The Easton Gazette.

Next door to Campbell's Drug Store,
EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV'R. 13, 1858.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications, the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in length, are also subject to a similar charge.

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising, see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

MURDER OF OFFICER RIGDON.—Our exchanges from Baltimore, brought us on Saturday last, an account of a most cold blooded and fiendish murder, committed on Friday night previous, by two men, named Corrie and Cropps. Officer Rigdon, it will be recollected, was the principal witness for the State in the case of Gambrill, tried last week, for the murder of officer Benton. Gambrill was convicted of "murder in the first degree," and at once taken to jail to await his sentence, notwithstanding an attempt was made to rescue him. But through the efficiency of the municipal authorities, the rowdy gang who followed the hack in which Gambrill, was being conveyed to jail, was instantly dispersed and driven off.

Many of the Democratic, and would-be influential papers, are hurling myriads of darts at the head of Mayor Swann and his city government for this fiendish outrage, when in all probability if he had had stationed at every third or fourth dwelling a police officer the murder could not have been prevented. When a man's heart is black enough to assassinate his fellow man when he least expects and is least prepared for it, it is beyond the power of man to prevent. It is admitted by impartial men of both parties that Mayor Swann conducts the affairs of the city with ability and goes as far to do justice to the high position he holds and the people generally, as any man can do. The darts of revenge should be directed at other heads than Mayor Swann's for most of the crime that is committed in the city of Baltimore. The magistrates who are elected by the people, are not of the right stripe and release desperadoes on mere straw bail.

Who is to be blamed for this bad state of affairs? Are the Americans? Hardly.—Let the sad calamities resulting from such illiterate, unprincipled officers as it is said some of the magistrates of that city are, fall back upon the party who so altered the constitution as to have them elected by the people. Had the Mayor the power to appoint them such offices would doubtless be supplied by good and efficient men.

THE Star of Tuesday says that the "Know Nothings of the South are rejoicing over the defeat of the Democrats by the Republicans in their war on slavery." Thus it will be seen that Mr. Lincoln of Illinois, an out and out Republican is numbered among the defeated Democrats. The editor of the Star appears to have an ungovernable passion for marking out the path for his political opponents, but invariably fails to clear it of the brush and trash which his old wornout broom leaves behind. He denounces Americans for voting for the same measures that Republicans vote for, let them be right or wrong, and at the same time desires them to lament the defeat of Mr. Dougla's opponent.

In further speaking of the result of the recent elections, the Star says "Mr. Seward, more bold than others, takes advantage of the enthusiasm in the opposition army, and aims to turn his batteries directly against slavery in the Southern States." Admitting this to be the case, what can he effect? Although Mr. Seward is a great man in his way, and is bold in giving expression to his opinions, yet he always takes too sectional grounds to have much effect out of the smoke of his own chimney. The administration journals give various causes for the sudden turn in politics and paint in large characters the horrors that are to result from them. This cannot be wondered at, for they already feel that the reins they have so long held are fast slipping their grasp, and those who have been living on the "fat and marrow" of party favors will have to direct their energies and aspirations in another course. The will of the people is bound to speak out, and the thousands from all sections, who are opposed to the Administration would rise up *en mass* against Mr. Seward or any other sectional man, let him be from north or south, were there any prospect of his doing great injury to the country.

PANORAMA OF THE PILGRIMS' PROGRESS.—T. C. Ruckle, Esq., has for several days past been exhibiting his magnificent painting of the "Pilgrim's Progress." Mr. R.'s well known ability and fine taste as an artist, relieves us of giving a full description of the beauty and neatness with which this panorama has been gotten up. It is intended to represent the difficulties that a christian have to encounter in this life before entering the celestial city, and it has attracted considerable attention wherever exhibited.

LECTURES.—The second course of Lectures under the direction of the Y. M. C. A., will be opened on the evening of the 26th inst., by Prof. L. H. STEINER, of Baltimore.

