repeal of the agency law of 1840; an extension of time to pay the direct taxes of 1841, '42, and '43; the reduction of salary of officers in internal improvement companies; and the re-organization of the judiciary of the State. Which were appropriately referred.

Mr. Craine submitted an order directing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of imposing a graduated tax on alienations of personal and real property. Also, as to taxing all inventories of estates one half per cent., to be paid by the executors or administrators; which were adopted.

Mr. Nicols submitted an order directing the Committee on the Constitution to report a bill to amend the constitution as to impose a tax upon all Judges and officers now exempt, which was adopted

The special order of the day—being the issue of Government stock, was taken up.

Mr. Tuck went into a minute investigation of the consititionality of the proposition, and referred to past action of the Government and to numerous witnesses, of both political parties to sustain the position. After speaking three hours, he gave way to a motion to adjourn.

IN SENATE.

The resolution from the House in favour of Ephram Smith; was adopted.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

ANNAPOLIS Feb. 6.

On motion of Mr Gallagher, the bill to incorporate the Washington Lodge of I. O. O. F. of Baltimore, was taken up, passed and sent to the Senate.

Also, the bill for the prevention of others than the citizens of Maryland from fishing on the Potomac. Also, the bill to transfer the donation to the Cumberland Academy to the Common School Fund; were severally passed; and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Murray, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill authorising the several internal improvement companies to pay their capital debts to the State in its public securities issued for their use respectively; which was made the order of the day for Thursday next

Also, presented petitions from citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying the better security of slave property; which was referred.

The bill providing for a reduction of the capital of the Citizens, the Chesapeak and the Planters' and Farmers' Bank of Baltimore, was taken up; after much discussion, and a few amendments; providing that a failure to pay specie, &c., shall be cause of forfeiture of charter. the bill was passed and sent to the Senate.

The House thereupon adjourned.

IN SENATE.

Nothing of importance was transacted to day.

ANNAPOLIS Feb 7, 1843.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from I R Aulds, dated London, Dec. 17, 1842, enclosing a memorial from "certain large holders of the dollar bonds," to the Legislature praying relief. Referred to the Committee on ways and means.

Also, a statement from the Treasurer, exhibiting the amount ($26,419.86) paid for purposes of education. Referred.

Mr. Powder obtained leave to introduce a bill to reduce the salary now paid by the State to its agents in the several joint stock companies of this State, and to repeal the act passed December session, 1841.

Mr. Sherwood, of Talbot, submitted an order directing the committee on grievances and courts of justice to inquire into the expediency of repealing an act to prevent unreasonable delay of jusuce and accumulation of unnecessary law suits in the courts of this State, passed 1832 chap, 230. Adopted.

Mr. Risteau reported a bill to foreclose the State mortgages against the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and the Tide Water and Susquehanna Canals. Referred to the Committee on internal improvements.

Mr. Owens reported a bill to provide for lessening the expense of future sessions of the Legislature. Also; a bill entitled a supplement to an act regulating licenses to hawkers and pedlers. Ordered to be printed.

Resolutions instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress relative to letter postage, &c. were passed and sent to the Senate.

The special order of the day being the issue of $200 000 000 Government stock —was again taken up.

Mr Tuck resumed his speech in favor of the measure. He was followed by Mr. Owens, but before he concluded, the House adjourned, at 3 o'clock, to meet again at 4 o'clock.

In the Senate, there was but little business done.

Paragraphs have appeared in some journals intimating that one member of the Court of Inquiry [in the case of the Somers] dissented from the judgement of the two others in exonerating Commander Mackenzie. We are enabled to rectify this error by saying that the exoneration pronounced by the Court of Inquiry was unanimous and unqualified.—N Y Com. Adv.

A RUMOR.—There is a report going abroad, that the Catholics are about or are thinking about purchasing the building known as the United States banking house, in Chesnut street, and converting it into a Cathedral. The situation is most admirable, and could easily be converted into a splendid place of worship.

Philadelphia Sun.

A Sheriff's sale was held at Harrisburg Pa. a few days since, when newly built houses sold for prices which would not pay for the lumber used in their construction, and houses and lotts sold; for less than half the prices they would have brought tw years ago.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, February 11.

FOR PRESIDENT
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

We are indebted to the Hon. J. D. Jones and Hon. J. A. Pearce, for valuable public documents.

