EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, April 4

☞Mr. V. B. PALMER is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the "Easton Gazette," in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia & N. York

We are indebted to the Hon. J. A PEARCE of the U. S. Senate, for public documents.

The Sub Treasury Bill was passed in the House of Representatives on Thursday, by a vote of 126 to 67.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO. —*Rumored Reception of Mr. Slidell.*

The New York Gazette and Times says: —"We are indebted to a gentleman who arrived here to day from Havan via Charleston, in the short passage of eight days, for the following important intelligence:

The Juaniti arrived at Havana on the evening of the 22d ult. from Vera Cruz, which place she sailed from the 16th ult., bringing advices up to that day, and by the Captain we learn that a great change had taken place in the state of our relations with Mexico.

It appears that Paredes had been induced to alter his tone, owing to strong manifestations exhibited against a war with the United States, *and that Mr. Slidell, our Minister had been duly notified that the Government were ready to consider propositions he had to make on behalf of our government* and that there existed no doubt but that the matter would be speedily adjusted.—Arista, and the troops under his command had pronounced against Paredes and the war party.

BLOODY OUTRAGE.—*A Marylander almost Murdered.*—A few months ago, says the Louisville Journal of Saturday last, a young man from near Snow Hill, Maryland, named David T. Riley, came to that city with the intintion of practising law. Not finding sufficient encouragement, he went about four miles in the country, on or near the Flat Lick road, and took a school. On Wednesday last, a young man from Shelby county, named Richard Meriwether, jr., went to Mr. Riley's schoolhouse, called him out, and under the pretence that Mr. R. had reported a remark or a question of his concerning a gentleman in the neighborhood, stabbed him five times; wounding him severely and most dangerously. The physicians say that Mr. R. will probably die, unless one of his arms be amputated; and he refuses to submit to amputation. Merriwether was pursued, but no information had been received of his arrest.

Loss of Brig Reaper of Baltimore.—The brig Reaper, Braaten, from Galveston, bound to Baltimore, with a cargo of cotton and hides, struck on the extreme end of Cape Hatteras shoal, during a heavy gale from S. E. on the night of the 24th ult., and went to pieces soon after, giving barely time for the crew to escape with their lives. Vessel a total wreck. Some of the cargo will be saved in a damaged state, men having been employed to gather it as it drifted on the shore. The particulars above are communicated by Mr. Pitt, (mate of the R.) who arrived here this morning.—*Exchange Reading Room Books.*

☞We are glad to hear that A. C. Bullett, Esq., one of the editors of the New Orleans Picayune has been returned to the Legislature of Louisiana by the voters of the Third District. It will be remembered that Mr. B.'s right to a seat in the House of Representatives was contested, and that he resigned in order to afford an opportunity for another election. His bearing throughout the contest was of the most dignified and manly character, and so won upon his opponents even, that when the second trial took place on the 16th instant, there was no effort made to oppose him, and out of 638 votes cast, he received 574.

This is a compliment, both well deserved and timely, and from what we have seen in the New Orleans papers, we have reason to think that Mr. B. will represent his constituents faithfully and ably.—*U. S. Gaz.*

GEN. HOUSTON, twice President of the Republic of Texas, has taken his seat in the Senate of the United States as one of the Senators of the State of Texas.

The history of this personage is full of remarkable events; of these his appearance at Washington, at this time, under the circumstances of the case, is not the least remarkable. Twelve years ago Samuel Houston stood at the bar of the House of Representatives of the United States to be reprimanded by the speaker. Since that he has dismembered a nation, achieved a revolution, organized an independent sovereignty; and now crowned with the glory of a conqueror and a statesman, he returns with his trophies to the capitol, having brought to this Republic a territory large enough to form what would be considered in Europe an Empire. Fortunate in acquisition, he has been not less so in surrender; *vicit cedendo.*

