souled Whigs by whom he was surrounded. The ladies turned out in the evening in great numbers, and with their smiles, the eloquent and stirring remarks of Mr. Hoffman, and the singing of Tippecanoe songs, the evening passed away most agreeably. Taking every thing into consideration, we consider the meeting the largest and most enthusiastic ever held for a similar purpose in Cambridge.

Mr. Hoffman addressed his fellow citizens at Church Creek, on the following afternoon, and his remarks were frequently interrupted by enthusiastic plaudits. The next morning he left for Baltimore. During his sojourn among us he won esteem by his bland and gentlemanly manners, & by his effective arguments materially assisted the great cause in which he is engaged. We shall be glad to see him again, and need not assure him that a hearty welcome always awaits him in old Dorchester.

Louisville, Ky. July 15, 1840.

To the Editor of the Easton Gazette.

SIR.—Permit a stranger—though a native of your part of the country—to address you a few lines on the subject of politics. I had the pleasure a short time since of looking over your very valuable paper—forwarded to me by a friend of mine in Caroline—which contained a very thrilling and interesting account of a Harrison meeting at Denton, Caroline, co. I assure you it afforded me much pleasure to hear of such enthusiasm manifested by my old Caroline friends in the glorious cause of Harrison and their country. But what patriotic bosom can refrain from throbing with emotions of gratitude, and even love for the welfare of the country when anticipating the success of a pure patriot and honest man to the Chief Government of a people who have for the last ten years been ruled with an iron sceptre, and ground down under the mailed heel of despotism?—When we reflect on the base and low calumny resorted to by the hireling presses of the administration party, to defame and injure the fair and unblemished reputation of that noble and highsouled patriot and statesman, whom the Republican Whig party has chosen to redeem the country from its present degraded condition and place it in its ancient and pristine prosperity, which it enjoyed under the Government of Washington and other patriots who have officiated at the head of our affairs, we are at once armed with that patriotism and love of country which burned in the bosoms of our revolutionary fathers; and caused them to shake of the yoke of tyranny and enlist themselves on the side of liberty. It is high time for every honest man to look around himself, when the ruler of a free people countenances and even encourages the people's money to be peculated and filched by the Government officers, because they are close adherents, and influential friends of his own party. How can a free and independent people stoop to endure such proceedings? The answer is spoken by thousands "we will not suffer it any longer." The edict of the people has been proclaimed in a voice of thunder that the open and premeditated corruption, and infringement of their rights, which have for some time been *stalking* over the country with collossal strides, shall be perpetrated upon them no longer; and on the 4th of March 1841 they will inaugurate the plain, and honest democratic farmer of North Bend in the Presidential chair of the United States.

It is something very astonishing that freemen will countenance such proceedings in the affairs of the General Government, as have been practised on them for several years, and still support the author of them! Thank God, many of them have taken "the second saber thought" and thrown off those principles which are so pernicious to human liberty and happiness, and resolved to *come out* and support the cause of the people. Every day brings the glorious news of some accession to the Whig ranks. Honest men are preponderating the matter ever. They know that something is wrong. They do not get as much for their labor as they formerly have done. Business of all kinds appears almost suspended. All confidence in the credit system is lost.—The Mechanic is out of employment. The merchant lying on his counter idle! They wonder and ask the question, "what has produced all this derangement in the different ramifications of business?"—They reason very honestly "something is wrong, and there ought to be a change in our Government." "Things," they say "cannot be managed worse; and there's a great probability of their being conducted much better. "Hence" they say "we have *stuck* to *our* party long enough without receiving any benefit, and now we will try the other party, and have a change in the administration; then we will see which party is right and which is wrong." Such argument is very rational. Almost every person admits that the country is in a miserable condition. To effect a relief of which it is evident a change in the General Government is necessary.

