EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, April 1.

FOR PRESIDENT
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

We commence to-day the publication of the very able and interesting Report of Mr. PEARCE, in the House of Representatives, from the Committee on the Judiciary, on the subject of the proposition to remit and refund to Gen Jackson the fine imposed on him in 1815, by the Judicial authority, for contempt of Court.

THE PROTEST.—The following notice of the Protest of the Van Buren Senators we copy from the Baltimore Clipper.

"We suppose that no one will undertake to deny the right of the majority to control, whether it be in the election of representatives, or in the legislative action of those representatives. Without the right, it would be in the power of a factious minority to defeat the will of the people, & to throw every thing into confusion The senate of Maryland, in the exercise of this undoubted right, adopted an order on the last night of the session, by which all discussion on the bill to sell the State's interest in works of internal improvement, was to cease at a particular time. This course has been pursued in congress with great advantage to the public interests—& in the case of the senate was indespensable, unless the majority had been content to have their will rendered inoperative by the garrulity of a few members, who were resolved to defeat the bill by speaking until the hour of final adjournment. We not only justify the adoption of the order offered by Mr. Potts, but contend that the senators would have been unfaithful to their trust, had they permited the bill to be lost in the manner designed. In the protest offered by Mr. Frick and others, this order is termed "subversive of the constitutional rights" of the protesting senators and their constituents. In what respect? The same instrument which guarantees freedom of speech, also empowers the senate to make rules for its own government. In the exercise of this power, in order to save a most important bill from being defeated by indirect means, the majority of the senate resolved that the vote should be taken at a given time; and this is represented as an outrage. We have rejoiced at the adoption of the one hour rule and other measures to restrain the babblers of the house of representatives; and they have been approved by the people—and we are confident that the application of the same principle by the senate, especially when required to save a bill of vital importance to the interests of the people, will not be condemned by the citizens of Maryland. The same senators who were so solicitous to speak out the last moments of the session in opposition to the bill, had previously exhausted their rhetoric on the same subject, and had nothing new to add—nor did they expect to make a single convert to their opinions. Their speeches were not therefore, intended to instruct the minds of senators, and thereby to defeat the bill in a legitimate manner. Their object was palpable—and the question for the senate to determine was, whether they should permit the balance of the session to be colisulted by idle harangues, or stop the useless discussion and pass the bill. The latter was the course dictated by self-respect, by patriotism and by regard to the interests of the people—and it was adopted. Upon this result we congratulate the public—and this exathple of firmness, it is to be hoped, will be imitated by all parties, whenever an attempt may be made by the minority to control or defeat the will of the majority."

TROUBLE IN "THE PARTY".—The Republican contains the following card, from Dr. Graves, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means of the late Maryland House of Delegates, in reference to a long 'address' which appeared in that paper of Friday, signed by the Democratic members of the State Senate The idea suggested itself to us, in glancing hastily over the Address, that it did injustice to Dr G. and others who voted with him on the Bill in question:

To the Editor of Rep. and Argus:

SIR—In your paper of yesterday, I notice a long article, which ridiculously enough, arrogates to be an "address of the Democratic members of the Legislature," and which contains statements that I am not willing to let pass without a reply. This I shall do in the course of a few days, when I hope I shall be able to show to my constituents how little is in said address which entitles it to any confidence as an argument against the law to which it refers;—a law intended for the relief, & which in my opinion, ought to receive the approbation of every tax payer in the State. It is sufficient for me, at this time, merely to say that the VALUE of FACTS contained in the address may be safely estimated by that of the bold assertion, that the 'bill confers a perpetual charter' upon the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, when the law most explicitly limits it to a term only of twenty years.

As to the laughable assumption of those who publish the address, that they alone are the Democracy—the real Simon Pures—I need only point in answer to the name of one of the signers, whose action on the bank bill during the memorable session which forced a resumption of specie payments is not yet forgotten and whose recreancy to what was a strict party measure, met with so notable a rebuke in this city at the time. When I stoop to ask the endorsement of the Senator of Harford to my Democracy, I shall have fallen far astray, indeed from principles inborn with me. One thing at least is certain, the Democratic party of Baltimore city requires no such authentication of my orthodoxy.