GEORGIA ELECTION.—The full returns have at length been received, which show the following result.

Crawford (W.)	24,645
McDougald, (L. F.)	20 055
Crawford's maj.	4,590

The Relief party have triumphed in the Legislature of Missouri. A law has passed, giving an indirect but effective stay, upon all executions, for twelve months. The majority in its favor was large.

An act has been passed by the Virginia Legislature extending the provisions of the act authorizing the banks of that State to issue Small Notes. The act provides for the several banks to issue notes of the denomination of one and two dollars, to an amount not exceeding six per cent upon their respective capitals, which notes shall be payable in specie, on demand, and may be signed by the President and Cashier, or any other officer or officers of said banks, designated for the purpose by the Board of Directors.

REPORT OF GEN. JACKSON'S FINE.

The Washington correspondent of the New York American has the following notice of the report made in the House of Representatives on Gen. Jackson's fine.

The Committee on the Judiciary in the House have just reported according to the instructions given to them some time since by resolution, to inquire into all the facts in the case of the fine inflicted on General Jackson by Judge Hall at New Orleans with power to send for persons and papers, and to report both the facts and the law to the House. The printing of the report has been ordered; and there is a motion laid over for 5000 extra copies. I have not yet seen it, but those who have read it speak of it in the highest terms as a perfect and able paper.

Mr. James A. Pearce, of Maryland, is the author of it, and seems to have acquired for himself at once the respect of the whole House, and a title to fame by this admirable production. Even the Locofoco members of the Judiciary Committee (Saunders and C. J. Ingersoll,) join in the strongest commendations of it and declare it to be both brilliant and powerful.

It makes out a complete condemnation of Jackson's conduct in every particular It shows that he knew it to be unnecessary, because he was at the time informed of the conclusion of peace. It proves Loualier to have been an innocent man. It justifies Judge Hall throughout, and shows that his duty required him to do all that he did. It also convicts General Jackson of palpable mis-statements of fact in his recent communications on this subject.

I will send you a copy as soon as it is printed, as it is important that this narrative and argument should be laid before the people immediately and extensively. It is a most important portion of the history of the country; and on the determination of the facts may depend our liberty and our national destiny.

We have information, says the N. York Journal of Commerce of Monday, which seems to be possitive and authentic, that Mr. Forward is about to resign his office as Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Forward, after making his annual report tendered his resignation, it is said, to the President, who persuaded him, however, to continue for some time longer. There seems to be little doubt, taking all things into consideration, that Mr. Forward is going out, and that Mr. Cushing is coming in.

THE TIMES IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The Pittsburgh American presents a picture of general distress in Pennsylvania quite as gloomy as that which was given a day or two since of Virginia. It says—

We find the greatest distress prevailing in all parts of Pennsylvania in regard to money, and within our recollection there was never a time of greater suffering.—In many of the middle counties there appears a total absence of money of any kind, and the belief there exists that it has all taken up its location at the two extremes—Pittsburg hand Philadelphia. In many of those counties we are told that no debts are paid in money, or no sale made for it, and no promises of it given: the taxes remain uncollected, and that in some cases where attempts have been made to compel payment of these, no bidders were found, and when the officers attempted to remove the goods, they were quietly, but decisively to told desist, and in a manner, and an evident temper in the public mind, that insured obedience.

We clip the following from the New York Journal of Commerce.

THE END—*Latest News.*—We have seen a statement over Miller's own signature, dated 1st of January, 1843, in which he expresses his full belief that the end of the world will take place some time between the 21st of March 1843, and the 21st of March 1844.

Nominations by the Governor.

☞ The following list of appointments for Talbot county has been sent by the Governor to the Senate. It is believed they will be approved by that body.

Orphans' Court.—Wm. Arringdale, Wm. Rose, Thos. R. Hollyday.

County Surveyor—*John H. Harris.*

Notary Public—James C. Wheeler.

Inspecter of Fire Wood at Easton Point—James Hopkins.

For Coroners—Wm H. Nabb. De S. Haddaway, John Bullen, Jesse Clark.

For Justices of the several District Courts. For Dist. No. 1—Joseph Graham, H. E. Bateman, John Talbot.

No. 2—Wm. P. Ridgaway, Rigby Hopkins, John W. Battie.

No 3.—James Ghaplain, senr, James W. Abbott, John Bullen.

