one more measure must be added to the list that proclaims the Whig doctrine; to be inacted whenever we may have the power, and this is a thorough reformation of the Naturalization Laws. When this system is brought under proper restraint, the demon that has throttled us now and pushed us aside from the places we ought to occupy, will no longer be an object of apprehension to us.

THANKSGIVING DAY IN MARYLAND.—Governor Thomas, has appointed Thursday, the 12th day of December, to be observed as a day of general Thanksgiving throughout this State.

CONGRESS.—The second session of the Twenty-eighth Congress commences on Monday next. Some of the Members have already reached Washington, among whom are the Hon. John Quincy Adams and the Hon. Senator Crittenden of Kentucky.

BALTIMORE CUSTOM HOUSE.—It is said that President Tyler has appointed Gen. WM. H. MARRIOTT Collector of the Port of Baltimore, vice NATHANIEL F. WILLIAMS, Esq. removed.

*Custom House—Revenues.*—The [illegible] appointed Collector of this Port, Gen. Marriott, entered upon the duties of his office on Monday last.

On the same day an order was received from the Treasury Department, designating the Chesapeake Bank as one of the Government depositories. The two institutions now employed by the Government for this purpose are the Bank of Baltimore and the Chesapeake Bank.—*Amer.*

We learn that S. M. Semmes, Esq. of Allegany county, has been appointed, by the Executive of Maryland, to fill the vacancy in the judiciary of that State, which has lately become vacant by the death of Judge Buchanan, and that Mr. Semmes has accepted the appointment.

TALBOT COUNTY COURT.

FRIDAY, Nov. 22d.

Court met, present,

E. F. Chambers, Esq., chief Judge.
P. B. Hopper, and } Associate
Jno. B. Eccleston, Esqr's., } Judges.

State vs. Chany Baily, negro—Indicted for the murder of her child—was argued by Hambleton for State—Martin & Emory for Defendant—verdict not guilty by reason of Insanity.

SATURDAY, Nov. 23d.

State vs. A. M. Goldsborough, H. L. Edmondson & H. C. Mackey, presented for a Riot, in the town of Easton—was argued by Hambleton for State—Martin, Thomas, Muse & H. H. Goldsborough for Defendants—verdict not guilty.

MONDAY, Nov. 25.

Court met, Present—same as on Saturday.

State vs. Jeremiah Hopkins—Indicted for the murder of Wm. A. F. C. Kemp—was argued by Hambleton for State—Loockerman & Martin for Defendant—verdict guilty of Manslaughter—sentenced 5 years to Penitentiary.

TUESDAY, Nov. 26.

State vs. John L. McCombs—indicted for Swindling—was argued by Hambleton for State—Martin & Loockerman for Defendant—verdict not guilty.

State vs. John L. McCombs—presented for Bribery—argued by Hambleton for State—Loockerman & Martin for Defendant—verdict not guilty.

State vs. John Lecompt, free negro—indicted for Felony—argued by Hambleton for State—Martin for defendant—verdict guilty—sentenced 1 year 5 months to Penitentiary.

State vs. John Bloxon, negro (slave of Jacob Wright,)—indicted for Burglary—argued by Hambleton for State—Martin for Defendant—verdict guilty—sentenced to be banished to the State of Alabama.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 27th.

State vs. Wm. Tarbutton—indicted for an assault and battery on James Callahan with intent to kill—argued by Hambleton for State—Thomas and Martin for Defendant—verdict not guilty.

State vs. Same—indicted for an assault & battery on Wm. Corkrall with intent to kill—argued by Hambleton for State—Thomas & Martin for Defendant—verdict not guilty.

THURSDAY, Nov. 28th.

Court adjourned until Friday 20th December next.