Asking a portion of your columns for what I intend to say in detail on the subject.

I am, with respect yours, &c.

JOHN J. GRAVES.

Saturday morning, March 18th.

SALE OF THE INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.—The following extract from the Senate Journal will show the origin of the order which effected the passage of the most important bill of the session, by stopping the speaking against time.

Mr Goldsborough, from the committee on finance, to which was referred the bill entitled, an act to sell the State's interest in the Internal Improvement Companies, and to pay the debt of the State, reported (Mr. Ely and Mr. Sellman dissenting) it without amendment

It was being read the second time, when Mr. Ely moved to lay it on the table.

The question was put and determined in the negative, by yeas and nays as follows—Yeas 6, Nays 14.

The bill was being further read the second time, when Mr. Maulsby moved to lay it on the table.

The question was put, and determined in the negative, by yeas and nays as follows—Yeas 6, Nays 14

The bill was then read through, when Mr. Scott offered to amend it, but the President inasmuch as the bill was a money bill and as such not susceptible of amendment by the Senate decided not to receive the amendment; from this decision. Mr. Scott appealed.

After debate, on motion of Mr. Ricaud, the appeal was laid on the table.

After further debate, and at 8 o'clock P. M, Mr. Potts submitted the following order,

In consideration of the near approach of the constitutional terminaton of the Legislature it being now within 4 hours of its necessary final adjournment, and there being many important bills and resolutions from the house to be acted on, which will be defeated by continued debate, whereby much wrong and prejudice may be done to the highest interests of the citizens of this state; Therefore, ordered, That the Senate will now proceed to act upon the bills and resolutions before them without debate.

Mr Maulsby protested against putting the question on the said order and asserted his right to the floor.

The President for reasons assigned at length, decided Mr. Maulsby was out of order—whereupon,

The question was put on the adoption of said order and determined in the affirmative by yeas and nays as follows:—Yeas 12, Nays 4.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The annexed statistics of the elections already held for the next Congress, with a notice of the position in which the different States stand in reference to the apportionment bill may be of much interest to our readers. It appeared in the Journal of Commerce:—

Louisiana.—Three members, 2 whigs and one democrat, have been chosen; but as the State is entitled to four representatives, there will be a new election, under a recent law of the State.

Missouri.—Five members, to which the State is entitled, have been elected by general ticket; they are all democrats There will no doubt, be an objection to their taking their seats, urged because they were not chosen according to the late law of Congress.

Georgia.—Eight members have been elected, also by general ticket; all democrats. They too may be objected to, on the same grounds.

Arkansas.—One member elected—a democrat.

New York.—Thirty four members elected ten whigs, twenty four democrats.

Delaware.—One member elected—a Whig

Massachusetts.—Entitled to ten members—five, three whigs and two democrats, have been elected, & there are five vacancies.

South Carolina—Entitled to seven members—all of which have been elected and are democrats

RECAPITULATION.

	New Con. W.	New Con. D.	Old Con W.	Old Con D
Louisiana,	2	1	2	1
Missouri,	0	5	0	2
Georgia,	0	8	9	0
Arkansas,	0	1	0	1
New York,	10	24	19	21
Delaware,	1	0	1	0
Massachusetts*	3	2	11	1
South Carolina,	0	7	1	8
	16	18	43	34

*Five vacancies.

The House in the next Congress will be composed of 223 members. The Senate is full, with the exception of one from Maryland and two from Tennessee. It is divided politically, 26 whigs, including Mr. Rives, of Virginia, to 23 democrats.

The present prospect is that Maryland will have no representation in the popular branch, at least during the first session of the next Congress. But sixteen of the States have as yet passed apportionment bills, to wit:—Louisiana, Arkansas, New York, Delaware, Massachusetts, South Carolina, North Carolina, Connecticut, Alabama, Virginia, New Jersey, Indiana, Illinois, Vermont, Kentuky, and Tennessee. Four States, Georgia, Missouri, New Hampshire and Mississippi, have refused to apportion, & 6 have yet to perform that duty, to wit:—Pennsylvania, Michigan, Ohio, Maine, Rhode Island and Maryland. The Legislatures of Pennsylvania, Michigan, Ohio and Maine are now in session; that of Rhode Island will be in a few days.