No. 4—Edward Roe, Cornelius Sherwood, James Redman.

For Justices of the Peace.—Sam'l H. Benny, Henry Thomas, G. Furbutt, Daniel L Haddaway, John W. S. McDaniel, William Caulk, jr. D. Weeden Thos. Auld. Jas Harrison, Nicholas Orem. Richard C. Lane, Wm Townsend, Daniel Leonard, Orson Gore. C. W. Righy, James Redman, Alex'r. E. Dudley Nicholas Rice, Azariah Benny, William S. Ridgaway, Joseph Graham, John H. Holt, Edward Roe, Cor. Sherwood, Wm, P. Ridgaway, Wm. W. Lowe, Rigby Hopkins, Jas Chaplain, sen. John Bullen, James W. Abbott, James Sewall, Thomas S. Hayward, John Newnam, Woolman Leonard, *H.* P. Geoghegan, Thos. Jenkins, James D Bromwell, Charles Jump, William Rose, Joseph Turner, Sol. Mullikin, John Catrup, Colonel James Bartlett, Jos. Marshall, John Talbott. H. E. Bateman, Thos Graham, Jr. Thomas Harwood, R T G Thomas. Jno W. Battie. —Star.

Baltimore, Feb. 6

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—The fire about four o'clock yesterday morning, proceeded from the large four story brick warehouse, situate at the north east corner of North Calvert and Pratt streets, running through to Cheapside, owned by Luther J. Cox, Esq., and occupied by Messrs. A. M. Fenby & Co., as a grocery and feed store, and Mr. L. Laconech as a confectionary. The entire building, with its contents, were completely destroyed—Messrs Fenby and Co. had an insurance in the Merchants' Fire Insurance Compa, ny, of $3 000 on their goods, which it is supposed will nearly cover their loss; and the Merchants' had an insurance on the house of $3 000.—Mr Laconech was insured in the Franklin for $1.200.—Though at an unfavorable hour the firemen were promptly on the spot, and by strenuous exertions saved the surrounding property. The alarm yesterday afternoon was caused by a rekindling of the above fire.

Baltimore, Feb. 7.

FIRE.—About seven o'clock yesterday evening a fire broke out in the back part of the dry goods store of Mr. H Diffendaffer, on Baltimore street, 3d house west of Gay street, which spread with such rapiddity through the premises that the stock of goods was enturely consumed. The house was destroyed, and the back part and upper story of the adjoining store occupied by Messrs. Stearns and Sikken were also burnt. The stock of goods belonging to the latter gentlemen was mostly saved by removal.

Another Fire.—Yesterday afternoon about 1 o'clock, a fire broke out in the upper story of the large Snuff Mill in Beuren street, owned by Mr William Heald, Tobacconist, and others. The fireman repaired to the spot with great promptness, and by extraordinary exertions, succeeded in confining the flames to the upper part of the building. The loss sustained was not very heavy—Ame.

ATTEMPT AT MURDER AND PIRACY.

The Boston Daily Advertiser furnishes the particulars of an attempt by the first and second mates of the brig Poultney of Baltimore, to murder the Captain, and turn the vessel into a pirate. An attempt was made on the 25th of November, on a moonlight night, the captain having been knocked down by the second mate, while attempting to go on deck.

The first mate prevented the men from coming below, by telling them that the captain would shoot the first man who came in the cabin but the truth having come to their ears, the second mate was obliged to desist from his murderous purposes, and Captain Mouatt's life was thus saved.

On the arrival of the vessel at Pernambuco the United States Consul, Mr. Snow, had the second mate arrested, but advised Capt. M. to take the chief mate to Rio Janeiro, as he could not supply his place at Pernambuco, and on his arrival at Rio Janeiro, to deliver him to the U. States Consul there.

On investigation before the Consul at Pernambuco, the crew testified that they had heard the two mates conversing as they sat together on the main hatch, the day before the attack, and heard the second mate tell the chief mate that the latter was too chicken hearted; and if he would be quiet, he [the second mate] would despatch the old man.

The crew had been asked by the second mate to join in taking the vessel, but had refused.

Capt. Mouatt is 65 years of age, an old trader to South America, and much respected. He owned half the vessel and cargo. He had no difficulty either with the mates or the crew, but was rather remarkable for being too easy with his men, and too indulgent to his mates.

Both mates will probably be sent to Baltimore for trial.