Speculations are already afloat as to the compositions of Mr. Polk's Cabinet, and in reference to other matters connected with his accession to the Presidential chair.—we copy the following articles from some of the leading papers on the subject:

A Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser writes:

Every one seems disposed to speculate upon the probability of Mr. Calhoun's retention in the State Department by Mr. Polk. It has been thought that, considering the strength which Mr. Calhoun's friends brought, in the convention and in the election, to Mr. Polk, the latter is under great obligations to him; and that, moreover, he will greatly need the advice and aid of Mr. Calhoun in the adjustment of the great questions now pending in relation to our foreign affairs.

But the resentments of General Jackson and Col. Benton, and the interest and ulterior views of Mr. Cass and Mr. Wright, will be an obstacle to such an arrangement. It is not even certain that Mr. Calhoun would accept the appointment. If he do so, it will be only with a view to prosecute to consummation the annexation of Texas. He would have retired from the Cabinet at the close of the late session, but for the hope and prospect of carrying the annexation project at the coming session.

On the whole, it seems very possible that the State Department may be filled by Mr. Cass or Mr. Stevenson.

A Washington letter in the N. Y. Journal of Commerce says:—

It is certain that no one here can know what Mr. Polk's views and intentions are in regard to the composition of his Cabinet. The probability is that he is utterly ignorant himself of the course which he may adopt. The time has not come in which he could advise on the subject with those who, if he acts on advice, must influence his course. But, still, we know his position in relation to Mr. Calhoun, and can judge of the probability of his seeking to retain him in the State Department. We know that the resentments of Gen. Jackson, the hostility,—personal and bitter.—of Benton, the rivalry of eminent politicians in Virginia, Michigan and New York, all concur to embarrass Mr. Polk in the formation of a Cabinet of which Mr. Calhoun should be the head. If Mr. Polk acts upon the advice of an influential portion of his party, he will not endeavor to retain Mr. Calhoun; and if he do not invite him to remain, he may give offence to another portion of the Democratic party. It is therefore doubted whether Mr. Calhoun will remain in the Cabinet, though it is very much desired by many that he should, as his influence and example will continue to be, as it has been, hostile to the much dreaded proscriptive policy. He will also be a great loss to Mr. Polk in the adjustment of some questions; but, in regard to the annexation question, it is one of those measures which follow from necessity, in the course of events, and needs no advantage from superior sagacity or statesmanship.

It may happen that Texas will be annexed, by joint resolution, at the coming session of Congress, and, in that case Mr. Calhoun will have achieved his great object in remaining in the Cabinet, and have no motive to continue in it.

*The Cabinet that is to be.*—The first keen encounter between the jockeys and jockeyed in the last Baltimore Convention takes place on the question of Premier in Mr. Polk's Administration. The ultra Texas. anti-Tariff prints who crushed Mr. Van Buren mean to keep Mr. Calhoun in that position, with an eye to both immediate & ulterior operations. On the other hand, the old V. Buren wing of the party are anxious to oust Mr. Calhoun & put Andrew Stevenson of Virginia in his place. There is no choice between them. Calhoun is more of a man and a statesman, Stevenson has less capacity for mischief, but is equally hostile to Protection & devoted to the Texas iniquity. He was for some years speaker of the House, commencing in 1827, and afterwards Minister to London, where he got into an abusive controversy about Slavery with O'Connell, and came out of it very badly damaged. As possession is nine points in Law, we think Mr. Calhoun will hold his post for a while if he chooses, though he will ultimately be shuffled out of it. He is too strong a man too be relished as chief adviser by a weak President.

The Second post—that of Secretary of the Treasury—will be claimed by and conceded to New York, and will be given to the man that Van Buren and Silas Wright shall designate. Some very green speculators concede it to Ex-Gov. Marcy, but that is absurb. Broken down, last century politicians are rarely chosen for such posts. Benjamin F. Butler can hardly fail to get it unless he should prefer a Foreign Mission or some post of less honor and more cash.

