The Easton Gazette.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1857

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications, the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in length, are also subject to a similar charge.

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising; see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

AMERICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
THOMAS HOLLIDAY HICKS,
OF DORCHESTER.

FOR COMPTROLLER.
WILLIAM R. PURNELL,
OF WORCESTER.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF LOTTERIES,
DANIEL H. McPHAIL,
OF BALTIMORE.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF LAND OFFICE,
WILLIAM L. SEABROOK,
OF FREDERICK.

NOTICE.—As we have had transferred to us by Mr. A. P. Jump, his subscription book, and desiring to close up the accounts up to the time we took the paper—and what is still more urgent, having a large sum of money to raise—we feel confident our friends will give us their *aid*, and pardon us for calling upon them at so early a period.

OUR STATE TICKET.—As we but merely announced our ticket on last Saturday we shall take occasion to briefly refer to it again in to-day's paper. With such a ticket, we feel confident not only of success but of large numbers being added to our ranks. Mr. Hicks was born of poor parents and is a self-made man. He is well known throughout the State as a thorough-going, practical man: a man well acquainted with State affairs, and one who has ever made a faithful officer in every station which the public has seen fit to place him He has filled nearly every office which his county could place him in. In October, 1824 he was elected to fill the office of Sheriff. In 1829, he was elected to the House of Delegates, and again in 1830 was returned a member of the same body. In In 1831 he was nominated by his party and chosen an Elector to elect a State Senate, and in the same year was again elected to the House of Delegates. In 1837 he was chosen a member of council to the Governor. In 1851 he was called to a seat in the Convention to form a new State Constitution. The other gentlemen connected with our ticket are also well and favorably known, throughout the State. In fact the major part of the American ticket have been tried and found faithful to their trust. Mr. Purnell, the candidate for the Comptroller of the State Treasury, and Mr. McPhail, for Lottery Commissioner, have filled the same offices for the past two years, with credit to themselves and to the State. Mr. Seabrook is one of the editors of the Frederick Herald; a gentleman, we should think, every way fitted for the post for which he is nominated.

In the convention which nominated these gentlemen, the delegates warmly supported their choice; but determined to yield to what the majority thought best for the promotion of the interests of the party, and the result of the convention, all fully acquiesce in. Mr. Ricaud has expressed his determination to enter into the battle with his whole strength. Dr. Cox also is ready to buckle on the armor of battle, and whenever opportunity shall afford proclaim the doctrines of this great party to the people of Maryland. The whole party, with such a ticket, are determined to make old Maryland roll up a greater majority than she has ever done for any party.

MARYLAND SENATE.—At the election in Maryland, on the first Wednesday of November next, the following counties will elect State Senators: Anne Arundel, Caroline, Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, Prince George's, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's, Somerset and Washington.

GUILTY.—Robert Lucas, another of the party charged with being concerned in the mob at Centreville, Md., with the view of lynching Dave Seeny, a colored prisoner, has been found guilty. W. Fallowfield, charged with the same offence, has been acquitted.

CONCERT.—The concert which came off on Thursday and Friday, under the supervision of Prof. Hegmbotham, were well attended. The manner in which Mr. H. performs his part shows that he is well skilled in the science of vocal music.

Francis A. Ellias has been elected Representative to the Grand Lodge of the United States, I. O. O. F., by the grand Lodge of the State of Maryland.

MR. HICK'S RECEPTION.—Mr. Hicks left Baltimore on Saturday last on board the steamer Kent, which was beautifully decorated with flags, &c. As she passed down the river and bay she was loudly cheered by passing steamers. As the Kent neared Cambridge, a cannon planted on the wharf belched forth a welcome, and the population without distinction of party, turned out to give a hearty welcome to the gallant standard bearer of the American party. The citizens formed a procession, and headed by a band of music, and with flags and streamers flying, escorted him to his office at the Court House, where he is at present filling the office of Register of Wills.

SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL CONVENTION.—The citizens of Knoxville, Tennessee, are engaged in making preparations for the hospitable entertainment and enjoyment of the delegates who may attend the above named Convention which assembles at that place on the 10th instant. Quite a number of Southern cities have appointed their delegates, and a large attendance may be expected. The following proclamation has been issued and published by the Mayor of Knoxville, on behalf of the citizens of that place:

To the People of the South.—The Southern Commercial Convention, which held its session at Savannah in December last, having designated Knoxville, and the 10th day of August next, as the next place and time for convening, the undersigned, appointed for the purpose by the town authorities and citizens of Knoxville, take pleasure in extending the hospitalities of our city and people to the delegates and visitors who may contemplate visiting our city on that occasion. SAM'L. A. WHITE, Mayor.

THE WEATHER.—Scarcely has the time been known when there were such seasons as we have had for the past nine months. Last winter was one of the most severe we have had for many years, doing great damage to crops, destroying life, &c., and a very backward, wet spring—still followed up by severe thunder storms and tornadoes, of the most disastrous character.—It is a matter of doubt whether there ever has been so many lives lost by lightning in one season as has been lost in the present. These occurrences should teach us how to appreciate the care and protection of an all-wise Providence.

DOCTOR L. CLARK COX, son of Dr. C. C. Cox, of this town, has been appointed one of the medical staff at Blackwell's Island, New York, and is now in the discharge of his duty. Dr. L. C. Cox is a young man of good talent, fine education, and beliked by all who know him. He leaves a large circle of friends to wish him abundant success in his undertaking.

THE Albany Express states that the greatest billiard match ever made in this country is shortly to come off between L. J. Higham, the great Albany player, Michael Phelan and Ralph Benjamin. These three gentlemen are said to be the greatest billiard players in the world. The match is to take place either in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

THE Hon. Henry Stump, Judge of the Criminal Court of Baltimore, has sentenced George Banks and John Bowen, negroes, convicted of setting fire to the workshops of the Maryland Penitentiary, to be hung by the neck until they be dead.

"LOOK WITHIN."—We refer our readers to an advertisement in another column, giving particulars of the above named book. If it is only half what it represents to be, it is an important document, and worth twice the money asked for it.

IN another column will be found the advertisement of the Frederick Female Seminary. Parents and guardians having young ladies to educate would do well to give it a perusal.

WORKING FARMER.—We have received the August number of the Working Farmer, an Agricultural book which should be taken by every tiller of the soil—published by Frederick McCready—New York, at $1 per annum.

THE steamer North America, with Liverpool dates to the 15th inst., has arrived at Quebeck. Bredstuffs and provisions are declining. Among the most important items is the insurrection in India was rapidly spreading.

STEAM MILL.—Mr. John H. Tunis has got his mill-house under roof, and we are glad to see him making such rapid progress. He expects to have her in full operation in a short time.

NEW FLOUR.—The Augusta Dispatch says that new superfine flour is selling at Sparta, Hancock county, Georgia, at $5 per barrel, and the market dull at that.

The Congressional nominative convention for this district will meet in Cambridge on Wednesday the 12th of August.

OUR New Hampshire correspondence will receive attention next week.

SENTENCE OF RIOTERS.—In the Special Session this morning, says the New York Mirror, Justice Osborne and Flandreau sentenced four of the Sixth ward rioters to six months each in the Penitentary. The names of the culprits are Pat Mooney, John Riley, Barney Galagher, and Edward Dwyer.

Flour is quoted at Leavenworth, Kansas, at $4,00 to $4,50 per hundred, with a downward tendency.

ENDED IN A "MUSS."—The democratic delegates, five from each ward of the city of Baltimore, met on the night of the 23d ult., in convention, at Rachabite Hall, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the State convention. The convention had not proceeded far, when we suppose, some of the more calm ones saw how things were going, moved an adjournment, which was lost. The following is from *the Baltimore Sun*, to which the democrats always fly to see correct statements, and which they cannot make light of as being a *hoax:*

A motion was then made to go into a ballot. which was carried by ayes 54, noes 42. Just at this time a speaker arose and protested against the action, stating that a caucus of certain members had been held, and a ticket—a printed ticket—agreed upon. with which many members had nothing to do. Before the speaker got through, a violent uproar occurred at the lower end of the hall, and the cry of "Oh, you old Keystone," was rung from stentorian lungs.—Immediately the lights were put out and a pistol fired.

