East India cottons, spices, and mahogany were destroyed by the flames. Great quantities of melted sugar flowed out in one part of one of the yards, where the poor were seen collecting it for use.

The damage is estimated at two million rixbank thalers or five million francs, a fifth part of which was covered by insurance. Thirty two firemen and soldiers were wounded more or less severely, seven firemen and five soldiers were killed.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, July 29.

FOR PRESIDENT
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

To the Whigs of Talbot!

You are *earnestly* requested to meet at the Court-House in Easton, at 2 o'clock, P. M on Saturday *the 15th day of August*, for the purpose of considering and adopting such measures as may be deemed important to your interests as a party.

Judge NOAH'S paper, (The New York Messenger) continues to urge Mr. TYLER to withdraw himself as a candidate for the next Presidency. We quote the following article on the subject from the Messenger of the 22d inst.

Some very true & sincere friends of Mr. Tyler are displeased at our recommending him to withdraw as a candidate for the Presidency. It maybe singular, but it is no less true, that his withdrawal by no means weakens his ultimate chance of success. If he remains a candidate, *both* parties in Congress will assail his measures with violence, charge every proposition to be an electioneering trick, denounce if not attempt to impeach him; his nominations will be rejected, and all the good he proposes for the country, will be considered as mere plans for his own advancement. It will be a fierce, agitating uncompromising session, and the President will be left with but a single friend to sustain him. On the contrary, if he retires from the contest, both parties will treat him kindly, cordially courteously; will take pleasure in supporting his measures and protecting his friends. It, when the period arrives, there should be division and discord in the convention Mr. T. is in a calm strong position to be taken up as the compromise candidate. At present he has no hope, and he is betrayed by those in whom he most reposed and who are using him for the most selfish and ambitious purposes. Let me here notice only two events in corroboration of this fact

A few persons in this city, notoriously without moral or political influence, agreed to visit Washington, assuming to themselves the character of a special committee from the Democratic party. On their arrival, they were received as such by Mr Spencer, and they represented to the President, that the only obstacle which prevented his being unanimously taken up as the Democratic candidate was the continuation of Mr. Webster in the Cabinet, that if he was removed or would resign, a mass meeting of 20 000 people would assemble in the Park, and by acclamation, nominate Mr. Tyler, and fire 100 guns on the occasion.

Mr. Webster unwilling to interpose any political obstacles to the advancement of Mr. Tyler's interest, withdrew from the Cabinet; but no mass meeting followed, and no 100 guns were fired. It was a fraudulent pretence throughout and Mr Spencer knew it to be such. The Democratic party made no such proposition, entertained no such intentions towards Mr. Tyler, and were indifferent whether Mr. Webster remained in the Cabinet or retired; if any thing, they believed that his eminent talents added force and respectability to the Cabinet. However, he left, and that was the great object to be attained by Spencer. The other was a more contemptible fraud on a smaller scale. It will be recollected that a number of the Democratic Review had a biography and a portrait of the President. This was represented to Mr. Tyler as a spontaneous compliment to his character and pretensions by the Democratic party through their favored organ, and was a most auspicious sign brought about by his conservative friends, when the fact is those very friends paid for the engraving, and wrote the biography themselves, and managed to get it smuggled into the Review. How many appointments they received for this piece of jugglery, I cannot say—but they obtained some offices and considerable influence. While, therefore, the President remains a candidate, he will be stripped of his patronage, cheated and defrauded by such men, and will keep the country in a state of continual excitement. Once retired from the field all will be calm and prosperous with him.

TYLERISM.—The editor of the Detroit Daily Advertiser says:—'If, when we were in Washington, we had consented to publish the article which John Tyler, Jr. wrote for our paper, under the eye of his father, the President, and which we were urged to do by both father and son, and had devoted our columns to the support of his administration, we could have held in our hands the disposition of every office in this State in the gift of the President. The President distinctly and emphatically made us the offer. That we did not accept it, we think our readers have pretty conclusive evidence already.'

