Maryland Legislature.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 23, 1848.

In the House this morning, a communication was received from His Excellency, Gov. Thomas, endorsed, "on executive business." The message contained only county and military appointments.

The House bill, imposing a tax on collateral inheritances, &c., to aid in paying the debts of the State, was rejected. Adjourned.

In the House petitions were presented. The bill for non imprisonment for debt was taken up. Mr. Clagett submitted a substitute, which was rejected.

The question recurring upon the original bill, Mr. Gallagher addressed the House in favor of it.

Mr. Clagett replied briefly, and closed by offering an amendment striking out that part of the bill relating to debts under fifty dollars, which was adopted. Mr. C. then moved to strike out the 5th section of the bill, the effect of which would be virtually to kill it. After considerable further debate, in which Messrs. Brady and Cox participated, the question was taken and the motion prevailed.

The question recurring upon the final passage of the bill, the vote was taken and it was rejected, yeas 21 nays 38. Adjourned.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 24, 1848.

In the Senate, a communication was received from Governor Thomas, endorsed "on executive business."

Mr. Carter rose at this juncture, and announced that the death of John Q. Adams had reached the seat of government, and submitted an order to the effect, that the Senate hear with profound regret, of the death of ex-President John Q. Adams; and to testify respect for the memory of a great and good man, that this body do now adjourn, and thereupon the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Delegates petitions were presented.

On motion of Mr. Ware, it was ordered, that after Monday, the 28th inst., this House hold evening sessions, by meeting from 7 until 10 o'clock, P. M., for the transaction of local business.

On motion of Mr. Kilgour, ordered, that the committee on the constitution enquire into the expediency of amending the constitution as to substitute annual for biennial appointments by the Governor.

At this stage of the proceedings, Mr. Biays rose and announced that he observed, by one of the morning papers from Baltimore, which had been placed in his hand, that ex-President John Quincy Adams was dead; and he, therefore moved that as a testimony of respect for the memory of that distinguished man, this House now adjourn.

He immediately, however, withdrew the motion to allow Mr. Wickes, of Kent co., an opportunity to offer a resolution.

Mr. Wickes then submitted a resolution to the effect, that a committee of one from each county and the city of Baltimore should be appointed, to draft resolutions; and upon the suggestion of Mr. Coad, of St. Mary's co., that the Speaker of the House be the member from that county, and the chairman of said committee, which was adopted.

The following named gentlemen compose the committee:—Blackistone, Wickes, Owens, Grahame, Jenifer, Brady, Lloyd, Dashiel, Tall, Miller, Duckett, Hopper, Wilson, Lynch, Farnandis, McKnett, Whyte, Fowler, Biays, Kilgour, Lynn, Boyle.

On motion of Mr. Owens an order was *unanimously* adopted requesting the Governor to cause the National Flag to be hoisted at half-mast on the State House until the funeral services of Ex-President Adams are over.

The House then adjourned.

[Correspondence of the Balt. Clipper.]

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 25, 1848.

In the Senate, a communication was received from the Governor "on executive business."

The Senate then went into executive session, and after some time spent therein, resumed the consideration of legislative business.

The House resolution in favor of Captain Oden Bowie, and the resolution in favor of Lieut. Semmes, were passed.

The Clerk of the House of Delegates delivered a message proposing that the Legislature, should proceed to Washington city to attend the funeral obsequies of the late Ex-President Adams, and that a committee be appointed to make the necessary preliminary arrangements; which was concurred in and Messrs. Carey, Clarke and Blocher appointed.

On motion of Mr. Blackistone, it was ordered, that when the Senate adjourn, it adjourn to Monday.

On motion of Mr. Sellman, the Senate took a recess until 5 o'clock.

In the House this morning, the Speaker, Mr. Blackistone, Chairman of the committee, appointed yesterday by the House, to draft resolutions, expressive of the feelings of the House, upon the reception of the death of Mr. Adams, submitted the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the General Assembly of Maryland has heard, with profound grief, the intelligence of the death of John Quincy Adams, Ex-President of the United States as a tribute of respect to his memory.