My object, Mr. Editor, more particularly, in writing to you, was to give you some idea of the general feeling of the people which prevails here in the West in favor of the old General. No doubt you have heard of the frequent tremendous gatherings of the people throughout the West and Southwest, in honor of the "Hero of Tippecanoe;" and the general storm of enthusiasm which always pervades those vast and mighty assemblages in his behalf. The inhabitants of the "Log Cabins" of the west frequently will travel from 50 to 100 miles in their covered carts and waggons, to do honor to him who protected their homes and families from the tomahawk and scalping knife of the ruthless savage. He defended them in time of need, and now, they will defend him and their country—him from base calumny, and their country from despotism.

A meeting, here in the West of ten or fifteen thousand people, is a common occurrence. We have meetings in the city—(in the open streets, no other place large enough to contain the people)—every evening. I frequently attend them. It is a rare thing the Whigs can get the Locofocos to meet them in debate;—On one occasion however, at a general meeting of the people, I was present when a Locofoco *Pettifogger* got up and commenced declaiming the personal character of Gen. Harrison, and spoke in an ungentlemanly manner of Mrs. Harrison who was at that time said to be on her death bed—The remarks created such an excitement on the humane feelings of the people present, of both parties, that it was with some difficulty he was kept from being dragged off the stand.

The administration party are making desperate efforts now all over the country. They even forge documents, when they lack correct proof of their assertions. A fellow at Columbus Ohio, a short time since forged an address to the people of that State, and signed the name of the President of the Whig committee at Columbus. It was one of the most audacious wanton things you ever looked at: I have a copy of it in my possession.

You may well judge the desperation of that party, when it suffers that man Amos Kendall, to be its leader. He has now the whole of that party marshalled under him, ready to carry into execution any orders that he may think proper to issue; and it is not to be doubted for a moment but he will use every scheme and intrigue, that a low cunning, ingenious mind can devise.—It is very evident the party now in power has great advantages over the opposition. They have the money in their own hands—the office holders to electioneer, and the Post Office department, through which they circulate their documents, &c. free of expense. You would be perfectly astonished to think of the vast quantity of Locofoco documents—speeches, papers, that are transmitted through the mail free of charge, almost every Postmaster—if he belongs to that party—is electioneering in some way or other,—stump speaking, riding through the country distributing his papers, or something or other. You know Amos—that Heaven born Amos—has said every mechanic and laboring man should have an extra Globe, if one man can't raise a dollar let him join with another and take one,—well you know what Amos says is right, and must be done." Yours, &c.

We copy the following from the remarks of Mr. Ogle of Pa. on the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill in the House of Representatives, April 16th, 1840.

"Have gentlemen ever tried the rule of division to ascertain what the president has spent yearly monthly, weekly, daily, hourly, ay, sir, for each and every minute since Martin Van Buren's inauguration on the 4th of March, 1837. The actual expenditures, during the first three years of his administration, have reached the enormous sum of ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVEN MILLION FOUR HUNDRED AND SIX THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND SIXTY THREE DOLLARS.

Average, per year,	$37,135,654 33
Average, per month,	3,094,637 86
Average, per week,	714,147, 19
Average, per day,	102 021 07
Average, per hour,	4,250 87
Average, per MINUTE,	70 81

Let us compare and contrast these prodigious expenditures with the disbursements made by all the former Presidents since the adoption of the Constitution in 1789:

A Table of comparison of the Expenditures under the administration of the several Presidents of the United States.

Presidents.	Years	Total amount.	Aver. per month.	Aver. per week.	Ave. daily.
Washington,	8	$15,893,189 56	$165,553 73	$38,202 40	$5,457 49
John Adams,	4	21,450,351 19	446,882 31	103,126 68	14,732 88
Jefferson.	8	41,300,798 68	430,216 55	91,588 43	13,094 06
Madison,	8	144,694,939 86	1,507,034 79	347,900 33	49,685 61
Monroe,	8	104,463,400 59	1,088 160 42	251,113 94	35,573 42
J. Q. Adams,	4	50,501,914 31	1,052,122 12	242,411 12	34,630 16
Jackson,	8	145,793,785 00	1,518,674 32	350,463 30	50,066 18
Aver. per annum.		$1,096,524 82			
Aver. per year.		5,362,587 79			
Aver. per month.		446,882 31			
Aver. per week.		103,126 68			
Ave. daily.		14,732 88			