A scene of indiscribable confusion followed In the darkness some sought shelter under the benches—others jumped from the second story windows, and in a very brief period the room was cleared. We have heard of no one being injured. The affair was a most disgraceful one. It was not pretended, we belive, that any opposition of the democratic party were present to interfere. It was entirely a "family" matter.

This disgraceful affair has been kept very still by the democratic press. The probability is, they have all *overlooked it*, or thought it too small to notice. Had there been the name of "plug" attached to it, or the least chance of having one concerned in it, it would have been heralded through the country with electric speed.

While on this subject, we think it not amiss to give a few paragraphs which we have clipped from the Baltimore Patriot, to show the dissension and splitting up in the democratic ranks throughout the country:

It is not simply the emoluments of office, and the thousand and one fat jobs which tend to disintegrate a successful party, and especially that which calls itself "Democratic" *par excellence!* There are other causes equally influential in promoting dissensions and provoking animosities, and under the pressure of these our political opponents are now laboring. In the great State of New York so variable and uncertain in its political complexion, and where new issues are constantly being broached, the feud which was temporarily arranged during the last Presidential campaign, has since broken out with so much increase of bitterness that it is expected there will be two sets of delegates to the approaching State Convention.

This quarrel is the more virulent inasmuch as it now partakes of a personal character. It does not arise, says the New York *Commercial*, "from any diversity of political creed, such as that which gave rise to the 'Hard' and 'Soft' factions, but in a great degree from personal jealousies and ambition. It is a struggle for influence and control within the party."

In Pennsylvania there is a prospect of an equally dangerous division in the ranks of the party. Col. Forney, that masterly political intriguer, disappointed in the object of his ambition—a seat in the Senate of the United States—and rejecting with scorn the Liverpool Consulate, and a liberal provision in money besides, is about to establish a new paper, through whose columns he may hurl his shafts at his lukewarm friends. He desires, also, to break down the *Pennsylvanian*, the present organ of the party in the Keystone State, that he may satisfy certain grudges he has nursed against the editor and proprietor of that paper.—Taking time by the forelock, the *Pennsylvanian* has opened his batteries against Forney, and is working them with a vigor and determination that will either crush the ambitious Colonel or create a wide breach between the party friends of the journalists.

Here, in Maryland, we find the same delectable state of things. The rotationists and anti-rotationists are at daggers points, and the struggle for supremacy betweteen the rival leaders of the party has already led to charges and recriminations more energetic than polite. The recent abortive attempt to assemble in convention afforded significant proof of the fierce antagonism that exists between the two factions.

In Virginia, what with the troubles between the Unionists and disunionists, the distributionists and the anti-distributionists, exacerbated, as these are, by the warm contest now waging between the Wise and Hunter factions for the Senatorship, there is likely to be a lively time among the unterrified Democracy of the Old Dominion.—Pryor's new paper, the "*South*," is drawing off all the ultra Southern supporters of the *Enquirier*, with which, in self-defence, and for the purpose of presenting a stronger front, the *Examiner* is about to be united.

It would be marvelous, indeed—if any thing connected with politics could create a feeling of wonder—to find how conservative the *Enquirier* has lately become, and how suddenly it has descended from the very tall stilts on which it was perched during the progress of the last Presidential campaign. This extreme moderation, whether it arises, as some say, from the expectation of receiving a diplomatic appointment, or from a conviction that fire-eating is a dangerous and unprofitable amusement, is particularly worthy of note as indicating a conflict of opinion among the Democrats of Virginia, from which the opposition may yet derive some signal advantage.

Turning to Missouri we see similar distractions agitating the Democracy of that commonwealth. The Bentonites and the anti-Bentonites have not only lost none of their old animosity, but are absolutely seperated more widely from each other than they were a year ago. South Carolina has isolated herself entirely from the administration. Mississippi is every day growing more restive, and in dispite of the power and patronage so lavishly distributed by the General Government, the ranks of the Democracy South are gradually thinning off under the bitter disappointment occasioned by the Buchanan-Walker policy in Kansas, and the dubious fealty to Southern institutions exhibited by the Democratic party North.