While the career of Gen. Houston has indicated him to be something more than an ordinary man, the representations of his enemies have held him up as one of the vilest. All qualities of greatness have been denied him—even courage the most common, though the most indispensable characterestic of manhood. The faculty of appropriating to himself the credit of other men's merits, of reaping the results of other men's labours, is the only gift of intellect in which he is allowed to be distinguished. But such accusations as these disprove themselves—as guns overloaded to destroy an enemy burst in the discharge and slay those that hold them. Under all the circumstances of his difficult service in Texas during the war there and afterwards, Gen. Houston invariably possessed the confidence of the Texan people. The world looks at results. No man can lead a people through the blood and fire of revolution, signalizing the way by battles and victories, unless he have in himself the faculty of command; he cannot establish a liberated people in freedom and independence, unless he have in himself a genius to govern. To control such elements as made up the mass of the Texan population when Houston led on the movement against the Mexican authority—fierce, intractable spirits, wilful, impatient, of restraint—was not a thing for an ordinary adventurer to do; it required heroism even to dare to undertake it.

Having been drawn on thus fair to speak of General Houston, on the occasion of his entrance into the Senate of the United States, we cannot omit to mention the surmise which has been thrown out here and there in the newspapers, that among the prominent competitors for the Presidency of the Union the Hero of San Jacinto may ere long be found. The politicians, in power and out, may find matter for speculation in this conjecture.—*Balt. Amer.*

BRILLIANT WHITE WASH.

Much is said of the brilliant stucco whitewash, on the east of the President's house at Washington.

The following is a receipt for making it, with some additional improvements learned by experiment. Take half a bushel of nice, unslacked lime, slack it with boiling water, covering it during the process to keep in the steam. Strain the liquor through a fine sieve or strainer, and add to it a peck of clean salt, previously well disolved in warm water; three pounds of ground rice, ground to a thin paste and stirred and boiled hot; half a pound of powdered Spanish Whitening, and a pound of clean glue, which has been previously disolved by first soaking it well, and then hanging it over a slow fire, in a small kettle, within a large one filled with water. Add five gallons of hot water to the whole mixture; stir it well and let it stand a few days covered from the dirt. It should be put on quite hot; for this purpose it can be kept in a kettle on a portable furnace. It is said that about one pint of this mixture will cover a square yard upon the outside of a house if properly applied. Brushes more or less small may be used, according to the neatness of the job required. It retains its brilliancy for many years. There is nothing of the kind that will compare with it either for inside or outside walls. Coloring matter may be put in and made of any shade you like. Spanish-brown stirred in will make a red or pink, more or less deep according to quantity. A delicate tinge of this is very pretty for inside walls. Finely pulverized common clay, well mixed up with Spanish-brown, before it is stirred into the mixture, makes it a lilac color. Lamp-black and Spanish-brown mixed together produces a reddish stone color.—Lamp black in moderate quantities makes a slate color, very suitable for the outside of buildings. Yellow ocre stirred in makes a yellow wash, but chrome goes farther, and makes a color generally esteemed prettier. In all these cases, the darkness of the shade will of course be determined by the quantity of the coloring matter used it is difficult to make a rule, because the tastes are very different; it would be best to try experiments on a shingle and let it dry. I have been told that green must not be mixed with lime. The lime destroys the color and the color has an effect on the white wash, which makes it crack and peal. When walls have been badly smoked and you wish to have them a clean white, it is well to squeeze indigo plentifully through a bag into the water you use before it is stirred into the whole mixture.—If a larger quantity than five gallons should be wanted, the same proportion should be observed.

For the Easton Gazette.

Answer to the Anagram in the Gazette of Saturday 21st ult.

What can resist the LEVER'S power?
And yet the letters now transpose,
Behold the bane of festal hour—
The REVEL—foe to sweet repose!

Who Knows not, now, that V. means *five?*
And thus from *five* if *five* be ta'en,
The rest in LEER shall yet servive,
Or lightly dance in REEL again.

Dr. Wisters Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞In the first stages of disease, termed "Catarchal Consumption," originating from neglected colds, it has been used with undeviating success, and huudreds acknowledge that they owe the restoration of their health to this invaluable medicine alone.—In that form of consumption so prevalent among delicate young females, commonly termed debility, or "going into a decline," a complaint with which thousands are lingering, it has also proved highly successful, and not only possesses the power of checking the progress of this alarming complaint, but also strengthens and invigorates the system more effectually than any other medicine we have ever possessed.—Besides its surprising efficacy in consumption, it is equally efficacious in influenza, liver complaint, asthma, bronchitis, and all affections of the lungs, and has cured many of the most obstinate cases, after every other remedy has failed.

