$13,00 specie, which please to deliver to him on presentation of the first half.

Mr. Parker is unacquainted in your city, and has adopted this course for safety and identity.

I recommend him to your favor.

Yours respectfully,

GEO. O. HALL, Cashier.

On the 30th March, Mr. Gano in a letter to Mr. Hall on other business, alluded to the above letter as follows:

"Mr Parker has not yet appeared: when he does I shall hand him the half certificate sent for his use."

On the 3d of April Mr. Parker made his appearance and received from the Cashier of the Lafayette Bank, the half certificate, having produced the other half, which was carefully compared and found to correspond, and sold the same to the Commercial Bank in Cincinnati, receiving the one, two and three dollar notes of that Bank, which he stated he intended to use in the purchase of flour on the Muskingum. Not the slightest suspicion was excited, until the 15th April, when Mr. Gano received a letter from Mr. Hall, stating that he had no knowledge of any certificate of deposite which had been referred to in Mr. G's letter, and that having also received one of similar purport from Mr. Gwathmey of the Bank of Kentucky, he feared some imposition had been attempted, and wrote to put him on his guard.

We find these particulars in the Cincinnati Gazette.

GEN. HARRISON AND JUDGE BURNET.—At the meeting of the committee in Cincinnati to agree upon suitable measures to express the public feelings on the melancholy occasion of Gen. Harrison's death, a motion was made and unanimously adopted that Judge Burnet be requested to deliver the eulogy upon the late PRESIDENT. The Judge was present being chairman of the committee. He declined the request; and "never," says the Cincinnati Republican "did we witness deeper feeling or listen to truer eloquence than in the remarks he made." "I cannot accept, said he; "I could not 'speak. I knew HARRISON forty six years 'ago; he was a brother to me then, we 'have been brothers ever since; our hearts 'were knit together, and I would choke 'were I to attempt to speak of him. He 'is the last of the little band who started 'this city I am alone now, all alone, and 'I cannot talk of my friend I cannot." And the manly tears fell down his cheeks, and the sobs which were heard coming alike from the aged and the young of both parties told the deep sympathy which all felt. The scene was touching. It overcame all who witnessed it.

THE PUBLIC FEELING.—As a steamboat was about leaving Wheeling crowded with passengers, a heartless man observed that he regarded the President's death as a public blessing. The remark startled those who heard it, and, for a time deep silence was the only answer which was made. At length a man, venerable in appearance and years, in a voice stifled with grief, said such wanton levity was not consistent with a true American and that he would not travel with any one who could so speak. All the passengers concurred in this opinion and the heartless wretch was ordered on shore as being unfit to associate with men.—*Cincinnati Republican.*

It will be seen by the following paragraph that the account of the fire at North Bend, the late residence of Gen. Harrison was not so destructive as first supposed.

From the Cincinnati Gazette. April 13

FIRE AT NORTH BEND.

Great uneasiness was caused in this city yesterday morning, by a report that General Harrison's dwelling house at North Bend, has been destroyed by fire the previous afternoon. Direct information, however, arrived before noon, and quited all apprehensions. The building was on fire, but only the the upper story of the west wing sustained any material damage. The roof and this were destroyed, but without, we understand, the loss of any furniture, or seriously inconveniencing the afflicted family.

The following letter, published in yesterday's National Intelligencer, furnishes a correct statement of particulars relative to the recent fire at North Bend:

Cincinnati, April 13.

Fire at North Bend.—The belief was general yesterday morning that Gen Harrison's residence had been burned. The house caught on fire at 3 P. M. in the western wing, and baffled all exertions to subdue it. It was only by pulling down the connecting hall with the main building that that was saved. The western wing is now a heap of ashes, and the hall entirely demolished.

The family of Gen Harrison feel deeply indebted to our Irish friends who first gave the alarm, and who succeeded in putting the fire out. They left their work on the canal, and labored as if the house were their own. But for the generous exertions indeed, of these noble-hearted Irishmen, the whole building must have been destroyed; and they have not alone the thanks of the widow and orphan, but the warm applause of all our citizens, for their prompt and efficient aid.

Col. Taylor writes: "We are indebted to the active and noble exertions, of Irishmen for the preservation of the house. They not only gave the alarm, but worked as I never saw men work before, They deserve the highest praise, as they have the warmest gratitude of the family and myself, for their generous aid."