Mr. Robert J. Walker of Mississippi will probably be pressed for a place in the Cabinet as he has been the chief engineer of the Texas battery. He may be put off with U. S. Judgeship or a Mission if it be inconvenient to seat him in the cabinet.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The correspondent of the National Intelligencer at New York, says:

Some idle speculations are afloat in regard to the possibility of inducing the Presidential Electors of this State, or else of Pennsylvania and South Carolina, to cast their votes for some other candidate than Mr. Polk. In this improbable event, it is conjectured that the election may be thrown into the House where Mr. Van Buren or Mr. Calhoun may stand a chance of preference. The proposition is, of course, unworthy of serious entertainment; but the fact that it emanates from Northern Locofocos may be regarded as indicative of the feeling among a considerable portion of the triumphant party in New York. They cannot disguise their anxieties and jealousies. The friends of Mr. Van Buren believe that he would have run even better than Mr. Polk, and they chafe at the idea of being obliged to succomb to the Texas anti-Tariff influence, which the fear, not without reason, will be the ruling element in the new Administration. The Locofoco journals profess unbounded indignation at the mere broaching of this idea, and charge its invention upon the Whigs; but the truth is, that the project originated with some malcontents in the ranks of our adversaries where it is still agitated with no little asperity, although no one imagines that it can be carried into effect.

It is believed that the Hon Samuel Young at present Secretary of State of New York will take Mr. Wright's place in the Senate of the United States.

*From the Alex. Gazette.*

The indications of the general determination of the Whigs of the country, to maintain their organization, as well in defeat as in success, are too numerous to be mistaken, and we hail the "Union of the Whigs," as another proof of the patriotism of the party. They will never desert their cause or principles. They have stood together, shoulder to shoulder, and they have contended nobly for the best interests and the best men of the country. In adversity they have the proud consolation of knowing that they have done all that men could do, with honor! and it is no fault of theirs if adverse results should now ensue to the government and the people. Years and years hence, the contest of 1844 will be recollected by all good Whigs, as the time which *tried* and *proved* the patriotism of those who strove for the election of Henry Clay. Stand to your colors—the National Flag—gallant Whigs!—let others come to you. It is your part to stand fast, and continue to do your best for our beloved country!

OLD MARYLAND.

In the great struggle which has just terminated for the Presidency, and which has resulted so disastrously for the country, Old Maryland stands firm and immoveable in the Whig ranks. State after State have deserted the Whig party, but when the hour of trial comes, Old Maryland is found at her post, ready with her overwhelming majority to support the principles of the party. Let the consequence be what it may from the election of Mr. Polk, this State will *never* be found battling in the ranks of Locofocoism.

Whigs of Maryland, stand firm to your principles; and let nothing ever induce you to swerve from your duty and your cause. The country will yet prosper under the doctrines of the Whig party. Time will disclose the many scenes of perjury and corruption by which the Locofocos have succeeded in elevating their candidate, and which do will more to strengthen the Whig cause than victory at the present time would have accomplished.

*Catoctin Whig.*

EXTRAORDINARY INCREASE OF VOTERS.—Many of the Counties in Pennsylvania polled more votes at the recent Presidential election, than they contained white male inhabitants, at the recent census.—Thus, Pike county, with 818 adults, polled 920 votes; Monroe county, with 2034; polled 2220; Perry county, with 3500, polled 3671; Columbia county, with 5033, polled 5108; and Potter county, with 732, polled 794. This, to say the least of it, has the semblance of fraud.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

*Some Part of the Result.*—A large Stove Manufacturing firm (Smith, Lockwood & Co.) of Troy, before the election received an order for $12,000 worth of their stoves. Immediately after the election, their correspondent writes, "in consequence of the election of Polk, I must reduce my order to $4,000." This is what the Whigs told the people, but they would not listen, would happen. Do they believe it now?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

ADAMS ON INGERSOLL.—John Q. Adams, in his Boston address, exposed the attack of General Jackson, and his man Aaron Vail Browne, with crushing energy. In a subsequent address at Weymouth, he paid his respects with equal pungency to Charles J. Ingersoll, who had joined in the attack. The following is a specimen:

