POETRY.

THE PAST.

BY THE REV. HENRY THOMPSON, M. A. CANTAB.

"Der Augenblick its Evigkeit."—GOETHE.

The [present] moment is eternity.
Say not, "It is gone by!"
The past alone is present joy and grief,
Each in its being brief,
Live, like the soul they fill, immortal when they die.

Emotions of the child,
Loves, joys, illusions, yearnings, from the well
Of faithful memory swell,
Inceaseless freshening flow thro' manhood's burning wild.

Words, e'en in utterance past.
Live through all life, to torture or be calm,—
Breathe o'er our woes in balm,
Or scorch our scarce-born joys with desolating blast.

Small deeds of patient love,
And momentary, wrought by hands, long cold
And mingled with the mould,
Live thro' dark deadening years and softening influence prove.

Grim forms of Wrong and Pain
Are no mere shadows; in their rigid grasp
Our struggling spirits gasp,
And battle to be free; but strive and gasp in vain.

Say not, "Twill soon go by!"
No present cloud can pass; but thou hast power
To light each clouded hour
From founts exhaustless still when stars and suns shall die.

For vigils, alms, and prayer,
Vice and inaction,—thoughts of inmost breast,
Or holy, or unblest,—
Are past but to Heaven's page, and must confront thee there.

Seas of repentant tears
Obliterate no accusing syllable;
All power in earth and hell
Vainly would cloud one gem the crown that waits thee bears.

One only living flood.
Paschal and Pentecostal, can outblot
Transgression's dragon spot;
The spirit, and the water, and the blood.

Then plead babtismal grace;
Seek Eucharistic strength; and in the dust
(Laying thy hand and trust
On the great sacrifice) thy secret self abase.

Haste! hold the present fast,
Ere it become immortal! write it thine
In love and deeds divine!
So bind thy future bliss firm in the changeless past.

FOG OR MIST.

The phenomenon of *Fog or Mist* occurs at all seasons, and it appears always under the peculiar circumstances explained by Sir Humphrey Davy. His theory is, at radiation of vapor from land and water sends it up until it meets with a cold stratum of air, which condences it in the form of mist—which naturally gavitates toward the surface. When the radiation is weak, the mist seems to lie upon the ground; but when more powerful, the stratum of mist may be seen elevated a few feet above the ground. Mist, too, may be seen to continue longer over the water then the land, owing to the slower radiation of vapor from water; and it is generally seen in the hollowest portions of ground, on account of the cold air, as it descends from the surrounding rising ground and mixes with the air in the hollow, diminishing its capacity for moisture.

Mist also varies in its character according to its electric state; if negatively affected, it deposits its vapor more quickly, forming a heavy sort of dew, and wetting everything like rain; but if positively, it continues to exist as a fog, and retains the vapor in the state in which it has not the property of wetting like the other.

The *fogs in hollows* constitute the true stratus cloud. We see vapor at a distance in the atmosphere, and call it cloud; but when it sinks to earth, or will not rise, and we are immersed in it, we call it mist or fog. When immersed in a cloud on a mountain, we say we are in a mist; but the same mist will be seen by a spectator, at a distance in the valley, as a beautiful cirro-stratus resting on the mountain.

The *magnifying power of mist* is a well-known optical illusion. Its *concealing* and *mystifying effects* may have been observed by every one; and its causing distant sounds to be heard as if near at hand may also have been noticed by many.

DEFINITION OF A KISS.—A kiss is thus defined in a love-letter written in the year 1679, and translated from the German:—What is a kiss? A kiss is as it were, a seal expressing our attachment—the pledge of future union—a dumb, but at the same time, audible language of a loving heart—a present, which, at the time that it is given, is taking from us the impression on an ivory coral press—a crimson balsam for a love wounded heart—a sweet bite of the lip—an affectionate pinching of the mouth a delicious dish which is eaten with scarlet spoons—a sweatmeat which does not satisfy our hunger—a fruit which is planted and gathered at the same time—the quickest exchange of questions and answers of two lovers—the fourth degree of love."