The editor of the Maine Cultivator has received a pair of 'large hens' from Russia—said to be prolific layers and excellent poultry. Chanticleer 'can stand by the side of a flour barrel, and eat corn with ease, from the top.'

ROBINSON, the murderer, was executed on, Friday morning, in front of the jail in New Brunswick. After he was suspended, the rope untied and he fell, but he was immediately hoisted up again. He remained hardened and insensible to all religious impressions until he was executed.

The Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce of New York have both been called, to consider the subject of memorialising Congress for a new National Bank.

The Kingston Chronicle Upper Canada, appeared in mourning on the 9th inst. the day after the intelligence of President Harrison's death reached that place. This act of respect in a foreign journal deserves a grateful acknowledgment.

The Supreme Court of the United States has decided *unanimously*, according to the Washington Globe, that Congress has no right under the clause of the Constitution giving it power to regulate commerce among the States, to prohibit the transportation of slaves from State to State.

NO STEAMER.—The N. York Herald of the 21st. says:—When we went to press the Western had not arrived. We should not be surprised if we received news this morning by the Columbia, at Boston—To day is the eighteenth day the Western has been at sea. The Columbia sailed a day after the Western.

From the National Intelligencer.

PROSCRIPTION.

The Globe utters a lugubrious complaint against the policy of proscription, and speaks of it as involving "the livelihood of so many thousands who have no skill or means to support their families except by the employments which they have devoted the prime of life to learn."

Where were the tender sensibilities of the party to which the Globe belongs when, in 1829, the ruthless hand of despotism was *first* lifted to strike the innocent and the faithful? Then, neither the Revolutionary services of the incumbents themselves or their immediate progenitors—nor fidelity in the discharge of duty—nor the fact of having large families dependent on them for support—weighed aught in averting the blow from those who had incurred the displeasure of the Executive, or of that more potent "power behind the throne greater than the throne itself," the behest of an irresponsible, self constituted cabal, which met in secret and at midnight denounced their fellow laborers. When once marked, the destiny was as sure to overtake the victim as the cry of *a la lanterne* did those of France in the days of Robespierre.

One of the most revolting features of the proscription of 1829 was the attempt unsuccessful though it was—to blast the characters of all who who felt the blow of miscalled reform. The proscription of the present day—if, indeed, it may be styled proscription—is but the expression of that indignant feeling created by the first introduction of the system into every branch of our Government. If, in the exercise of that feeling, all who advised, encouraged, or approved the policy are made to feel the recoil they may thank their own folly or malignity for it. The proscription of 1841 is only RETRIBUTIVE JUSTICE. We apply to them the language or Shakspere:

"In these cases
We still have judgment here; that we but teach
Bloody instructions, which, being taught, return
To plague the inventor. This even-handed justice
Commends the ingredients of our poison'd chalice
To our own lips."

The hypocrisy of these lachrymal ebullitions of the Globe and other kindred presses is attested by the fact, which has never yet been denied, that, had the last Presidential election resulted in favor of Mr. Van Buren, lists of every Whig in office at Washington were prepared, & no means were to be left untried to effect the removal of all! But the election terminated differently, and that policy which was to have been pursued without stint and without remorse now becomes odious when applied to the empirical curators of official purity.

Limiting our remarks to the cases which occurred in the District of Columbia in 1829, we can say that of the numerous individuals so unjustifiably and causelessly removed, *not one has yet been restored to office!* As a class of men, they may boldly challenge comparison with those who have since been brought here by the sun of Executive favor. What they have suffered during the interval of twelve years is, and, perhaps, only can be, known to themselves. Having done nothing to forfeit their claims to public confidence and respect, they have the consolation of knowing, or at least believing, that they enjoy both to as great an extent as ever. Many of them, it is true, have gone to their final account, and are now beyond the reach of earthly justice; but their memories and their characters are preserved in the affectionate remembrance of their companions in affliction. Those of them who survive rely with undiminished confidence upon the justice of the present Executive to redress their wrongs at the earliest moment that other more pressing, if not more important, calls upon the attention of the heads of Departments will permit.

Not being disposed to offer to others physic which we will not take ourselves and having tendered to them the language of Avon's Bard for consolation, we can derive ours from the same source by simply remarking:

"If it were done, when 'tis done, then 'twere well
t were done *quickly.*"

ONE OF THE PROSCRIBED.