☞For Particulars see Dr. Wistar's treaties on consumption, to be had of the agents.

Sold by,
E. M. DAWSON & BRO'R.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, April 2, 1846.

GRAIN.—The receipts of grain are light. Sales of good to prime red wheat at 1,05a $1,10; sales on Wednesday of prime white wheat, for family flour, at 1,28a$1,30.—1000 bushels Mediterranean Wheat brought $1,05. White corn is selling at 63a64 cents, and yellow at 65a66; oats 38a40; rye 75a77; cloverseed 5,50a$5,87 1-2—very prime, in small lots, would bring $6.

Married.

On Saturday morning last, 28th inst., by Rev. S. B. Southerland, Mr. Joseph Passano, of Baltimore, to Miss Isabella, daughter of Saml. S. Satterfield, Esqr. of Easton.

DIED

In this county a few days since, Mr. John Jones.

Died, suddenly on the 21st inst. at North West Fork, Tilghman Davis, in the 68th year of his age.

On Wednesday evening 1st inst., at her residence in Kings Creek after a short but severe illness, Rebecca, wife of Joseph T. Berry of this county.

In this County, on the 27th ult. of Consumption, Miss *Mary E. Ridgaway* in the 25th year of her age. With a cultivated mind, there was united in this lady a moral character of a high order. In her were combined, an ardent piety and an expanded and active benevolence, with an unostentatiousness of disposition and purifaction of selfish feeling rarely to be met with.—She won without an effort the esteem of all who became acquainted with her, and was regarded with a feeling that approached to adoration by those who knew her well.

Bible Society.

THE annual meeting of the F. Bible Society of T. C. will be held in Easton, at 11 o'clock on WEDNESDAY the 15th. The members are requested to attend.

Medical Notice.

THE Medico-Chirurgical Board of Examiners for the Eastern Shore, will meet in Easton on Wednesday the 15th of April for the purpose of granting licenses to qualified applicants to practice medicine and Surgery in the State of Maryland. By order of the Pres't.

S. M. JENKINS, M. D. Sec.
Easton, April 4, 1846—1m (S)

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WM. N MULLIKIN has just returned from the city and is now opening at his store room in Easton, a large and very general assortment of

Spring & Summer Goods.

which have been selected with great care, & will be offered at small advances. He respectfully asks his friends and the public generally to give him a call before purchasing —☞He has now on hand and intends keeping PLOUGH CASTINGS of the various kinds. April 4, 1846—3t

Look Here.

ALL PERSONS, indebted to the Post Master, at Easton, for arrears of Postage on letters & papers will call and pay their bills, as no further indulgence will be given, as the quarter became due on the first Instant. Those who neglect this call will hereafter have to bring the money to pay on the delivery of their letters.

HENRY THOMAS, P. M.
April 4, 1846.—3tpd

Collectors Last Notice!!!

THOSE who are in arrears for County Taxes are hereby informed that further indulgence cannot be given.

It is impossible for me to meet the urgent demands now pressing on me without promptness on the part of those who are indebted —This is *the last notice*, and those who would *prevent Executions* and *Suits*, would consult their interest by attending to it immediately, as the subscriber is determined to proceed *according to law.*

H. P GEOGHEGAN.
Easton, April 4 1846—tf (S)

E. M. Dawson & Brother,

HAVE just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore a supply of fresh and genuine

