THE GLOBE is fighting its battles manfully, says the Baltimore American.—It will not yield an inch of its ground, or bate one hair's breadth of its claims as the genuine organ of the Democracy, but drives off intruders and interlopers with the strong hand. The number of its foes has lately increased by reason of dissensions in the camp. The Spectator, Mr. CALHOUN'S organ at Washington: the Morning Post, Mr. HENSHAW'S organ at Boston; the Madisonian, Mr. TYLER'S organ in general—are all attacking the Globe with the utmost fury and denying its right to speak for the Democracy. The Richmond Enquirer, startled by the din of this fierce contest, awakes from its speculations on the resolutions of '98 and its other dreams and abstractions, in order to interpose. It steps forth like a police officer when, with truncheon in hand, he comes to part a knot of brawling peace breakers, taking one by the shoulder & thrusting another with his elbow, commanding this to be suill and the other to be quiet.

'We deeply regret, says the Enquirer, 'to see bandied about by journals of the *same political faith*, such violent expressions as 'wearing his politics like a loose robe made to fit anybody, but of a color that might be called Democratic;' 'honest Iago fattening upon the spoils which others had won;' 'violation of truth, justice & decency;' 'needy adventurer,' 'proscription and dictatorial course,' 'meanly and abusively resorting to an expedient which is not justified by truth,' &c., &c. We cannot refrain from interposing the wand of peace between these contending Democrats, and warning them to desist from a war which cannot but enure to the benefit of the Whigs, for whom we should reserve all our weapons.'

But the Globe does not cease its vigorous blows for this remonstrance. It perceives, or thinks so, which is the same thing, that there is a determination on the part of its assailers to put down Mr. VAN BUREN, and it stands forth in that gentlemen's defence with a zeal worthy of a worthier man. We quote from the Globe of Thursday:

'But the reason most generally insinuated for discouraging the nomination of Mr. Van Buren is that he is one of the weakest candidates of the Democracy; that the party will not rally around him with uniform alacrity; and that, having once lost a race, he is not likely to win again. That this is a mere pretext, is evidenced by the clearest demonstrations.—Why, if Mr. Van Buren *is* so weak a candidate is he singled out as the peculiar object of Mr Tyler's hostility, while all the other Democratic candidates are let alone, and even Mr Clay is forgotten? Nay, what is still more significant—why do the advocates and supporters of the great Whig candidate, at the same time they are bonding all their forces against Mr. Van Buren, chime in with Mr. Tyler in proclaiming him the weakest of all the candidates, of the Democracy? The very fact that he is thus singled out as the peculiar object of hostility, by secret foes and open enemies, is a decisive proof, not of weakness, but of strength. The direction of their fears points to the source of their greatest danger, and clearly indicates the conviction that Mr. Van Buren is their most dangerous opponent. If he did not stand high, they would not be so solicitous to pull him down. The heterogeneous influences combined against him furnish decisive evidence of his strength.—They have concentrated all their forces against him as the bulwark of Democracy; and the point of attack clearly indicates where the rally should be made in its defence. The people have sense enough to see this; and it will be difficult to make them believe that so sagacious a leader as Mr Clay, or even such a pettifogging politician, as Mr. Tyler, would confine all his efforts to putting down the dwarf, while an army of giants is in the field.'

Foreign shipping in the American Trade.

The New York Express of Tuesday says:—

The arrival of the brig Albion, Hubbt, from Canton, is an exemplification of the doctrine so often maintained, that the small nations of the north of Europe can build their vessels and sail them cheaper than we can in this country.—The Albion, if we are rightly informed, was chartered by one of our first mercantile houses to perform the voyage, and took out a cargo of lead and cotton from this to Canton and she has returned with teas and cassia. We do not know what amount of charter has been paid but it is very considerably less than is paid to an American vessel. The wages paid to seamen in Swedish vessels are about four dollars a month, while our seamen are in a state of rebellion, and have been parading the streets to raise their wages to fourteen dollars a month For several years past, a fleet of Swedish, Dutch, and Danish vessels have arrived here filled with emigrants, and on their return to Europe they take freights so low, that our own shipping are compelled to remain unemployed at our wharves.