To drive away Musketoes.—Attach a piece of flannel or sponge to a thread, made fast to the top of a bedstead, wet the flannel or sponge with comphorated spirits, and the musketoes will leave the room.

A REMINISCENCE.—The celebration of our national anniversary brought to recollection many interesting events of that remarkable epoch. One, in connection with Rivington, the celebrated "king's printer," will be remembered by some who yet are spared to us.

Rivington had the entire confidence of the British government, and held the 'rebels," as he termed the patriots, in great contempt, and ridiculed their pretensions, their battles, and their ragged regiments.

He was particularly sarcastic in his remarks on *Mister* Washington, and wielded a pen of remarkable force, which left its sting behind long after peace. Rivington published his paper at the southeast corner of Pearl and Wall streets, and Governor George Clinton admonished him of the strong feelings entertained against him by those whom he had so frequently and so outrageously assailed during the war. Among those who cherished very hostile feelings towards Rivington was that dare-devil, General Ethan Allen, of Vermont, who swore he would "lick Rivington the very first opportunity he had." Rivington himself, aware of his intentions, gave a most humorous description, of his interview with Allen, showing at the same time his exceeding cleverness and tact, which may even at this day be profitable to his editorial brethren. Rivington was a fine portly looking man, dressed in the extreme of fashion—curled and powdered hair, claret-colored coat, scarlet waistcoat trimmed with gold lace, buckskin breeches and top boots—and kept the very best society.

The clerk below stairs saw Allen coming at a distance. "I was sitting," said Rivington, "after a good dinner, alone, with my bottle of Madeira before me, when I heard an unusual noise in the street, and a huzza from the boys. I was in the second story, and, stepping to the window, saw a tall figure in tarnished regimentals, with a large cocked hat and an enormous long sword, followed by a crowd of boys who occasionally cheered him with huzzas of which he seemed insensible. He came up to my door and stopped. I could see no more. My heart told me it was Ethan Allen. I shut down my window, and retired behind my table and bottle. I was certain the hour of reckoning had come. There was no retreat. Mr. Staples, my clerk, came in paler than ever, and clasping his hands, said—'Master he is come!' 'I know it.' 'He entered the store and asked if James Rivington lived there?"—I answered, 'Yes sir.' 'Is he at home?' I, will go and see sir.' I said; 'and now master, what is to be done? There he is in the store, and the boys peeping at him from the street.' I had made up my mind. I looked at the bottle of Madeira—possibly took a glass. 'Show him up,' said I; 'and if such Madeira cannot mollify him he must be harder than adamant. There was a fearful moment of surpense. I heard him on the stairs, his long sword clanking at every step. In he stalked. 'Is your name James Rivington?' 'It is sir, and no man could be more happy than I am to see Colonel Ethan Allen.' 'Sir, I have come—' 'Not another word, my dear colonel until you have taken a seat and a glass of old Madeira.' 'But sir, I don't think it proper.' 'Not another word, colonel. Taste this wine; I have had it in glass for ten years. Old wine, you know, unless it is originally sound, never improves by age.' He took the glass, swallowed the wine, smacked his lips, and shook his head approvingly. 'Sir, I come—' 'Not another word until you have taken another glass, and then, my dear colonel, we will talk of old affairs, and I have some droll events to detail.' In short, we finish two bottles of Madeira, and parted as good friends as if we never had cause to be otherwise—" *M. M. Noah.*

A BOLD RIDER.

THE celebrated equestrian colossal statue of Peter the Great, in which the figure of the Emperor is eleven feet high, and that of the horse seventeen, stands upon a block of granite upwards of 1500 tons in weight.