THE STAR'S POLITENESS.—"The Gazette states that the annual expenses of Mr. Buchanan's administration is $103,656,726, 00. We pronounce this statement false." The above sentence is a *fair* specimen of the editor of the Star's *politeness, genteel* and *respectful* way of denying or refuting a charge. As goes the old saying, "when we are in Rome we must do as Romans do," we therefore hurl the *lie* back into the editor's teeth with double force, and he may make whatever use of it that he sees fit.—If he knew it to be a mis-statement and desired his contradiction of its truthfulness to have weight in the community he should have produced the proof, and not merely his own word. The information which we have upon the subject has been published extensively, and it shows Mr. Buchanan's administration to have expended, the first year, $64,778,828.85, the second year, $82,856,727:00, and the third year, should it increase in the same ratio, and there is nothing to show to the contrary, it will amount to about the estime we gave.

CARD OF WITHDRAWAL.—As cards of withdrawal from the "Know Nothing" party were much in vogue and considered good testimony, with the Foreign Press some two years ago, perhaps they will give credit to similar cards of withdrawal from the democratic moral 'Reform Association' of Baltimore.

To the Editors of the Baltimore Patriot:—Not having attended any of the meetings of the "Reform Association," and being ignorant of the "Address" to the Public, I cannot coincide in the propriety of its publication at this time. In view of the act, I believe the constituted authorities of our city are doing all they can to preserve order, and I fear that the publication of this Address may have the effect to embarrass and impede rather than assist to this laudable object. I shall, therefore, withdraw my name from said Association.

JAMES F. PURVIS.

We congratulate Mr. Purvis, and those, who have acted like him, on the good sense and firmness that induces them to renounce the ridiculous and insurrectionary attempt of a few designing politicians to break down the municipal government, at a time, when, if their own representations are to be believed, every friend of law and order should come to the aid of the constituted authorities.

For the Easton Gazette.

THE PEOPLE SHOULD KNOW IT EVERY WHERE!

Who can read what I shall write you under this, Mr. Editor, and deny that President Buchanan is not against the people; that is, he is acting against an expressed opinion of their will, in appointing men to high stations of honor and profit, whom they have discarded, and chiefly because he strenuously supported his false political doctrine on the Kansas question?

"THE PRESIDENT AGAINST THE PEOPLE." The Philadelphia Press fancies Mr. J. G. Jones at the court of Vienna, conversing (through the medium of an interpreter) with the prime minister.

The Austrian court, if he have any taste for humor, may smile, while he says: Ah, monsieur d'Ambassadeur, I perceive you owe your *appointment* here to your unfortunate *disappointment* at home! you came from a strange country, where, because a county kicks you, the government elevates you to high office. They say, in fact, that because your own neighbors, who know you well, think you unfit to represent them in Congress, you are just fit to represent your nation at a foreign court."

Pray keep the ball moving, it is too just a remark not to be frequently repeated.

VERETAS.

MAGAZINES.

THE FARMER.—The American Farmer for November has been received. A considerable of its space is given to the proceedings of cattle shows and fairs, &c., but does not fail to give the farmer its usual hints on agriculture.

THE COSMOPOLITAN ART JOURNAL for December. This Journal deserves a very liberal patronage, and ought to be on the centre table of every family. For $3 each subscriber receives a certificate entitling him to the splendid engraving of the "Village Blacksmith," the Art Journal and a chance to draw a handsome statue or painting. See advertisement.

PETERSON.—This popular Lady's Magazine will be greatly improved from 1859.—It will contain nearly 100 pages; for 25 to 30 steel plates; and about 800 wood engravings. Mrs. ANNA S. STEPHENS, author of "Fashion and Famine," and Charles J. Peterson, author of "Kate Aylesford," are its Editors, and write *exclusively* for it Each will give a new Novlet next year; and they will be assisted by all the best female writers. "Peterson's Magazine" is indispensable to every lady. Its Fashions are always the latest and prettiest; its steel Engravings magnificent; its Patterns of the Work-Table, its Household Receipts, &c., almost countless. The price is only two dollars a year. To clubs, three copies for $5, or eight for $10; with a splendid premium to the person getting up the club. Address Charles J. Peterson, 306 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

HEAVY DAMAGES.—Miss Icebenda L. Thomas, of Huron county, Ohio, has recovered a verdict of $10,000 from Curtis Simmons for breach of promise; her father also obtained a judgment of $5,000 against Simmons for the seduction of his daughter.

THE U. S. AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The receipts of this fair, lately held at Richmond, were sufficient to pay all the premiums, amounting to $7,464 50, and all other expenses incurred.

BLOODY OUTRAGE.