Indeed such is the fact at the present time. A large portion of the freights now shipping to foreign ports is in these vessels. The article of whale oil may be referred to,—is now shipped at 2½ and 3 cents a gallon, or, about seventy five cents a barrel, to ports in the Baltic; a rate that is so ruinous to American vessels that they cannot get engaged in the business.

We have rarely seen so many vessels riding in quarantine as there are at present. The recent arrivals have been numerous, and many with emigrants, and nearly all are required to perform a longer or shorter quarentine.

Expense of the Canada Rebellion.—Sir Robert Peel stated in a late debate on the Canada Corn Bill, that the cost of suppressing the late Canada rebellion was not less thae £3,500 000.

A HARD CASE.—The ship Goethe, Capt. Homann, arrived at this port yesterday morning from Bremen, with over two hundred passengers. It appears there was a person on board named Maltiz, a German, who had previously spent some time in this country, who took especial pains to ingrate himself into the good will and confidence of his fellow passengers; nor was he without success. Having been in America before, & being somewhat acquainted with the ways of the country, he was consequently the better able to accomplish his plan. He, it is said persuaded about eighty of the poor Germans that he could procure them a passage to different parts of the U. States where they might wish to go, on more favorable terms than could be obtained by themselves. They, not doubting his honesty of purpose, accordingly paid over into his hands the several amounts of fare which he stated would be requisite to take them to the desired points of destination, mostly places in the West.

When the vessel arrived yesterday, the pretended agent and benefactor left his confiding friends and proceeded up town, with the understanding that he was soon to return and complete arrangements. The poor deceived passengers, however, waited in vain, and they were the more astonished to learn, in the evening, that their very officious and kind friend had left the city in a hack, with bag and baggage, passage money and all amounting to about one thousand dollars; nor has his whereabouts yet been discovered. Several of those thus deceived were at the Mayor's office this morning, trying to ascertain what mode they should pursue, to gain redress, and have their deceptive friend brought to justice.

SEDUCTION AND ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—We were put in possession on Saturday of the following details which, for the honor of human nature and for the credit of the Navy to which one of the parties concerned belongs we hope may prove exaggerated.

On Thursday night between ten and eleven o'clock a shore boat rowed by one man, and containing a young female, came alongside the U. S. ship Independence, lying off Ellis Island, and on being hailed the female desired to know if Midshipman ——— was on board. On being answered in the affirmative she insisted upon seeing him, but the officer of the deck told her that was impossible, as not only the regulations of the ship, but the rules of the service forbade it. She urged, implored and entreated, but the officer actuated by a stern sense of duty, was still compelled to adhere to his original resolution of refusing her admittance on board. Finding that he was inexorable the young girl, without a moments thought, sprang from the boat, in which she had been standing and sank. A seaman who had been standing in the fore chains, listening to the girl's conversation, saw her make the spring and as she touch the water he sprang overboard after her, and a few lusty strokes brought him to the spot as she arose. He seized her and holding her up the shore boat droped along side of them and took in the unfortunate girl and her gallant preserver.

The officer of the deck had her brought on board and surmising that something extraordinary must have occurred to induce the female to attempt suicide, he summoned the first Lieutenant. When he reached the deck he drew from her a history of the causes which brought her out at that hour of the night in such a place, and it was one of love, confidence, ruin and subsequent desertion.

The Midshipman who was the cause of the poor girl's troubles was called on deck, and being confronted with her, was at once recognized. What steps the First Lieutenant next took with the recreant officer we are ignorant of as yet, but the young girl was sent on shore having first given her address, with the assurance that full and ample justice should be done as soon as the Commodore arrives.

AMERICAN REPRINTS OF ENGLISH WORKS.—Under the new Canada tariff all American reprints of English copyright works are in effect prohibited.—Newspapers containing such works are to be charged with letter postage, while extras or pamphlets containing them are to be seized. The British Quarterly Review the Dublin University Magazine, Blackwood's Magazine, Bently's Miscellany and the London Lancet come within the class of pamphlets interdicted by the law. There is much complaint in Canada on account of the prohibition. A Montreal paper says: 'The works which have been interdicted are not only numerous, but of character essential to the educated and intelligent class of the Colonial society; and we cannot but join *most earnestly* in the prayer that this oppressive restriction may be speedily removed.'