EFFECTUAL RAT TRAP.—Take a tight barrel, with one head out. Pour a couple of pails full of water into it. Draw over the top a sheep-skin, and confine it by a string drawn around the upper part of the barrel. Cut the skin from the centre, at right angles, to nearly the barrels edge. Smear the centre of the skin with grease, mixed with meal. Set a board from the floor up against the top of the barrel, with meal strewed on it, for the rats to walk up. As they step upon the skin and advance towards the centre, suddenly their foundation will give way and they will fall into the water, from which there is no retreat. If you place a brick or stone in the barrel, just so as to leave the top of it out of water, the first rat that falls in will climb thereon and set up a cry, which will call the whole family of rats to see what the matter is. As each new comer enters on the skin covered top of the barrel, he too is plunged below to keep company with the alarmest. In this way many rats, perhaps all there are in the house, may be taken in a single night. The trap is a simple one, and costs but little. Those who have tried it say it is effectual.—*Maine Cultivator.*

PRICES CURRENT.

Office of the American, }
Tuesday, April 19. }

Wheat	(Red)	$0 90 a 1 00
Corn	(yellow)	50 a 0 51
	(white)	48 a 0 49
	Oats	35 a 0 00
	Rye	50 a 0 00

MARRIED

On Thursday 22d inst. at the Friends Meeting House, Jonathan Tyler, of Baltimore to Eliza H. Willson, of this county.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

The Parishoners of St. Michaels Parish are informed, that the Right Rev. Dr. Wittingham, intends holding Divine Service in St John's Chapel, at Miles River Ferry, on Monday the 10th of May, and at Christ Church, St. Michaels, the day following.—Service will commence at the usual hour, (11 o'clock.)

April 24th, 1841.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The Total Abstinence Society of Easton will meet on Sunday afternoon, (to-morrow) at half past 3 o'clock, in the Methodist Protestant Church. Members are requested to be punctual in their attendance, and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend.

N. G SINGLETON, Sec'ry.

April 24

ATTENTION.

The Male members of the Total Abstinence Society of Easton, are hereby notified to meet at the Methodist Protestant Church, on Tuesday morning next, at 9 o'clock *precisely*, for the purpose of uniting in the general procession to be formed on that day.

N. G. SINGLETON, Sec'ry.

April 24

NOTICE.

The Members of the different Temperance associations throughout the County, are respectfully invited to meet the "Total Abstinence Society of Easton," at the Methodist Protestant Church in this Town, on Tuesday morning next, at 9 o'clock for the purpose of joining the procession and taking part in the ceremonies of the day.

H. E. BATEMAN,
N. G SINGLETON,
SAML H. BENNY,

Committee of Arrangement, Easton Total Abstinence Society.

April 24, 1841.

New Goods.

ORSON GORE having taken the entire interest of Mr Thomas Pierson, in the late firm of Singleton & Pierson, the business will in future, be conducted under the firm of

SINGLETON & GORE.

They have just returned from the City with a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery-ware, &c.

which they offer on very reasonable terms for *cash*, or to punctual customers. They solicit the patronage of the customers of the late firms and of the public generally.

April 24—3w (S)

MARYLAND:

Talbot County, Orphans' Court.

15th day of April, A. D. 1841.

On application of Jeremiah Bromwell, adm'r with the will annexed of Jacob S. Bromwell, late of Talbot county, dec'd.

It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton

In Testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 15th day of April, A D. 1841.

Seal.

Test,

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills,
for Talbot County.

In compliance to the above order

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Jacob S. Bromwell, late of Talbot County deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of November next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 15th day of April, 1841.

JEREMIAH BROMWELL, Adm'r.
with the will annexed,
of Jacob S. Bromwell, dec'd

April 24—3w

Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the proclamation of the Governor of Maryland, that an Election will be held in the several Election Districts in Talbot County, on MONDAY the 17th day of May next, for the purpose of electing a Representative in Congress from the second Congressional District of Maryland.

JESSE SCOTT, Sh'ff.

April 24

Commissioners Notice.

The Commissioners for Talbot County will sit on Tuesday and Saturday, the 11th and 15th of May next, and on the following Tuesdays and Saturdays for three successive weeks thereafter, to hear appeals, and make such alterations as may be required in the assessable property of the county.

Persons interested should not neglect to appear before the Board of Commissioners, as no alterations can be made after the time specified above.

By order

GEO. W. SHERWOOD, Clk.

