POETRY.

DAY'S DUTIES.

BY HENRY VAUGHAN, 1695.

When first thy eyes unveil, give thy soul leave
To do the like; our bodies but forerun
The spirit's duty; our hearts spread and heave
Unto their God, as flowers do the sun;
Give Him thy first thoughts then; so shalt thou keep
Him company all the day, and in him sleep.

Yet never sleep the sun up; prayer should
Dawn with the day; there are set awful hours
'Twixt heaven and us; the manna was not good
After sun-rising; for day sullies flowers;
Rise to prevent the sun—sleep doth sins glut,
And Heaven's gate opens when the world is shut.

Walk with thy fellow creatures; note the hush
And whispering amongst them, not a sprig
Or leaf but hath his morning hymn; each bush
And oak doth know "*I am;*" canst thou not sing!
Oh leave thy cares and follies! go thy way,
And thou art sure to prosper all the day.

Serve God before the world; let him not go
Until thou hast a blessing; then resign
The whole unto him—and remember who
Prevailed by wrestling ere the sun did shine;
Pour oil upon the stones—weep for thy sins—
Then journey on and have an eye to Heaven.

When the world's up, and every swarm abroad,
Keep well thy temper—mix not with each day;
Despatch necessities—life hath a load
Which must be carried on and safely may;
Yet keep these cares without thee; let the heart
Be God's alone, and choose the better part.

From the Home Journal.

LOVE AND FAME.

BY HELEN W. IRVING.

It had passed in all its grandeur, that
sounding summer shower,
Had paid its pearly tribute to each fair
expectant flower,
And, while a thousand sparklers danced
lightly on the spray,
Close folded to a rose-bud's heart, one
tiny rain-drop lay.

Throughout each fevered petal had the
heaven brought freshness gone,
They had mingled dew and fragrance till
their very souls were one;
The bud, its love in perfume breathed,
till its pure and starry guest
Grew glowing as the life-hue of the lips
it fondly pressed.

He dreamed away the hours with her, his
gentle bride and fair,
No thought filled his young spirit, but to
dwell forever there,
While ever bending wakefully, the bud a
fond watch kept.
For fear the envious zephyrs might steal
him as he slept.

But forth from out his tent of clouds in
burnished armor bright,
The conq'ring sun came, proudly, in the
glory of his might,
And, like some grand enchanter, resumed
his wand of power.
And shed the splendor of his smile on
lake, and tree, and flower.

Then, peering through the shadowy leaves,
the raindrop marked on high,
A many-hued triumphal arch span all the
eastern sky—
He saw his glittering comrades all wing
their joyous flight,
And stand, a glorious brotherhood, to
form that bow of light!

Aspiring thoughts his spirit thrilled—
"Oh, let me join them, love!
I'll set thy beauty's impress on yon bright
arch above,
And, as a world's admiring gaze is raised
to Iris fair,
'Twill deem my own dear rose-bud's tint,
the loveliest color there!"

The gentle bud released her clasp—swift
as a thought he flew.
And brightly 'mid that glorious band he
soon was glowing, too—
All quivering with delight to feel, that she,
his rosebud bride,
Was gazing, with a swelling heart, on
this his hour of pride!

But the shadowy night came down, at
last—the glittering bow was gone,
One little hour of triumph, was all the
drop had won;
He had lost the warm and tender glow,
his distant bud-love's hue,
And he sought her sadly sorrowing—a
tear-dimmed star of dew.

In a certain village lived a very honest farmer, who, having a number of men hoeing in the field, went to see how his work went on. Finding one of them sitting still, he reproved him for his idleness. The man answered. 'I thirst for the *spirit*.' 'Grog, you mean, I suppose,' said the farmer, 'but if the Bible teaches you to thirst after the spirit, it says, also *hoe!* every one that thirsteth!'

THE TRIAL SERMON.