The Rev. Luther Humphrey, of Edwardsburgh, Mich., has, after a series of experiments, succeeded in extracting sugar and molasses of excellent quality from cornstalks. He calculates that he can make molasses at 25 cents, equal to the best qualities, and sugar at five and six cents. As the receipt is very simple and practicable in its operation, we annex it for the benefit of such of our readers in the country, as may choose to try it:

'Take the cornstalks as soon as they have their growth, or as soon as the tassel begins to blossom, cut them in pieces, boil them in a kettle for an hour or two, press out the juice any way you please, and boil it down to a syrup.'

IRELAND.—We learn by the English papers, that Mr Smith O'Brien had given notice in the House of commons of a motion for a committee to inquire into the causes of discontent at present prevailing in Ireland with a view to the redress of grievances, and to the establishment of such a system of just and impartial government as shall for the future leave no ground for well-grounded complaint on the part of the Irish people.'—This motion stood for the 11th of the present month, and would doubtless give rise to a very important discussion on Irish affairs.

☞There was something of a riot in Philadelphia on Tuesday night, in consequence of an announcement that an abolition meeting would be held, to make preparations for the celebration of the anniversary of the emancipation of the slaves in the West Indies. No great damage was done; but the meeting was dispersed.

LYNCH LAW IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Philadelphia Ledger is informed by a gentleman from Columbia, that a fiend-like attempt was made by a negro to commit an outrage on the person of a white girl, at that place, on the afternoon of the 1st inst The girl had taken passage on board of a canal boat for Harrisburg, when the negro came on board, looked her in the cabin, and attempted the outrage alluded to. The cries of the girl attracted the attention of a boat builder on the other side of the canal, who immediately rescued her and took the negro before Squire Lloyd. After hearing the case, the magistrate committed the negro to the town hall, to await a conveyance in the morning, to the jail at Lancaster.

The outrage soon became known, & much excitement prevailed in the neighborhood—During the night a number of citizens and strangers went to the town hall, rescued the negro, took him down the beach on the Susquehanna, stripped him of his clothing, and gave him thirty nine severe lashes. They then tarred and feathered the wretch, gave him thirty nine lashes more, supplied the place of the feathers which were cut off by the last beating, by a fresh quantity, then pinioned his arms, took him to the door of the house of a leading abolitionist of Columbia, & left him, in that condition, tied to the handle of the door. The negro was a stranger at Columbia.

ELECTION ANECDOTE.—"Are you naturalized," said the Judge of the Election; at the 1st Ward, 1st Municipality, on Monday.

He spoke to a man with a foreign look and a French accent, who presented his vote.

"Natural-*eysed!*" said the Frenchman, in astonishment—'Yes, by gar, I is—I have one, two natural eyes, but see what you shall see, I is not natural *footed*'—and here he pointed to a wooden leg, which was a substitute for his right one—'den,' he added, 'I lost dat on board de Constitution when she fought the Gurriere. Ah! dere was not work dere, by gar!'

The Judge thought the fact of his having lost a leg in such an action was of itself a sufficient certificate of citizenship. So he took his vote.—*N. O. Picayune*

TO THE PUBLIC.

The cases of cure performed by the Stamburns Vegetable Extract Pills, now become so numerous that the proprietors are obliged, instead of publishing at length the particulars, only to give an abstract of several testimonials.

CURES.

Mrs. Waterbury, of No. 88 Varick, st. N. Y., cured of salt rheum attended with frequent pains in her head, of over 6 years' standing.

Mrs. Mahony, of No. 16 Ann st. N. Y. cured of costiveness, and pains in her side of over 3 years' standing.

Mrs. Van Nest, of No 14 Dominick st. N. Y., cured of violent pains throughout her body, of 6 years' standing.

Mrs. Murlis, of No 478 Greenwich st. N. Y., cured of the liver complaint and violent pains throughout her body, of 4 years' standing.

Mr. Wm. F. Johnson, of No 12 9th avenue, N. Y. cured of the fever & ague in its first stages and of long standing

Mr. Wm. Watts, of Philadelphia Hotel, Battery, N. Y. cured of a very severe co'd.

The above medicine is for sale at the proprietors office.

Price 25 cents per box. Office 338 Broadway, N. Y. next door below the Tabernacle.