You will observe, sir, by the statement which I have presented, and which has been prepared with great care, that the annual expenses of Martin Van Buren's administration is greater by $6,538,325 56 than the entire yearly disbursements of Presidents Washington, Adams, Jefferson, and Madison, all together. You will also see that the yearly expenses of Martin Van Buren's government have been more than one hundred per cent. larger than Mr. Madison's, notwithstanding the latter had been engaged in a most expensive war of three years with the most powerful nation of the world.—Yes, sir, Martin Van Buren has spent more than SEVENTY DOLLARS FOR EACH AND EVERY MINUTE since he was sworn into the Presidential office. How often has the clock ticked since that fatal hour? During the FOUR MONTHS of last year that he passed on his electioneering tour in the State of New York, how many times did the clock tick then? The People's hard dollars were going at the rate of $70 a minute while he was dancing with the COUNTESS of Westmoreland at Saratoga. That was dancing to a pretty dear tune forsooth, but THE PEOPLE PAID THE PIPER. Now the very best remedy which I can suggest to prevent this profligate waste of the public money will be to displace that lavish spendthrift, Martin Van Buren, and to substitute in his stead, at the head of the Government, that plain, frugal, economical, and well-tried citizen, William Henry Harrison."

For the Easton Gazette.

Mr. Graham.

I have been a supporter of the present Administration of the General Government. I have been in GROSS ERROR. I have been deceived in the character of the men, who govern us. I have found their professions and their practices incossistent. I find that, as a good Republican citizen, I ought to support the election of the honest Farmer of North Bend, General William Henry Harrison, who from his youth has been serving his country, in the battle field, against *Indian Tomahawks* and *Scalping Knives*, to protect the women and children and helpless men on the Frontiers, and in the most useful offices to the People, but kept *poor* himself. I thought Mr. Van Buren had been a useful public servant until I reflected coolly and without listening to Party talk, and I can't now get any of my friends of the Party to explain to me what he ever did for any body *but himself*. I shall join the Harrison cause because he is the People's candidate.

CYRUS BLADES.
Witness, Zebdiel Dean.
Talbot County, July 30.

DROUGHT.—The Frederick Examiner of Thursday complains that the region of country around that city is suffering for want of rain. A considerable portion of the corn crop is said to be so much burnt up as to be beyond recovery. No rain had fallen for more than a month.

ADVERTISER OFFICE,
Wilmington, (N. C.) July 27—7 a. m.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER NORTH CAROLINA.

About one o'clock on Saturday night last, the steamboats Gov. Dudley and North Carolina unfortunately came in collision between 25 and 30 miles to the N. and E. of Georgetown. The Dudley's bow running into the North Carolina's larboard quarter, 15 or two feet from the stern. The Captains of both boats had just corned in. The N. C. went down ALMOST immediately, and the crew and passengers were saved with some difficulty. Not a single life was lost, but the loss of valuable baggage was very great, several gentlemen returning from Congress having large amounts of money with them in their trunks, of which but few were saved. The Gov Dudley remained till day light with the hope of saving as much as possible, and then came on to Wilmington, bringing the crew and passengers of the North Carolina, many of whom did not save a particle of clothing.

The accident occurred in 11 fathoms water.—The bow of the Dudley was a good deal shattered but she made no water except on her way returning, the night being fortunately remarkably calm. We forbear at present expressing any opinion in regard to the causes of the accident not having time to make sufficient investigations and the accounts given being so various.

The Gov. Dudley reached Wilmington about half past 3 in the afternoon, and the Vanderbilt the same evening went down to Smithville, where she was to remain all night, to enable her to visit the place of accident in the day time to see if any further good can be effected. Capt. Davis also went to the spot in a pilot boat to do what he could in saving the remains of the wreck. There were no ladies on board except the wife of the Hon. Mr. HUBBARD, whose loss in money was larger than that of any other person on board.