For the Easton Gazette.

Mr. Graham,

Will be so kind as to permit me to inquire of the where-abouts of the county Temperance Society which organized at St. Michaels during last summer, at which time, they appointed a meeting to be held (I think), at Easton, in September, which meeting accordingly met, and sorry to say, but few attended, it was then and there understood that the next regular one would be held at the Chapel, they however contemplated, holding an intermediate one at the Trappe, for the purpose of giving the cause there a new impulse, of which we were to be notified by the Secretary.

But it appears that nothing has been said in reference to it,—the time for holding the stated one has passed, and still nothing said. Is it because, the cause is not of sufficient importance as not to demand attention? or is it because we have become lukewarm? We are rather inclined to think the latter. We all know that it is of infinate importance; and we should embrace any & every opportunity to impress upon the minds of the people, these great truths. We would say to the temperance brethren, bestir yourselves for the enemy is still in the land and would want to appear at every corner—the contest is not yet gained, they still meet us in solid phalanx, and rejoice in beholding our supineness.

If the County Society held her regular meetings, in the several election districts, alternately, it will be the means that will actuate the several auxiliaries to send their delegates, who will represent them respectively, and as this society is considered, as it were a legislature, at which all important measures are to be properly considered and investigated. Why is it not therefore kept up? They (the auxiliries) will take an interest then and not until then. It is to be hoped therefore that a meeting will be immediately called, in order that an empetus may be given to the cause.

As a delegate to that society, I anticipated the day when, she would be looked upon as one that would thoroughly saturate the county with the principles of temperance, & would stop those machines, that are turned only by the liquid stream—But they still are revolving, and we awfully fear that they will increase in rapidity, and numbers unless we temperance men awake from our slumber and warn them of the devastation they are making, & in conjunction to this offer them 'beauty for ashes' —a steady arm for a palsied one—and in a word to let them see that we are Patriots and Philanthropists—of which their course make hem the reverse.

A DELEGATE.

Royal Oak, Feb. 6 h.

STATE AGENT AND INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.—The majority in the House of Delegates, if we may judge from indications given out in various quarters, are disposed to resort to extreme measures because the Senate, in the exercise of its discretion and constitutional authority, will not concur in the resolution of the House to change the present mode of electing the State's agents in the internal improvement companies. We hear much of the contumacy of a minority obstinately bent on defeating the will of the majority —of a minority wishing to rule and to hold patronage in their hands. What is the meaning of all this? Does any one deny the right of the Senate to act according to its good judgment? If the House sees fit to pass a resolution, may not the Senate with equal propriety see fit to reject it? Has the House of Delegates a paramount and absolute authority in matters of legislation?—It is a common thing enough for a measure to pass one body and to fail in the other; and there would be as much propriety in denouncing one branch for adopting it, as the other for its rejection.

It is regarded by some as great arrogance for the Whigs to assume to themselves the guardianship of the State's interest to preserve it from the grasp of partizans for political ends. The other side say that they can manage their own affairs. In this matter let the course of the Senate be judged by reasonable and impartial men. Have the Whigs in the management of the public works, so far as they have controlled them, converted the improvement system into the machinery of party? Have they introduced political prescription? The question is one of facts It is known that in 1838 Gen. Leakin, then Mayor of Baltimore, re-nominated the Van Buren directors in the city representation in the Rail Road Company. It is also known that Gov Grason at the same time did not re-nominate the Whig directors in the State representation in the same Company, and it is equally well known that no other than political grounds were objected against them When the Hon. Francis Thomas was elected President of the Canal Company, a general removal of all Whigs in the employment of the company took place. Within a few months past the Whig directors in that same company have elected as President Gen. McNeil, who is not a Whig. It will not do then to say that the Whigs, in refusing to surrender the entire control of the public works into the hands of the opposing party to save them from political abuses are desirous of keeping the control for party purposes of their own. It is clear that they have not abused the public works for such ends, and it is equally clear that the other party has, whenever opportunity offered. The Whigs do not claim credit for a forbearance which they promise; they ask to be judged fairly by what they have done.

Besides, when so much stress is laid upon the right of the majority, is there no arrogance in the assumption? Who will say that the Whigs are not at this moment the majority of the people of Maryland? A temporary success—to all appearances accidental—does not afford a sufficient ground upon which to presume so largely as some do. The next election may send a Whig majority to the House of Delegates, and the probability is strong that such will be the case. It undoubtedly will, if good legislation is an object duly appreciated by the people.

