EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

Saturday Morning, June, 27.

☞Mr. V. B. PALMER is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the "Easton Gazette," in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia & N. York

The Rt. Rev. Bishop of the Diocess will officiate at White Marsh to-day. The rite of Confirmation will be administered.

In answer to the inquiry of a Subscriber, published last week, we are requested to state, that at the Misses Feddeman's Boarding-house, persons can be furnished with single meals—also at Miss H. M. Nicols'—See advertisement.

IN JAIL AGAIN.—*William Tyler*, was arrested in the lower part of this county on Sunday last, and lodged in Cambridge jail for safe keeping; he is charged with making threats on the person of Mr. Wrightson Wroten, with intent to kill. This same old Tyler was tried in Talbot county court about a year ago; charged with the murder of Wm. Graham, in the lower part of this county; and was acquitted —*Democrat.*

From the Nat. Intelligencer, June 19.

THE TREATY RATIFIED.—It is with unfeigned pleasure that we announce to the public the ratification, by the Senate, of the Treaty for the settlement of the Oregon controversy.

The injunction of secrecy has not been removed by the Senate, but enough of the proceedings is known, and certainly known to enable us to state that the ratification passed by a vote of *forty-one* to *fourteen* —a majority, we believe unequalled on any important treaty except the treaty of 1812.

Report says that the debate in the Senate for the last two or three days, although in secret session, has been exceedingly spirited and interesting. Possibly, some time hence when no further occasion for the secrecy shall exist, those debates may be given to the public.

Chesapeake and Ohio Canal.—We rejoice in the information, which we obtain from the Cumberland "Civilian," that, in consequence of arrangements which have been made by and with capitalists in the city of New York, operations will be speedily resumed upon the entire length of the unfinished portion of the Canal; that the contractors have command of $800,000 to ensure the success of their undertaking; and that an additional sum, fully adequate to meet every contingency, will be ready for them when necessity should require it.

DEATH OF A MEMBER OF CONGRESS. —The Washington Union of Saturday evening says—We regret to announce the death of Hon. Richard P. Herrick, representative in Congress from New York, which occurred this evening at 6 o'clock, at his boarding-house, (Mrs. Harrison's Pennsylvania avenue) after a painful illness of but about three days.

Naval School.—The Annapolis Herald says the Board of Examiners, which commenced operations on Tuesday last, are busily engaged in examining the young men attached to the Naval School. They will not conclude probably for about two or three weeks.

The Whigs of Delaware have nominated Peter F. Causey, Esq., of Kent county, as their candidate for Governor at the approaching election. They have also renominated the Hon. John W. Houston, as the Whig candidate for Congress for the ensuing 2 years.

JAMES MACHENRY BOYD, Esq., of Maryland, has, been confirmed by the U. S. Senate as Secretary of the Legation of the U. States at the Court of St. James, vice GANESVOORT MELVILLE, deceased.

New Church.—We were particularly struck by the appearance of a new building, while riding towards Church Hill a short time since. It is on the place known as *Harris's Shop*, and was erected we understand, by the Salem congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church. We had no means of judging of the interior arrangements, the windows being closed; but its external appearance is certainly very prepossessing, and indicates a spacious & comfortable building, for the purpose of Divine worship.—*Centreville Times.*

The meeting which assembled in New York on Thursday evening, for the purpose of nominating Gen. Taylor sa a candidate for the Presidency, did not carry out their design. The Courier remarks, in giving the proceedings, that "they very wisely and patriotically abandoned their intentions, and confined their action to just and proper expressions of gratitude for the great and signal services rendered to the country by the General and his associates in arms; and to the expression of a conviction that he merits the highest reward for his distinguished gallantry, and will adorn any station which hereafter the people may think proper to bestow upon him." The Hon. George Folsom presided.

From the N. Y. Courier of June 22.

FEARFUL ACCIDENT AT ROCHESTER.

The school house, No. 9, Parker street, Rochester, was the scene of a melancholy disaster on Friday forenoon, by which a large number of children were badly wounded and three or four mortally. During a severe thunder storm that morning the roof the building blew off, and the chimnies and gable end were driven into the room occupied by the female department.