Hon. Henry Clay associated with his son, J. B. Clay is again a practitioner at the bar of the Courts in Kentucky.

A WIRE-PULL.—Thomas Morris, Esq. has within a few days, obtained judgment in the supreme court of the United States against the property of the city of Philadelphia, known as the Fairmount hydraulic works, by means of which he will come into the possession of a property of more than $250,000. Mr. M. is the son of the late Robert Morris.

A WILD RUMOR.—The Hagerstown Torch Light says: "It is rumored that Governor Thomas, in violation of law, and without any authority whatever, is about to issue a proclamation for the election of Members of Congress in this State, by general ticket.

Mr. Cushing has declined being a candidate for reelection to Congress.

From all directions we hear of the immense depth of the snow. A gentleman who arrived at Portland on Saturday from Gorham, reported that the snow was ten feet deep in the vicinity of that place; great apprehensions are entertained for mills, &c, on the advance of Spring.

BORDER DIFFICULTIES.—The Bangor (Me) Daily Whig contains the proceedings of a public meeting of the citizens of Hancock Plantation, in relation to the arrest of Daniel Savage, a citizen of Aroostook county, who was attempted to be carried off, on civil suit, by individuals known to be authorized agents of the authorities of the Province of New Brunswick, on the 11th inst.

It appears that great excitement prevailed upon the border, and that the people aided by the U. S. troops succeeded in effecting his rescue. Subsequently the citizens met, and passed sundry resolutions expressing indignation at the outrage.

NAVAL COURT MARTIAL.—After the defence of Com. Mackenzie had been read on Wednesday, by Mr. Griffin, one of his counsel, the Court was cleared, and the members went into secret session.—They will so continue to meet until their decision is made up to be forwarded to Washington.

RUMOR.—There is a rumor in town this morning, that Capt. Vorhees, of the U. States ship Vincennes, had shot Mr. Boyle, 1st Lieutenant. How or in what manner we have not heard.—Argus.

The New York Express states on authority, that General Solomon Van Rensellaer has been removed from the office of Postmaster at Albany, and Alderman Wasson, an adherent of Mr Van Buren, appointed in his place. Also, that William C. Bouck, a son of the Governor, has been appointed Postmaster at Schenectady.

After stating the removal of Gen. Van Rensselaer, from the Postmastership at Albany, the New York Commercial Advertiser adds—

What an outrage is this! Solothon Van Rensselaer the hero of the Miami, under that old fire eater Gen. Waine, and the companion in that battle of William Henry Harrison, of whom, till his death, he was the bosom friend;—Solomon Van Rensselear, who was shot through the body at the Miami, yet kept his horse, fighting till the blood spurted from his nostrils;—Solothon Van Rensselaer, who was riddled like a sieve by the bullets of the enemy in storming the heights of Queenston;—this same Solomon Van Rensselaer turned out of the Albany Post Office by ——John Tyler! We bid-h for the deed while we record the fact. "Why should a man love his country, or shed his blood for it, when that country treats its scarred and true hearted soldiers thus?

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE IN THE WEST INDIES.

—Captain Smith of the schooner Francis Canhady, arrived at Charleston on the 22d instant reports that a shock of an earthquake was experienced at the North part of Guadaloupe, on the 3d inst.

The captain of a vessel off the North Point of the island at the time, stated that it shook his vessel with such severity, that it was with difficulty the crew could keep their feet. A dense cloud of smoke ascended from the vicinity of Bassaterre, and serious fears were entertained for the safety of that place. It was quite sickly at Pond Petre; owing to the offensiveness of the ruins of the town.

The comet was seen at St. Thomas on the 21 inst It was so brilliant as to cause considerable alarm among the inhabitants. A shock of an earthquake was also felt at St. Thomas on the 5th inst., about half past 9 o'clock at night. No material damage was done.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE.

The Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which has been in session in this city since the 15th instant, adjourned on Saturday evening.

On Saturday morning, after the examinations of character had been concluded the Rev. J. A. Collins, Chairman of the committee appointed to confer with the Trustees of the new pew Church, about to be erected in Charles street, and to acquaint them with the views of the Conference on that subject, submitted a report accompanied by a letter from a committee of the Trustees. This letter contains a number of reasons in favor of the pew system, contends that such a system is not a violation of the discipline or general economy of the Church, and remarks that the plan of the new Church has been too far matured to admit of alteration.—The letter also states that the question has been "narrowed down to a pew Church or no Church." In refusing to comply with the wishes of the Conference, the Trustees desire it to be understood that they have no other object in view, in the construction of their Church than the promotion of religion.

In view of this determination on the part of the Trustees of the new Church, the Committee appended to their report a resolution declaring that 'the Conference deprecates the system of pew Churches and considers it an infraction of the discipline, and at variance with the general economy of the Church.

The question on this resolution was on motion of Rev. Prof. Emory, taken without debate, and decided in the affirmative of an almost unanimous vote.—Baltimore American.

The specie on board the Columbia at Boston is about $2000,000, or a million and a half of dollars.

ANOTHER MUTINY.—The report is rife this morning that letters from the U. S. ship John Adams, stated that when near the Cape of Good Hope, a mutiny was discovered to have been planned among the crew. Such was the state of the crew that the men were ordered on deck and being arranged in line, they were asked what they wanted, when five of the men stepped forward with complaints who were instantly shot down and the crew ordered to their duty. We have not the report exactly from first hands, but under such circumstances that we think some thing like this must have occurred.—N. Y. Jour. Com.

FATHER MILLER has been lying desperately ill, and some thought that he would not have the gratification of seeing the grand "smash" which he predicted would occur some time this year. He is now in Rock City, about six miles from Ballston Spa. He has the erysipelas and is deeply affected otherwise, being worn down by his incessant labors for the last four months. But he is not in any danger at this time. Brother Hines says he will get up in a few weeks. The report of his death is of course incorrect.

CORLIES.—The New York Journal of Commerce says of this man, who was shot the other night in New York, that he has been a notorious character in various parts of the country, south and west He was for some time barkeeper, &c., in Columbus, Georgia. In one of the wes tern towns he drew upon himself so much of the hatred of men like himself, that one time arrangements were made for a regular battle with a dozen men on a side. The battle, however, did not take place, but Corlies thought it prudent to withdraw. He has enjoyed all the good which could be expected from the course he pursued, and his career has been terminated as he had more than one occasion to apprehend.

The New York American says that a colored woman has been found by the police officers; who states that she saw a man and woman standing by the railing of the Carlton House; and as the man was in the act of leaving the woman to go towards Broadway, she saw something in the woman's hand. In another instant she heard the report of a pistol Corlies fell, and the woman who had been with him, proceeded towards Broadway.

This agrees with Mr Bates's testimony—that as he came out of the Carlton House on hearing the report of the pistol a woman passed him as he stepped on the stoop. Who this woman was, remains, however, as yet, a complete mystery.

From the N. Y. Com. Adv Sat 2, P. M.

THE CORLIES CASE.—Just as our paper was going to press we received information that a woman had been arrested charged with the murder of Mr. Corliss.

As the arrest took place after our reporter left the Halls we have no farther information on the subject, other than that the woman taken in custody is stated to be a paramour of the deceased.

The N. York Herald says that Corliss kept two bowling saloons in Broadway, one of which strictly private and appropriated to the use of fashionable ladies, who went there to play ninepins between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock.

MR. WEBSTER AND THE GLOBE.—We have no intention of undertaking a special defence of Mr. Webster against the attacks of any newspaper in reference to his treaty negotiations. His course must speak for itself in that particular—as we doubt not it will in a satisfactory manner. But a specimen of this representation has met our view in relation to him in the columns of the Globe, which in cool effrontery is unsurpassed we believe, and which we cannot but notice for the curiority of the thing it for nothing else.