Said Pills are sold in Easton by the agent, E. M. DAWSON & BROTHER, and by agents published in another part of our paper.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Aug 1. 1843.

Wheat (red)	98a102
Corn (white)	52a53
(yellow)	53a54
Oats	00a23

Married,

On the 25th inst., by the Rev. M. D. Kurtz, Jacob Reese of Caroline county, to Miss Frances Fleharty of Talbot.

DIED,

In Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 21st ult., of influenza, Richard Gibbs, in the 31st year of his age, formerly of this town.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life in the City of Baltimore on Sunday last, the 22d ult. Miss ANN B. FOUNTLEROY, of Talbot county, in the 69th year of her age; in early life she sought and found redemption in the blood of the Lamb, yea even the forgiveness of her sins, and she continued to follow the meek and lowly Saviour until the day of her death. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church for nearly half a century—but her voice is now hushed in death, she has gone to join the Church triumphant above. We are authorized to say that her last end was peace.

The soul of our sister is gone,
To heighten the triumph above;
Exalted to Jesus's throne.
And clasp'd in the arms of his love.

A Valuable Woman for Sale.

Will be sold at private sale, a young, healthy and brisk mulatto woman, about 25 years of age, with a child at the breast, of whom the most satisfactory recommendations can be given as to her qualifications for any thing that is to be done about a house. She has been accustomed to cooking, washing, ironing and attending to a dairy, and is well skilled in them all; with a strict master or mistress there is not probably, a more valuable woman in the county, and she is offered for sale for *no other* reason, than that she has a high temper. She has about 9 or 10 years to serve and the child is a slave for life. Apply to the Editor.

Easton, Aug 5—3t

WOOD! WOOD!



PROPOSALS will be received by the Commissioners for Talbot county for furnishing the Jail, &c. with Wood for the year commencing on the 1st day of September next.—Proposals should be submitted on or before Tuesday the 15th inst, on which day they will be considered. By order

GEO. W. SHERWOOD, Cl'k.

August 5—3w

SHERIFFS' NOTICE.

All persons indebted for Officer's Fees are earnestly requested to come forward and settle the same, on or before the 10th September—further indulgence will not be given.

WM. B. WILLIS, Shff.

August 5—(8)

LAST NOTICE.

All those in arrears for the Direct Tax, for the year 1841, will please be ready to pay the same when called on, as longer indulgence cannot be given, as the time has nearly expired when I am bound to complete the Collection. Those indebted will confer a particular favor by attending to the above notice—those neglecting will be proceeded against, without respect to persons.

H. P. GEOGHEGAN,
Col. D. T. for Talbot Co.

August 5—

LIME!—LIME!

The Subscriber is prepared to furnish any quantity of Stone Lime, for Agricultural purposes, upon the waters of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, at the rate of Eight cents per bushel—Also building Lime at Twenty-five cents per bushel, with the cost of the Hhd added.

E. I. COOPER.
City Block, Baltimore.

August 5—3tq

TALBOT COUNTY COURT,

Equity side thereof.

MAY TERM, 1843.

In the matter of James W Jenkins, Lunatic. } Ordered that all persons having any claims or claims against the said Lunatic's Estate, exhibit the same on or before the second day of next November Term of Talbot County Court.

Attest, JAMES PARROTT, Clk.
Talbot County Court.

August 5—3t

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of Talbot County Court, sitting as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will offer at Public Auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the Town of Easton, on Tuesday the 29th day of August next, between the hours of 2 o'clock, and 4 o'clock, P M all and singular that tract or parcel of land, called and known by the name of "Dunn's Range," situate, lying and being in the Chapel District of Talbot county, adjoining the lands of Charles Jump, Mrs. Lee, James McDaniel and others, and containing the quantity of

Sixty-Five Acres.

more or less, being the same land formerly mortgaged by John Corkrall, dec'd to William Mauship, and decreed to be sold under a bill of foreclosure of said mortgage.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six and twelve months of the purchase money, to be secured by bond and approved surety. On payment of the entire purchase money, a conveyance of all and singular, the right title, interest and claim of the parties complainant and defendants to the suit in which the decree was passed, and all claiming under them will be executed by the Trustee.