Party tactics are described in the following quotation from a pamphlet written by Oliver H. Smith, late U. S. Senator from Indiana:

'Names are all powerful in political contests. Well do the leading modern Democrats know the force and truth of this remark, and hence they not only hold to the rerespectable name of Democrat, but with one voice they stamp their opponents with the name of Federalists, and their measures as Federal measures. They *abandon* and *adopt* measures themselves at pleasure—at one time for a national bank, at another against it; at one time for the pet bank system, at another against it, at one time for the issues of State and local banks; at another against all bank paper; at one time for Treasury notes, at another for specie; at one time for distribution, at another against it; and still *they are Democrats, & each measure while they support it, is Democratic.* But the moment *they abandon it* for some new expedient it becomes a vile Federal measure, and all who support it are *Federalists.*

Harvest on the lower Western Shore—The Herald published at Leonardtown, on the Western Shore of this State, informs us that the wheat harvest in that region is generally over, and has it is thought, agreeably surprised the farmers generally, though the fly was very injurious early in the season, the grain has turned out better than usual—the quantity made however cannot be considered much more than an average crop, though the quality is very good In many places the oats have been cut but owing to the backwardness of the spring, and consequently late seeding, scarcely an average crop can be expected, in many places it is quite green still. Corn has improved greatly during the past week or ten days, and in this neighborhood the crop promises well. Tobacco is latter, many not having finished planting and replanting. The stand is bad, and what plants that are alive, grow slowly; the prospect for a good crop, is gloomy, and should we not have a seasonable summer and late frost the crop must be very short. This state of things is confined to no particular neighborhood or locality, but it is thought to be general.

A SHOCKING CASE.

The Baltimore Sun states that on Friday, two young girls, Louisa Banks, about 15 years of age, and Emily Abey, aged about 12 or 13, were brought before Justice Tate, charged with having stolen the sum of $45 from Mr. Edward Abey, (father of Emily) who keeps a store in William street. It appears that after they had taken the money from the drawer of Mr. Abey's store, they proceeded to purchase largely fine dresses; and to aid in paying the milliner for manufacturing them, Emily afterwards abstracted $5 more, which led to the discovery of where the other had gone. Before the discovery was made, however, Louisa Banks (according to the testimony of Emily suggested the idea of procuring arsenic to put into the coffee of Mr. A The poison was obtained, but fortunately the threat was never carried out This shocking and unnatural robbery and threat to murder, caused the magistrate to hold them to bail to stand trial at the October term of Baltimore City Court.

The settlement of St. Lucie, in East Florida, under the "Armed Occupation Law," is going on very rapidly. Every front lot on the West side of the Sound is taken for more than thirty miles in extent Besides a great number have settled in the rear. On St. Luice River, in Jupiter Narrows, and on Lake Worth, it is computed that when the present settlers get all their families on their premises, the number of inhabitants will fall little, if any short of 1500. A great number of houses are already in the progress of erection, some of which are designed for the accommodation of invalids. St. Luice Sound is represented as a most beautiful sheet of water, from three to four miles wide, abounding with the finest oysters shrimp, fish, and turtle—to an extent almost incredible. Deer, turkey, ducks and all kinds of wild game, abound almost to sucfeit.—*American.*

SEA SERPENT.—Captain Cotton of schooner Brilliant, of Addison Maine arrived at Boston from Savannah, states that on his passage from Frankfort to Charleston, May 12, Cape Ann bearing W. 15 miles, he saw a large serpent from seventy to eighty feet in length. Capt Cotton was within a quarter of a mile of him for an hour. The serpent's head was elevated about eigh feet above the level of the water.