Be it unanimously Resolved, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it is not proposed to pass a studied eulogy on the character of the distinguished deceased, but to offer the spontaneous homage of American hearts, to the memory of one who, as a scholar, a statesman, a patriot and a man, has, by his long and faithful devotion to his country, ever won he love and gratitude; and dying as he lived in her service, claims her deepest sorrow

And be it unanimously Resolved, That this General Assembly sincerely condole with Mrs. Adams, in her bereavment of him, whose public worth was equalled by his private and domestic virtues, but feel that there is consolation in knowing, that, as a christian, he could look upon the last of earth, and be content."

And be it unanimously Resolved, That the Governor of this State be requested to transmit to Mrs. Adams, a copy of these resolutions.

Petitions and memorials were presented.

Mr. Gallagher reported a bill supplementary to the act to provide for the division of the city of Baltimore into 20 wards.

The following bills were passed—to incorporate the Cambridge and Blackwater Rail Road Company; supplemental to the bill relative to the recapture of fugitive slaves; supplementary to the act for the better regulation of apprentices; prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors on the Sabbath day; ceding to the United States jurisdiction over the naval school at Annapolis.

Mr. Howard proposed a message to the Senate in response to theirs on the death of Mr. Adams, which was concurred in by 51 yeas to 17 nays.

A message was received from the Senate concurring in the proposition of the House to adjourn over to attend the funeral obsequies of the late Ex-President Adams, and the appointment of a committee to make the necessary preliminary arrangements; and of naming on their part, Messrs. Carey, Clarke and Blackistone. The House then took a recess until 5 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—The House reassembled and was called to order by the Speaker

The committee appointed to make preliminary arrangements relative to the Legislature proceeding to Washington to attend the funeral obsequies of ex-President Adams, reported resolutions to the effect that the Governer, Secretary of State, and officers of the two Houses should be invited to accompany the members of the Legislature; and that the Treasurer should be directed to pay to the officers named, and each member, one day's per diem. The resolutions were adopted, and sent to the Senate.

A message was received from the Senate announcing their concurrence in the resolutions, after which the House adjourned.

In the Senate the only business done was the concurrence in the House resolutions noticed above.

[Correspondence of the Balt. Clipper.]

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 28, 1848

In the Senate, this morning, a communication was received from Governor Thomas, endorsed "on executive business."

The following bills were passed:—To Ennalls Rozel and others, trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Talbot co; a supplement to the bill providing for the appointment of commissioners for the improvement of Easton, Talbot co.

On motion of Mr. Whaley, the Senate went into executive session. After a short time spent therein, they resumed the consideration of legislative business.

The bill to incorporate the Maryland and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was amended and passed. Adjourned.

The House met this morning at 12 o'clock.

Petitions were presented.

Mr. Gallagher submitted a preamble, accompanied by a resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to urge upon that body the propriety of taking such action as may effect the patriotic design of the Congress of 1780, in the erection of a monument to the memory of the lamented and gallant DeKalb, at the city of Annapolis. The resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Whyte, an order was adopted that the House take a recess to-day from 3 o'clock to 4 o'clock for the transaction of local business.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day, being the bill substituting Annual instead of Biennial Sessions of the Legislature.

The question was taken upon the passage of the bill, and rejected by the following vote:—ayes 11 nays 55.

The next order of the day was taken up, being the bill authorizing the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road Company to build a bridge over the Susquehanna River at Havre de Grace, when Mr Kilgour moved that it be passed over informally.

Pending the vote being taken, the hour having arrived, the House took a recess until four o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—The House of Delegates met this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, having taken a recess until that hour.

The bill authorising the commissioners of Talbot county, to purchase a fire engine for the town of Easton was passed.—Adjourned.

[Reported for the Balt. Clipper.]

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 29, 1848.

In the Senate, a communication was received from Governor Thomas endorsed "on executive business."

The House resolution relative to the appointment of Directors in the Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad Co., was passed.

Mr. Phelps, from the committee on the library, reported the House resolution for the appointment of a Librarian, without amendment, and it was passed—Richard Swain, Esq., the present able and courteous officer, being, it will be remembered, the person nominated by the House resolution.

Both Houses appointed committees to invite the Governor to sign the laws on Thursday

In the House petitions were presented.

The following letter was laid before the House by the Speaker, and read:

To the Hon. Wm. Williams, President of the Senate, and the Hon. Wm. I. Blackstone, Speaker of the House of Del. of Maryland:

Gentlemen—I have received the joint letter which you did me the honor to address me on the 14th inst., informing me that the General Assembly of Maryland had selected me to represent the State in the Senate of the United States, for six years from the 4th of March, 1849.