Some contemporary (says the Yankee Blade) tells the following truthful anecdote, which felicitously hits off a large class of hearers in almost every religious congregation. At a village church a new minister had just made his debut, who chanced to be more remarkable for simple eloquence and perspicuity than his predecessor. After the sermon, there was the usual gathering of Deacons, when the following dialogue ensued:

"Well, Mr. Squint, what do you think of the new dominie?"

"Why, Mr. Twist, I can't say that he plersed me; that is, he warn'nt what one might have expected—indeed I don't know, but I might say I was disappointed a leetle!

"That's just what I should 'ha said, Mr. Squint, but you took the words out of my mouth. But what do you think is his failing?"

"Why, as to that, Mr. Twist, I don't know, but he's all failing; I've heerd preachers in my day, and not a few, neither; the fact is, the village is waking up—we must have larnin'—why, the dominee's sermon was so plain *I understood every word of it.* There was no larnin' in it; now the dominee down the river preaches crack sermons, such as would take you all the week to find out what his meaning was, his discourses are so larned."

"You've hit it, neighbor, 'zactly; I don't think he knows much, and always did think so. Good morning."

So it is, adds the writer. If a minister astounds his hearers with mysteries himself knows nothing about, the fool is pleased, while it cannot but make the judicious grieve. Bishop Beveridge used to say it required all his learning to make the great things of the Gospel plain.—Some persons painfully remind us of the audience of Goldsmith's Village Schoolmaster. The lines may be requoted:

'While words of learned length and thundering sound,
Amazed the gazing rustics ranged around;
And still they gazed, and still the wonder grew
That one small head could carry all he knew."

A JOKE IMPROVED.

Most of our readers must have read the anecdote of a horseman desiring a lad to keep his eye on his horse till his return, and the latter subsequently asserting that he had done so, until, while running away, the animal *turned a corner.*' A very similar incident actually happened to the horse of an acquaintance—we might as well confess it was our own—a few days since. One of "the boys" having driven to the barn of a country neighbor, situated near a rail road, on an errand, but not finding the farmer there, desired an Irish laborer to keep his eye on the horse, while he ran to the dwelling. During his absence, along came a snorting locomotive, with a train of cars, making noise enough to scare a drove of elephants; it certainly did scare the horse, which set off on a circuit round the field, soon leaving the vehicle a wreck by the way. When the driver returned to his horse, we may imagine what his astonishment was to find how things stood, or rather how they *run.*

"Hallos! you sir!" he exclaimed, "I thought you promised to keep your eye on the horse till I came back?"

"And be me sowl," replied Patrick, "and I havn't tuk it aff him yet. See! there he goes, schwingle-trees and all!"

NOT A BAD JOKE.—The Salem Gazette says that the wife of a gentleman of that town recently took into her service a girl just arrived from Ireland.—On Thursday morning, she accosted her mistress with the exclamation:—

"They've been playing tricks upon us! There's been a boy all about the neighborhood, sticking wet paper into every body's door."

Her employer replied that it was only the newspaper.

"O, no!" she answered, "it could not be the newspaper, for it was wet. And I rolled up the one at our door and flung it after the blackguard, as soon as he was out of sight!"

The blunder cost the editor a fresh paper, but paid him its cost in a good laugh.

RATHER COOL.—While the Chesapeake was laying to her anchor, gradually sinking, and just before she went down, a gentleman sought out his wife, who was standing on the hurricane deck and thus accosted her: "Well, wife," said he, "that long mooted question will soon be settled with us." "What do you mean," said the wife, "what question do you refer to?" "Why," said he "the question whether the old Red Dragon has seven heads and ten horns, or ten heads and seven horns." "O, husband!" said the lady; 'how can you jest at such a time?" In about ten minutes the boat went down, and as ill luck would have it, this impurturbable jester was saved.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

'Potatoes,' said Pomp Flatfoot, a learned darkey, whilst conversing with another 'gemman ob color,' 'is a herbacious zoological vegetable what grows all under ground, 'cept the top, and dat bears a carniverous flower at de bottom. Potatoes is very good biled, and den dey am better roasted, but if you can 'teal de lard, de best way of all is to fry him, bekase den de 'tato is meat, drink, and sleep. Such am the great merits ob potatoes.'