It represents the Emperor rushing up a rock to the brink of a precipice, trampling upon a serpent, and pausing in an attitude of triumph. As soon as the artist had formed the design, he found the utter impossibility of representing a man and an animal in so striking a position, without having before him a horse and a rider in the attitude desired. General Melissino, an officer who had the reputation of being the boldest and most expert rider of the day hearing of this difficulty of the artist, offered to ride one of Count Orloff's best Arabians to the summit of a steep artificial mound formed for the purpose accustoming his horse to gallop up to it, and to halt suddenly, with his fore leg raised, pawing the air, over the brink of a precipice. This dangerous experiment was frequently repeated in the presence of several spectators and of the artist, who sketched the various movements and parts of the group from day to day, and thus produced one of the finest and most correct statues of the kind in Europe.

WORK FOR JULY.

Dahlias should be neatly tied to their stakes; as they advance in growth, give them occasional supplies of liquid manure.

Carnations should be layered this month.

Geraniums may be cut down, and the cuttings put in with success.

Chinese Primrose Seed should now be sown.

Camellias—Attend to the watering of these carefully, and give them frequent syringings. Inarching may now be performed.

Azaleas, Rhododendrons, &c. will still require plenty of water.

Cactuses must be carefully watered.

Chrysanthemums should be headed down in order to have bushy plants.

Orange and Lemon trees may now be budded. Large trees should have plenty of water, giving them occasionally a little liquid manure.

Perennial Flower Seeds may still be sown for blooming next spring.

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

Passed at the December session 1846, of the Legislature of Maryland, relative to the Revenue of the State.

No. 341.

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT to the Act entitled, "An Act imposing a Tax on Collateral Inheritances, Distributive Shares and Legacies, to aid in paying the Debts of the State," passed at December Session, eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and thirty-seven.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this act, in all cases where any estate, real, personal or mixed, is or shall be liable or subject to the tax imposed by the act of eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and thirty-seven, and there be only a life estate, or an interest for a term of years, or a contingent interest given to one party and the remainder or reversionary interest to another party or parties, then it shall be the duty of the Orphans' Court of the county in which the administration is granted, to determine in its discretion and at such time as it shall think proper, what proportion each party who may be thus interested in said estate or property, shall pay of said tax or duty of two and one-half per centum on every hundred dollars; and the judgment of said Court when made shall be final and conclusive upon this subject; and every such party shall be required to pay in the manner mentioned in the act of eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and thirty-seven, and eighteen hundred and forty-five, chapter two hundred and two, his proportion of tax so determined as aforesaid; and any party entitled in remainder and reversion, shall be required to pay his proportion of said tax within the same time as though his interest had vested in possession.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That the tax imposed by the said act of eighteen hundred and forty four, chapter two hundred and thirty-seven, or by virtue of this act, upon any estate or property, shall be a lien upon such estate until the said tax shall be fully paid and satisfied.

Section 3. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of every executor or administrator to whom letters testamentary of administration shall hereafter be granted, in addition to the oath or affirmation now required by the act of seventeen hundred and ninety eight, chapter one hundred and one, sub chapter three, section twelve, to be taken by executors and administrators, to take an additional oath or affirmation that he or she will diligently and faithfully regard, and well and truely comply with the provisions of the law imposing a tax on collateral inheritances, distributive shares and legacies, to aid in paying the debts of the State, which oath or affirmation the respective Registers of Wills are hereby required to administer and to place the same on record with the usual oath or affirmation; and that the sixth section of the act of eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and thirty seven, be and the same is hereby repealed.

D. CLAUDE, Treasurer of Md.
June 10, 1847. 3t

No. 61.