But all these considerations are wide of the true point. That point is the constitutional right of the Senate of Maryland to exercise its own good judgment on all matters coming regularly and rightfully under its cognizance. It has as much right to disapprove of a measure which the House has passed as the House has to disapprove of a measure adopted by the Senate. The people at the proper time will decide all matters at issue between the two Houses through the legitimate agency of the ballot box. It is not for one party, or one branch of the General Assembly, to claim absolute pre-eminence for itself in despite of the constitution, or to insist that its will shall overbear a concurrent authority as valid as its own

Balt. American.

The Alexandria Gazette says: "We understand that Mr. Richard Peters was not removed from the office of Reporter to the Supreme Court. Under a late law constituting the Reporter of the Court an officer with a regular salary, the Court we understand, felt itself bound to make an election. An election for Reporter, under the new law, was had, and Mr. Howard, of Maryland, was elected."

A VENERABLE POSTMASTER.—Wm. Dickson who died at Greenville (Tenn) on the 2d inst.' was appointed postmaster by Gen. Washington in 1796, and held, on through all the changes of the country to the day of his death. He had also taken the National Intelligencer 42 years and had paid up to the 5th day of the month preceding his decease.

CITIZENS FIRE COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Citizens' Fire Company held at Roszell's Hotel on the 4th of January, 1843, among other business the following officers were elected to serve for one year.

Doctor S. M. Jenkins, President—Robert T.G. Thomas, Secretary—Peregrine Groome, Treasurer—Wm N Mullikin. Collector.—Richard Thomas, Engineer—J. C. Neall, Assistant Engineer.

Hoseman—W. H. Parrot, W. Cox. Henry Coburn, Alex. Dodd.

Axe Men—William Bullen, William Austin.

Hose Men—P. H. Feddeman, George C. Graham, T. D. Valliant. Jacob J. Mason, Jas. S. Shannahan, Jno. Ozon on W. H. Hopkins, Jos. Graham, J. W. Cheezum, Mordicai Dawson.

Ladder Men—Benj F Faulkner John K. Wood, Peter Todd, C. N. Emory.

Property Guards—Thos. C. Nicols, R M. Willson, R. T. G. Thomas, Saml. B Hopkins

Superintendants—W. H. Groome, Samuel Mackey.

Per order,

R. T. G. THOMAS, Secretary.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 8, 1843.

Wheat (red)	70a80
Corn (white)	41a00
(yellow)	41a00
Oats	22a00

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst. by the Rev. M. Hazel, Mr. John Henry Jenkins to Susan Elizabeth Harden, all of this county.

On the 7th instant by the same, Mr. Richard Webb, to Isabella Parrott, all of this county.

Notice.

The subscriber expecting to leave Easton on or about the 25th of March—would respectfully request all persons who are indebted to him on note or open account to come forward and settle the same by that time, as I am compelled to close my business as speedily as possible Those neglecting to call will find their accounts in other hands for collection. JOHN W. CHEEZUM.

Feb 11 3:(S3t)

Notice.

The weather permitting, and a fair freight offering, the schooner *ELLEN S. BROWN,* will leave Easton Point on or about Wednesday next, the 15th inst. Persons having freight either to or from Baltimore, will please inform me soon. Any orders left with Wm. Jenkinson, Easton Point, or at Wm. H Hopkins' store, Easton, will be promptly attended to by JOHN BARTLETT.

Feb 11. 1t

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned will sell the Farm on which the late Thomas Hemsley, resided containing about

225 Acres

Of Land, adjoining the lands of the Misses Harris' Mrs. Forman and the subscriber.—This Farm is susceptible of the highest improvement and at little expense—there being numerous sources of manure, and a quantity of marl of the best quality.



There is a small dwelling, a Blacksmith's Shop and a Dwelling for the smith, inferior to no location for business in the county. The advantages and convenience of the situation are great—a mill directly at the door, and within 4 miles of Queenstown and Chester River and of Wye Mill. There is also

Timber

Of every variety, consisting of White and Red Oak, Hickory, Poplar and Ash.

Persons wishing to purchase will be shown the property by the subscriber, and the terms made accommodating

WM. HEMSLEY, Adm'r.