There were one hundred children in the apartment, under the charge of Miss Gould, and the brick and timbers fell in all parts of the school, wounding almost every pu-

Correspondence of the American.

WASHINGTON, June 22.

The rumors in regard to the mediation of England to put an end to the war between the United States and Mexico, are all "in advance of the mail." The British Minister had received no such information on Saturday evening, and has none to-day, and of course there is no foundation for the report which was so currently stated at the time of the departure of the steamer.

Mr. MCLANE has written for permission to return home as soon as the Oregon question is settled, and that question being at rest, he will have permission to return at once.

The British Mediation.—The National Intelligencer of Monday says—

The most Important item which we find in the newspapers in connexion with the news brought by the steamer Caledonia—viz. that instructions have been sent out to Mr. Pakenham to proffer the mediation of Great Britain between the United States and Mexico—though concurred in by all the papers of Boston and New York, is not confirmed by any thing which has transpired here, (in Washington.) We do not doubt, however, from the indications in the English papers, that such mediation *will be* offered by the British Government.

From the Kent News.

DANIEL WEBSTER AND CHARLES J. INGERSOLL.

The Committee of the House of Representatives having reported, (as every candid person expected) the entire innocence of Mr. Webster in reference to the Secret Fund, and acquitted him of all colour of charge the question now recurs what punishment shall be inflicted upon the calumniator who boldly rose amid the assembled Representatives, and impeached one of the great men of the nation, of official "crimes and misdemeanors"? If the House of Representatives would consult alone its high character, dignity, and the justice due to Mr. Webster and Mr. Ingersoll, it would immediately pass a unanimous vote; declaring the charges against Mr. Webster utterly groundless, wantonly false, and unworthy of the consideration of the House! and if it be within the competent authority of it, to declare the author guilty of wilful slander.

But in the state of party feelings in the House, can it be expected that it will do ample justice to Mr Webster and Mr. Ingersoll? We therefore suggest that some one should publish, in the form of a book the speech of Mr. Webster, denouncing as with a tongue of fire, the character and conduct of C. J. Ingersoll—the charges of Mr. Ingersoll, and the varied hues he subsequently gave them, when pressed to the wall—the speeches of Messrs. Lincoln and Ashmun—the report of the Committee, and the remarks of all the Editors of newspapers, in the country, reflecting in a proper tone of severity, upon the conduct of the accuser; that a fund be raised by the Whig Editors, and a thousand copies of the book be purchased for gratuitous distribution to the Libraries of Congress and each State Legislature, to all the Public Libraries and Literary Institutions, and to all the Reading Rooms and Lyceums in the United States, that a true history of the whole matter may be transmitted to posterity, and a memento be preserved, as well of the exaltation of the honourable, as of the degradation of the vicious. We will subscribe for twenty copies.

Mr. Catlin, now in Paris, has transmitted a memorial to Congress offering, at a very reasonable price, to our Government, the whole of his admirable collection of Indian Portraits and Views of Scenes and Customs among more than thirty tribes of our Aborigines. This collection, a wonderful result of indefatigable labor and artistic genius, has been much admired at home and abroad. It is now in the Louvre at Paris by request of the King of the French; and unless purchased by our Government it will probably become the property of France or some other European nation The anxious desire of the artist is that it should belong to his own country. Had he the means of living he remarks in a recent letter he would far prefer presenting it to his own Government than sell it to any other.