A FURTHER ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENT to the act imposing duties on promisory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Specialties and other instruments of writing to aid in paying the debts of the State.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That all Mortgages and Releases of Mortgages, and all such deeds and bills of sale as are now required by Law to be recorded, which have been, or may hereafter be printed or written on vellum, skin, parchment, paper or other material, without the same having been first stamped according to the provisions of the second section of the act, passed at December Session, eighteen hundred and forty-five, chapter one hundred and ninety-three, shall be to all intents and purposes as valid and available, as if the same had been and were so stamped, provided, that when any one of the aforesaid instruments of writing is presented to the Clerk of any County, or of Howard District to be recorded, there shall be paid to the Clerk the duty chargeable by Law, on such instrument of writing, which duty such Clerk is hereby authorized and required to receive, and to endorse a receipt therefor under his hand upon some part of such instrument of writing, and it shall be the duty of the Clerk to record said receipt together with the instrument of writing upon which it is endorsed, and the Clerks of Counties and of Howard District, shall account to the Treasurer for all sums so received in the same manner are required by the ninth section of the act, passed at December Session, eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and eighty, and, provided further, that the said instrument of writing so printed or written, upon unstamped vellum, skin, parchment or paper or other material, shall not be so valid, and effectual, unless the duty chargeable thereon by Law, shall be paid to the Clerk, as in the preceding proviso is directed.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That every of the aforesaid instruments of writing, which has been heretofore recorded without the same having been stamped as required by law, is hereby declared to be as valid and available for all intents and purposes as if the same had been and were so stamped, provided that the duty chargeable by law on said instrument shall have been paid to the Clerk of the County of Howard District at the time of recording the same or shall be paid within six months after the passage of this act.

Section 3. And be it enacted, That nothing contained in the act to which this act is supplement, shall be so construed as to require the payment of the duty or tax therein mentioned, on any deed, when the property thereby conveyed shall not exceed two hundred dollars; and that nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as to alter the present law, relating to the recording of deeds, and other instruments of writing mentioned in the first section of this act.

Section 4. And be it enacted, That the fourteenth section of the act passed at December Session, eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and eighty, limiting the operation of said act to the first day of May, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, be and the same is hereby repealed, and the said original act and its supplement are hereby continued in force until repealed by the General Assembly.

D. CLAUDE, Treasurer of Md.
July 3, 1847. 3t

CARD.

THE subscriber has removed his office to the rooms on Washington street opposite the Hotel of Messrs. Tarr & Son, where he may be seen at all times during business hours

THEO. R. LOOCKERMAN.
Easton, April 17, 1847.

Farm for Rent.

THE "FISHER FARM" now occupied by James Callihan near Wye Mills Talbot county, Md. containing about

575 ACRES

of enclosed tilable land in tolerable condition is to rent for 1848, or on lease. The subscriber wishes to improve the land and will furnish Lime and Plaster, at Skipton about 3 miles distant, and rent the Farm on easy terms to a good tenant, who will haul and spread the Lime and Clover one field every year.

Applications may be made by letter or otherwise to T. W. ELIASON,
Chestertown, Md.
June 19, 1847.—tf

BOARDLEY & COX,
PRODUCE AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
CORNER PRATT AND CHEAPSIDE STS.,
BALTIMORE.

Full'd Linseys & Kerseys.

1500 YARDS just received and for sale low, or exchanged for Wool on pleasing terms.
WM. N. MULLIKIN.
June 26, 1848—tf

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

JUST Received a fresh supply of Boots & Shoes, also a large assortment of Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats (assorted sizes) for sale by
May 22, 1847. T. T. MARTIN.

N. B. To Rent for the residue of the year the Dwelling House situated Back of the store. For terms apply to the subscriber or Wm. B. Wheeler. T. T. M.

MILINARY and FANCY STORE.

Mrs. E. Larrimore,

TAKES this method of informing the Ladies of this and the adjacent counties, that she is now opening at the Fancy store room, recently occupied by Mrs. Shannahan, a very handsome assortment of FANCY GOODS and a variety of *BONNETS*, of the latest STYLE and FASHION, which she is disposed to sell very cheap. She invites the ladies to call and view her assortment before they purchase elsewhere.