In Mr. Webster's answer to the letter of Gen. Cass who wrote in a tone of complaint at the ratification of the treaty a quotation is made from the Generals' letter. Mr Webster says:

"Towards the close of your despatch, you are pleased to say, "By the recent treaty, we are to keep a squadron upon the coast of Africa." We have kept one there for years—during the whole term, indeed, of these efforts to put a stop to this most iniquitous commerce. The effect of the treaty is, therefore, to render it *obligatory* upon us, by a convention, to do what we have long done voluntarily—to place our municipal laws in some measure beyond the reach of Congress."

The paragraph is printed thus in the Globe as quoted by that journal from Mr Webster's letter. The inference at once is that the quotation from General Cass ends with the quotation marks at the word "Africa," and that the rest of the sentence is Mr. Webster's own. And in this view the Globe comments on it in this wise:

"Beyond the reach of Congress!"—to place our municipal laws beyond the reach of Congress!"—to make it obligatory upon us!" Such is one of the reasons given for binding us to Great Britain! Was such a sentiment—one so thoroughly Federal—so utterly hostile to the form of our government—so abjectly devoted to England—ever before put into a public despatch? We doubt whether the whole range of Federal displays, in or out of Congress, during the worst days of Federalism, ever betrayed a sentiment so inimical to popular representation, and so servile to a foreign power.

Now the truth is, the whole paragraph beginning, "By the recent treaty, &c." is quoted from the letter of Gen. Cass. He is complaining of the treaty and urges his objections against it. The Globe makes Mr. Webster use these objections as his own arguments in favour of the treaty, and then exclaims against such monstrous positions. If it were an accidental misrepresentation it happened remarkably enough—if designed, it is cool, certainly.—*Pat.*

NAVAL COURT MARTIAL.—The Court Martial for the trial of Commander William Ramsay and others, assembled on board the U. S. ship Pennsylvania on Saturday last, at 11 o'clock, and after its organization adjourned until this day at 11 o'clock

The following members were present. Com. E. Pendleton Kennedy, President; Com. W. Brandford Shubrick, Capt. Charles W. Skinner, David Gersinger, John Paul Zantzinger, Thomas F Webb, Bladen Delany, Commander David G Farragut, and Lieut. William Green, members.

John L Upshur, Esq. Judge Advocate; Capt. Joseph Smoot, Commanders Wm. Jamesson, and Charles Lowndes, and Lieut. Sidney Smith Lee, members of the Court had not arrived at its organization.—Nor Beacon.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, March 27, 1843.

Wheat (red)	75a85
Corn (white)	48a00
(yellow)	50a00
Oats	23a24

Married,

In this county on Thursday 16th inst. by the Rev. M. Hazel, Lemuel Craft, to Mary Elizabeth Palmer, all of this county.

In this county on Thursday last, by the Rev. M. Hazel, Henry Troy, to Susan Ann Wharton, all of this county.

DIED.

Died in the Bay Side, Talbot County, on the 22d inst. after a protracted illness of the pulmonary consumption, Mrs. SARAH McDANIEL, consort of John W. S. McDaniel, in the 29th year of her age. She indured her affliction with christian resignation and fortitude and was anxious for the hour of her dissolution to arrive, and to be with God, where she is freed from the cares, the pains, and the sorrows of this life and its tumults hushed. She has left a large circle of friends and acquaintances with her bereaved family, to mourn her loss. It was only to know her to love her.—She is gone, yet why should we mourn for one that is blessed.

At Queenstown, Queen Ann's county, on the 28th inst., in the 72nd year of his age, Major James Massey.

NOTICE.

The *CITIZENS'* Fire Company will hold their next meeting at Rozell's Hotel, on Wednesday the fifth of April next, at 8 o'clock, P. M. A punctual attendance is requested Per order,

R. T. G. THOMAS, *Sect.*

April 1, 1843. (3)

$20 REWARD.