"More than three score years by gone, we had a terrible war with Great Britain; but then justice, right, honor, God himself, was on the side of this country, and God gave to America the victory in that momentous struggle. Washington, Samuel Adams, John Hancock, Patrick Henry, Richard Henry Lee, Greene, Franklin, and a host of others, were the American leaders then, and through privation and blood, they labored in behalf of their land. The vile fabricator of this slander upon me was then a helpless infant—and for his liberty and his rights, these great men were contending. But after the war was over, when the object had been attained, and America and Americans were free, there was a man found in Pennsylvania so base, that he was not ashamed to declare in the face of his country and hearing of his fellow-citizens, that had he been of age to take part in the war of the Revolution, he should have been on the side of Great Britain. This, of course, implied nothing else than that, in the judgment of this individual, Washington and all his associates were traitors, who, if they received their deserts, would be hung, drawn and quartered, and embowelled on Tyburn hill in the city of London. A man in Pennsylvania made that declaration, and *who that man was*, Mr. CHARLES JARED INGERSOLL *can tell!*

MEXICO.—Advices have been received at New Orleans from the city of Mexico up to the 2d instant. The Chamber of Deputies have refused to vote the loan required by Santa Anna to carry on the campaign against Texas. A majority of the Committee to which the subject was referred, reported that the Executive should be authorised to obtain a loan of three millions of dollars. Subsequently the Chamber refused, by a vote of 44 to 17, to entertain the *projet de loi* recommended by the committee. The members opposed to the loan maintained that to save the Republic from embarrassments and dangers with which she was menaced, there must be a complete change of Ministry.

The New Orleans Picayune says.

We are confirmed in the belief that Santa Anna does not carry with him a majority of the best disposed part of the Republic; but this portion of the Mexican population appears disposed to insist, as strongly as any, that Texas must be recovered. They make this a point of national honor; but in our humble opinion it is more the dictate of a national pride than any reasonable expectation of success. Those best informed in Mexican affairs think a revolution inevitable—many that the train is already laid, and that the explosion will be heard immediately.

The Minister of Finance, Trigueros, has resigned his position. Grievous charges had been made against him, & he had previously expressed his desire to retire from the administration, but the wishes of his associates in power induced him to remain. Senor D. Francisco has been appointed provisionally Minister in place of Senor Trigueros.

We learn, says the Nashua, N. H., Telegraph, that about fifty hands have been discharged from the machine shop in Manchester, the present week, in consequence of countermanded orders for machinery since the Presidential election.

The Alexandria Gazette says that the Mount Vernon estate is not for sale.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

*FINAL RESULT.*

| | Electoral Votes. Clay. | Polk. |
|---|---|---|
| MARYLAND, | 8 | |
| OHIO, | 23 | |
| PENNSYLVANIA, | | 26 |
| CONNECTICUT, | 6 | |
| RHODE ISLAND, | 4 | |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE, | | 6 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA, | | 9 |
| VIRGINIA, | | 17 |
| NEW JERSEY, | 7 | |
| NEW YORK, | | 36 |
| NORTH CAROLINA, | 11 | |
| GEORGIA, | | 10 |
| KENTUCKY, | 12 | |
| MICHIGAN, | | 5 |
| DELAWARE, | 3 | |
| INDIANA, | | 12 |
| MAINE, | | 9 |
| MASSACHUSETTS, | 12 | |
| ILLINOIS, | | 9 |
| MISSOURI, | | 7 |
| VERMONT, | 6 | |
| TENNESSEE, | 13 | |
| LOUISIANA, | | 6 |
| MISSISSIPPI | | 6 |
| ALABAMA, | | 9 |
| ARKANSAS, | | 3 |
| | 105 | 170 |

Majority for Polk 65.