April 17, 1847—tf

E. WHITMAN'S
Agricultural Warehouse,
AND SEED STORE.
Corner of Light & Pratt sts., Balt. Md.

THE proprietor has the satisfaction to inform the Farmers and Planters of the South and West, that in addition to his manufactory in Baltimore, he is also furnished from the various manufactories in Maine Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania and other parts of the country, with the most improved kinds of PLOUGHS, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY and IMPLEMENTS manufactured expressly for him to suit the various soils and purposes of the south and west. His arrangements enable him to sell Wholesale and Retail, at manufacturers prices and renders his establishment the largest and most extensive in the Union; (for particulars see Catalogue which may always be had gratis when applied for.)

At the Exhibition of the Talbot County Agricultural Society held at Easton, in November 1846, the Committee on Agricultural implements, report

To EZRA WHITMAN, Jr.
The Society's highest premium for Best Flushing Plough, (Prouty & Mears' No 5 1-2) $5
Seeding do do do
No 2 1-2 $3
Subsoil do do do
No. 2 $3
Wheat Fan, I. F. Grant's $5
Corn Sheller, E. Whitman's $3
Straw Cutter, Wm. Hovey's $5
Fodder cutter, J. Royer's $3
Harrow, Geddes' $3

The highest premium has been awarded on the above IMPLEMENTS, at most of the Agricultural Exhibitions in the United States—and the Prouty & Mears' Centre Draught Plough alone, has received more than $1000 in premiums.

Farmers wishing to purchase any of the above may find them for sale at the warehouse of the subscriber, who is the manufacturers' only Agent for the sale of them in Maryland and vicinity.

For sale as above—
200 Whitman's Wrought Iron Railway Horse Power.
50 Best sweep Horsepowers—2, 4 & 6 horses.
100 Whitman's patent Thrasher, which thrashes and cleans at same operation.
2000 ploughs embracing all the sizes made by Prouty and Mears of Boston—Ruggles Nourse & Mason of Worcester: and various other manufacturers.
350 Corn and Tobacco Cultivators, various patterns.
200 Wheat Fans, variety of patterns, among which is I. F. Grant's, N. Y.
200 Corn Shellers,
250 Straw Cutters.
100 Corn and Cobb Crushers.

A variety of SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES RAKES, FORKS, and articles in the FARMING and Gardning line generally.

Also just received from Philadelphia a general assortment of Garden Seeds, which he can recommend fresh and pure.
March 13, 1847 tf

Easton & Baltimore packet



THOS. P. B. SETH.
RICHARD W. ROE, Master.

THE subscriber takes this method to make known to his FRIENDS and the PUBLIC generally that the above named vessel will perform regular trips between Easton and Baltimore during the remainder of the Season—Leaving Easton Point wharf on Wednesday morning, of each week at 9 o'clock A M. returning leave Baltimore on Saturday morning at the same hour.

The "SETH" is now in complete order for the reception of grain & other freight.—And he respectfully requests those persons who design shipping their Grain by him to call on Samuel Mackey Esq, who will direct them to the Granary in Easton which he has provided for the reception of Grain, and other freight Intending to devote his personal attention to the transaction of the business of his customers. He hopes to receive a liberal share of support from both the Farming & Mercantile interests. Freights as heretofore.
RICH'D ARRINGDALE.
June 26, 1847—tf



For ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE and EASTON.—The Steamer Maryland will leave Baltimore every Monday and Thursday morning at 7 o'clock, from her usual place of starting, lower end of Dugan's Wharf, for the above places, and return every Tuesday and Friday morning.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.
LEM'L G. TAYLOR.
March 20, 1847.

☞Captain Benjamin will attend with a HACK to Easton Point to convey passengers at Easton or elsewhere.

For Annapolis, Cambridge and
EASTON.



The new and splendid Steamer CAMBRIDGE, Capt Jno D Turner, will have her new wharf, at the corner of Light and Conway streets, on every TUESDAY and FRIDAY mornings at 7 o'clock, and return on WEDNESDAY and SATTURDAY morning to Baltimore. For each way $1 50.
April 10 1847—1y

☞Capt Benjamin will attend with a HACK at Easton Point to convey passengers to Easton or elsewhere.