A citizen of our community and a negro killed by a band of Dorchester men pretending to execute the laws of the State against dredging within the limits of that county—the facts as we learn from our Deals Island correspondent are substantiated as follows: "On the 28th ultimo, Geo. W. Mister, acting master of the schooner Glide, (the property of Capt. John Price, of Monie,) whilst dredging for oysters about two miles south of the Sharkfin buoy, was attacked by a band of armed men under the command of one Wm. Follin—two guns were discharged at Mister, both loads taking effect in his shoulder and neck, causing a shocking wound, of which he died on the 2d inst. On the same day and about the same place the schooner Mary Catharine, (property of Capt. Wm. Evans) was attacked by another band of armed men under the command of one William Robson, and a nogro by the name of Jeffries was killed. Jeffries at the time of the capture of the Mary Catharine was standing on the fore part of the vessel when one of the capturing party gave him a blow on the head with a handspike. He was knocked overboard, and never seen afterwards. Mister leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss. Both schooners were captured and carried to Dorchester county as prizes. We understand that great excitement prevails at Deals Island in consequence of the affair. Both vessels were said to be in the waters of Somerset at the time of capture, and not infringing upon the rights of citizens of Dorchester, nor violating the laws of the State, for the citizens of Somerset are licensed (by special act) to dredge within the limits of the county. The perpetrators of this outrage should be brought to punishment and the boundary line between the two counties speedily established so that our citizens may know their rights, and not infringe upon the rights of others. If the boundary is not shortly established we fear this will be but the beginning of troubles.—*Somerset Union.*

CONVENTION OF SLAVEHOLDERS.

On Wednesday, 3d, a convention of the slaveholders of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, assembled at Cambridge. Delegates were present from Talbot, Caroline, Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester. The following were the officers of the convention:—

President—Wm. Goldsborough, Esq., of Talbot.

Vice Presidents—Curtis Jacobs, Esq., of Worcester, and Dr. Francis P. Phelps, of Dorchester.

Secretaries—Wm. D. Walker, Esq., of Somerset, and Dr. H. D. Grieves, of Dorchester.

After speeches from F. W. Thomas, Esq., Col. Samuel Hambleton, Hon. Jas. A. Stewart, Elias Griswold, Esq., a committee was appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of the convention, which reported on the next day. The following are the main resolutions offered

Resolved, That free negroism and slavery are incompatible with each other, and should not be permitted longer to exist in their present relations, side by side, within the limits of the State.

Resolved, That prompt and effective legislation upon this subject is absolutely essential to the interests of the people.

Resolved, That although this convention has not sufficiently considered the premises to enable them to recommend any particular plan to the action of the next General Assembly, yet they are satisfied that public sentiment is prepared for and desires relief from the evils under which we are now laboring, which relief, in the opinion of this body, can only be obtained by a general expression of feeling from the people of the State in general convention assembled.

Resolved, That in view of the above, the members of this body, citizens of the Eastern Shore, a section which has suffered more from abroad, and free-negroism in our midst, deem it right and proper to call upon the brethren throughout the State, not as slaveholders or as non-slaveholders, but as citizens of the Commonwealth to meet them in general convention in the city of Baltimore, on the second Wednesday in June, 1859, for the purpose of devising some system to be presented to the Legislature of Maryland at its next session, having for its object the better regulation of the negro population of this State; each county and the city of Baltimore to have the same representation which they now have to the Legislature of the State.

Resolved, That a committee of seventeen persons be appointed by the Chair to draft an address to the people setting forth the grievances under which we labor in reference to the matter above indicated, to be published in the newspapers in every county and the city of Baltimore, for a considerable length of time anterior to the period at which the State Convention is to be held.

And be it further

Resolved, That the vast increase of the free negro population of Maryland, their vicious habits, their refusal to labor, their incapacity for self government, present sufficient motives for the call of the proposed Convention in the city of Baltimore, and we respectfully suggest that, as many of our citizens are fully convinced that the State should present the alternative to this class of population, of going into slavery, or leaving the State, we, therefore, respectfully suggest that the citizens of several counties, and city of Baltimore, in selecting delegates to said Convention, act in reference to this suggestion, and the said Convention when assembled also act upon this proposition.