SAM HAMBLETON, Jr.
August, 5—R Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE WATER SITUATIONS, IN THE BAY-SIDE DISTRICT OF TALBOT COUNTY.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of Maryland, the Subscriber will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Store-House of Arthur L. Loveday, in the town of St. Michaels, on SATURDAY the NINTH day of SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 5 o'clock, P. M. of that day, Part of a Tract of Land called and known by the name of "CROMWELL," containing

ONE HUNDRED & SEVENTY ACRES

—This Farm is beautifully situated on "Knapp's Narrows," very near the Western Bay, and adjoins the Lands of A. H. Seth and Mrs. Elizabeth Scars.—The soil, like that of all the lands in this beautiful region of country, is susceptible of being highly improved. This Farm is immediately in the centre of aquatic luxuries—The finest fish and oysters are at hand—and the best duck shooting in the county is also near this spot. There are no buildings on this Tract of Land, but being within a few miles of "Tilghman's and Page's mills," the materials for a house to suit the taste of the purchaser can be had very conveniently. Persons wishing to visit this Tract of Land can call on Mr T. L. Sherwood, living adjoining, by whom the same will be shown.

ALSO, at the same time and place, will be offered a part of the Tract of Land known by the name of 'Mary's Delight.' This Farm is situate in the Bay-Side district, immediately on the waters of the Eastern Bay, adjoining the lands of the late Dr. Absalon Thompson and Mrs. Charlotte Edmondson—This Farm contains the quantity of *ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIX ACRES* of Land, fifty acres of which is beautifully timbered—The soil and local advantages of this tract of land, is much the same as that of "Cromwell" above described. There are no improvements on this tract of land. Plats of both Tracts will be exhibited on the day of sale.

Terms of Sale—A Cash payment of Four hundred dollars, will be required on the day of sale—the balance of purchase money, in each case, to be secured by bond and approved surety, payable in twelve and twenty four months, with interest from the day of sale On the payment of the entire purchase money, and not before, the Trustee will convey the Lands, free, clear and discharged of and from all claim of the parties complainants or defendants to the suit under which the same is sold.

SAM. HAMBLETON, Jr.
Trustee.

Aug. 5—ts. (8)

The Baltimore American will copy above once a week for 3 weeks and forward bill to this office.

BLANKS

For Sale, at this Office.

PLOUGHS!! PLOUGHS!!





The Subscribers respectfully inform the Farmers of this and the adjacent Counties, that they now have on hand a large assortment of *PLOUGHS* and *PLOUGH* Castings, of various sizes and patterns, such as Beach, Beach Improved, Chenoweth, Davis, Bernard, and Sinclair and Moore, all stocked of the best timber and warranted to run well They would invite particular attention to the *great improvement* recently made in the Beach plough, a number of which have already been used by some of the most experienced Farmers in the County and pronounced far superior to the original plough They invite the Farmers to an inspection of their Stock.

The public's ob'dt. serv'ts.
HUSSEY & HOPKINS

N. B. For the better accommodation of the Farmers in the Bay Side district, we have established agencies with Messrs Robson and Harrison, at St. Michaels and Messrs. Charles Benson & Son, at Royal Oak, of whom Ploughs and Plough Castings of every description can be purchased at Foundry prices.

H. & H.

August 5—4t (8)

For sale or Rent.



The large and commodious brick dwelling and office on Dover street, with a large garden, and out buildings where I at present reside, which I purchased from the heirs of John Goldsborough, Esq deceased, his residence at the time of his decease. Upon the purchase money being satisfactorily secured, the payments will be made easy to a purchaser.

WM. HUGHLETT.

July 22 4w (8 4w)

NOTICE.

The LAWS of MARYLAND are received and ready for delivery.—Persons entitled will please call and get them

J. PARROTT,
Clk. Talbot County,

July 29, 1843.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of Maryland, the undersigned as Trustee, will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of August next, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 5 o'clock, P. M. of that day, all and singular that Farm or Plantation, situate in the Chapel district, formerly the property of Henry Ferguson, deceased, called and known by the name of "Nobles' Meadows."—This Farm adjoins the Lands occupied by Francis Councell, Joseph Callahan and John Catrup, and contains the quantity of Two Hundred Acres of Land—Persons wishing to view the Farm, can call on Mr F. Councell on the adjoining farm, by whom the premises will be shown—A Plot of the Land will be exhibited on the day of Sale.