Drugs, Medicines,
Dye Stuffs, Paints,
OILS, GLASS, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Perfumery & Fancy Articles,

among which are Cologne, Lavender, Florida and Rose Waters; Extracts of Verbina, Jasmine, Patchouly, Jockey Club, Magnolia, Lemon and Vanilla; Perfume Bags; Guerlain's & Roussel's celebrated Shaving Cream, Tooth Paste, Cold Cream and Fancy Soaps; Circassian, Macassar, (Genuine) Indian and Bears Oil, and Pommade Philocome & Eau Lustrale, for the Hair; Lily White, Pearl Powder, Cream of Almonds & other Cosmetics; Powder Puffs & Boxes; Court Plaster; Tweezers: Hair, Nail, Tooth, Comb, Shaving, Paint and Wall Brushes, Buffalo, Imitation, Ivory and Horn dressing and fine tooth Combs: Plain, Ruled and Fancy Cap, Letter & Note Paper; Envelopes; Transparent and note Wafers, Red, Black, Bronze and fancy Sealing Wax; Gum Elastic in Cakes; Ever Point and Steel Pens.

Fresh Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, Currants, Raisins, Almonds and Candy.

Principe and Havana CIGARS of Favorite Brand and Prime Chewing TOBACCO.

All of which will be sold at a small advance for *cash.*

April 4, 1846—3t

John M. Orem & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 230 Baltimore street, North West corner of Charles and Baltimore.

☞Have received their Spring & Summer supply of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. &c., which they will make to order in the best and most fashionable style.

Gentlemen's Clothing,

on the second floor of their building, which has been fitted up for the purpose, will be found a large assortment of the finest and medium qualities of *Clothing ready made* of superior style and workmanship

No variation in prices; the lowest price is distinctly marked in figures on every garment.

The basement has been handsomely fitted up for the sale of Goods by the PIECE—a very large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Tailor's trimmings, being always on hand, at the lowest market prices to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

April 4, 1846—6w Balt. Agency.

GEORGE R. QUAIL,

FASHIONABLE

HAT and CAP

MANUFACTURER

No. 204 West Pratt St. Baltimore.

WOULD most respectfully inform his country friends that he has now on hand a large and general assortment of HATS & CAPS of his own manufacture; together with a large selection of GUYAQUILL, LEGHORN & PALM LEAF HATS, for Summer wear —All of which he will sell WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any house in the city.

He would particularly invite merchants and others coming to the City to call and examine his stock before purchasing.

April 4, 1846—4w $1,25 Balt. Agency

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

Passed at the December Session 1845, of the Legislature of Maryland, relative to the Revenue of the State.

A SUPPLEMENT TO THE ACT "IMPOSING A TAX ON COMMISSIONS ALLOWED TO TRUSTEES AND RECEIVERS, to aid in paying the debts of the State," passed at December Session, 1844, Chapter 187.

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That from and after the first day of May next, it shall be the duty of all and every trustee and trustees, to whom any estate, real personal or mixed is or shall be limited or conveyed for the benefit of craditors, or for any other purpose, to file with the Clerk of the County Court, in which the deed or instrument creating the trust may be first recorded, a bond in such penalty as the Clerk may prescribe being as nearly as can be ascertained, double the amount of the trust estate, and with surety to be approved by the said Clerk, conditioned for the faithful performance of the trust by the said deed or other instrument of writing, reposed in such trustee or trustees, which bond shall be recorded in the office of said Clerk, and a copy thereof under his official seal shall be evidence in any of the Courts of this State

Sec. 2 *And be it enacted*, That if any such trustee or trustees shall fail or refuse to give bond as aforesaid, for the space of three months, after the deed or other instrument of writing creating the trust is deposited with the Clerk, to be recorded as aforesaid it shall be the duty of the said Clerk, to give notice thereof to the County Court of the County or some one of the Judges thereof, who upon consideration of the circumstances, and upon such reasonable, as the Court or Judge may prescribe, to the trustee and such of the parties interested, as may be conveniently served therewith, shall proceed to appoint another trustee or trustees, in lieu of the trustee or trustees who shall have failed or refused as aforesaid and upon the trustee or trustees so appointed by the court or Judge giving bond as aforesaid, the whole trust estate shall vest in him her or them, subject to the provisions of the trust deed or other instrument of writing creating the trust, and the same power may and shall be exercised by the Court or Judge from time to time, until a trustee or trustees shall be appointed and qualified to act by giving bond as aforesaid