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From the Baltimore Clipper.

THOS. HOLLIDY HICKS, ESQ.

Messrs. Editors: I am highly gratified to observe the enthusiasm which the nomination of Thomas Holliday Hicks, Esq., of Dorchester, has called forth. A better selection could not have been made, and if the friends of Mr. Hicks will at once gird on their armor, and do battle earnestly for that most estimable and popular gentleman, you may rest assured they will not labor in vain. He must be successful. We are pleased that your party have chosen and put forward as their standard-bearer in the approaching contest, a man of sterling integrity whom all classes of citizens may support without any misgivings whatever. as to his faithfulness in the discharge of his duties as Gavernor if elected. He will doubtless administer the State Government in such a manner as to command the respect and deserve the higheat commendation of his fellow-citizens. Being a self-made man, his views will be of a practical character, and it will doubtless be his object and aim continually to promote the mechanical interests of the State. He will have the welfare of all classes at heart, and you may rely upon it, his energy of character will enable him to carry out to the full extent whatever policy in his judgement he may deem necessary to the prosperity and happiness of every class of his fellow-citizens. I have known Mr. Hicks almost as long as I have known myself, and I can say, with truth, that it has never been my good fortune to know a more high minded and honorable man. Of a most generous and sympathetic nature he is ever ready to lend a helping hand to the needy or distressed. He is one of the very few who seemed never to know what selfishness was. His kindness, gentleness, affability and gentlemanly address never fail to commend him to the favor of those with whom he may have an intercourse, and as he may have an occasion to pass through the State before the election, I predict that he will win hosts of warm friends not only in the ranks of the American Party but among Old Line whigs and Democrats too. As an Old Line Whig myself it will afford me extreme pleasure to do every thing in my power to promote his election, for I can recommend him as every way worthy the hearty and cordial support of all good citizens. Suffer me to subscibe myself what I am,

A REAL OLD LINE WHIG.

LYNCH LAW IN IOWA—*A man hung, and a Prosecuting Attorney in Jeopardy.*—The annexed particulars of the hanging of Thomas, at Montezuma, Powshiek Co., Iowa, are even more revolting than the hanging of Gleason and Soper a few weeks ago:

"Early last fall a murderer was committed in the vicinity of the town of Montezuma. A young man and his sister who were traveling were murdered in cold blood for the sake of gain. Two persons of no enviable notoriety were suspected, and, after some delay, the older one, Thomas by name, was arrested. The evidence, which was mainly circumstantial, being strong against him at the preliminary examination before the magistrate, he was bound over to appear at the next term of the District Court to answer the charge. Threats of a vindictive character were made at the time, and it was difficult to restrain him from being wrested from the hands of the officers and summary punishment inflicted on him. The prisoner was remanded to jail to await his trial at the present July term.

"Yesterday, July 14, was the day set apart for his trial, at that time he, by his counsel applied for a change of venue. In the mean time the mob, hearing of this collected together at the door of the court house, (numbering some two hundred strong) and, as soon as the prisoner's application was granted, made a rush to the door, overpowered the Sheriff and the few who were willing to assist him in maintaining order, seized the prisoner and carried him off in triumph a short distance from the town to the nearest limb, tied the rope to his neck, and proceeded to the infliction of the punishment. Three times was he let down and drawn up again, he all the time persisted in his innocence. But his life's blood was the only sacrifice which would atone for the horrible crime. He hung till life was extinct. The body was then cut down, a hole was dug on the spot, and without further ceremony was thrown in, and the prairie sod hid from the light of day the hideous sight.

"Nor did the vagaries of the mob end here, for, like the tiger, rapacity was only kindled by blood. Incredible as it may appear—but it is substantiated by various witnesses—the Prosecuting Attorney of the county was arraigned before Judge Lynch for having incurred their displeasure in the prosecution of the case, thinking that he was not over-zealous for a conviction. The question was then put whether or not he too should hang on the same tree. The vote stood two to one for hanging; but they were finally induced to defer it till the next day.