TERMS—The sum of One Hundred Dollars in Cash on the day of Sale—the balance in two equal instalments of six and twelve months, to be secured by bond and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, on payment of the entire purchase money and not before, the property will be conveyed free and discharged from all claim of the parties complainants or defendants to the suit under which the same is sold, or those claiming by, through or under them.

SAM. HAMBLETON, Jr Trustee.

July 29, 1843—3t

Public Vendue.

WILL be offered at public vendue, at the late residence of Joseph Kemp, Senr., dec'd. in the town of Easton, on Tuesday 15th day of August next, if fair, if not the next fair day, for CASH, all the Personal Estate of the deceased—consisting of

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

Beds, bedsteads and beclothes, one eight day Clock, and 1 Silver Watch, 5 or 6 excellent Mahogany and Pine Chests, 1 Safe, and several Pine Tables, 1 Mahogany Bureau and Table, half dozen Silver Spoons, and a parcel of Books.

—ALSO—

A GREAT VARIETY OF

House Carpenter's, Joiners, and COOPERS' TOOLS.

which will be sold in lots; 2 Tool Chests, and 1 Work Bench 3 or 4 Wheel Barrows, 6 or 8 Well Buckets UNFINISHED, one set House Wheels and fixtures, a parcel unfinished Wheat Machines, besides a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.



A HOUSE AND LOT

FOR SALE

I will also offer at public sale, on the same day, or the next day after the above are disposed of, upon a credit of 6 and 12 months, the house and lot with the appurtenances, lately occupied by the said Kemp. The purchaser giving bond or note with approved security, bearing interest from the first day of January next, at which time possession will be given.

The sale of personal estate to commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

WM. H GROOME, Ex'r.
of Jos. Kemp, Senr. dec'd

July 15 4t

NOTICE.

The subscriber having taken out letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Kemp, Senr. late of Talbot county, dec'd—hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make payment to the subscriber without delay; and all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby requested to present the same to the subscriber, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. H. GROOME, Ex'r
of Jos. Kemp, Senr. dec'd.

July 15 4t

Dr. Dresbach, Kuhan & Pryor's

DYSPEPTIC CORDIAL.

For Dyspepsia, Sick Head Ache, Rheumatism &c. &c.,

THE PROPRIETOR of this preparation deems it proper to premise that nothing is farther from his purpose than to offer it to the public as an universal medicine, or cure all—It is adapted to a few diseases only, for which it is confidently recommended as one of the most agreeable as well as most certain remedies which have at any time claimed public attention!

It imparts a healthy tone to the stomach improves the appetite when impaired, and promotes digestion—it soothes and tranquilizes the nervous system, when excited or disturbed produces cheerfulness of spirits, with feelings of general comfort and satisfaction.

In the following diseases it is recommended as a prompt and in most cases an effectual remedy

Dyspepsia, Sick or Nervous Headache, cholic, cramp or spasm in the stomach, cholera morbus, hysterics and nervous diseases generally; chronic dysentery, diarrhœa or purging, sea sickness, cholera infantum, rheumatism, chronic liver complaints. Female irregularities of a chronic character, attended with cold feet, pain in the back, limbs &c. It is also particularly recommended to those who are suffering under debility, languor, depression of spirits, with irregular or defective appetite, restlessness at night, with unsound or disturbed sleep—In these cases this cordial will be found an admirable remedy! Its soothing and renovating powers being peculiary adapted to such cases. As a preventative of Ague and Fever it is useful, and those who reside in neighborhoods were this disease prevails, would do well to take it once or twice a day during the sickly seasons.

TESTIMONIALS;

Westminster, Carroll Co. Md. Aug. 12, 1842.

Mr. C. Hearston; dear sir—Having made use of several bottles of Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Cordial of which you are proprietor, I feel a desire to inform you of its beneficial results. The first use made of it in my family was by myself, for pain in the breast—the next was for Cholic, being violently attacked; the next was a case of Cholic in a colored man in my imploy; the next was a case of a child a few weeks old which was much afflicted with cholic and consequently very restless; the next case was pain in the bowels and stomach of the colored man spoken of above, in which case he was unable to work. It is with pleasure I inform you that in all the above cases it effected a speedy cure—in some of the cases a single dose had the desired effect. After commencing the use of the Cordial with the child it soon became very fleshy and has continued to grow rapidly ever since—is now past one year old and whenever attacked by the cholic (which has not been for some time,) has invariably found relief from a dose of the Cordial. From the use made of it in my family my wife is quite unwilling to be without a bottle of it in the house at any time.