## PRICES CURRENT

BALTIMORE, Nov. 26, 1844.

| | |
|---|---|
| FLOUR sup. How. st. fr. strs. bl... | $4.18@4 25 |
| Do. ..... CITY MILLS..... | 4 25@4,37 |
| Do. ..... SUSQUEHANNA..... | 4 00a |
| RYE ..... | 3.@25 |
| WHEAT..... WHITE..... | 95@108 |
| do. ..... RED..... | 88@93 |
| CORN..... WHITE..... | 42@43 |
| do. ..... YELLOW ..... | 45@47 |
| RYE ..... | 69@67 |
| OATS ..... | 24@26 |


## New Fall Goods.

**N. Covington,**

HAVING commenced business in Easton in the Store-house recently occupied by Mr Thos. C Nicols, has just opened a large stock of

**NEW GOODS,**

*Consisting of A Great Variety of Articles*

usually kept in a country store

As no books will be kept (Goods being sold exclusively for cash) exceeding small profits will be charged Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves previous to making their purchases.

Easton, Nov. 30, 1844—tf

METALLIC POLISHING

**POWDER.**

This elegant preparation is recommended as being superior to any thing that has ever been used for polishing *Silver, Brass, Tin & Iron*, a few rubs renders the most tarnished surface perfectly bright, it is entirely mechanical in its operation, being free of acid or any other destructible principle.

*Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints & Oils,*

may also be had at Hemsley's Pharmacy very low.

R F. HEMSLEY,
Pharmaceutist

Easton, Nov 30, 1844—4t

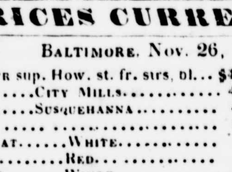
DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Shepard & McNeal, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the first day of July last All persons indebted to said firm are hereby notified, that longer indulgence than the end of the present year, cannot be given.

WM H SHEPARD,
J H. McNEAL.

Nov 30, 1844—3w

## Boots Shoes



**& TRUNKS.**

THE subscriber having purchased of J H. McNeal his interest in the Boot & Shoe trade, would inform his friends and customers that in addition thereto, he has just received from the City a good assortment of

*BOOTS, SHOES & TRUNKS,*

which will be sold low for Cash Corn or Oats, &c. Boots and Shoes made to order as usual. WM H. SHEPARD.

Nov. 20. 1844—3w (S)

## To Rent.

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

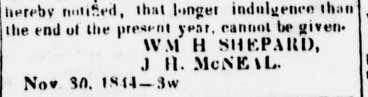
the Store House at Wye Mills', now occupied by Mr G Austin, a comfortable Dwelling convenient to the store, can be had for a small family. M GEORGE.

Nov 30, 1844—3w

## Public Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, will be sold at public sale on Wednesday the 18th day of December next, at the late residence of Thomas Robinson Dec'd. near Easton, all the personal property of said dec'd. (negroes excepted) consisting of

Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs



*Household and Kitchen Furniture,*

Farming utensils, Corn, Cornblades, and Topfodder of superior quality, Oats, Corncaps, Wheatstraw, &c.

The horses are mostly young, handsome and well broken to harness. There are also two fine Yoke of well broken work Oxen.

TERMS.—A credit of 6 months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale—for all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required—the terms of sale to be complied with before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Attendance given by,

THOS. PIERSON, Agent.
for MARGARET ROBINSON, Adm'x.
of Thomas Robinson, Dec'd.

Nov. 30, 1844—3w (S)

**JOHN M. OREM & CO.**

MERCHANT TAILORS, (*N. W. Corner of Baltimore & Charles sts., Baltimore.*)

HAVE on hand an extensive and choice assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of the most approved French, English and American Manufacture—which they are prepared to make up in the most fashionable and best manner at short notice and at low prices.

SUPERIOR CLOTHING READY MADE,

On the second floor of their store which they have fitted up for the purpose, they have a general stock of superfine and medium clothing ready made. They have always a large number of Office and Business Coats, and over Coats and cloth Cloaks.