FASHIONS for 1847.



THE subscriber begs leave to inform his numerous customers that he has just received the latest New York
SPRING FASHIONS
and would invite the public generally to call and see him, if they want any thing in his line of business, as he is prepared, to make work in a way that cannot be surpassed on the shore, and he warrants all work made in his shop to fit, and to be made in good style, and done according to promise. Garments of all kind cut with the same care as if he was to make them. A deduction made for cash payments and prices to suit the times.
The public's ob'dt servant.
JOHN SATTERFIELD.
March 27, 1847.

New Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT.

MR. JAMES S. CHILDS, of Baltimore takes this method of returning his acknowledgements to his friends of Easton, Greensborough, Denton and the shore generally for their liberal patronage during his short stay among them, being encouraged by the flattering prospect he has taken the house formerly occupied by Mr. Elias Jenkins nearly opposite Satterfields tavern. He is now ready to execute any orders with punctuality, he flatters himself that from the experience of ten years close application to public business in Baltimore City he has gained sufficient knowledge of the trade to furnish garments combining the same with as much taste and of as good style as they can be furnished in Baltimore, Philadelphia or elsewhere, he insures all work at the establishment to give satisfaction.

FRENCH & ENGLISH FASHIONS received quarterly French plates direct. English republished in New York. Cutting done with as much care as if made He therefore solicits a share of public patronage, no effort shall be spared on his part to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call. TERMS CASH.
May 22, 1847.—tf

More new Goods

CREEZUM & EMORY have just received from the Cities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have now opened, a LARGE & GEN'L. SUPPLY of

Spring and Summer Goods,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Cloths, Cassimeres, Chashmerets,
Tweeds, Drillings, &c.

Bl'k & col'd SILKS; bl'k & col'd ALPACAS, GINGHAM & Gingham LAWNS (assorted colors;) GUILWARDS PLAIDS and various kinds of

MOURNING GOODS.
—*ALSO*—
Hard-ware, Queens-ware, and
GROCERIES,

together with many other articles too tedious to mention—all of which have been selected with care and purchased on the best terms They invite their friends and the public generally to give them an early call, examine the goods, and hear the prices before purchasing.
April 21, 1847.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the Firm of McQUAY and PASTEFIELD, that the books are placed in my hands for Collection. An early call of the subscriber may save Costs, as I shall proceed to settle up the books according to law.
WM. K. RATHELL, Agent.
June 5, 1847.—tf S.

EASTON HOTEL.



The subscriber takes this method of informing the public that he has leased the above establishment, and is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom.
A. HALL.
Easton, Md., Jan. 16. 1847—tf

Notice.

THE subscribers being convinced from past experience that the packeting business is *insufficient to support* the two regular packets hitherto run by them, have this day made the following arrangements,



THE ELLEN S BROWN will hereafter be run by them as a regular packet from Easton Point to Baltimore—leaving the Point at 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning next (August 5th) and returning will leave Baltimore whenever ready, and continue running weekly, as stated above, throughout the season.

Whenever an increase of business or public convenience should require it, the other vessels owned by us will be placed on this line.

Passage (including fare) $1.50.

Freights the same as heretofore.

All orders left at E. M Dawson & Brother's Drug Store on Tuesday, or at Easton Point on Wednesday morning; previous to 9 o'clk, will be punctually attended to. It is expected however, that they will be accompanied with the cash.

Samuel H Benny will attend to all business in Easton and the Point and John Bartlett on board the packet & in Baltimore.
JOHN BARTLETT,
SAML. H. BENNY.
August 8th, 1846—tf

Insurance against Fire!

THE mutual Insurance Company of Talbot county are now offecting insurance against loss by fire upon every description of perty at low rates, and on terms highly advantageous to the parties insured. Policies will be issued upon property in any county of the Eastern Shore.