Some few of the passengers received slight personal injuries, but terrible as the occurrence has been, we have cause to be thankful that no life was lost. We will endeavor to furnish soon a more detailed statement of the matter.

We learn from the Charleston papers that the recent steamboat collision, which resulted in the sinking of the North Carolina, is attributed to the negligence of of the mates, who were in charge of both boats, and who did not obey the regulations of the Company for their government. The regular mode laid down for the boats is, to keep to the right; but on this occasion, the steamboat Gov. DUDLEY kept to the left, which, of course, caused the collision.

The New York Express says:—"General Eaton and lady, late U. S. Minister to Spain, and recalled on account of his rumoured disaffection to the traces of the little Magician, has left this city for Washington, from thence he proceeds to the Hermitage, on a visit to his old and true friend, Gen. Jackson."

FIRE IN HAGERSTOWN.—The Baltimore American says—

"We learn by a gentleman direct from Frederick, that a fire took place at Hagerstown on Sunday night, which consumed 10 or 12 buildings, including the offices of the Torchlight and the Herald of Freedom, the two Whig papers of that place.

The New York Express of Saturday says—"There are extensive orders from England to purchase old sound wheat in choice parcels at 110cts., which cannot be filled. Neither old nor new wheat can be found in the market."

BALTIMORE MARKET.
Office of the Patriot, Thursday, July 30.

Wheat (Red)	$1 10 a	$1 12
(White)	1 10 a	1 18
Corn (Yellow)	52 a	0 00
(White)	52 a	0 00
Rye	55 a	0 00
Oats	23 a	0 00

DIED

In Baltimore on the 29th ult. at the City Hotel, Col. John P. Gale, of Somerset county, Maryland.

Lost.

A BLACK CLOTH COAT, with plain lasting buttons and lappels—a breast pocket—In one of the skirt pockets was a pair of Linen Gloves.

The above described coat was Lost or stolen from my Gig, in Easton, on the 15th July. —A liberal reward will be given for its recovery.—Apply at the Easton Gazette Office, or to

O P KILLINGSWORTH,
Aug. 1, 1840. Chestertown.

WANTED,

TWO BOYS of industrious habits to learn the Cabinet Making Business.

JAMES S. S'HANNAHAN,
Easton, Aug 1, 1840.—3t

An Overseer Wanted.

A man with a family, who can be recommended for honesty, sobriety and industry, will hear of a situation by applying at this office.

August 1, 1840.—tf

DENTISTRY.

GEORGE W. HUMPHREYS,
OF VIRGINIA,
DENTAL SURGEON,

Invites the attention of the public to one of the most valuable improvements ever introduced to their notice, being an extremely simple mode of extracting Teeth, by which the patient is saved the greater part of the pain usually attendant on the ordinary method of extracting, whilst its safety is so remarkable that no injury can be inflicted on the jaw bone or gums. The advertiser assures the public that he can extract teeth by this system, no matter if they be of the largest size or decayed fangs, with the application of one third the power ordinarily employed in such operations, and he invites the citizens of Easton and the surrounding country to call and examine his proof in favor of what is here asserted.

He also offers his services to the public; as being, in most cases, able to save entirely such decayed and aching teeth, as they now fear must be extracted. His success in soothing and finally saving many valuable teeth in an extensive practice in some of the principal Northern and Southern cities, has been so decided, that he invites the public to call, confident that he can, under his skill as a Dentist, be useful to them.

He will also Cleanse, Plug, and Insert Teeth upon springs or fangs, on the most approved plan, and cure inflammation and soreness of the gums, giving them a healthy action which will improve the breath and taste.

For testimonials and prices for operating, see bills which he will furnish.

☞ Having procured comfortable rooms at Mrs Donovan's, he may be consulted at all hours of the day.