I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred on me by the renewal of the confidence of the Legislature, and of the obligation thus imposed on me to devote my best abilities to the faithful discharge of so responsible a trust.

Accept gentlemen my thanks for the kind terms of your communication.

I have honor to be with great respect, your obedient servant, J. A. PEARCE.

Mr. Donaldson, from the committee on ways and means, reported the Senate resolutions relative to certain dividends due the State by the Balto. and Ohio Railroad Co., without amendment, when they were passed.

Mr. Donaldson submitted a message to the Senate requesting that body to reconsider their rejection of the House Bill imposing a tax on collateral inheritances, &c., to aid in paying the State debt.

On motion of Mr. Turner a message was sent to the Senate, proposing to go into the election at 12 o'clock to-day, of Bank Directors on the part of the State.

The bill reported by Mr. French extending the jurisdiction of the Orphans' Court of Washington, by granting them certain powers now held by the Chancery Court, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Coad the bill was so amended, as to make it apply to the whole State.

A long discussion then ensued upon the merits of the bill, which was finally adopted, by a vote of 37 yeas to 32 nays.

The consideration of the ten hour system was then resumed. The question being on a motion of Mr. Tall, to amend the bill so as to make it applicable to Baltimore city alone, the amendment was adopted by a vote of 39 yeas to 33 nays.

On motion of Mr. Howard, Baltimore co. was also included.

The question being taken upon the passage of the bill, as amended, it was rejected. Adjourned.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

ANNAPOLIS, March 1, 1848.

Petitions were presented.

The House then took up, as the order of the day, "the Susquehanna Bridge bill.

Mr. Jamar, of Cecil county, moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill.

Upon this question, Mr. Whyte moved a call of the House.

The door keeper having returned with the absentees, the House proceeded to the consideration of the bill. Mr. Clagett called for the previous question—determined in the affirmative.

The question was then put upon the motion to strike out—determined in the negative. Adjourned.

In the Senate, bills were passed as follows:

A bill ceding certain land on Sharp's Island to the United States; a bill to incorporate the Cambridge and Blackwater Railroad Company, and a bill incorporating the Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church.

A message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, endorsed "on executive business."

On motion of Mr. Matthews, the Senate proceeded to the consideration thereof.

After which the House bill abolishing Magistrates' Court in Frederick county, was rejected.

CONGRESSIONAL.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23, 1848.

SENATE.

The Rev. Mr. Gurley, the chaplain, delivered an impressive prayer, in which he invoked God's favor upon the distinguished man whose life light still flickers.

Several messages were received from the President of the U. S., one of which was the treaty between the United States and Mexico.

Mr. Allen immediately offered four resolutions, viz:—1. Whether there is an armistice between the two armies; if so, by whose authority it was granted; 2. Whether it is necessary for the Judiciary committee to take any steps to amend the law which punishes persons who assume diplomatic functions abroad without authority, 3. To remove the injunction of secrecy on former business in Executive session, and, 4. To rescind the rules in relation to secret proceedings.

The resolutions were laid over, and the Senate went into Executive session on the treaty. When the doors were opened,

Mr. Allen again endeavored to have his resolutions taken up and considered, but without avail.

And the Senate adjourned.

The House met, and after prayer by Rev. H. Slicer, adjourned.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24, 1848.

SENATE.

The Rev. Mr. Gurley made an appropriate prayer.

The Journal was read.

A few reports from committees were made.

The resolutions offered yesterday, by Mr. Allen, calling on the President respecting the reported armistice, came up in order.

Mr. Sevier moved to lay it upon the table.

Mr. Allen asked the ayes and nays—and 11 voted for, and 33 against the motion. The motion to lay on the table being negatived, Mr. Allen said the resolutions spoke for themselves and he had nothing to say.

After some suggestions by several Senators, the resolution was passed, by 41 to 9

Mr. Allen's next resolution, calling for the judiciary committee to report what legislation, if any, is necessary to punish persons for conducting unauthorized correspondence with a foreign authority, respecting matters of peace or war, [supposed to aim at Mr. Trist.] It was adopted.