Distressing Mortality—The brig Ohio arrived at this port says the Baltimore American of the 25th inst. in 21 days from Guadaloupe. She sailed from G 20th ult. for St. Thomas—on the evening of same day, Mr. Atwood, 2d mate, was taken ill and died on the 8th; her commander Captain Berls, was attacked soon after, and died 10th; the chief mate, broker to the Captain, also died on the 8th, and after the Captain's death there were but three souls left on board all ignorant of navigation. The eldest seaman, Mr. Watts, took charge of the vessel with the hope of reaching a port in the U. States, and providentially on the morning of the 18th, one hundred miles from land, fell in with a Baltimore pilot boat, and she was thus brought safely in port.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS—*Repeal in Canada*—A gentleman of this city, just from Canada, states that the runaway slaves from the United States are formed into a regiment of red coats in that province, and that this regiment was used two weeks ago to suppress the meeting in Montreal, attempted to be got up for the purpose of advocating the repeal of the Union between England and Ireland.—Nine black sentinels were stationed on the bridge of St. Catherines, and they had orders not to allow even respectable people to pass to the place of meeting who had any appearance of belonging to the liberal party.—*Baltimore Sun.*

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS. The bill to district the State of Maryland, was lost in the last legislature, in consequence of disagreement between the two houses, and thus the state will be deprived of representatives during at least a part of the next session of congress. Had there been a greater disposition in the two parties to compromise, we think that an equitable bill could have been framed and passed.

We copy from the Democratic Star, the districts as reported in the house and senate. We give the districts of the house at large, noting the alterations made in them by the senate.

First district—Worcester, Somerset, Dorchester, Caroline, Talbot.

Senate bill the same.

Second district—Queen Anne's, Kent, Cecil, Harford, election districts of Baltimore county from No. 6 to 12 inclusive

Senate bill same, omitting the 6th district of Baltimore county

Third district—First ten wards of Baltimore city.

Senate bill the same.

Fourth district—Carroll, first five districts of Baltimore county, 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th wards of Baltimore city; Liberty district in Frederick county; and Howard district of Anne Arundel county

Senate bill same, excepting that the 6th district of Baltimore county is added and the Liberty district in Frederick is omitted.

Fifth district—St. Mary's, Calvert Charles, Montgomery, Prince George's, Anne Arundel, except Howard district

Senate Bill the same.

Sixth district—Alleghany, Washington and Frederick, except Liberty district.

Senate bill, same counties, including the Liberty district.

The only difference between the two bills is, in the annexation of the 6th district in Baltimore county and the Liberty district in Frederick county. This may make a difference as to population, but we doubt whether it would politically.—However this may be, we hope that the members of the next legislature will act promptly in the matter, that Maryland may have her representatives in Congress with as little delay as possible.—*Clipper.*

MISSISSIPPI.—The Legislature of this State is probably now in session, a proclamation from the Governor having required it specially to convene on Monday, the 10th inst. The Vicksburg Whig of the 6th says:

'Various rumors are afloat as to the object of convening the Legislature at this late day. Some predict that the most lawless proceedings will be attempted, viz. to elect a United States Senator contrary to common usage, and, we believe, to law; to district the State in duect violation of law according to the white basis of population; to pass a law prohibiting the collection of revenue for the State &c. All these subjects or rather outrages, are spoken of and recommended by some of the levellers! but God forbid there should be any truth in the assertions. We are well aware that the repudiators have a large majority, and have the power to pass whatever laws they please, but we still hope, for the honor of the State, that no such disgraceful measures will be recommended.'

The following was the Order of Exercises at the late Commencement of DICKINSON COLLEGE, July 13, 1843.

COMMENCEMENT.

GRADUATING CLASS—Richard Hughlett Bryan, John Francis Chapman, Isaac Dillon, John Lyttleton Harmanson, Warran Holden, Robert Alexander Lauderbeh, Washington Lee, Robert McPherson, Robert Henry Pattison, Jonas John Potts,* Josiah Snow, William Lebbeus Whitney, Leonard Woodward, William Smith Young.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

PRAYER BY THE PRESIDENT.

MUSIC.