PROFESSIONAL MAN.—"Ah! it is very lucky that you came to me in time. You see, ma'am, you have had inflamation of the bronchial tubes, which acting upon the flexor longes digitorum pedis, has occasioned an abrasion of the digrastricus, or as some call it, the biventer maxillæ inferioris, and which might have ended in confirmed delirium tremens, or even premature elephantiasis. However, I dare say," &c. Old lady gasps for breath.—*Punch.*

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

Passed at the December session 1846, *of the Legislature of Maryland, relative to the Revenue of the State.*

No. 357.

AN ACT RELATING TO FOREIGN CORPORATIONS AND THEIR AGENCIES IN THIS STATE.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland; That from and after the first day of May next, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to act as the Agent or Agents within this State for any individual or association of individuals or corporations not incorporated and authorised by the laws of this State to make insurances on marine or fire risks, or insurances on lives or other insurances; or to receive or transmit offers for insurance to their principals, or receive or deliver policies of insurance, although such individuals or association of individuals may be incorporated for these purposes by the laws of any other State, District or Territory of the United States, or by the laws of any foreign Kingdom, State or Nation, to effect insurances without first obtaining a license therefor, in the manner hereinafter required.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That a license for the purpose of effecting insurances, or receiving or transmitting offers for insurance, or receiving or delivering policies of insurance, as expressed in the preceding section shall be granted by the Treasurer of the State to any person or persons body or bodies corporate or politic, who shall apply therefor & pay to the said Treasurer the sum of one hundred dollars for the use of this State, which license shall authorise the person or persons, body or bodies corporate or politic, to whom the same shall be granted, to effect insurances or to receive & transmit offers for insurance or to receive and deliver policies of insurance as aforesaid, from the day of its date, for the period of twelve months thereafter and no longer.

Section 3. And be it enacted, That any person or persons, body or bodies corporate or politic, acting as Agent or Agents as aforesaid, shall pay to the Treasurer, half-yearly, the sum of three dollars per centum, upon the amount of all premiums received by such Agent or Agents, or any other person or persons, for him or them or which shall have been agreed to be paid for any insurance effected or agreed to be effected, or procured by him or them as Agent or Agents as aforesaid, and such Agent or Agents, shall half yearly, on the first Monday in January and the first Monday of July, furnish on his or their affidavit or affirmation, a true list and account of all such premiums to the said Treasurer and shall at the same time pay over to the said Treasurer, the said sum of three dollars in every hundred dollars of such premium, and in all cases where the said Agent shall be a body corporate or politic the said oath or affirmation shall be made by the President of said body corporate or politic.

Section 4. And be it enacted, That before any Agent or Agents as aforesaid shall act as such in the State he or they shall give bond with sureties to be approved by the Attorney General or his Deputy, for the county or district in which said Agent or Agents may reside, in the penalty of five thousand dollars, to render a true list of such premiums to the said Treasurer, and to pay to him the said sum of three dollars on every hundred of said premiums, on the days above mention, which said bond it shall be the duty of the said Agent or Agents to transmit it to the said Treasury to be filed in the Treasury office, & any Agent or Agents offending against the provisions of this section, shall forfeit the sum of five hundred dollars for every such offence, recoverable as other fines & forfeitures;—Provided, that notwithstanding such forfeiture & payment thereof, the said Agent or Agents shall be personally liable for the payment of said sum of three dollars, on every hundred dollars of such premiums to the Treasurer aforesaid; And, provided further that the principals of such Agent or Agents, and their property shall be also responsible for payment of said tax, and shall and may be proceeded against by suit attachment or otherwise as the case may require.