They make up the best of goods, sell nothing but what they have made under their own immediate notice, the style and work of which they can confidently recommend as equal to anything that can be produced in any city in the Union. They invite citizens and strangers to examine their stock,

☞ They have but one price for their goods, the lowest price at which they can be sold is plainly marked in figures on every article Nov. 30, 1844—6t

## Notice.



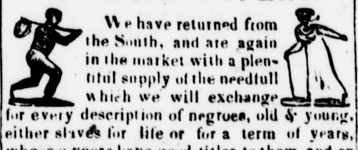
CAME to the subscribers about the 1st of Oct a small black and white, two year old Heifer, the ear mark is a crop off the left and a slit in the right. The owner of said heifer is requested to come forward prove property pay charges and take her away.

JOHN BAGGS.

Nov. 30, 1844—3t (S)

## Cash!! Cash!!!

TO SLAVE OWNERS.



We have returned from the South, and are again in the market with a plentiful supply of the needfull which we will exchange for every description of negroes, old & young, either slaves for life or for a term of years, whose owners have good titles to them, and as it is usual for us to give at all times we will pay higher prices than any other persons will do, we can at all times be found here ready to purchase any number. Persons having negroes for sale who do not want them to go out of the State may be assured that any negro we buy under a promise not to send out of the State in no event whatever, will it be done All persons who have negroes for sale, and that want the highest prices for them will please give us a call, and they shall have it. All letters (post paid) and not otherwise, will be promptly attended to.

JOHN N. DENNING & Co

Centreville Md. Nov 30, 1844—1yif

*EASTON.*

**HAT AND CAP**



**Emporium.**

BEASTON announces to his friends and the public generally that he is now ready to serve them with HATS and CAPS of the latest & most approved styles at Baltimore prices for *cash* or approved trade. Call and see,

Nov 16, 1844 - 6w

NEW FALL

—AND—

**WINTER GOODS.**

WE have just received a full supply of Goods, adapted to the present and approaching season, which we offer to our customers & the public on very reasonable terms.

SAML. MACKEY & SON.

N. B.—H. C. Mackey has this day withdrawn from the above firm. The business will be conducted under the same name of S. M & Son

Nov 16, 1844 3w

## NEW FALL

—AND—

## *Winter Goods.*

THE Subscribers have just received a very general assortment of GOODS, suitable for the present and approaching season, and respectfully invite the public to call and examine them.

W H. & P. GROOME.

Oct. 19th, 1844—6w

*NEW FALL*

—AND—

## WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public generally that he has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore with an extensive assortment of

**DRY GOODS**

—AND—

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

ALSO A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**



MEN AND BOYS CAPS.

together with a great variety of other articles all of which will be sold cheap for cash, or on short credit to punctual customers.

He returns thanks for the patronage heretofore received, and hopes his old customers and the public generally will not neglect to favor him with a call previous to purchasing elsewhere WM. B. WHEELER.

Easton, Nov. 16, 1844—6w

PORK WANTED.

SEALED Proposals will be received until Thursday the 28th inst., for furnishing the Alms House of Talbot county, with Pork for the ensuing year. Persons will please hand their proposals to the subscriber in Easton.

CHARLES ROBINSON,
Nov. 16, 1844— Treasurer.

**FRESH FRUIT, CANDY,**

—AND—

**FANCY GOODS.**

HENRY J STRANDBERG would most respectfully inform the Public that he has just returned from Baltimore with a fresh supply of GOODS, of all kinds in his line, viz. *Fancy Boxes* and *Baskets* for *Christmas* presents, *Toys* of every description, *Soaps* and *Perfumery*, *Books*, *Lemons*, *Oranges*, *Raisins*, *Figs*, *Prunes*, *Cranberries*, *Segars* of the very best quality, *French Candy*, and a great many other fancy articles.

Candy warrented to be equal to any made in the City at 16 cts. at whole sale,

Gingercakes at $3,50 per barrel of my own make, all kinds of cake always on hand, fresh and good.