The National Intelligencer states that the bill for establishing the Smithsonian Instititution which has passed the House, contemplates, in connexion with the Institution, a *Gallery of Arts* and adds,—"This is the appropriate place for Mr. Catlin's collection." Every proper appropriation by the Government in behalf of the arts we are accustomed to regard as so much saved for posterity out of the temporary expenditures and waste of the national revenue. It would seem that Mr. Catlin's collection should be preserved to the country as fine memorials of a race peculiar to this land, connected with its history, yet fast disappearing.—*Bull. Amer.*

Extraordinary Malformation.—We were informed yesterday of the most extraordinary freak of nature we have ever had occasion to record, being the birth of a living child with the heart outside of the chest. This remarkable phenomenon in the history of human nature is an absolute and indisputable fact, however unlikely it is to meet with credibility on the part of the public. The heart is entirely outside of the body, and destitute of any pericardium; thus even without this natural protection it is protruded from the external surface of the chest, which at that point bears a mark resembling a cicatrix, as if the flesh had been opened, the heart pulled out, and the wound suffered to grow up again. Each pulsation of course can be distinctly observed, and the whole natural action of this delicate organ is made visible to the immediate investigation of the eye. The facts above stated reached us by accident, so incredible did they seem that special inquiry was made in relation to the matter; the attending physician in the case we understand was Dr. Wm. Ri-

The massacre of all his French prisoners by order of Abd el-Kader, of which a version was published among the foreign extracts per Caledonia—and then spoken of as improbable—turns out to be too well founded.

The N. Y. *Courier des Etats Unis* of Saturday furnishes details that leave no doubt on the subject. The N. Y. Courier & Enquirier translates a part of the *Courier's* letter of 1st June, from Paris:

"Our African annals have no more sorrowful occurences to record than those of which the steamer Albratros, which arrived the day before yesterday, brought.—The details are yet imperfect. *Abd-el-Kader* has caused all the prisoners he made in his last campaign to be massacred. All that is known respecting the hideous butchery—and unhappily doubt is no longer admissable—is that about the last of April, the Emir gave orders to his brother in law *Mustapha Ben-Tami*, who commanded in the Deirai and had charge of the prisoners —to rid himself of the latter, in order to facilitate his retreat and to prevent their rescue by certain tribes of Arabs and of Moors—through the midst of whom *Mustapha* was about to pass, in his flight, before our advancing columns. It is also known that although disarmed, our heroic martyrs did not perish without a struggle and that some of them even, succeeded in escaping from their assassins and found refuge in the *douars* of Beni-*Senasica*; where they were received with a hospitality which proves not only the fidelity to, but the sympathies of that powerful tribe with the French.

Until the whole details shall be known it will be impossible to count the number of the children whom France has to mourn —and I hope that the report that they were 300, will be discredited. Certain it is, however, that even had Abdel Kader made so many prisoners as last champaign —thanks to the infamous treachery of *Djhenma Gharouat* for the greater portion of those now massacred had survived the fatal and glorious day. *La France Algarienne* which transmitted the first accounts of the massacre left some hope that the officers among the prisoners had been spared—but later accounts dispel that hope.

Some idea may be formed of the services of the West Point Academy, from the facts that of its graduates 25 have been killed in battle, 108 have died in service of wounds, 573 are now in active service, and 423 are now illustrating the value of its scientific instruction in private life.

A man named Moreton, the owner of a small bay craft, supposed to belong to the Eastern shore of Maryland, was drowned at Benedict, St. Mary's county, on the 14th instant.

A correspondent of the New York Mirror says that Dr. Judson is not far from 60, while his third wife, Fanny Forester, is less than 30.

Gov. Thomas.—We learn from the St. Louis papers, that ex-Governor Thomas o this State is at present in that city.

The Modern Murat.—Capt. May is called "the Murat" of our army. Murat was distinguished in the fight always by his indomitable and almost superhuman courage. He always wore a tremendous plume, by which he was distinguished at a great distance. This gave him the famous title of "The Knight of the Great Plume." Capt. May's magnificent head of hair streaming on the wind is a substitute for the plume which far suppasses the original.

General Taylor's Farm.—General Taylor, it appears by the following from the Cincinnati Chronicle, Cincinnatus like, reaps at times other harvests than those of war:

Directly in the rear of Newport, on the estate of Gen. Taylor, we noticed yesterday afternoon, a wheat field of several hundred acres, which will probably be ready for the sickle in the coming ten days. The sun has already tinged it with a rich golden hue, and as the land is gently undulating, the appearance of the field when bowing under the influence of the breeze is "beautiful exceedingly." The berry is large and well filled and the whole field gives token of a "glorious promise."