Yours respectfully, JOHN M'COLLUM.

Leesburg, Va. July 10, 1841.

Mr. C. Hearstons, dear sir—Having been called on by one of your agents, (Jas. S. Hamilton) and believing it to be my duty, I give you a certificate approving of your Dyspeptic Cordial—I do say that I have used it in my family with success, and believe the cordial should be recommended to all Dyspeptic individuals! I have a young woman in my family who suffered much for some time with Dyspepsia, by using 2 or 3 bottles of your cordial, she was fully cured! Given under my hand this 10th day of July 1841. PETER COST.

Frederick County, Md. Sept. 14, 1840.

Mr. C. Hersions: Your medicine named Drs. Dresbach Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial, has cured me of Dyspepsia. I had this disease twelve years. Various medicines as well as medical assistance had been tried, but all failed. Your cordial as mentioned above has completed a cure. For several months past I have been entirely free from this Dyspeptic disease.

JOHN MONTGOMERY Jr.

From the Rev. T. H. W. Monroe,
Liberty town, Frederick Co. Md'
May 9, 1840.

Dear Sir—Circumstances have prevented me from writing to you until the present I now state to you that I have used Drs Dresbach, Kuhan and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial with considerable advantage. For some years past I have been afflicted with what I regard as Dyspepsia, in its insipent stages, to obtain relief from which I tried various remedies in vain. I was induced by the recommendation of the before named cordial, and from the use of it, have been, as I trust, entirely relieved.

Yours respectfully,
THOMAS H. W. MONROE.

Mr. C. Herstons—I willingly comply with your request to furnish a statement of the case in which your Dyspeptic Cordial was used with so much advantage. It is briefly thus. My niece Mrs. Wallace, had been suffering for several months under a train of symptoms such as naturally denote the worst form of Dyspepsia, viz: defective appetite, impaired digestion, languor, debility, &c. These symptoms were at length followed by great depression of spirits, sleeplessness and nervous agitation, while every article was swallowed by distressing pain. While in this situation a friend passing through Baltimore, who had been cured in your State and was familiar with its effects, advised the use of Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial, the use of which, in a few days, gave great relief, and finally cured her. PHILAMON TOWSON.

Balt. S. Liberty street, Feb. 13, 1839.

Carroll county, March 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.

Sir—This distressing disease has for many years been a source of affliction to my wife, so severe at times as to occasion her to take to her bed.

Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial, for dyspepsia, Sick Headache, &c., had come so highly recommended by persons of my acquaintance, I got it; it has met her case fully at different times. A few weeks past one of her severe attacks came on while on a visit to a neighbor's; she hastened home & took a dose of the cordial, sat very quiet for ten or fifteen minutes—then took a second dose and remained quiet some minutes again, when she was entirely relieved. She thinks that if she had not had this medicine at hand, this attack would have sent her to bed. Such is her confidence in this cordial for her sick headache, that she has determined never to be without it in the house

I have heard a friend of mine say who has tried it twice for severe cholic, that he was promptly relieved each time by this cordial.

THOS. BARTHOLOW.

To Mr. Herston.

CRAMP CHOLIC.

Frederick County, Md Sept. 1840.

Mr. Herston—My wife, a few weeks ago, had a violent attack of cramp cholic. She thought she would have died—I was alarmed. In the discription given of your medicine, named Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial, I found it highly recommended for cholic, spasms, or cramp, in the stomach. It justly sustained its character in my wife's case. The attack commenced about daylight. Fortunately the cordial was in the house—sitting on the side of the bed, she took a few swallows from the bottle, (would not wait for pouring out—walked across the room, sat down in a chair, and in five minutes was perfectly relieved. JACOB KESSLER.

N. B. It is highly recommended for Bowel Complaint.

☞None genuine without the signature jo the proprietor, C. HERSTONS.

For sale by
C. ROBINSON, Agent
Easton, Md.

May 27 eow

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