"The greatest excitement prevails. The court was adjourned *sine die*, and business of almost every kind suspended."

NAVAL COURTS OF INQUIRY.—The following are all the retired furloughed, and dropped cases which have been investigated and disposed of up to this date by the three Courts of Inquiry sitting in this city, viz:—*Nat. Intel.*

Captains: J. Wilkinson, Joseph Smith, Philip F. Voorhees, T. M. Newell, J. L. Paine, W. K. Lattimer, Chas. Boarman, J. H. Graham, and William Inman. Commanders: J. L. Paine, Henry Bruce, J. S. Nicholas, Oscar Bullus, J. Sterett, M. Mason, and William S. Ogden. The case of Commander A. K Long is now pending in the third Court. Lieutenants: J. L. Palmer, J. C. Carter, R. Handy, A. H. Kilty, William Chandle, J. M. Gilliss, A. Gibson, Henry Walker, E. C. Bowers, A. S. Baldwin, L C. Sartori, F. Stanly, J. N. Maffit, H. Rolando, T. A. Parker, M. Simons, R. McArann, W. A. C. Farragut, L. Pennington, R. W. Meade, W. A. Cartist, A. D. Harrell, T. H. Stevens, Abner Read, and A. C. Rhind. The case of Lieutenant D. F. Dunlan is pending in the first Court.—Masters: William W. Low, William N. Brady, Peter Wager, and A. McLaughlin.—Passed Midshipmen: E. C. Gratton and J. S. Thornton

SILVER IN THE SEA.—Three French chemists, have been experimenting on the subject, and their labors have led them to the conclusion that the ocean holds dissolved two millions of tons of silver. They took water from the coast of St. Malo, a few leagues from the land, and analyzed it in two ways. A portion of the water they acted upon by the usual tests of silver, and the presence of the precious metal was clearly ascertained. The remainder of the water they evaporated, and the salt they obtained they boiled with lead. This lump of impure lead they placed on a saucer made of lime, and then submitted it to a heat sufficient to melt the lead, but not to affect the silver should any be present. The lead, as it melted, was sucked up by the porous saucer, and finally a small globule of silver glistened in the vessel. This process is called cupellation, and is the ordinary mode of procuring silver from the ore. Again and again they repeated the experiment with the same success. From these experiments they made the calculation that a cubic mile of ocean contains two pounds and three quarters weight of silver.

A MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—A melancholly scene occurred on Saturday evening in a house on the corner of Holliday and Foundry streets, during a social gathering. It appeared that a party of friends, of both sexes, had met at the above named place to while away the evening in amusement. After several songs had been sung, a dancing sette was formed, in which a young lady named Bridget McGarrity took an active part. It was after the finishment of a dance and as she was in the act of returning to her seat a gentleman approached and asked her hand in the next sette.—She replied in the affirmative, and immediately fell with her face upon the floor, and on raising her up life was found to be extinct. Dr. Coskrey was called in, but she was beyond the reach of medical aid. Coroner Stevens summond an inquest over the body and the jury rendered a verdict of death from disease of the heart. Deep indeed, must have been the gloom that overcast-hadowed that once social group, as they looked and found one of their companions, who, but just before, was all gaiety and humor, and now a motionless form. True indeed, it is, "In the midst of life we are in death." *Baltimore American.*

ONE OF THE LYNCHERS HUNG.—A young man named Flinch, son of Deacon Flinch, of Massilon, Cedar county, Iowa, hung himself last Tuesday, about 4 o'clock P. M.—He was with the vigilence committee at the time they took Kelso and his comrade, and on casting a vote whether they should be hung or not, he casted his vote in favor of hanging, but left before they were hung. When he returned home his mother asked him if they had caught the men. He said they had, and he had voted to hang them His mother told him he ought not to take that which he could not give. After she had talked with him a few moments he left her and went to his plowing, attended to that for a while, when he hitched his horse, and taking one of the reins, went to a tree, tied the strap to a low limb and around his neck, then let his weight down, and when found his knees touched the ground and he was dead.—*Inamosa (Iowa) Eureka.*