April 24

EASTERN SHORE

U. S. Mail Line,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,



(*Through in Four Horse Post Coaches*)

Will leave Elkton immediately after the arrival of the Cars from Philadelphia and Baltimore, say 1 o'clock, P. M., on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, and arrive at Cambridge on the following days at 1 o'clock, P. M. Leave Cambridge Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Elkton at 10 o'clock, next day, in time to take the cars for either city.

Fare from Elkton to Cambridge, $2 00
" " Easton, 2 00
" " Centreville, 1 50
" " Church Hill, 1 50
" " Chestertown 1 50
" " G. Town ✕ Roads, 1 00
" " Sudler's ✕ Roads, 1 50
" " Millington, 1 00
" " Head of Sassafras, 1 00
" " Warwick, 75

WM J. BENJAMIN, Agent.

April 24, 1841.—1y

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against Horatio L. Edmondson; one at the suit of William R Price, adm'r. of Solomon Lowe, and the other at the suit of Jacob C Willson, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton, on Saturday the 15th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A M and 5 o'clock, P M of said day, for cash, the following property, viz: all the right title and estate of said Edmondson of, in and to all that tract of land in Edmondson's Neck, known as part Edmondson's Difficulty, containing six hundred acres of land more or less, now in the occupancy of said Edmondson, also 3 grey horses, 2 grey mares, 2 sorrel horses, 1 black horse, 2 bay horses, 1 bay mare, 1 sorrel mare, 2 sorrel colts, 1 bay colt, 5 old oxen 2 yoke of young oxen 2 mules 28 head of cows and yubrake steers, 8 yearlings, 67 sheep, 3 ox-carts, 1 horse cart, one wagon and harness, and one four-wheeled carriage and harness, all seized to satisfy the above mentioned writs of fieri facias and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon

JESSE SCOTT, Shff

April 24 (S)

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against Andrew Callahan, at the suit of William Hughlett, will be sold at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on Saturday the 15th day of May next, for cash between the hours of 10 o'clock, A M and 5 o'clock, P M of said day, the following property, viz: 3 horses, 12 head of cattle, 1 gig and harness, all his household and kitchen Furniture, consisting of beds, tables, chairs &c; also all that farm or plantation on which the said Callahan resides, known as part Rigby's Marsh containing three hundred and eighty-two acres of land more or less, all seized and taken as the property of said Callahan and will be sold to satisfy the above mentioned writ of fieri facias and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

JESSE SCOTT, Shff.

April 24 (S)

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed, against Robert Rose and James L. Martin, at the suit of Isaac Atkinson, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton, on Saturday the 15th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. of said day, for cash, the following property, viz: a part of a tract of land called Arcadia, near the town of Easton, containing one hundred and fifty four and three quarter acres of land, more or less seized as late the property of said Rose and will be sold to satisfy the above mentioned writ of fieri facias and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

JESSE SCOTT, Shff.

April 24

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed at the suit of John Leeds Kerr, Ex'r of Samuel Harrison, against George W. Noble, will be sold at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on Tuesday the 11th day of May next, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. of said day, the following property, viz five head of horses, ten head of cattle and all that farm or plantation where said Noble now resides, known as part Mitchell's lot, and part Widow's Chance, containing two hundred and fifty eight acres of land more or less, also a lot of ground near Wye, containing ten acres of land more or less, all seized and taken as the property of said Noble, and will be sold to satisfy the above mentioned writ of fieri facias and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon

Attendance given by

JESSE SCOTT, Shff.

April 16th, 1841. ts

New Spring and SUMMER GOODS.

WM. H. HOPKINS,

Has just returned fr[om] Baltimore, with a good assortment of Seasonable Goods, such as DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE, FRUIT AND CONFECTIONARY, &c &c., all of which have been selected with great care, and will be offered at a very small advance for *cash*. His friends and the public generally are invited to an inspection of his stock.

April 17—3w

N. B.—The subscriber would take hides and country produce in Exchange for Goods at the highest cash prices.

A CARD.

MRS. ANN K. HEMSLEY,

Having taken the House lately occupied by Dr. E. Spedden, situated on Washington Street, and adjoining the Post Office, is prepared to accommodate Boarders, by the year, week, or day.

April 17—3t

To the Public.

In consequence of a publication, made in the Easton Gazette of the 3d inst by Samuel H. Benny, I am compelled to make a brief statement of all that came under my notice, in relation to the subject.