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That if the trust estate shall be administered and settled in any of the courts of Equity of this State, the commission or compensation which may be allowed to the trustee or trustees either by the instrument creating the trust or by the Court, shall be subject to a tax of one tenth part of the same so allowed, for the use of this State to be ascertained by the auditory of the Court, in auditing the accounts of the trust and in case the said trust is not administered and settled in any of the Courts of this State then & in that case, it shall be the duty of the said trustee or trustees, within six months from the period of his giving bond as aforesaid to make a report upon oath to the County Court of the County where the bond is filed of the whole amount of the trust estate, and the amount of the commission or compensation which may be allowed to such trustee or trustees, either by the deed or other instrument of writing or in any other way, which commission or compensation shall likewise be subject to a tax of one-tenth part thereof, for the use of this State, & if at any time thereafter further additional commissions or compensation shall be allowed to such trustee or trustees, it shall be his, her or their duty, to report the same to the Court as aforesaid when such further and additional commission or compensation shall be subject to the same rate of tax for the use of this State.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted*, That if in any case any trustee or trustees shall fail to make report to the Court aforesaid within six months from the filing of the bond required to be filed by this act, it shall be and hereby is declared, to be the duty of the Clerk of the Court, to issue a summons against such trustee or trustees, commanding him her or them, to appear before Court, at the next ensuing term thereof, to make report as aforesaid, and in case the said summons is returned served, and the trustee or trustees shall notwithstanding fail to appear and report as aforesaid, then and in that case an attachment as for a contempt shall issue, to compel an appearance upon which similar proceedings shall be had as in other cases of attachment, to the end that the party or parties in default shall be compelled to comply with the requirements of this act, and the tax hereby imposed, be ascertained and collected

Sec. 5. *And be it enacted*, That the tax imposed by this act, shall be paid to the clerk of the Court of the county where the bond of such trustee or trustees is filed, or to the Register of the Court of Chancery, if the trust estate is settled in the High Court of Chancery, and by the said Clerks or Register, accounted for and paid into the Treasury at the same periods as by law they are required to account for and pay into the Treasury other similar revenue received by them for the use of this State, upon which they shall be allowed the like commission as in other similar cases; and in case of failure or neglect to account, with and pay into the Treasury as aforesaid, the Clerk or Register so failing shall be subject to the same penalties and forfeiture as they are liable to by law in other such cases.

Sec. 6. *Be it enacted*, That the tax imposed by this act shall be paid by the trustee or trustees charged therewith, to the Clerk or Register of the Court of Chancery, as the case may be, within thirty days after their commission or compensation is ascertained and allowed, either by the account of the auditor or the report of the trustee or trustees as aforesaid, and in case of failure, the Clerk or Register shall give notice thereof to the Treasurer, upon whose direction, the bond of such trustee or trustees shall be put in suit by the attorney General, or his proper deputy, as case may be.

D. CLAUDE, Treasurer.
April 4, 1845.—3w

NO MONOPOLY!

THE subscriber would inform his friends and the public in general, that having made ample arrangements for fulfilling all orders in Baltimore, he respectfully solicits a share of patronage

Grain and every other article in the Packeting line consigned to my attention, shall be shipped as soon as desired, and speedy return made.

Freight at the same rates as heretofore.

Orders will be received, at E. M. Dawsons & Brother's Drug Store, on every Tuesday either by myself or my son Wm. T. Benny who will also attend personally to the execution of all orders in Baltimore, and no effort shall be spared to give general satisfaction.

In a short time I shall have a vessel, of which due notice shall be given.

I remain the public's obd't. servant,
SAMUEL H. BENNY.
Easton Point, March 28, 1846—tf

Notice of Dissolution —AND— CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE firm of STEVENS & MULLIKIN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Necessity and a wish to make speedy settlement demand that the undersigned request IMMEDIATE payment of all the accounts due the late firm.

JNO. STEVENS,
March 10 CHAS. R. MULLIKIN

DR S. P DICKINSON having purchased the interest of Col. Stevens, the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of MULLIKIN & DICKINSON. The stock now on hand, as the season is advanced, will be sold at REDUCED prices. An inspection of it is respectfully solicited.