MEXICO AND ENGLAND.—A letter from Havana says that the difficulty between Mexico and England has been satisfactorily arranged and the British Commodore sailed for Jamaica about the middle of last month. The Mexicans have agreed to pay to England $240,000 within four months, assigning 15 per cent, of the total amount of duties received as a security for the payment of the money. An ample apology has been offered to the British consul at San Luis Potosi, and when he hoisted his flag, it was saluted with twenty-one guns

LIEUT. JOHN P. DECATUR.—The sudden death of Lieut. John P. Decatur, of the United States Navy, which occured on the 17th ult., of a disease of the heart, has already been mentioned He was attached to the United States steamer Mississippi, about to sail from Brooklyn for China, and was an accomplished officer Lieut. D. entered the navy in 1836 as a midshipman, since which period he has served his country with that honor and distinction which might be expected from a descendant of the gallant and distinguished Commndore Stephen Decatur.

The Crops South.

SAVANNAH, July 25.—The Savannah Republican learns that rain had fallen lately in nearly every part of Georgia, and that the hopes of the planters had greatly revived. Grain certainly was very abundant, but cotton this year will fall short of the average crop.

Galveston advices of the 14th had been received and gave favorable reports of the crops in eastern and middle Texas. Notwithstanding the drought, three-fourths of a full cotton crop was expected. On the lower Brazos the sugar cane was suffering, but may be resusciatad by rain.

Tornado.

BOSTON, July 26th.—A tornado passed through Tewksbury and other towns of Middlesex county, on Friday, demolishing everything in its range, including orchards, cornfields, two barns and other property.—Large trees were uprooted and carried to some distance—in some cases as far as eighty feet. The path of the tornado was from ten to twenty feet wide.

BY YESTERDAY'S STEAMER.

CANDIDATES "RECOMMENDED," BY THE FOREIGN PARTY.—The State convention of the foreign party was held in Baltimore on Thursday, and after considerable debate and manœuvering it was thought best to *recommend* and not nominate candidates. Col. Groome is the sacrificed candidate for Governor. The following compose the *recommended* State ticket:

For Govenor, Col. John C. Groome of Cecil county. For Comptroller of the Treasury, Bradley J. Johnson, of Frederick county. For Commissioner of Lotteries, Joshua R. Nelson, of Harford county. For Commissioner of the Land Office, Amos Murray, of Annapolis, the present incumbent. For Judge of Court of Appeals, T. J. Bartol, of Baltimore county. In the selection of officers for the Convention, the delegation from Baltimore city were neither honored or named. They appeared like "poor boys at a frolic."

A valuable spring of petroleum, or rock oil, has been discovered some eight miles north-east of Paoli, Kansas.

CARD.

To the Voters of Trappe District:

I HEREBY offer myself as an independent candidate for the office of CONSTABLE, for Trappe District, at the approaching election.
ju 11–te GEO. W. MOORE.

To the Voters of Talbot County:

AT the earnest solicitation of a number of my friends, I offer myself as an Independent candidate for the SHERIFFALTY of Talbot County.
june 27–te JNO: R. McQUAY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Glandular swelling in the throat, neuralgia, tic dolorenx, rheumatism, gout, lumbago, and other diseases affecting the glands, muscles, and nerves of sensation, are permanently eradicated by the persevering application of this healing, anti-febrile, pain-destroying preparation. Irritating eruptions, running sores, ulcerated wounds, burns, scalds, the bites of venomous insects or reptiles, and, in short, all the varieties of superficial inflammation, soon lose their angry and painful character when treated with Holloway's Ointment. The Pills have never yet been administered in dyspepsia, liver complaint, or disorders of the bowels without producing the desired results.

"WOODLAND CREAM"—A Pomade for beautifying the Hair—highly perfumed, superior to any foreign article imported, and half the price. For dressing Ladies Hair it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes Gentlemen's Hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giving the Hair the appearance of being just shampooed. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed FETRIDGE & CO., New York, Proprietors of the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." For sale by DAWSON & BRO., Easton, Md.—Agents.
feb 21–6meo

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, July 30, 1857.