1. Salutary Oration.—Thought Imperishable,—John Francis Chaplain, Talbot county, Maryland

2. Dissertation.—The North of Europe.—Robert Henry Pattison, Cambridge, Md.

3. Oration—Action.—Josiah Snow, Port Deposite, Md.

4. Oration—Imagination—Robert McPherson, Carlisle, Pa.

5. Dissertation.—Development of Knowledge.—Richard Hughlett Bryan, Chesapeake City, Md

6. Oration.—Duty.—John Lyttleton Harmanson, Northampton County, Va.

7. Dissertation—Uniformity of Character—William Smith Young, Hanover.

8. Dissertation—The British Empire in India.—Isaac Dillon, Zansville, Ohio.

9. Oration—Advantages of the American Scholar—Leonard Woodward, Juniata Co

10. †Poem—The Temple of Nature.—Warren Holden, Newark, N J.

11. Oration.—Colonial Prosperity.—William Lebbeus Whitney, Schuylkill Co.

12. Oration.—The Idea of a God—Washington Lee, Wyoming Valley.

13. Master's Oration.—The wants of our Life.—George Richard Crooks, Jr. Carlisle.

14. Master's Oration—The love of admiration and the love of our fellow-men.—George Alexander Coffy, Hellidaysburg.

MUSIC.

DEGREES CONFERRED.

15. Valedictory Oration.—Robert Alexander Lamberton, Carlisle.

MUSIC.

BENEDICTION.

*Excused from speaking.

†The Poem ranks as an Oration.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER—The Del. Republican says:—A revolutionary soldier named Jacob Carr, aged *one hundred and ten years* was baptized in the Wissahickon a few weeks ago. He served under Washington during the whole war, and is now a pensioner. His grand children and great grand children reside in the village of Brandywine. He enjoys the best of health, and now in his old age has become a christian and joined the church of Christ. His pillow will be smoothed by the Lamb of God when he receives the summons of Death.

The New York Journal of Commerce says the Rev. Roosevelt Bailey, late Episcopal Rector at Harlaem, has renounced Protestantism, and become a Catholic.

The Rev. Mr. Carey, against whose Orthodoxy Messrs. Smith and Anthon protested, preached yesterday morning in New York, in the Episcopal Church corner of Thompson and Prince Streets.

The Irish repeal Association of New Orleans held a meeting on the 9th inst and adopted a preamble and resolutions denouncing Mr. O'Connell's late anti-slavery speech. After ordering a copy of the proceedings of the meeting to be forwarded to the Repeal Association of Dublin, the Society adjourned until the reply from Dublin should be received.—This, however is regarded in New Orleans as an entire dissolution of the Association.

The Irish Repeal Society of Natchez has been dissolved, in consequence of the Anti-Slavery Speech of O Connell.

THE FLAG OF HENRY CLAY.

When the steamboats went down the New York harbor to meet President Tyler the 'Highlander' was richly decorated with flags, some of them bearing the names of Jefferson, Adams, Madison, &c and high among them all was one with the name of 'Henry Clay.'

An office holder on board the boat did not relish this 'piece of bunting,' and absolutely attempted to haul it down. He had loosed the halyards, when the Captain Robert Wardrop, stepped forward, and warned him to desist. He persisted, and was lowering the flag, when the Captain, with a well directed blow, laid the offender on the deck, and then run up again the flag of Henry Clay.

For this proper act, two splendid pitchers were subscribed for and presented to the Captain. The presentation was made on the deck of the steamer, by Joseph Hoxie, Esq in behalf of the subscribers. The pitchers bore the following inscription:

"*To Robert Wardrop, Esq. Master of the Steamboat Highlander.*

'This is presented by the friends of Henry Clay, as a memorial of that indignant patriotism which vindicated the right of that heroic statesman to a place with Washington, Jefferson, and Madison & prostrated the minion of tyrannic treachery, who dared attempt to haul down the flag that bore that illustrious name.

June 21st 1843.

[ON THE REVERSE.]