Mr. Mangum suggested that the Senate take a recess, to await the action of the House, in reference to the death of Mr. Adams, but it was objected to.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the clerk of the House delivered a message announcing the death of Mr. Adams, &c.

Mr. Davis, of Mass., (himself in feeble health,) in a subdued tone of voice, read a brief history of the deceased, and alluded in a pathetic manner to his many private and public virtues. He concluded by offering the usual resolutions—which were read.

Mr. Benton seconded the resolutions in a few appropriate remarks, declaring the example of the deceased's life worthy all imitation.

The resolutions were then passed, and the Senate adjourned till Saturday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

At 12 o'clock, the Speaker called the House to order, and he announced the melancholy event, in a solemn and feeling manner.

Mr. Hudson gave the outlines of the life of Mr Adams, and delivered an impressive eulogy.

Mr. Holmes, of S. C., Mr. Vinton and Mr. McDowell, of Va., also expressed their heartelt sentiments in consequence of the event.

The customary resolutions were passed, and, in addition, that the seat of the late J. Q. Adams be covered with crape for thirty days, and further, that the Hall be clothed in mourning during that time, and that the Speaker appoint one member from each State to escort the remains of Mr. Adams to the place designated by his friends for the interment.

At 10 minutes past 1 o'clock, an adjournment took place.

[Reported for the Balt. Clipper.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, 1848.

SENATE.

A number of petitions were presented, and private bills acted upon.

The Senate then went into executive session on the treaty.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. C. J. Ingersoll introduced a bill, which was passed, allowing the franking privilege to Mrs. Adams, the widow of John Quincy Adams—as enjoyed by Mrs. Madison and Harrison, the consorts of deceased Ex-Presidents.

On motion of Mr. Ashmun, it was resolved that the committee of arrangements be directed to publish in pamphlet form, and in such manner as they may deem appropriate, twenty thousand copies of the address of the Speaker and other members of the House, and of the Senate, together with the discourse delivered by the Rev. R. R. Gurley, on the occasion of the death of Mr. Adams.

Mr. Hall, of New York, submitted a long string of whereases, concluding with a resolution, instructing the committee on the judiciary to report to the House a bill abrogating all the laws of Maryland now in force in this District, requiring magistrates or courts to commit to jail any runaway, except on conviction of crime, (just as a white person would be treated.)

A disposition was evinced to debate it, and it was ordered to lie over.

Mr. Putnam, of New York, offered a preamble, concluding with a resolution that slavery, or involuntary servitude, shall not exist in any territory which may be acquired from Mexico, (the Wilmot proviso, in substance.)

Laid on the table.

The House then resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the State of the Union, and considered the bill to supply deficiencies in the public expenses.

Mr. Schenck moved to strike out the item making an appropriation for the transfer of money, under the operation of the sub-treasury, and made some remarks.

He was followed by Mr. C. J. Ingersoll, and Messrs. Sawyer, Giddings and Henly, and the debate took a party direction, involving the principles of Gen. Taylor and Mr. Clay, the merits of the Wilmot proviso, the war, etc.

The committee rose and the House adjourned.

[Reported for the Balt. Clipper.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29, 1848.

SENATE.

Among the petitions presented was one from Ohio, for disconnecting slave-holding States from the nonslave-holding; and one from Pennsylvania, signed by 1300 persons, praying a repeal of the law imposing a fine of $500 for concealing absconded slaves.

A bill from the House, granting Mrs. Adams the franking privilege, during life, was passed.

The resolution previously offered by Mr Allen, repealing the rule providing for secret sessions of the Senate, coming up, on motion of Mr. Sevier it was laid on the table, by a vote of 39 to 13.

Mr. Benton's resolution calling for the proceedings of the Court Martial in the case of Lt. Col. Fremont, was adopted.

The Senate then proceeded to consider Executive business.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Farelly, from the committee on patents, reported a bill to increase the number of examiners in the Patent Office.

Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., moved to reduce the salaries to $1,000 instead of $1,500. This gave rise to debate, and before the question was taken, a motion to adjourn prevailed.

(Correspondence of the Balt. Sun).

WASHINGTON, March 1, 1848.

SENATE.

Mr. Breese presented resolutions of the Legislature of Illinois, in favor of a rail road from Michigan to the Pacific.