He refers to Dr. T. Thomas and Dr. Solomon M. Jenkins.

☞ He will remain in Easton only a few days.

Easton, August 1, 1840.

EASTON AND BALTIMORE PACKET.

THE SCHOONER HARP,

Having been put in complete order, with first rate accommodations has commenced, and will continue to run regular throughout the season between Easton and Baltimore, leaving Easton Point every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, and the lower end of Dugan's Wharf Baltimore, on every Wednesday at the same hour, weather permitting.

The subscriber has employed Mr. WILLIAM JENKINSON, at Easton Point, as clerk and receiver, (where he has in good order, the granary formerly occupied by Capt. Robert Leonard,) also Messrs. JAMES BARROL & SONS, in Baltimore, as agents for the sale of Grain and all other articles shipped by him, and not otherways consigned.

Orders for freight will be thankfully received and punctually attended to, either at the subscribers office at Easton Point, or at the Drug Store of Messrs. THOMAS H. DAWSON & SONS.

The Commander of the HARP, Capt. ELIAS TAYLOR, has been long and favorably known to the subscriber, as a sober, honest and careful man and the Messrs. BARROL'S & JENKINSON are too well known to require any remark from me.

Passage and fare $2,00, freight at the usual prices.

The public's ob't. serv't.
JACOB WRIGHT.

Easton, Aug. 1, 1840.

BLANKS
Of every description for sale at this Office.

A Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale, the Farm on which Samuel Plummer resides, about two and a half miles from Easton, adjoining B. Tomlinson's, containing

250 ACRES OF LAND.

This farm is well adapted to the growth of wheat and corn, and susceptible of great improvement, the resources for which are immense, as an abundance of Marl can be procured with convenience from different parts of the farm. Any persons wishing to examine the premises will please call on Abraham Griffith, at Easton, or the subscriber at Deaton who will shew them and terms made known.

Should the above described farm not be disposed of before the 25th day of August inst., it will on that day be sold at public sale, at the Court House door in the town of Easton, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. of that day.

W. COUNCELL.

Aug. 1, 1840.—3t

MARYLAND,
Caroline County, Orphans' Court,

28th day of July, A. D. 1840.

ON application of James Dukes, adm'r. of John Boon, Jr., late of Caroline county, deceased.

It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 28th day of July, A. D. 1840.

Test. W. A. FORD, Reg'r. of Wills,
for Caroline county.

In compliance to the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Boon, Jr., late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 18th day of June next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 28th day of July, 1840.

JAMES DUKES, adm'r.
of John Boon, Jr, dec'd.

Aug. 1—3w

MARYLAND:
Caroline County, Orphans' Court.

28th day of July, A. D. 1840.

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Given under my hand this 28th day of July, 1840

JAMES DUKES. Ad'mr, D B. N.
of John Boon, dec'd.

Aug. 1—3w

A Camp-Meeting

Will be held for Talbot Circuit, in the Bay Side District—to commence Friday the 14th of August next.

July 4, 1840. (W)

Centreville Times and Cambridge Chronicle will please copy the above.

To Rent for the ensuing year,

THE



Union Tavern,

In Easton, now in the tenure of Mr. Reece Merrett. The whole premises were put in complete order last fall. Also, the following Farms;

That part of "Poplar Neck," in Caroline county, now occupied by Mr. John Leaverton. The adjoining Farm occupied by Adam Harkless—My Sailes' Farm in Oxford Neck, in Talbot county, on the south side of the road to Oxford, and binding with Island creek—Also, "Spring Close," on the south side of Island creek, where buildings will be raised. The Farm at the *Hole* in the Wall, now occupied by Mr. Caleb Smith, and several small farms in that neighborhood all adjoining.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The farm on Tuckahoe creek, where Mr. Wm. Anderson lately resided.

WANTED—An industrious and faithful young man who has been bred to farming, and is willing to labour and take care of a small place. JOHN LEEDS KERR.

Easton, July 25, 1840. tf

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