CHAS. R. MULLIKIN,
SAML. P. DICKINSON.
Trappe, March 21, 1846—3t

Farmers Bank of Md.

BRANCH BANK AT EASTON.

THE President, Directors and company of the Farmers Bank of Md. have declared a dividend of three per cent. on the Stock of the Company for the last six months which will be payable to the Stock holders in the Branch Bank at's'd. or their legal representatives on or after the first Monday in April retaining one half of the State Tax for 1846 on all Stock, the dividend for which is payable at this Bank, as required by an act of the Legislature 1843 4.

T. R LOOCKERMAN, Prest.
March 28 1846—3w (S)

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors on Wednesday the 25th day of March, the following order was adopted.

B. BANK AT EASTON,
MARCH 25th, 1846.

Ordered, that the President be and he is hereby directed to cause notices to be inserted in the news papers in the town of Easton, that on Wednesday the 15th day of April next, the Directors will proceed to elect a Cashier and Bookeeper for said Bank, and to request Directors residing in other counties, who are authorised to vote, to attend on the above day at the Banking House in said Town at Eleven o'clock A. M. By order,

THEOD. R LOOCKERMAN,
March 28, 1846—te President.

To Merchants, Physicians, AND OTHERS!

THE subscriber keeps constantly for sale, at the lowest prices, an assortment of

MEDICINES,

Dyestuff's, Paints,
Oils, Glass, Varnish,
Brushes, &c., &c.

Confident his prices will give satisfaction, he solicits even those who may not intend to purchase at the time, to ascertain the price of his goods.

Any communications, asking the price of goods, are most cheerfully and promptly answered.

He would particularly state, that he has a Steam Factory in connexion with his store, for Powdering Jalap, Rhubarb, Ipecacuanha, and many other Medicines; for grinding Mustard, Cinnamon, Ginger, Allspice, Pepper, Cloves, &c.; and Lamp-Black, Black Lead, Venetian Red, Chrome yellow and green, Verdegris, Yellow Ochre and other Paints, in oil; all of which he is able to sell at the very lowest prices.

Paints mixed already for use, and put up in earthen pots, of different sizes, for family convenience.

Putty of the best quality, at 2 3-4 cts per lb., out of bladders, and 3 cts. per lb, in bladders, in quantities of 50 lbs. and upwards.

☞No charge made for delivering goods in any part of the city.

J W W. GORDON, Druggist,
No 152 West Pratt st, a few doors from Light st., & opposite the Balt & Ohio R. R. Depot, Baltimore
March 14, 1846.

PLOUGHS! PLOUGHS!!



JNO. B. FIRBANKS takes this method of informing his friends that he is prepared to furnish

Ploughs and Castings,

Heels, Shares, and Mold-boards &c., &c

at the Foundry prices.

As he has entered into an arrangement with the Foundrymen to keep a supply at his Shop to sell for them on commission and to stock up and sell for himself. His Ploughs will be warranted to run well, and made of the very best materials.

March 21, 1846—6w (S)

NOTICE.

SIX additional scholars can be accommodated at the Oxford Neck School, Talbot now conducted by Mr. and Miss GRISWOLD In order to procure first rate Teachers, the Trustees have made to the salaries, a considerable increase, which is defrayed by contributions of the patents. By the method of instructing adopted at this Institution the learner is taught to think and express his thoughts upon the science given. English Grammar, Arithmetic and Geography, or their equivalent thoroughly taught to Students over twelve years old, IN ONE YEAR.

Terms $20 per annum. Board obtained in the neighborhood.

TENCH TILGHMAN,
JEREMIAH BROMWELL,
WM. B. WILLIS. } Trustees.
Jan. 21 1846

Wanted.

THE subscriber would like to have a good BOY, about fifteen years of age, to learn the shoe making business.

JAMES BENSON,
St Michaels, March 28th, 1846—tf

Electro-Magnectic Notice.