As I was one day about entering the Market House in this place, Capt. Samuel H Benny called me up to him and asked me what I thought of the propriety of raising the price of freight on grain to 6¼ cents, that he had seen Capt. Robson Leonard, and had some conversation with him, and they had concluded to confer with me on the subject. I answered him, saying he had rather taken me by surprise, it was a subject that required some reflection, and at some future time, I would give him an answer, remarking at the same time, I do not think it will answer, as grain is so very low—but in case I was to go in to any such arrangement, it should be reduced to writing in the form of an advertisement and all the parties should sign it and a copy of the same published in the newspapers—the above conversation was in the presence of William H. Nabb

A few days after, as I was coming out of the Post Office I met Capt Benny and Capt. Leonard. Capt Benny asked me what I had thought of the propositions he had made, in our former conversation about raising the price of freight on grain I answered, that I was about of the same opinion as before, that it would not do while grain kept so low. Capt Benny said, as other vessel owners charge 6¼ cents, I see no reason why we should not have it also—Capt Leonard said to me, are you going to Baltimore this trip in your Schooner? I answered that I was—well said he, we can there have some more conversation on the subject then said Capt Benny, the subject remains as it is and I we see each other again. Capt. L. and myself answered yes—but said Capt. Benny, I must advertise before yet return from Baltimore, and I shall advertise that price any how,—on arriving in Balti more Capt. Leonard and myself delivered our grain on board the same vessel he in company with John Work asked me what I had thought of the subject, I told him that I still adhered to my first impression, that as grain was so very low, I thought it would be wrong to raise the freight at this time Capt. L. said I did not like that view of the subject before, but went on the ground, that as other vessel owners had that price, the rest of us ought to have it also. Between the different periods of holding the two conferences with Capt. Benny, I made the subject known to Henry Holliday, William Powell, and William Rose, Esq's. who I will refer the public to for the opinion I then entertained of the subject, it is very probable if I had ever agreed to raise the price of freight or ever entertained favorable views that way I should have made it known to them or some person, and I call on a generous public to answer whether I was ever heard to say any thing like it, and to judge whether I have done or said any thing, in any way, calculated to injure Capt Benny.

The public's obedient servant,

JACOB WRIGHT.

April 17, 1841.

I ATTACH THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES.

I was present when the above conversation took place between Captains Benny and Wright, and believe the substance of it to be true as stated; I distinctly recollect hearing Capt Wright say that he thought it a bad time to raise the price of *freight* as grain was so very low.

WM. H NABB.

April 5th, 1841.

I hereby certify, that the statement above made by Capt. Jacob Wright, in relation to what was *said by him, Capt. Samuel H. Benny and myself at the time and places mentioned, is strictly true.*

ROBSON LEONARD

April 8th, 1841.

I was present when Capt. Jacob Wright and Capt. Robson Leonard, held the above conversation in Baltimore, as set forth in Capt Wright's statement, and believe it to be true as stated.

JOHN WORK.

April 9th, 1841.

LIME.

THE subscriber is now burning Lime in this place, suitable for either building or land, and will make arrangements to have it delivered any where on the Bay Shore, either on the Eastern or Western Shore, or on any of the numerous navigable streams entering the Bay, or any where on the line of the Rail Road, leading from this place to Baltimore.

Orders addressed to the subscriber, at this place, will be promptly attended to.

SAMUEL ROBINSON.

Havre-de-Grave, April 3—7t

Easton Gazette will copy the above to the amount of $2 and send account to the Susquehanna Advocate for payment.

ROANOKE,



WILL stand the present season at Easton, every Tuesday, at his stable near Baker's Shop, the residue of the season at the subscribers residence, near Easton, at 6 dollars the spring's chance—10 dollars to insure a foal—and 25 cents in each case to the groom. For Pedigree and further particulars see handbills. EDW'D. N. HAMBLETON.

April 3, 1841.

Postponed Sale.

SALE OF

Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of authority derived from Talbot County Court, as a Court of Equity, I will sell on Tuesday, the 6th of April next, at the Court House door in the Town of Easton, in Talbot County, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M all the real estate of which John M. G. Emory, died, seized—consisting of a tract or parcel of land, containing the quantity of Three Hundred and Eighty-Eight Acres, more or less, situated on the main road leading from Easton to Acres Ferry, and within a mile of said Town.