AN ADMISSION FROM CROPPS.—When Cropps was taken to the jail, after his arrest, he was placed in the same room with a young man named Wm. Dix, an old acquaintance, on a charge of highway robbery. When he was locked in several of the officers placed themselves in a position to hear their conversation:

Dix asked Cropps—"Have they got you right?"

Cropps replied—"Yes—as dead as hell!"

Dix asked—"Who was with you?"

Cropps answered—"Why, I had that s—n of a b—h Corrie, and he has blown on me, and I am a goner!"

Cropps and Corrie occupy different rooms in the jail, where they will remain until removed for trial to Towsontown.

WE see by last week's *Journal*, that another paper is about to be started in Denton.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE UNION DORCAS SOCIETY OF EASTON.

More than twenty years have passed away since a noble band of benevolent ladies actuated by the desire to alleviate the sufferings, and to contribute to the comfort of the poor in Easton, and to improve their condition in other respects, met and organized themselves into a society, called the Union Dorcas Society of Easton. It is a fact well known to many of our citizens that the condition of many destitute and afflicted families in our town, at that time was deplorable in the extreme, and that our dwellings and places of business were daily visited by pauper children, who told a sorrowful tale of misery and want. As the ordinary methods were not adequate to meet the wants of such, it entered into the hearts of these benevolent ladies to form a society for this purpose, believing that if the aggregate amount contributed by our citizens were collected together and systematically dispensed it would more effectually provide for their relief.

A society was accordingly organized, and a Visiting Committee appointed monthly "to ascertain the necessities of the destitute and to search for deserving objects of charity." It has been going noiselessly on its mission of benevolence up to this time, and like a beautiful river widening in its flow, has spread freshness along its borders. It has relieved the necessities of the destitute and cheered the last hours of the dying. It has assisted the widow to provide for her little ones, and street begging is a thing unknown in our midst. The amount of good accomplished by it the annals of eternity will alone reveal.

During the past year, commencing Nov., 1857, the Visiting Committees have paid 176 visits and relieved 187 cases. The Donations received this year were less than the preceding, consequently the Board has been limited in its expenditures, and, indeed, during the summer months they have been compelled to abridge the usual amount of assistance afforded to the regular Pensioners.

On Friday 8th of January, the Committee visited Mrs. Hopkins, a pensioner of the society who has long been greatly afflicted, having been for many years entirely confined to her bed. They found her suffering intensely. On the following Sunday she died calmly and peacefully, trusting in Him who died to save the lost and sinful. The Committee saw her prepared for burial and followed her remains to their last earthly resting place.

It is a subject for deep thankfulness on the part of the Board of Managers that our little circle has remained through the past year unbroken, by the rude hand of death. But we have had to regret the removal and consequent resignation of our former beloved President, Mrs. A. C. Hammond.—For seventeen years she presided in the Board with dignity and efficiency, and long will the recollections of her gentle and loving spirit, her pious counsels and her unostentatious charities be cherished by its members and by the poor of the town, who ever found in her a kind and sympathising friend.

We again make our appeal to the public. Our treasury is empty, and in view of the inclemency of the approaching winter and the exorbitant prices of provisions, we feel constrained to make an earnest application for aid in behalf of the suffering poor of our town. Alas! there are some whose bright hopes are gone and cut off from the resources which they possessed and deprived of the ability to help themselves must be provided for by other hands. Shall we make our appeal in their behalf in vain?—How much of true religion is connected with the poor! Christ seems to have taken them under His especial charge. His gospel was preached to the poor, and this was one of the signs which He sent to John the Baptist in prison. With His own blessed hands He fed the poor by a creative act, having compassion on them when they fainted. And when Christ shall sit on his throne of judgment, he will make inquisition concerning all we have done, or failed to do in regard to the hungry, the naked, the stranger, the prisoner and the sick, and will regard us as having done or failed to do all this to himself.

These are powerful motives to make us think of the poor. When it is well with us we should remember them. When we hear the storm beating on our habitation and yet are secure, sheltered, fed, warmed, sitting over our books or among our children, we should think of the poor.—When God has sent us some large or unexpected gains we should think of the poor. He has said, "he that hath pity upon the poor lendeth unto the Lord, and that which he hath given will he pay again."