'Thus ever fall dishonored the mercenary sycophant who insults this free republic by servile homage to office and patronage; and thus ever honored be the high hearted, who gratefully appreciate and manfully defend the glory of Henry Clay, standing pre-eminent & alone, without office, and above all office place and power—first of all living men, and 'first in the hearts of his countrymen.''

KEEP, THE FORGER.

The New York Express says—

'The person who has been arrested in London for the robbery of Jacob Little, Esq, is well known here. His name is Jack Reed, and he has served about eight years in the state prison. From the time the fraud was perpetrated to the present time, this individual has been missing and, as was supposed, he has been during the whole time in Europe. Prior to his departure, at Philadelphia, he purchased twelve one thousand dollar Treasury notes, eight of which were recorded and the numbers dates, etc, sent to Washington, where the payment was stopped. Five of these notes have made their appearance. They were deposited by, probably, this same person in the Union Bank in England for collection, have been sent out here to Pickersgill & Co., and have been paid by the bank of America. No doubt the bank here will require the payment back, and it is possible the amount may yet be secured. Ex-Sheriff Lounds will leave here in the steamer of the 1st for London to identify the individual, and if possible to establish his guilt. Reed has no doubt been in England for more than a year.

CASE OF MRS. GILMOUR.—Thomas Warner, Esq. counsel for Mrs Gilmour, on Saturday made application to the Recorder for a writ of habeas corpus, which was granted, and made returnable next Wednesday, at 11 o'clock, at the Court of Sessions.

The affidavit on which the writ was granted, sets forth that, inasmuch as 'the treaty has not been made effectual, confirmed, enacted or acted upon by Congress,' the commissioner had no judicial authority to issue his warrant for her arrest.

The affidavit, then, even admitting that the commissioner had authority to act under the treaty, denies that he had any legal proofs, sufficient to authorise his certificate, on which the President will be required to deliver her to the British authorities.

THE MARKETS AT PITTSBURG.

The Pittsburg American of Thursday says:

Our market presented a novel, & something of an alarming fact this morning. In all former seasons the article of potatoes in this month, became more cheap as the season advanced—hitherto for some thirty years we have never known this to fail. But the long and extraordinary drought has worked a change in the spirit of the prices. Until last market day, new potatoes were sold at 9 and 10 cents per half peck. To our surprise this morning, instead of receding as the prices at this season should do, we found they had advanced to 12½ with a prospect of still further advance. The growers say, that the tops are dying or wilting, and the roots increasing neither in number nor size. For cucumbers we were offered 5 for a quarter—and tomatoes, half grown, 8 for a quarter of a dollar. A farmer told us, his corn field looked like a great cigar or tobacco factory, the blades being all turned into pigs tails. 'There is not only,' said he no rain, but the nights give no dew, and the oats are heading at half stock height.' These last have advanced to 20 cents.

THE LAWS OF NATURE.

It is an undoubted fact that nature has provided a specific remedy (in the Vegetable Kingdom) for every disease that "flesh is heir to"—and it is also a fact that these same remedies, if taken at a proper time and season, will eradicate disease and restore health but experience has taught us that when the various roots and plants which constitute those remedies have been for a long time gathered from their native soil, transported across the seas, dried in the suns of many summers, and withered by the frosts of many winters, their curative properties are much diminished, and in order to produce the desired effect upon the human system, it becomes necessary to administer them in large doses; hence arises the nausea, griping, and miserable sensations after taking badly prepared and impure medicine.

But Science, whose noblest work is to alleviate the sufferings of human nature, has enabled the proprietors of

STAINBURN'S

—VEGETABLE EXTRACT PILLS—

To extract, by means of new scientific machinery, all the medicinial virtues, in their purest and original form, from the remedies nature has given for the use of man, without any of those inert portions which irritate and annoy the system.

A moment's examination must convince every individual that THIS METHOD of preparing pills is superior to all other methods ever invented. They are Nature's Remedy—

PURE, PERFECT, AND ORIGINAL.