I propose to sell that portion of said tract of land laying on the right hand side of said road, in lots of five and ten acres each to suit the convenience of purchasers. There will then be enough on the left side of the road to make a handsome farm—on this part of the farm there is an excellent mill seat.—The land is generally good, and with a little expense might be made very productive.—There is several wood lots a short distance from the farm, which will be sold as part thereof. I will also sell at the same time, the House and Lot on the Dover street, in Easton, at present occupied by Mrs. Emory, as a Dwelling. Also a lot on same street opposite the property of Wm. W. Higgins, Esq.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by the Decree are—one hundred dollars to be paid on the day of sale, and the balance in four equal instalments of six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond and security to be approved by the Trustee.

I hereby advise the creditors of John M. G. Emory deceased, to exhibit their claims to the Clerks office of Talbot County Court, within four months from the day of sale, with the vouchers thereof

JAMES LL. MARTIN, Trustee.

March 20—3w

The sale of the above property is postponed to Tuesday, the 18th day of May next—when a sale will certainly be made.

April 17—ts

Notice.

Those persons who are indebted to Abraham Griffith on open account or otherwise are requested to call on the subscriber at the office of Joseph Graham, Esq (where the Books may be seen, and settle the same without delay, or they will be proceeded against according to law.

N. E. NICOLS,
Agent for A. Griffith.

April 10

Caroline County Court on the Equity side thereof.

MARCH TERM, 1841.

Aaron B. Rainer and Hester, his wife, and George Edward Fountain for the use of Joshua C. Bell, use of George Fisher,
vs.
John Rathell and Jane his wife, and others

The complainants in the above case having suggested to the Judges of Caroline county Court that some time in year eighteenhundred and thirty two, John Rathell and Jane, his wife, departed this life leaving the following named persons, to wit:—Ann Matilda Manlove, Mary J. Manlove, James B Manlove, William E Manlove, (children of said Jane Rathell by a prior marriage with a certain James Manlove) Charles G Rathell, Margaret J. Rathell and John Henry Rathell, their heirs at law and legal representatives, that they died intestate, and that letters of administration have not been issued from the Orphans' Court of Caroline County, in which county, at or near Hillsborough, the said parties resided at the time of their death, and having further suggested, that the said legal representatives of said parties reside out of the State of Maryland and in the State of Delaware, beyond the jurisdiction of this Court and having prayed the Court to issue a summons to said legal representatives of said deceased parties, commanding them to appear on the second Monday of October next in Caroline County Court and be made parties to the above suit, instead of said deceased parties, according to the act of Assembly in such case made and provided. It is thereupon ordered and adjudged that the complainants have a summons as prayed, and that they give notice thereof by causing a copy of this order and the summons aforesaid to be published in some newspaper on the Eastern Shore of Maryland at least once in each of three successive weeks four months before the second Monday of October next, to the end that said representatives may appear within the first four days of said October Term, to which by said summons they are required to appear.

Test, JO. RICHARDSON, Clk.

True copy,

Test, Jo. RICHARDSON, Clk.

CAROLINE COUNTY to wit: *The State of* Maryland. To Ann Matilda Manlove, Mary J. Manlove, James B Manlove, William E. Manlove, (children of Jane Rathell by a prior marriage with a certain James Manlove) Charles G. Rathell, Margaret J Rathell and John Henry Rathell, children and heirs at law of John Rathell and Jane, his wife, of Caroline county. Greeting. You are hereby commanded that all excuses set apart, you personally be and appear before the county court of Caroline county, to be held at Denton, on the second Monday in October next, to answer unto the complaint of Aaron B Rainer and Hester, his wife, and George Edward Fountain for the use of Joshua C. Bell, use of George Fisher, against you in the said court exhibited.

Seal.

Hereof fail not, as you will answer the contrary at your peril. Witness the Honorable ARA SPENCE, Esquire, Chief Judge of our said court, the 8th day of March, Anno Domini 1841.

Issued the 18th day of March, 1841.

JO. RICHARDSON, Clk.

True copy,

Test, Jo. RICHARDSON, Clk.

April 10—3w

A CARD.

DR CHARLES BELL GIBSON respectfully announces to the citizens of Baltimore, that the professional connection between Professor Smith and himself having ceased by limitation, he will continue to practice SURGERY, MEDICINE, AND OBSTRETRICS, Office No. 68 North Charles street.

☞Surgical cases at a distance, requiring advice or operation will be promptly attended.

April 3—7t

Easton Gazette will copy the above to the amount of $2 and charge Balt. Patriot office.

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