Section 5. And be it enacted, That in case any Agent or Agents as aforesaid shall fail to give bond as required by the fourth section of this act, or shall after giving bond, fail to return to the Treasurer the list of premiums or to pay over the per centage on said premiums as required by the third section of this act, then the Treasurer is hereby directed, within thirty days after the said license is granted, in case of a failure to give bond, & within thirty days after said failure to make return or to pay over said premiums at the times limited to publish the name or names of said agent or agents, so failing, as aforesaid in two newspapers of the City of Baltimore, which publication shall declare the license of said Agent or Agents to be forfeited, and that all policies thereafter made by any such Agent or Agents shall be null and void, and the said publication is hereby declar- to work a forfeiture of said polices thereafter made by any such Agent or Agents are hereby declared null and void, and it is hereby expressly declared to be the intent and meaning of this act that a new Bond shall be given in each and every year in case the same Agent or Agents shall take out a license under this act for more than a single year.

Section 6. And be it enacted, That if any person or persons, body or bodies corporate or politic, acting as Agent or Agents as aforesaid, shall effect insurances or receive and transmit offers for insurance, or receive or deliver polices of insurance as aforesaid, without a license first had and obtained as hereinbefore provided he, she or they shall forfeit and pay, for each offence, the sum of three hundred dollars, one half to the use of the informer, who shall be a competent witness, the other half to be paid to the Clerk of the County Court, or of Howard District Court or of the City Court of Baltimore, as the case may be, for the use of this State to be recovered in the name of the State of Maryland by action of debt or indictment in the County Court or Howard District Court or the City Court of Baltimore, where such offence shall have been committed and to be accounted for and paid in to the Treasury by the Clerk receiving the same at the period limited for accounting for and paying monies received for licenses as aforesaid.

Section 7. And be it enacted, That the Treasurer shall annually publish in at least two newspapers one of which shall be in the City of Baltimore, the names of such Agent or Agents so taking out licenses under this act, with the names of the companies they represent.

Section 8. And be it enacted, That nothing in this act contained shall authorise any Agent or Agents, to act as such for more than one foreign corporation, individual or association of individuals, by virtue of one license.

Section 9. And be it enacted, That the act of December session, 1839, chapter twenty four, and of December session, eighteen hundred and forty-five, chapter one hundred and sixty seven, be and the same are hereby repealed, but all rights acquired by the State under said acts are hereby expressly reserved.

D. CLAUDE, Treasurer of Md.
June 12, 1847—3w

New Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT.

MR. JAMES S. CHILDS, of Baltimore takes this method of returning his acknowledgements to his friends of Easton, Greensborough, Denton and the shore generally for their liberal patronage during his short stay among them, being encouraged by the flattering prospect he has taken the house formerly occupied by Mr. Elias Hopkins, nearly opposite Satterfields tavern. He is now ready to execute any orders with punctuality, he flatters himself that from the experience of ten years close application to public business in Baltimore City he has gained sufficient knowledge of the trade to furnish garments combining the same with as much taste and of as good style as they can be furnished in Baltimore, Philadelphia or elsewhere, he insures all work at the establishlishment to give satisfaction.

FRENCH & ENGLISH FASHIONS

received quarterly French plates direct. English republished in New York. Cutting done with as much care as if made He therefore solicits a share of public patronage, no effort shall be spared on his part to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call. TERMS CASH.

May 22, 1847.—tf

More new Goods

CHEEZUM & EMORY have just received from the Cities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have now opened a LARGE & GEN'L. SUPPLY of

Spring and Summer Goods,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Cloths, Cassimeres, Chashmerets, Tweeds, Drillings. &c.

Bl'k & col'd SILKS; bl'k & col'd ALPACAS, GINGHAM & Gingham LAWNS (assorted colors;) GUILWARDS PLAIDS and various kinds of

MOURNING GOODS.