WHEAT—About 13000 bushels offered. Sales as follows:

" good to prime, (new)	1 55@1 [illegible]
Red, good to prime,	1 [illegible]
CORN—About 8000 bushels offered; sales of	
White, per bushel	88@90 cts.
Yellow,	85@87 cts.
OATS, per bushel,	50@55 cts.
RYE—Pa.	105@110
PHILADELPHIA, July 28	
WHEAT—Is in little demand	
Red, fair to prime, brought	$1 55@1 [illegible]
White, good to prime,	1 [illegible]
CORN—Yellow,	[illegible]
RYE, per bushel,	$1 02

Died,

Near Easton, on the 26th inst., after a short illness, MARY, wife of Moses Sneed, in the [illegible] year of her age.

None know the worth of a companion in health until life and action are extinct—until the first approach of that greatest of all destroyers—death.—It not only lessens the number which meet to cheerfully around the hearth stone, but throws a gloom in every corner. This calamity, however bending as it may be, to it we are all doomed to bow. "In life we are in death."

On Thursday morning, of cholera infantum, JOHN FRANCIS, infant son of John and Mary Kersey, aged 6 months and 17 days.

Near Easton, on the 26th inst., ANNA ROSETTA, only daughter of Charles and Sarah Rathell, aged 11 months and 2 days.

"Like dew before the morning sun
Her infant spirit fled—
Scarce numbered among the living,
There numbered among the dead.

HATS—A large lot just received, of all kinds, sizes and qualities, which I will sell cheap. Call and see them at the cheap store of
aug 1 L. NEDOM.

JUST IN TIME—I have just returned with a selection of all kinds of Summer Coats, Pants, Vests and Shirts, which will be sold cheaper than ever by (aug 1) L. NEDOM.

ESTRAY.

STRAYED from the subscriber last March, a black and white HOG, with a crop in each ear and underbit in the left. Any information of the same will be thankfully received and rewarded if taken. EDWIN F. JUMP.
N. B—The above Hog is three quarters Ulster.
[aug 1–3t

PURE BONE DUST,
TO FARMERS, &c.

10.000 BUSHELS of this invaluable Fertilizer, warranted pure and adulterated Ground Bones, and its peculiar fineness testified by the State Chemist, whose analysis may be seen at our office. Among other invaluable elements, it contains the large proportion of 56.3 Phosphate of Lime. For sale in three bushel bags in quantities to suit purchasers.
W. GRANGE & CO.,
119 Lombard street, Baltimore.
☞ To prevent disappointment, the early application ought to be made. [aug 1–3m

Frederick Female Seminary,

FREDERICK CITY, MD.

The Scholastic duties of this Institution will be resumed on Tuesday, the 1st of September next.

The State of Maryland appropriated $20,000 for the founding of this School, with the intention that it should be in all respects a Seminary of the highest order—a school where the daughters of Maryland and other southern States could receive an education adapted to the advanced refinement and intelligence of the people and to the institutions of those States—which should be highly moral and religious in its Character, but not sectarian.

It is located in one of the most healthy and beautiful valleys in the State, and is accessible from all parts of the country by Railroad and Telegraph. The extensive and superb buildings; the spacious halls, and professors rooms,—the commodious boarding rooms elegantly furnished and well ventilated—baths of the purest mounts in water—extensive Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus and all other desirable educational convenience, a Faculty well known at home and abroad for refinement, professional skill and learned ability, are some of the evidences before the public that the Frederick Female Seminary is all that the Legislature contemplated when they made this appropriation, and twelve years of unprecedented prosperity have secured for it a high reputation at home and abroad.

There are ample grounds for exercise in the open air, and the whole of the basement, (which is above ground,) is fitted up for a Gymnasium for the Young Ladies to exercise in, during inclement weather. The new edifice just completed affords excellent accommodations for from 40 to 50 more Boarding Scholars. These improvements make it one of the most extensive and complete establishments in the U. S., and parents from a distance may rest assured that no effort will be spared to sustain the high reputation that the School already enjoys.

For Board and Tuition, including furnished Rooms, Lights, Fuel, Washing, etc., $200 per Scholastic year; payable half yearly in advance.

For Circulars and other particulars, address
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REFERENCES.

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