Why the Mexicans don't like General Taylor.—It is well known that Gen. Taylor is very unpopular with the Mexicans, but the fact is easily accounted for. They called him "a miserable tailor," declaring that he was no better than one of their own "mean Mexican tailors." But as he was a new comer among them, a large number of them gave him a trial. They found him industrious enough, and pretty good at *cutting whipping & felling*, but they couldn't stand his *charges*.

Spots on the Sun.—There is now, says the Phila. Chronicle, a rather unusual display of spots on the sun; there being no less than six different groups, consisting of a great number of individuals. These groups may be seen with a common spy glass. One of them will pass off in two or three days; another—one of the first—will remain visible to eight or ten days longer.

The expenses of the War.—The reports from the War and Navy Departments, in relation to the estimates for the prosecution of the war against Mexico, will make reflecting men begin to count the costs of glory, and to enter into calculations as to the footing up of the final account when it shall be rendered for settlement. And be it remembered, the expenses to be incurred, and the money now called for, are for operations against a *very weak neighbor*. We may gather from this some idea of the amount of debt that we should have to shoulder, if we are so unfortunate as to get into a difficulty with some strong, far off nation, to cope with us, and prepared for the encounter. It is well for a prudent people, even in the excitement of the triumph of their arms, to bear in mind the *facts*, and to remember that the day of reck-

LATE ARRIVAL
From the Seat of War.

Surrender of Reonoso without opposition—Movements of Gen. Taylor—Health of the Army—Presentation of a Sword to "old ruogh and ready".

The steamboat Fashion arrived at Mobile on the 18th inst., with advices from Brazos St. Jago to the 14th. We are indebted to the Mobile Tribune and Charleston Evening News for the following intelligence:

The only news she brings is a report received on the eve of starting, that the town of Reinoso against which the expedition under Col. Wilson had started, was surrendered without resistance.

The army was in fine health. Gen. Taylor was waiting the necessary transports in order to move on to Comargo. The river is rapid and shallow in places, so that vessels drawing over four feet water would find difficulty in reaching the point of destination.

The main body of the regular army is on the right bank of the river; Capt. Desha's command and the Washington and Jackson Regiments of Louisiana Volunteers occupy the left bank. Gov. Henderson, at the head of about 1000 Texan troops, reached the banks of the Rio Grande on the 10th inst. Seventeen warriors of the Tonkaway tribe of Indians accompanied the Texans.

The sight of these Indians created much alarm to the inhabitants of Matamoras and its vicinity, as they fear that Gen. Taylor will let them loose upon them.

The Alabama Companies, St. Louis and Louisville Legions are at Brazos Island.—Col. Dakin's, Peyton's Davis', and Featherson's regiment of Louisianna Volunteers are at Brazos.

The committee appointed by the Legislature of Louisianna to present the resolutions and thanks of the General Assembly to Gen. Taylor arrived at Matamoras on the 8th inst. and were presented to the brave old chieftain at 11 o'clock on the 8th by Colonel Labuzan, one of the aids of Governor Johnson.

Daring Feat.—A farmer rode up to the store of Mr. Clement Pennell, in Main street, yesterday, and taking off the head stall of the horse, went in to procure some provender, leaving his daughter in the wagon.—While absent, the horse took fright, and set off at full gallop down Main street.—A young man named Furlong (son of Mr. Benjamin Furlong) near the City Hall, seeing, the dangerous situation of the young woman, sprung upon the horse's neck, and seizing the animal by the nose drew his head down, and finally succeeded in stopping him, receiving no inconvenience himself than some damage to his clothing. A more intrepid act we are seldom called upon to notice.—*Portland Advertiser.*

Military Preparations, Etc.—Married in St. Louis, on the 4th June, 1846, by Alphonzo Wetmore, justice of the peace, Mr. Wallace McKenzie, of the Laclede Rangers, to Mary Hamilton, of St. Louis.