Mr. Houston presented resolutions of the Legislature of Texas, against any relinquishment of conquered provinces in Mexico, until the question of indemnity was settled.

Mr. R. Johnson presented a petition from citizens of Baltimore and other inhabitants of Maryland, praying for a reduced uniform rate of postage.

On motion of Mr. Sevier, the Senate, a half-past twelve o'clock, proceeded to the consideration of Executive business.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Speaker announced, as the first business in order, the motion by Mr. Andrew Johnson, to reduce the salaries of the Examiners in the Patent Office. Rejected.

The Speaker (by leave) laid before the House a letter from the widow of the Hon John Quincy Adams, which was read.

The House then resolved itself into committee of the whole on the State of the Union, (Mr. Hunt in the chair) and resumed the consideration of the bill further to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1848; the question pending being upon a motion by Mr. Schenck, to strike out an item of $5,000 for contingent expenses, under the Independent Treasury act,

Mr. J. A. Rockwell having the floor addressed the committee at length, in a review of the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the purpose of exposing and bringing to the attention of the House, numerous and most extraordinary errors contained therein, which he considered calculated grossly to misrepresent the state of the finances, and to mislead the public in relation to the necessity of making further provisions for the replenishment of the treasury. The report was so incorrect in many particulars, that no confidence could be placed in any part of it whatever.

Mr. McLane next obtained the floor, and addressed the Chair in an able rejoinder to the speech made several weeks since, by Mr Thompson, of Indiana.

Mr. Thompson then obtained the floor, the committee rose, and the House adj.

MEXICAN NEWS.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

The Twigg's Riflemen—Col. Miles—Opposition to Peace—Santa Anna's Movements—The San Luis Revolt put Down.

The New Orleans papers bring us advices from Vera Cruz to the 16th, and from the city of Mexico to the 13th inst. We select the following from the Picayune:

A bearer of despatches for General Scott took his departure from Vera Cruz for the capital the morning of the 12th inst., under an escort of about 50 dragoons, Capt. Taylor, of Twigg's Riflemen," Baltimore Volunteers. The detachment took up a letter mail for the army.

The Star says that a court of inquiry has fully exonerated Col. Miles from all blame whatever in the loss of the pack mules which accompanied his command.

The Government of Pena y Pena in order to show the people the necessity of making peace, has made arrangements with Scott that the American troops shall occupy all the principal capitals with the exception of Queretaro.

The Moderate party have limited themselves for the present to making Pena y Pena Dictator.

The same paper says that this State, (Aguascalientes;) has pronounced against the Government of Queretaro according to the plan issued by the National Guard, which we have before us, in which they declare they will sustain said resolutions with arms in their hands. Chiapas has done likewise.

La Bandera concludes: "The treason of the Government at Queretaro is every where perceptible, and public opinion begins to express itself. The towns will soon rise in mass against the odious invader, and the Republic, from the struggle, will rise triumphant if not regenerated, as the illustrious Gen. Santa Anna said in his memorable manifesto of the 16th of August"

The San Luis pronunciamento is likely to prove as abortive as the friends of peace could wish. In no part of the country that has been heard from has it met with the slightest favor; not even in San Luis itself, the governor having been arrested on his attempt to promulgate it as a law—when he resigned.

The officers of the Massachusetts Regiment have held a meeting and passed resolutions expressive of their regret for the death of Maj. Webster.

Gens. La. Vega and Jerero recently dined with Gen. Scott, and were much pleased with the urbanity and distinction with which they were treated

The American Star, of the 12, says, that Santa Anna has asked for a passport, that he might leave the Republic, and that he recommends his friends to favor peace, and sustain the existing government.

Pena y Pena has published a letter which states that the Government in Queretaro has resolved, in agreement with Gen. Scott, upon the imprisonment of Santa Anna, as the best means of removing the only obstacle to the conclusion of a peace.

Both the State and capital of Oajaca, whither Santa Anna sought an asylum, when so hotly pursued by Gen. Lane, have refused to extend aid to the fugitive ex-President.

The turbulent genius of Santa Anna, and and his ambition for command, says the writer, have destroyed the confidence of the people in him, and no doubt given rise to the step. The General's horses were compelled to turn towards Coscatlan.

Intelligence from Queretaro, up to the 10th inst., states that there was still no quorum of Congress.