HAVING purchased an Electro-Magnectic apparatus in Baltimore, I take this method of notifying my friends & the public of the fact. This apparatus is the invention of a Mr. Sherwood of New York—the greatest adept and stickler for Electricity and Magnetism in our country. The instrument is extremely simple and its influences can be graduated to an almost imperceptible impression. Touching its remedial virtues, I know nothing experimentally; but feeling anxious to test its reputed merits, I have not hesitated to purchase one, in order that my patients, and the community at large may have an opportunity to try its efficacy. The charge for a battery will be made very moderate. To Mr. E. Dawson—whom I sent to Baltimore for the purpose of being practically instructed in the use of the machine, and who will operate in my absence—the following declaration was cheerfully given by the distinguished Gideon B. Smith, M. D.

S. M. JENKINS, M. D.

BALTIMORE, March 9th 1846.

Mr. DAWSON:—I have been using Sherwood's Electro Magnectic machine for a year or two past and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best apparatus I have ever used. I have used several others, and know of none anything to be compared to Sherwood's.

GIDEON B. SMITH, M. D.

N. B.—My brother Edward or myself will attend any patients who may be confined, or to ladies, if preferred. S. M. J.

March 14th 1846—tf

UNPRECEDENTED

ATTRACTION.

THE undersigned returns his sincere thanks to his friends and patrons for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and most respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having determined to locate PERMANENTLY in Easton, he informs them that he still continues to conduct the

Tailoring Business

in all its various branches at the old stand on Federal street; one door west of the Easton Hotel and directly opposite the Courthouse. His work will be done as usual in the

Best & Most fashionable Style,

and on terms that cannot fail to please.

Having recently employed Mr. Carley from New York, a gentleman of great experience in the manufacture of garments, he feels justified in saying that his work will be done in a manner heretofore unsurpassed on this shore, and with the greatest despatch.

☞All work done at my establishment warranted to fit.

A WASHINGTON HINES.
Easton, March 24, 1846—5w

TO COUNTRY

MERCHANTS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS you are invited to call on Hollingsworth & Weller, wholesale dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Leghorn and Palm Hats,

who offer to the trade goods on the following terms viz—all goods bought at auction of Manufacturers or their agents at 10 per cent, six months credit—five per cent off for cash in bankable funds. It must be obvious to every dealer that those are small advances on a general stock Dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock, and judge for themselves. They will at least gain one point, that of having obtained the cost of goods. Having embarked on this principle last year and found it to meet the approbation of dealers generally, they intend to pursue it. No drumming at our house, No 14 North Howard street, upstairs, 2 doors from Market.

HOLLINGSWORTH & WELLER.
Baltimore, March 21, 1846—3m

VALUABLE FARM

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable tract of Land lying in Talbot County directly on the waters of the great Choptank nearly opposite Catabridge, a little obliquely from Wm. T. Goldsborough's, this property adjoins the lands of Thos Buchenal, Dr. A. C. Thomp on & John H Harris. The tract contains **200 acres,** a good proportion in **TIMBER.**

The location cannot be surpassed for health and beauty, the soil productive, and the sources of Shell and vegetable manure inexhaustable. There is within a half mile of the dwelling a fine MINERAL SPRING, equal to any on the peninsula, the qualities from analyzing is found to be Magnesia & Sulphur.

The improvements are a

2 Story Frame Dwelling

new, Kitchen, Dairy Barn, Stables and other necessary out buildings. The shores abound with Oysters, Fish and Wild-fowl in abundance in season. Persons desirous to make an investment in a salt water situation would do well to come and examine before they purchase as there is many inducements or advantages in this property which is not to be found even in situations on the water.

ISAAC. W. JUMP.
Talbot county, March 7, 1845—tf
Delaware Journal and Cambridge Chronicle will copy, and send bill to advertiser.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, the subscriber will sell at public sale as part of the personal estate of James Denny of Joseph, late of Talbot county deceased, in the town of St. Michaels on

SATURDAY the 11th of April next,



at 3 o'clock P. M a negro boy called Ervin Young, slave for life, about eighteen years of age.

Terms of Sale as prescribed by the Court is a credit of six months purchaser giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale. The above named boy will be sold to none other than a bonified resident of the State, and does not purchase for the purpose of speculation.

Attendance by,
JNO. HARRINGTON Agt.
for Margaret Denny, Adm'rx.
March 28 1846—ts (S)

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