The bridegroom is a soldier of the Laclede Rangers, and will march in three days. After the nuptials had been celebrated, the fair bride said, and cheerfully:—"I dinna ken that a Hamilton or a Bruce ever fled the battle field, or hid in the heather, and I trust his gude claymore will be star lit, and that he may find a sunny spot, in some dear cot, where I shall sing him that gude auld Scotch song, 'The Soldier's Return. I'm na afeard of ghaists and warlocks, when he gangs tae the wars. That eagle bird will o'erluke Wallace!"—*St. Louis Gaz.*

SELLERS' VERMIFUGE!—*The great worm medicine of the day*—Parents, read the following and if your children are troubled with worms, get a vial and try it.

LICKING STATION, Ky. Dec 10, 1845

Mr R. E. Sellers:—I purchased of B. F & J H Gardiner two vials of your truly valuable Vermifuge, two of my children being sick at the time. Your Vermifuge proved more than I could have expected; from one child there passed nearly 300 worms, in about 40 hours; from the other some 200 in about the same time after the Vermifuge was given. I heartily recommend its use to all families, and I think once tried, no family will ever be without it

Yours respectfully,
MASON COLLINSWORTH.

Sold by, E. M. DAWSON & BRO'R.

FACTS TO BE REMEMBERED.—That Consumption is almost always produced by a cold that might easily be cured. That Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure any Cough or Cold, no matter of how long standing. That the milder form of Consumption itself is also cured by this Balsam. That it is conceded by many lawyers, clergymen and physicians that this Balsam has never been equalled for efficacy in all affections of the Lungs and Liver. That scores now rejoice in the possession of good health who, but for this Balsam, would have been in their graves—having been given up to die by their friends and physicians. Above all, remember, that this invaluable medicine has been imitated under various names, & that *Dr. Wistar's genuine Balsam of Wild Cherry* only can be relied to cure. It has been warranted to cure Asthma in every stage—what no phisician has ever achieved—and has never been known to fail. For delicate health in young females it stands unrivalled—as it does for all diseases of this climate.

PRICES CURRENT

BALTIMORE, June 22, 1846

GRAIN.—Very little Wheat at market to-day. We quote Md. reds at 88a90 cents for the best parcels.

Sales of white Corn at 50 cents, and of yellow at 50a51 cents.

A sale of Md. Oats at 30 cents.

Married.

On Tuesday evening last, at Mount Pleasant, Queen Ann's County, the residence of the Hon. J. B. Eccleston, by the Rev. Dr. C. F. Jones, B. Franklin Houston, M. D. to Ann Louise, youngest daughter of the

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. B. F. Price, Stephen C. Harington Esq., to Mrs. Eliza Burgess, all of this town.

DIED?

On Sunday evening the 21st inst. with scarlet fever, Ann Eliza, daughter of John Small, aged 7 years, 4 months, and 11 days.

Of consumption, in this county on yesterday the 26th, Mrs. Rebecca, consort of Jno. Porter.

For years the subject of this obituary had been gradually wasting under the slow but certain influences of that flattering disease which has finally terminated her earthly career; but throughout her affliction, she ever maintained the most steady & unswerving reliance upon a higher power than that of this world; & bore meekly and firmly all the severities of a protracted confinement. Her last moments seemed her best, as they were unruffled & free from all dismay or doubt. Blessed are they who die in the Faith.

Her funeral will take place on Sunday at 2 1-2 o'clock, P. M., at Landaff the residence of M. T. Goldsborough, & the interment at Christ Church Burial ground near Easton, to which her friends are invited without further notice.

A Card.

MISS H. M. NICOLS respectfully informs Gentlemen visiting Easton that she is prepared to furnish

Single Meals *whenever required.*

Her residence is immediately above the store of Samuel H. Mackey & Son, where she will be happy to accommodate several additional BOARDERS by the day, week, month or year.

Easton, June 27, 1846—4w

Brigade Order No. 6.

HEAD QUARTERS 12th BRIGADE M. M.

EASTON, June 23d, 1846.