RAN off on Tuesday 21st ult. a negro man, who calls himself John Goldsborough belonging to the estate of David Hoxter, deceased. said John is 21 years of age, about 5 feet eight or ten inches high, perfectly black, with large eyes of a reddish cast, wears his hair high in front, he had on a black hair cap—John was at Mr. James Cook's on Wednesday last, and I think he is lurking about the neighbourhood of Ivy Town. I will give the above reward if taken out of the county, or 10 dollars if taken in this county and delivered to me.

HOWES GOLDSBOROUGH, Jr.

Admr of DAVID HOXTER.

March 31—April 1 1843 tf

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, Easton, Md April 1st, 1843.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they are advertised, otherwise they may not receive them:

A
Vashti Austin
Joshua Adams
John Anderson
Richard Arringdale
B
A E Bracco
A C Bellett
George Bakenven
Rev T Boyne 2
H M Barker
Mrs R Barker
Jos E Bensel
Mrs R M Brownwell
Azariah Benny
John Bimson
William Biles
Ed Bucharach
Miss M E Banning
James Bowie
H M Berridge
James Bartlit
C
Thos Cassell
Miss M E Cassell
Mary Casey 2
Jesse Clark 2
J A Clough
Henry Calnup
Mary Carey
D
Alex Dudley
Geo Dudley
Ralph Dean
W H Davis
Alex Dodd
Ruth Davis
R E Dorritis
M W Davis
E
J B Erwin 2
W L M Edmondson
Wm Elliott
Mrs A Emory
T A Emory
Robt Edgar
F
T M Faulkner 2
Mr. Faulkner
G
Jno A Getty
A Goldsborough
R. Glenns
H
Jno Harry
Jno H Harris
Frances Horney
Mary Horney
Hester Hartley
John Hartley
B Haskins
S Hambleton
Elias Hopkins
Miss Hopkins
Miss S A Hopkins
E B Hopkins
Thos Hopkins
J S Hand
J Hollifield
W Hughlett
J
Wm Jefferson
I W Jones & Co
Nat. Jones
K
Jas Kinnamon
Wm Kemp
S T Kemp
Jno F Kersey
L
Edwd Lloyd 2
S Layton
Edwd Lee
Jas Leonard
F F Larrimore
Danl Lloyd 2
J Leverton
Mary R Lee
W W Lowe
J H Lucas
W Loveday
M
J A Murphey
G W Marriott
W H Martin
A E Morgage
J R Meeny
L Marshall
Susan Murray
M A Martin
Ed O Maltin
Jno Mullikin
N
W C Newnam
W E Nicholson
T C Nicols
Jos K Neale
O
Andw Orem
H A Ogden
P
Jas Parrott
Jas Parrott 2
Geo Page
Miss E Parrott
A Prichard
Thos Price
Mary Pool
R
Edwd Roe
N Robinson 2
Elizth Rigby
W T Rolenson
S
Rev L H Sheldon
H Sellers
N Singleton
Benj Sherwood
Stewart & Porter
Wm Shields
R S Skinner 3
A H Skinner
J M Seth
W A Spencer
G W Scott
M E Stocker
T
Lt Tilghman 3
Ged Tilghman
Jas Turner
Jas Tarbutton
Jno Talbert
S O Tilghman
Mary Turner
A Tillman
Jno Tilghman
C H Tilghman
W G Tilghman
W
A White
Jno Willis
W B Willis
J D Willoughby
J W Wood
A J Willis
J E Wrightson
Harry Webb
Y
Harriett Young

R. HUSSEY, P. M.

April 1 3t

EASTON ACADEMY.

A public Examination of the several classes in this Institution, now under the care of Dr. E. ARNOLD and Mr. JAMES D. TRASK, will take place on THURSDAY, the 30th.

Per order of the Board of Trustees

J. BOZMAN KERR.

Easton, March 25, 1843.

☞ Owing to the indisposition of both the Teachers in this Institution, the Examination is postponed until further notice.

April 1, 1843.

BIBLE SOCIETY.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the *Female Bible Society* will be held on the 2d. Monday in April, (10th.) in Easton, at 11 o'clock—The MEMBERS are requested to attend and the Managers to assemble at 10 o'clock.

April 1, 1843.