The company is composed exclusively of those who insure their property, in it, and is intended to have the same effect as if an agreement had been entered into by the same individuals, that whenever any one of them may loose his house by fire the others shall unite in raising such a portion of the sum required to rebuild it as they have previously agreed to pay.

Applications for insurance or for information in relation thereto will be punctually attended to if addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

The following Gentlemen compose the present Board,

Gen. T. TILGHMAN, President.

DIRECTORS.

William B. Willis	Wm. N. Mullikin
J. Bozman Kerr	Chas Robinson
Bennett Tomlinson	M O Colston
Saml Mackey	Wm W. Lowe
P. F. Thomas	Wm. H. Shepard
John W. Cheezum	John Harper

AGENTS.

PETER STEVENS, THOMAS HOPKINS, Jr.
JAMES M. SETH.
H. E. ANTEMAN. Sec'ry.
Easton, May 22, 1847 - tf

NEW GOODS,
AT THE OLD STAND

THE subscriber avails himself of this method to return thanks to his customers and the public generally, for their generous support and steadily increasing patronage, and begs leave to inform them that he has just returned from the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore with the largest assortment of

Jewelry and Fancy Articles,

he has ever offered; all of which have been purchased of IMPORTING HOUSES, and selected with the greatest care and attention.—He enumerates the following:

Gold and Silver Lever Watches, common silver do., Gold Pens and Pencils, gold Cameo breast pins; do set with stone of various colors, for both ladies and gentlemen, varying in price from $2,25 to $7. Plain and set gold finger Rings, price from $1 to $4 gold ear Rings from 88 cents to $5; a good assortment of Spectacles; Steel Beads, Rings and Tassels for purses; purse clasps, silver top combs, pen knives, Alabama hunting knives; silver thimbles and shields, Perfumery of various kinds; tweezers, silver and steel Watch Keys, Violins and violin strings Silk purses, hair, nail, flesh and tooth brushes silk and steel watch guards, fob ribons Pistols; tuck, side, hoop, dressing and fine tooth Combs Pocket do; steel Pens and holders, children's knives and forks, key tings cigar cases, patent glass Inkstands; a variety of walking canes, key and India Baskets, Razors and Razor strops, shaving boxes, brushes and glasses. Pocket Books, silk and cotton purses, a variety of paper and feather Fans, silk Reticules, fish hooks and lines; steel watch chains; pins, needles spool cotton skein cotton and thread tapes, fancy boxes, accordions, snuff boxes shaving and toilet soap shaving cream; silver butter knives, superior aromatic salts and a great variety of articles too tedious to mention.

ALSO A FULL SUPPLY OF

Books and Stationary.

and a large variety of candies, almonds, palm nuts, filberts, eng. walnuts, raisins, prunes oranges, lemons, figs liquorice, &c &c Also a good assortment of GROCERIES such as sugar coffee molasses imperial gunpowder and young hyson Teas; chocolate salt indigo nutmegs pepper allspice mace, cloves ginger; soda water sugar and butter crackers vinegar flour best cavendish and small plug chewing Tobacco half spanish and Havanna Cigars blacking and blacking brushes &c.

Also opium opideldoc british oil essence of peppermint castor oil camphor McAllister's ointment and a variety of patent medicines—Also the american oil or medicine of nature obtained from a well in Kentucky at the depth of 170 feet through a solid rock, this medicine is said to be a certain cure for Rhumatism fresh cuts scalds burns ulcers sprains &c—Price $1 per bottle; for further particulars call at the subscriber's store.

All of the above goods have been purchased at the lowest price and will be sold low for cash, or on time to punctual customers. The subscriber invites his customers and friends generally in this and the adjoining counties to an inspection of his goods, confident that he can furnish them upon terms equally favorable with the city retail trade.

The public's ob't serv't.
CHARLES ROBINSON.
May 1st 1847 tf

Dr. Masons New Work,
SELECTEE PATRIBUS.
For Sale at Chas. Robinsons, Book Store

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