THE Field Officers belonging to the 12th Brigade are hereby ordered to require of the Company Officers a strict performance of their duty in all respects The citizens, generally have evinced a commendable disposition to comply with the recent orders of the Executive, and nothing is calculated to discourage them more than a neglect of duty on the part of those appointed to command them.

The field officers must exercise a constant supervision, and when there is good reason to suppose that a company officer has neglected his duty in any respect, he should be forthwith tried; and if found guilty, he should be cashiered and another appointed in his place.

By order of Brig. Gen TILGHMAN,
KENNEDY R OWEN,
Brigade Major & Inspector.

June 27, 1846

Brigade Order No. 7.

HEAD QUARTERS, 12th Brigade, M. M.

Easton, June 26th, 1846.

VOLUNTEER Companies, which have not procured arms can obtain Muskets for the 4th of July from the Armorer at Easton; who is hereby ordered to furnish them to the Captains of such companies as may apply to him.

By order of Brig Gen. TILGHMAN.
JAMES LL. MARTIN.
Quarter Master, 12th Brig. M. M

Bayside Dragoons.

A MEETING of the company of Cavalry, belonging to the Bayside District, will be held in St Michaels on SATURDAY next, the 27th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M. An election of Officers for the Company will be held, and other business of importance transacted. The members especially, and all persons wishing to join are requested to be in attendance.

By order, W. JONES, Sec'ry.

June 27, 1846.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF LAND.

BY virtue of a Decree of Talbot County Court as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will offer at public sale at the front door of the Court House of Talbot county, on

TUESDAY 4th day of August next,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in afternoon of that day all those parcels of Land situate near the Chapel in the county aforesaid, being parts of the tracts of land called and known by the name of 'Morgan's Neglect' 'Morgan's Addition' & Rumsey's *Forest*' lying contiguous to each other and adjoining the lands of Wm Biles Charles Jump and Bennet Allen, of which said lands a certain Nehemiah Cooper died seized. The terms of Sale prescribed by the Decree are a cash payment of fifty dollars on the day of sale and a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months on the balance, with legal interest from the day of sale, to be secured by the Bond or Bonds of the purchaser or purchasers with such security as the Trustee may approve. On the payment of the purchase money the Trustee will execute a Deed or deeds to the purchaser or purchasers, discharged of all claims on the part of the heirs of Mr. Grace deceased of said Nehemiah Cooper This land is supposed to contain eighty two acres of land more or less If practicable, a survey of said land, will be exhibited at the day of sale.

T. R LOOCKERMAN, Trustee

June 2, 1846—ts

TO THE PUBLIC.

AT a special meeting of the Commissioners of the town of Easton held at their room in the Court-house this day (16th June) for the purpose of taking into consideration the best remedy to prevent the spread of Small Pox, it was unanimously *Resolved*, that all meetings of negroes within the limits of Easton for Religious Worship or any other purpose be suspended for the space of two Months from this date—and that the BAILIFF as well as all other Civil Officers are requested to be vigilant in the execution of said resolution. Per order of Com'rs.

J. M. FAULKNER, Clk.

June 20, 1846—2m (S)

Wool and Feathers.

THE subscriber will give the highest market price for WOOL and FEATHERS, in exchange for Goods.

R. M. WILLSON.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,

BRANCH BANK AT EASTON.

AS the Bank will be closed on Saturday the 4th of July, notes falling due on that and the following day (Sunday) will be expected to be paid or renewed on Friday the third.

WM. B. SMYTH, Cashier.

June 20, 1846—td (S)

Notice to Tax-payers.

THE Commissioners for the Town of Easton will sit at their room in the Court House on Wednesday, Thursday & Friday the 1st, 2d & 3d days of July next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making abatements of the assessable property in said town.

Per order Commiss'rs.
J. M. FAULKNER, Cl'k.

June 20, 1846—tm

THE LAWS of Maryland of the last session of the General Assembly have been recived, and all persons entitled to receive them will call at the office of the Clerk of the County Court, where they are ready for delivery. N. E. NICOLS,

June, 16, 1846—3t Sheriff.