Price 25 cents per box. Office 338 Broadway, N. Y. next door below the Tabernacle.

Said Pills are sold in Easton by the agent, E. M. DAWSON & BROTHER, and by agents published in another part of our paper

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, July 25 1843.

Wheat (red)	100 105
Corn (white)	62a63
(yellow)	54a55
Oats	00a25

Married,

At the residence of William Thawley, Esq. on the 25th inst. by the Rev. James Nicols, Mr. James H. Barton to Miss Caroline Thawley, all of Caroline County.

DIED,

Departed this life on Thursday morning, 27th inst in this town, after a long and painful illness, MRS. ANNA MATILDA FIDDEMAN, wife of P. H. Fiddeman, Merchant, in the 29th year of her age.

TO CORRESPONDENTS—"McJocklinlays hammer" shall appear next week.

NOTICE.

The LAWS of MARYLAND are received and ready for delivery.—Persons entitled will please call and get them

J. PARROTT,
Clk Talbot County,

July 29, 1843.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of Maryland, the undersigned as Trustee, will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of August next, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 5 o'clock, P. M. of that day, all and singular that Farm or Plantation, situate in the Chappel district, formerly the property of Henry Ferguson, deceased, called and known by the name of "Nobles' Meadow's."—This Farm adjoins the Lands occupied by Francis Councell, Joseph Callahan and John Catrup, and contains the quantity of Two Hundred Acres of Land—Persons wishing to view the Farm, can call on Mr F Councell on the adjoining farm, by whom the premises will be shown—A Plot of the Land will be exhibited on the day of Sale.

TERMS—The sum of One Hundred Dollars in Cash on the day of Sale—the balance in two equal instalments of six and twelve months, to be secured by bond and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; on payment of the entire purchase money, and not before, the property will be conveyed free and discharged from all claim of the parties complainants or defendants to the suit under which the same is sold, or those claiming by, through or under them.

SAM. HAMBLETON, Trustee.

July 29, 1843—5t

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of Talbot county Court as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale at the front door of the Court House in Easton, on

Tuesday the 22d day of August

next, between the hours of 12 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, that very desirable farm, formerly owned by the late Abednego Botfield. It is situated on the St. Michaels' River, within two miles of Easton, and is doubtless a very healthy situation. The river and its tributaries, abound with the finest fish, oysters, and other delicacies of the salt waters. This farm will be sold on a credit of six, twelve, eighteen and twenty four months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond or bonds with such security as the subscriber may approve, for the payment of the purchase money with legal interest thereon from the day of sale—on the payment of the purchase money a clear and valid title will be conveyed.

To persons desirous of purchasing, the premises will be shown by the tenant Mr. Marshall.

By a very recent survey, this farm contains 116 acres of land, more or less, of which 11½ are timbered land

T. R. LOOCKERMAN, Trustee.

July 22 ts (8)

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF LAND

BY virtue of an order of Talbot County Court, the undersigned, as Commissioners will offer at Public sale to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in Easton, on Tuesday the 29th day of August next, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M. all and singular the Real Estate of Thomas Bullen, late of Talbot county, deceased, except the Home Farm, heretofore sold and purchased by Jno. Bullen. This Estate consists of Two small and well situated Farms; the first composed of a tract of land called "Fleming's Freshes" situated in the Trappe District, on St. Michaels Creek, in Talbot county, adjoining the lands of Gibson Wright, and containing per recent survey the quantity of 170 acres of Land.

The other farm adjoining the above described farm situate also on St. Michaels Creek, is composed of a tract of land called 'Bennett's Freshes,' and contains the quantity of 268 acres, 1 rood 32 perches of land. These farms have each a fair proportion of wood land, and the soil is susceptible of improvement—Further description is deemed unnecessary, as persons wishing to purchase will be shown the property by Jesse Bullen, now residing thereon. The property is sold unincumbered of dower.