—*ALSO*—

Hard-ware, Queens-ware, and

GROCERIES,

together with many other articles too tedious to mention—all of which have been selected with care and purchased on the best terms They invite their friends and the public generally to give them an early call, examine the goods, and hear the prices before purchasing.

April 24, 1847.

THE SPRING FASHIONS for 1847.



THE subscriber begs leave to inform his numerous customers that he has just received the latest New York

SPRING FASHIONS

and would invite the public generally to call and see him, if they want any thing in his line of business, as he is prepared, to make work in a way that cannot be surpassed on the shore, and he warrants all work made in his shop to fit, and to be made in good style, and done according to promise. Garments of all kind cut with the same care as if he was to make them. A deduction made for cash payments, and prices to suit the times.

The public's ob'dt. servant.
JOHN SATTERFIELD.
March 27, 1847.

Insurance against Fire!

THE mutual Insurance Company of Talbot county are now effecting insurance against loss by fire upon every description of property at low rates, and on terms highly advantageous to the parties insured. Policies will be issued upon property in any county of the Eastern Shore.

The company is composed exclusively of those who insure their property in it, and is intended to have the same effect as if an agreement had been entered into by the same individuals, that whenever any one of them may loose his house by fire the others shall unite in raising such a portion of the sum required to rebuild it as they have previously agreed to pay.

Applications for insurance or for information in relation thereto will be punctually attended to if addressed to the Secretary, post paid,

The following Gentlemen compose the present Board,

Gen. T. TILGHMAN, President.

DIRECTORS.

William B. Willis	Wm. N. Mullikin
J. Bozman Kerr	Chas. Robinson
Bennet Tomlinson	M. O. Colston
Saml. Mackey	Wm. W. Lowe
P. F. Thomas	Wm. H. Shepard
John W. Cheezum	John Harper

AGENTS.

PETER STEVENS, THOMAS HOPKINS, Jr
JAMES M. SETH.
H. E. BATEMAN, Sec'ry.
Easton, May 22, 1847.—tf

BOARDLEY & COX,
PRODUCE AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
CORNER PRATT AND CHEAPSIDE STS.,
BALTIMORE.

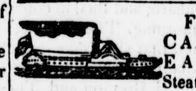
For Annapolis, Cambridge and EASTON.



The new and splendid Steamer CAMBRIDGE, Capt. Jno D. Turner, will ave her new wharf, at the corner of Light and Conway streets, on every TUESDAY and FRIDAY mornings at 7 o'clock, and return on WEDNESDAY and SATTURDAY morning to Baltimore. For each way $1 50.

April 10 1847—1y

☞Capt Benjamin will attend with a HACK at Easton Point to convey passengers to Easton or elsewhere.



For ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE and EASTON.—The Steamer Maryland will leave Baltimore every Monday and Thursday morning at 7 o'clock, from her usual place of starting, lower end of Dugan's Wharf, for the above places, and return every Tuesday and Friday morning.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.
LEM'L G. TAYLOR.
March 20, 1847.

☞Captain Benjamin will attend with a HACK to Easton Point to convey passengers at Easton or elsewhere.

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

JUST Received a fresh supply of Boots & Shoes, also a large assortment of Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats (assorted sizes) for sale by

May 22, 1847. T. T. MARTIN.

N. B. To Rent for the residue of the year the Dwelling House situated Back of the store. For terms apply to the subscriber or Wm. B. Wheeler. T. T. M.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Walter H. Thompson & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of March last. The business of the concern will be settled by Walter H Thompson, who earnestly requests that all persons indebted to the firm will call and settle their bills at an early day.

WALTER H. THOMPSON.
JOHN W. CHEEZUM.

April 17. 1747.

Walter H. Thompson

HAVING succeeded to the entire business respectfully informs the customers of the establishment and the public generally that he has just returned from the city with

A New and beautiful Assortment of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, Hard-ware,

Queensware, Glass, &c.

and all the etceteras of a country store, which he offers at a very moderate advance, and hopes by a strict attention to business and a determination to be content with small profits to merit and receive a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed upon the firm.