Brigade Orders No. 4.

THE Commanding Officers of the several Regiments, Battalions and uniform Companies of the 12th Brigade are ordered to make application for copies of Scott's Infantry Tactics to Major James Ll. Martin, of Easton Brigade Quartermaster who is hereby authorised to issue the same in the following quantities viz.

To each Regimental Staff	5 copies.
To each Staff of a Battalion	3 copies.
To each Company of Militia	1 copy.
To each Company of Uniform Volunteers	3 copies.

By order of Brig Gen. TILGHMAN,
KENNEDY R OWEN,
Brigade Major & Inspector.

June 20, 1846

Brigade Order No. 5.

THE Anniversary of our National Independence should, at all times, be observed in a manner worthy of the greatness of the nation, and the memory of the Heroes by whom its Liberty was achieved. When circumstances have arisen to require the Nation to buckle on its armour in defence of its rights an unusual zeal should be manifested in the performance of this patriotic duty —The commanding officer of the several Regiments, Battalions and uniform Companies of the 12th Brigade are hereby ordered to pay such marks of respect to the occasion as the present condition of their respective commands will permit The Col of the 4th Regiment will detail a company to fire the proper salutes. The Armorer at Easton will furnish the necessary ordnance.

By order of Brig Gen TILGHMAN.
KENNEDY R. OWEN.
Brig. Major & Inspector.

June 20, 1846

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. The Judges of Talbot county Court, commissioners to alter & straiten a part of the road from the Town of Easton to Kings Creek bridge, commencing at the end of John Catrup's line & running to James H McNeal's gate, hereby give notice to all persons concerned, they will meet on the premises on Wednesday the 22d day of July next with the surveyor of the County for the purpose of executing said Commission.

Wm ARRINGDALE,
THOS. C. NICOLS,
GEO. DUDLEY. } Committee.

June 20th, 1846—3t

EASTON FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE exercises of this School, formerly under the management of Mr THOS. PIERSON, have been resumed during the past week under the care and control of Mr. WILLIAM MERRILL, formerly of the State of Massachusetts.

The board of Trusters of this institution have engaged the services of Mr Merril after mature consideration and upon the most full examination of his credentials as to competency and character. Mr. M. has been engaged for ten years past as a teacher both in male and female seminaries in our country; and from those by whom he has been employed he brings ample testimonials The board of Trustees also feel warranted in saying, that from their personal inspection and observation during the past week, of his management of the School, he will give general satisfaction. Mr. Merrill proposes for the present to give instuction in the following branches, to wit:

The common branches of a thorough English education,

The natural sciences—moral and mental Philosophy,

Rhetoric and the higher branches of Mathematics.

The Latin, Greek & French languages.

The annual vacation of the Seminary will commence on the 31st July of each year, and the exercises of the School be resumed on the 1st of October following. Those pupils desiring instruction in Music can receive lessons for the present from Mrs Rachael Hands, a lady most favorably known in this community; and as soon as the patronage of the school will warrant it, a female assistant will be procured to instruct the pupils in Music, Painting, Drawing and other ornamental branches of female education.

TERMS.

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic and elements of Geography per quarter,	$4 00
English Grammar, Geography, ancient and modern, with the use of maps and globes and history, per quarter,	$5 00
Botany, Rhetoric, natural & moral Philosophy, Geometry, Chemistry, Astronomy, composition, construction of maps—per quarter,	$6,25
EXTRA CHARGES—French, Latin and Greek Languages, per quarter	$5,00

The School will be under the general supervision of the following board of Trustees, who will give their personal attention to the conduct and management of the same—Saml. Hambleton, Jr., William E Bartlett, Dr. S. M Jenkins, Thos Pierson and Richard Feddeman.

Three commodious & airy rooms on Washington street have been provided for the use of the pupils

SAM'L. HAMBLETON, Jr.
Pres't Board of Trustees.

THOS. PIERSON, Sec'ry.

Easton, June 16, 1846—3m

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