Brides' and all other kind of cake, to order in the shortest notice—*call and see.*

Oct. 26, 1844—tf

## *Boots & Shoes.*

SOLD AT REDUCED PRICES.

I HAVE just returned from the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the largest and most general assortment of

**BOOTS & SHOES**

that ever was here before, and farther, I intend selling them cheaper than they were ever sold in the town; consisting of every variety in that line of business. Persons who wish to economize had better call and see for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. I have also a hand some assortment of men's boy's and children's



## *CAPS;*

*together with a variety of*

GROCERIES, &c.

all of which will be sold at a very small advance for cash, or for country produce, such as Lard, Bacon, Butter, Feathers, Eggs, Oats & Corn; for which the highest cash prices will be allowed in exchange for goods.

TRISTRAM T. MARTIN.

N B—I have a small lot of CRANBERRIES which was raised in the lower counties, superior to those generally in market.

Easton, Nov. 2, 1844—5w T. T. M.

C. A BORDLEY, L. J. COX, Jr.

## BORDLEY & COX,

(Successors of M'Kenney & Cox.)

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

*No. 6, Bowley's Wharf, Baltimore.*

WILL attend to the sale of grain, flour and country produce generally, and also to the purchase of goods, &c. &c.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Clark & Lellogg, } Baltimore.
" Wm. McDonald & Co. }
Beale H. Richardson, Esq'r. }
Hon. E. F. Chambers, } Kent County.
" J. B. Eccleston. }
" P. B. Hopper—Queen Ann's County.
James Parrott, Esq.—Talbot County.

nov. 2, 1844—tf

TO BE DISPOSED OF.



The owner not having employment for them, will dispose of several SERVANTS accustomed to Cooking, Washing and Ironing, the Dairy and house-work generally—Apply for information at this office.

Nov. 9, 1844 - tf

## TO RENT.

For the ensuing year, that well known Brick Tavern the



*EASTON HOTEL,*



at present occupied by Robert Larrimore.

Possession given on the first day of January next. For terms apply to

RICHARD THOMAS, Agent
for WM. S. THOMPSON.

Nov. 16, 1844—6w (S)

The Balt. American will copy to the amount of $2 and forward account to this office for collection.

TRUSTEES SALE.



WOOD LOTS, near the village of Trappe, about eight acres each, will be offered at public sale on SATURDAY, the 7th day of December next, opposite the Store-house of Stevens & Mullikin, at 1 o'clock P M.

Mr.———, who has recently surveyed the lands, from which these Wood Lots are detached, will give the necessary information

The terms are, bond with good security, bearing interest, in instalments of six and twelve months.

*John Bozman Kerr,*
*Tench Tilghman,* } *Trustees.*
*John Stevens,*

Easton, Nov. 23, 1844—3w

## Taxes!—Taxes!!

THE undersigned having been appointed Collector of County Taxes for Talbot county, hereby gives notice that he is now prepared to collect the same. He is determined to close the collection as speedily as possible, & persons indented will do well to call and settle, as he cannot give any unreasonable indulgence owing to the lateness of his reception of the books.

HY. P. GEOGHEGAN,
Nov. 23, 1844—8w Collector.

## *Butter! Butter!!*

At the Baltimore Butter Depot.

WE are now receiving daily from 1500 to 2000 lbs. prime family Roll Butter, also Western roll Butter, in bbls. we have at all times from 150 to 200 kegs of prime and common Butter; also the celebrated Glades Butter suitable for Family use or Retailing All orders by Mail or otherwise addressed to us will be attended to, we deal only in butter

SAMUEL CLAYTON & SONS,
No. 3 Lombard St. one door from Hanover St.
Nov. 2, 1844—2m Baltimore

**TO RENT**

FOR THE NEXT YEAR,

THAT part of my farm which has been rented for several years to Mr. Hopkins Hadaway, apply to C. M. PLATER.

June 15, 1844.

BLANKS

*For Sale, at this Office.*


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