April 17,—1847.

E. WHITMAN'S Agricultural Warehouse, AND SEED STORE.

Corner of Light & Pratt sts., Balt. Md

THE PROPRIETOR has the satisfaction to inform the Farmers and Planters of the South and West, that in addition to his manufactory in Baltimore, he is also furnished from the various manufactories in Maine Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, and other parts of the country, with the most improved kinds of PLOUGHS AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY and IMPLEMENTS, manufactured expressly for him to suit the various soils and purposes of the South and West. His arrangements enable him to sell Wholesale and Retail, at manufacturers prices, and renders his establishment the largest and most extensive in the *Union;* (for particulars see Catalogue which may always be had gratis when applied for.)

At the Exhibition of the Talbot County Agricultural Society, held at Easton, in November, 1846, the Committee on Agricultural implements, report

To EZRA WHITMAN, Jr.

The Society's highest premium for Best Flushing Plough, (Prouty & Mears' No. 5 1-2) $5
Seeding " do do No. 2 1-2 $3
Subsoil " do do No 2 $3
Wheat Fan, I. T. Grant's $5
Corn Sheller, E. Whitman's $3
Straw Cutter, Wm. Hovey's $5
Fodder cutter, J. Royer's $3
Harrow, Geddes' $3

The highest premium has been awarded on the above IMPLEMENTS, at most of the Agricultural Exhibitions in the United States—and the Prouty & Mears' Centre Draught Plough alone, has received more than $1000 in premiums,

Farmers wishing to purchase any of the above may find them for sale at the warehouse of the subscriber who is the manufacturers' only Agent for the sale of them in Maryland and vicinity.

For sale as above—
200 Whitman's Wrought Iron Railway Horse Power.
50 Best sweep Horsepowers—2, 4 and 6 Horses.
100 Whitman's patent Thrasher, which thrashes and cleans at same operation.
2000 Ploughs, embracing all the sizes made by Prouty & Mears of Boston; Ruggles, Nourse & Mason, of Worcester, and various other manufacturers.
350 Corn and Tobacco Cultivators, various patterns.
200 Wheat Fans, variety of patterns, among which is I. T. Grant's, N. Y.
900 Corn Shellers.
250 Straw Cutters.
100 Corn and Cobb Crushers.

A variety of SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES RAKES, FORKS, and articles in the FARMING and GARDENING LINE, generally.

Also, just received from Philadelphia general assortment of Garden Seeds, which we can recommend fresh and pure.

March 13, 1847.—tf

EASTON HOTEL.



The subscriber takes this method of informing the public that he has leased the above establishment, and is prepared to accomodate all who may favor him with their custom. A. HALL.

Easton, Md., Jan. 16, 1847—tf

Notice.

THE subscribers being convinced from past experience that the packeting business is *insufficient to support* the two regular packets hitherto run by them, have this day made the following arrangement.



THE ELLEN S. BROWN will hereafter be run by them as a regular packet from Easton Point to Baltimore—leaving the Point at 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning next (August 5th) and, returning will leave Baltimore whenever ready, and continue running weekly, as stated above, throughout the season.

Whenever an increase of business or public convenience should require it, the other vessels owned by us will be placed on this line.

Passage (including fare) $1.50.

Freights the same as heretofore.

All orders left at E M Dawson & Brother's Drug Store on Tuesday, or at Easton Point on Wednesday morning; previous, to 9 o'clk, will be punctually attended to. It is expected however, that they will be accompanied with the cash.

Samuel H. Benny will attend to all business in Easton and the Point, and John Bartlett on board the packet & in Baltimore.

JOHN BARTLETT,
SAML. H. BENNY.

August 8th, 1846—tf

'SUGAR COATED" PILLS.' BEWARE! CAUTION!!