THERE will be a meeting of the Chapel Total Abstinence Society at Lewistown, on Sunday the 9th day of April next at half past 2 o'clock, P. M. at which time an address will be delivered. The public are invited to attend. By order,

WM. SCOTT, Sec'ry.

April 1.

Farmers' Bank of Maryland.

BRANCH BANK AT EASTON.

THE President and Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Md. have declared a dividend of 2½ per cent on the stock of the company for the last six months, which will be payable to the Stockholders in the Branch Bank aforesaid or their legal representatives, on or after the first Monday in April, deducting one half part of the State tax due on all stock owned by residents of Talbot county and non-residents of the State of Maryland.

WM. H. TILGHMAN, Cash't.

April 1, 1843.



HIDES AND BARK.



The Subscribers intending to commence the Tanning Business, wish to purchase HIDES, for which they will pay fair prices. They will also contract for TAN BARK to be delivered this Spring and Summer. Apply at the store of Charles Robinson.

H. E. BATEMAN.
CHAS. ROBINSON.

Easton, April 1, 1843.

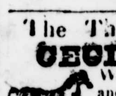
THE IMPORTED ASS, PETER SIMPLE,

WILL be let to mares at $6 the season and $10 to insure;—25 cents to the groom in either case. The owners of mares parted with before they are ascertained to be with foal, will be liable for the insurance; and it is desired that a written request be sent with each mare as to the manner she is to be bred. The Jack will be in Easton, Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays, every week, and the rest of the time at Deep Water Point, the farm of the subscriber near St Michaels. Season to begin 1st of April and end 30th of June.

J. N. HAMBLETON.

April 1, 1843—4t*

The Thorough-bred Horse, CECIL ECLIPSE,



WILL travel through Talbot and Dorchester counties this season at the following rates:—$1.50 the single leap cash, to be paid to the groom; $3,00 the spring's chance, to be paid on or before the close of the season, if not, four dollars will be demanded.—$5,00 to insure a mare with foal. If the mare is parted with before she is ascertained to be with foal, the owner will be held responsible for the insurance money.—25 cents to the groom in each case.

Season to commence on the 20th of March and end the first of July.

ECLIPSE was sired by the well known horse, Maryland Eclipse, dam, a thoroughbred Virginia mare. For further particulars see handbill.

WM J BENJAMIN.

April 1, 1843.

CERTIFICATE.

Port Deposit, Cecil County, March 21, 1843.

I have asked a number of persons about your Horse's colts and they say that there is no mistake in them; that they are the best Horses in this section of the country for any use which you would put them to—If you were here; you could get fifty certificates to what I have just stated, and those persons all say, if he was here they would put their mares to him again, in preference to any other horse.

Very Respectfully,

W B MORGAN.

A FARM FOR SALE.

I WILL sell my Farm, situated in the neighborhood of King's creek, Talbot county, Md. The said farm joins the lands of George Dudley and Dr. Saml. T. Kemp, and contains about

284 Acres, more or less,



with a two story brick Dwelling and the other necessary buildings, &c. together with a pump of excellent water. The situation is considered very healthy; the land is of a good soil with an abundance of marl, and by a little attention might be made one of the best farms in the county. The above farm will be sold low and on accommodating terms. Those wishing to purchase will please call and examine for themselves

GEO. W. SCOTT.

March 25 1843—tf

To Southern and Western Merchants and others.

TIN WARE, &c. &c.

WHOLE SALE AND RETAIL, BY

James Cortlan,

No. 10, Baltimore Street; and No. 6, Harrison Street, Baltimore, Md.

Would respectfully inform the public generally, that he has on hand the most extensive assortment of Tin Ware, Block Tin and Japaned Ware now in the city, all of his own manufacturing, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, with a general assortment of Table Cutlery, Fancy Hardware; Waiters; Dixon's and American Britannia Ware, Silver Plated Ware, &c. With a great variety of house keeping articles too numerous to mention; including Hollow ware, Wood ware, &c. &c.

N. B. Copper, Zinc, or Tin Roofing.—Also, copper or tin spouting to all its varieties done in the most pertinent and workmanlike manner by the subscriber.

JAMES CORTLAN.

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