Terms of Sale—A cash payment on the day of sale of one hundred dollars to meet expenses The balance of purchase money to be secured by bond and security to be approved by the undersigned, bearing interest from day of sale, payable in equal instalments of six, twelve & eighteen months. Attendance given by

EW'D. N. HAMBLETON,
WM. B. WILLIS,
JOHN STEVENS,
BENJAMIN BOWDLE,
PETER STEVENS.
Commissioners.

July 29, 1843—3t.

Public Vendue.

WILL be offered at public vendue, at the late residence of Joseph Kemp, Senr., dec'd. in the town of Easton, on Tuesday 15th day of August next, if fair, if not the next fair day, for CASH, all the Personal Estate of the deceased—consisting of

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

Beds, bedsteads and bedclothes, one eight day Clock, and 1 Silver Watch, 5 or 6 excellent Mahogany and Pine Chests, 1 Safe, and several Pine Tables, 1 Mahogany Bureau and Table, half dozen Silver Spoons, and a parcel of Books.

—ALSO—

A GREAT VARIETY OF

House Carpenter's, Joiners, and COOPERS' TOOLS.

which will be sold in lots; 2 Tool Chests, and 1 Work Bench, 3 or 4 Wheel Barrows, 6 or 8 Well Buckets, UNFINISHED, one set House Wheels and fixtures, a parcel unfinished Wheat Machines, besides a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.



A HOUSE AND LOT
FOR SALE.

I will also offer at public sale, on the same day, or the next day after, the above are disposed of, upon a credit of 6 and 12 months, the house and lot with the appurtenances, lately occupied by the said Kemp. The purchaser giving bond or note with approved security, bearing interest from the first day of January next, at which time possession will be given.

The sale of personal estate to commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

WM. H GROOME, Ex'r.
of Jos. Kemp, Senr. dec'd.

July 15 4t

NOTICE.

The subscriber having taken out letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Kemp, Senr. late of Talbot county, dec'd—hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make payment to the subscriber without delay; and all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby requested to present the same to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. H. GROOME Ex'r
of Jos. Kemp, Senr. dec'd.

July 15 4t

WANTED—An active and intelligent youth from 14 to 16 years of age, who is desirous to learn the Apothecary business.

R F. HEMSLEY.

Easton, July 22, 1843.

Bricks for Sale

A FEW THOUSAND BRICKS FOR SALE at Evergreen, Oxford Neck, Talbot county—They are very convenient to the water, and may be delivered with little trouble Apply to WILLIAM LOVEDAY, Easton, or W. B. MANSHIP, on the premises.

may 6

For sale or Rent.



The large and commodious brick dwelling and office on Dover street, with a large garden, and out buildings where I at present reside, which I purchased from the heirs of John Goldsborough, Esq deceased, his residence at the time of his decease. Upon the purchase money being satisfactorily secured, the payments will be made easy to a purchaser.

WM. HUGHLETT.

July 22 4w (8tw)

FOR SALE OR RENT.

WILL be offered at private Sale, the pleasantly situated Farm, called

SPRING WOOD

about 4 miles from Easton, near the main road, leading from Easton to Centreville, and adjoining the Lands of Mr. Thos. Robinson, containing about

200 ACRES OF LAND,

formerly the property of Mrs. Elizabeth Tilghman, late of Talbot county, Decd.—it is presumed that those who wish to purchase will view the Farm, and judge for themselves. It will be sold on accomodating terms—if not sold by the 21st of August, the Farm will then be rented—for terms apply to Mr. Howes Goldsborough, or the subscriber.

MARGARET GOLDSBOROUGH.

There will also be offered for sale, a lot of WOOD LAND, containing 10 acres, near Bennett's Mill. M. G.

July 8—6t

Violet Hopkins,

Respectfully informs her customers and the Public that they can be furnished with

ICE CREAM,

Cakes, Pickled Oysters, &c., &c., as usual, at the old Stand.

July 8

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