The increasing popularity of Dr. G. BENJ SMITH'S IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE SUGAR COATED PILLS, has induced a number of persons to make something they call PILLS, and coat them with sugar, in order to sell them for the genuine, while they do not possess a particle of the goodness, nor even assimilate in appearance to the original, Dr Smith's *Pills.* In short they are intended FRAUD upon the community. A minister who at first had an interes in an imitation Sugar Coated Pill, manufactured at Albany, N. Y., has given them up, as he says on account of the miserable dishonest parties concerned in manufacturing them. The same party are now industriously circulating reports calculated to injure Dr. Smith and to affect the reputation of his valuable pills; but rather than notice them in public. Dr. Smith is about to institute legal proceedings against them for their slanders, as he has in another case against a similar party, in which he recovered a large amount of damages. These miserable imitators have to resort to the most abominable means to palm off their counterfeit pills as the public know that *Dr.* Smith's are the original and genuine. Several instances have come to public notice in which life has been endangered by the unfortunate use of the counterfeits. It is Dr Smith's Pills that are doing so much good in the country—as the following plainly show.

MORE MINISTERS.

Use and Recommend Dr. Smith's Pills than all others.

This is to certify that I have used the Sugar Coated Pills Manufactured by G. Benjamin Smith' of New York, for some time, and believe them to be a good medicine; also, from inquiry in that city, I am persuaded that he is the original inventor, and therefore is entitled to the benefit of the invention

S. WILLIAMS.
Pastor 1st Baptist Church.

From the Blue Hens's Chicken. (Del.)

We call the attention of our readers to the certificate of Rev S Williams, Pastor of 1st Baptist Church, Pittsburgh, in relation to Dr. Smith's Pills. We can ourselves bear testimony to the excellence of these Pills, one of us having used them and experienced great relief from them.

The above is the best paper in the State of Delaware.

The "improved indian vegetable Pills," (Sugar Coated) are certainly doing much good in the whole country, and are highly esteemed, it one half is true that people write and say about them. They are so easy in their operation that all like them. The editor of the Northern State Journal, (one of the largest and best papers in the State of N. Y.,) writes as follows.

Watertown, May 31, 1846.

Dr. G Benj Smith—

Dear Sir I was laid up with a bad cold some time since my return from N Y. and during my illness I made trial of your pills and I must say I found them excellent. They are the best medicine for the purposes they are intended, that I have yet seen I seldom take pills, but I found yours entirely free from the objections to which other pills are liable. I hope they will continue to be a source of profit to you, as I doubt not they will be a means of relief to the afflicted on a large scale. Yours truly,

J. GREEN.

Tonawanda, Pa., Sept. 18, 1846.

Dr G. Benj. Smith—

Dear Sir. Your agent left with me a lot of your Sugar coated Pills, and I have but a few boxes left. Every box I have sold has given entire satisfaction. I have taken them myself and I consider them the best pills I have ever used, and I am not afraid to recommend them to the public. I wish a further supply at once.

Yours respectfully,
JACOB KIBLER, P. M.

Huntington, Ind., June 21, 1846.

Dr. Smith —

Dear Sir. I am most out of your "Indian Vegetable Sugar Coated Pills," and find them selling so fast that I think you had better send me two gross immediately. They give such general satisfaction that people come at least twenty miles for them, and as it is generally known I am agent for them, I would be very sorry to get out.

Yours respectfully,
SAML. MORE & Co.

BEWARE!!!

If G. BENJ. SMITH, be not written with a pen on the bottom of the box, all "Sugar Coated" pills are counterfeit!

Principal Office 179 Greenwich St, large brick block, N. Y. Price 25 cents a box.

C. ROBINSON & W. H. THOMPSON Easton, CLARK & JENKINS, Trappe, WM. POWELL, Wye Landing, H. MARSHALL. St. Michaels, J. R. HOPKINS, Wye Mills.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2940_scm11032-1116.jpg