A meeting of Deputies was held on the 7th, at which twenty-four were present.—A majority of these declared in favor of peace.

Gen. Lane reached the city of Mexico from Orizaba on the 10 inst., without having met with any further adventures than have already been noticed.

Sickness and death have been busy among the volunteers for the last few weeks as their diminished numbers will testify.—Colonel Cheatham's fine regiment, the 3d Tennesseeans, can not turn out more than 250 men, and it was originally nearly 1000 strong. The measles and erysipelas are the principal diseases, but the latter assume a more terrible form here than at home. The head and limbs swell to an enormous size, and it bears a strong resemblance to the dreaded "black tongue." Happily, however the number of men in the hospital is daily diminishing, and it is hoped that the pure air of the hils around the Molino will soon banish all sickness from the troops encamped there.

The clergy of Guanajuato have published an inflammatory appeal to the people calling upon them to arrest the progress of the invaders and avenge the insults offered to their country. The attribute all the evils they have hitherto suffered to the supiness and cowardice of the people themselves; but exhort them to buckle on their armor, and see if Providence won't assist this time.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 1.

☞ The Remains of Mr. ADAMS are to be removed from Washington on Monday next, to their final resting place, at Quincy, Mass.

DEATH OF REVOLUTIONARY HEROES.—We learn from the Cambridge Chronicle that Colonel John Jones, a respectable citizen of that county, who served his country with distinction as Lieutenant of Infantry in the "Old Maryland Line" in the war of the Revolution, died a short time since, at the advanced age of ninety-three.

Mr. Hy. Bear, the last of the Revolutionary heroes of Frederick county, Md, died on the 24th ultimo, in the 91st year of his age.

Hon. Seth Putnam, who served under Arnold at Quebec, and was present at the surrender of Burgoyne, in the war of the Revolution, died in Middlesex, Vt., on the 10th ult., aged 93 years and 7 months.

☞ Hon. John J. Crittenden, U. S Senator, has been nominated for Governor of Kentucky. He has been requested not to appoint a day for his resignation, as his services are required in the Senate.

☞ Our thanks are due the Hon. J. A. Pearce, U. S. Senate, Hon. J. W. Crisfield, House of Representatives, and E. Lloyd, Jr., and R. H. McKnett, Esqrs., Maryland Legislature, for interesting and valuable public documents.

☞ An estimable lady of this county has furnished us for publication, the following recipe, which she considers as a *certain cure for the Dropsy.*

Take 4 oz. of ashes of grape vine, 2 oz. of garlic, 2 oz. horse radish, 2 oz. mustard, 1 oz. Salt Petre, 2 oz. steel dust, or iron rust; put into one gallon hard cider; shake well, and let the patient take a wine glass full three times a day.

For the Easton Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—Will you permit me through your paper, to lay a proposition before the citizens of Talbot county? It touches popular education, and I desire to speak of it without incurring the imputation of personal or selfish motives. The proposition is to divide the Academical fund now using at Easton, into four equal parts, and give one part ($200) to the central school in each Election district in the county, making to that school, with the $300 now allowed by the county, $500, a sum sufficient, in my opinion, to secure the services of a qualified and faithful teacher. By this means instead of one Academy there might be four first rate institutions of learning in the county. These schools, one being central to each Election district, would bring all the youth of the county within their reach. The restrictions which now confine scholars to one particular school could be partially abrogated, and a certain number from each school could be admitted annually to the central or high school. If this school should thus be swelled too large for one teacher, a sum sufficient to procure an assistant could, doubtless, be raised in the Election district, by contribution. No one will deny that the State in granting the Academacal fund intended to benefit, as far as possible, the citizens of the whole county. That this benefit could be better effected by the proposed plan, than by the existing one, does not, I think, admit of question. If the carrying out of this proposition would be unjust to any, or would not greatly facilitate popular education, some one can show the reason.

JUSTICE.

ANOTHER PROJECTED RAILROAD.—It is said that measures will shortly be taken to connect the Philadelphia and Columbia railroad with the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad, near the village of Northeast, Md. A meeting was held in Cecil Co., last week on the subject.

WRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—On the night of 1st, the ice drove the ship Avalon on Vessel Rock, at St. John's N. B., when she parted amidships; the mate and three men were lost; the rest, five in number, succeeded in getting on shore.

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