Feb. 11 4t

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF LAND.

BY virtue of an order of Talbot County Court, the undersigned, as Commissioners will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in Easton, on Tuesday the 7th day of March next, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M. all and singular the Real Estate of Thomas Bullen, late of Talbot county, deceased except the Home Farm, heretofore sold and purchased by Jno. Bullen. This Estate consists of two small and well situated Farms; the first composed of a tract of land called "Fleming's Freshes," situate in the Trappe District, on St. Michaels Creek, in Talbot county, adjoining the lands of Gibson Wright, and containing per recent survey the quantity of 170 acres of Land.

The other farm adjoining the above described farm, situate also on St. Michaels Creek, is composed of a tract of land called "Bennett's Freshes," and contains the quantity of 268 acres, 1 rood 32 perches of land. These farms have each a fair proportion of wood land, and the soil is susceptible of improvement—Further description is deemed unnecessary, as persons wishing to purchase will be shown the property by Jesse Bullen, now residing thereon. The property is sold unincumbered of dower.

Terms of Sale—A cash payment on the day of sale of one hundred dollars to meet expenses—The balance of purchase money to be secured by bond and security to be approved by the undersigned, bearing interest from day of sale, payable in equal instalments of six, twelve and eighteen months. Attendance given by

EW'D. N. HAMBLETON,
WM. B. WILLIS.
JOHN STEVENS,
BENJAMIN BOWDLE.
PETER STEVENS.
Commissioners.

Feb 4 ts

The Merchants' Fire Insurance
COMPANY OF BALTIMORE.

OFFICE No. 18 SOUTH STREET.

THE Board meets daily for the purpose of making Insurance on Dwellings, Household Furniture, Warehouses, Merchandise, Vessels and Cargoes in port, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Hay and Grain in stock, and every description of property subject to loss or damage by FIRE, whether situated in city or Country.

Applications by mail or in person at the office, will meet prompt attention; and every information given that may be of benefit to the applicant.

ISAAC TYSON, President.

Directors.

Wm. E. Mayhew, Wm. H. Beatty,
Wm. C. Shaw, Geo. W. Richardson.
Thos. R. Mathews, Jas. I. Corner,
John Hopkins, Chas. R. Pearce,
John Dushane,

Jan. 10 GEO. B. COALE, Secretary.

The subscriber has been appointed Agent of the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Baltimore for the town of Easton and its Vicinity, and is now prepared to name premiums and effect insurances, on buildings of all kinds, also on merchandise—communications left at the Easton Post Office will be attended to.

JAMES I. CORNER.

Newton Hall, Jan. 28—8t.

R. Stitchbury,
HOUSE, FANCY PAINTER AND GLAZIER

Respectfully informs the Citizens of Easton and its vicinity, that he still continues to carry on the above business at his old stand, on Washington street, opposite the Bay Side road, where he will be at all times to wait on those who may favor him with their work, which will be done with neatness and despatch, at prices to suit the times,

By the public's obedient servant.

ROBINSON STICHBURY.

Feb. 4, 1843.

N. B. A young lad from 14 to 17 years of age will be taken to learn the above business, one from the country would be preferred.

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

17th day of January, A. D. 1843.

On application of Richard Thomas, administrator, of Thomas S. Dawson late of Talbot county, deceased, it is

ORDERED, That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton, and also in one of the newspapers published in the city of Baltimore.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 17th day of January in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty three.

Test, JAS. PRICE, Register of Wills for Talbot county

In compliance to the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county in Maryland letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas S Dawson, late of Talbot county dec'd. all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 11th day of Nov 1843 or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 17th day of January, 1843.

RICHARD THOMAS, adm'r.
of Thomas S. Dawson, Dec'd

Jan 28

The Baltimore American will please copy the above advertisement for three successive weeks and send account to this office for collection.

Collector's Notice.

The subscriber having been appointed Collector of the Tax for Talbot county for the present year, and having passed his bond for the faithful performance of his duty, would take this opportunity to inform the citizens of said county that he is now prepared to receive their assessment. He will attend at Easton on every Tuesday, at St. Michaels and Trappe every other Saturday—Those persons who cannot make it convenient to call on him at the above named places, will please to be prepared for a call from him, as longer indulgence than the law gives will not be given by him.

DANIEL LEONARD, Col.
Tax Talbot county.

sep 10 tf (S&f)

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