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Received from Annual Subscribers,	$10,50
Donations in cash,	$124,90
Fines,	50
Received,	$165,96
Expended,	$165,96

THE RELIEF FUND.—The work of collecting money for the relief of the families of the late Rigdon and Benton is going on, and already quite a respectable amount has been realized. The collections at the Corn and Flour Exchange reach up to $1,100. A day or two since Messrs. B F. Cator and James Sweet started a subscription among the merchants on Baltimore street, and up to yesterday they had collected $1,080.—Mr. E. N. Spiller also made a collection of $600, which, with other collections, make a total of $8,212 90. That collected outside of the Corn and Flour Exchange will be placed in the hands of Messrs. Joseph Cushing, Jr., and William Devries, as trustees who will invest it for the benefit of the families of the murdered officers. The collections taken up for officer Cook amount to $572, which will be invested in a substantial present for Mrs. Cook, her husband having declined to receive it. The merchants on Baltimore street subscribed liberally, and stated that as the officers were faithful men they would gladly assist to make their bereaved families comfortable.

FINAL BACK OUT.—Staunton, the great English chess player, has, at length, peremptorily declined to play the match which had been in contemplation between Morphy and himself, on the ground that his pressing engagements and ill-health prevent him from meeting the victorious young American.

ON Friday morning last snow fell quite freely in the mountains just west of Cumberland.

Illinois Election.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The following Congressmen have been elected: E. B. Washburne, rep.; J. F. Farnsworth, rep.; Owen Lovejoy, rep.; Wm. Kellog, rep.; Isaac N. Morris, anti-L. dem.; Thomas L. Harris, anti-L. dem.; J. C. Robinson, anti-L. dem.; Philip B. Foulk, anti L. dem.; John A. Logan, anti-L. dem.

The delegation is the same as in the present Cougress, except the three last named, who succeed Douglas democrats.

The latest intelligence in regard to the Legislature is that there will be a Douglas democratic majority of five in the House and three in the Senate.

Michigan Election.

DETROIT, Nov. 5.—Mr. Cooper, democrat, is elected in the first Congressional district by about 100 majority. The fourth district is in doubt. From present indications the Legislature stands: Senate—22 republicans and 10 democrats. House—46 republicans and 33 democrats. The whole republican State ticket is elected by from six to ten thousand majority.

SAD MISTAKE—*Two Babes Poisoned.*—On Saturday, about noon, a heart-rending misfortune happened in the family of Wm. L. Gold, engineer at the Pearl Mills, residing on Western Avenue, Allegheny city, Pa. The wife of Mr. Gold is the mother of twin boys, not yet two months old. For a few days past they had been troubled with cholic, and the doctor prescribed a very common remedy—paregoric. On Saturday they were very restless, and Mrs. Gold, previous to preparing dinner, took the vial containing the paregoric, (as she thought,) and gave each of the babes a portion of the contents; but unfortunately, the dose happened to be laudanum. Their unusual quietness attracted her attention, and she observed a langour and extreme drowsiness which greatly alarmed her. She fled for a neighbor woman, in great alarm, who, upon arriving, immediately commenced trying to keep the little sufferers awake by shaking, pinching, and such like inflictions. They were thus kept from passing into a comatose state, but violent spasms supervened, and the physicians had no hope of their recovery. The poor mother was almost frantic with grief.

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 10, 1858.

WHEAT—About 7,000 bushels offered. Sales as follows:

White—fair,	$1 27a1 35
Good to prime,	1 40a$1 45
Red—	1 15a$1 21
CORN—White and yellow,	73a88 cents
OATS—	44a46 cents

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10.

WHEAT—White,	1 28a$1 34
Red,	1 18a$1 23
CORN—for yellow,	70a80cts
OATS—	42 cts

Deaths.

TUCKER.—In this town, on the 6th inst., Samuel Tucker, in the 50th year of his age.

CLIFT.—In Baltimore, suddenly, on the 9th instant, Mrs. Deborah E. Clift, in the 56th year of her age.

STOVE PIPE FLUES, of all sizes in store and for sale by, (nov 13) J. P. BLAKE.

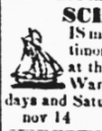
SPADES, Shovels and Forks, just received and for sale by
nov 13 J. P. BLAKE.

LUMBER—of all kinds constantly on hand; also Shingles, Plastering Laths, White pine Framing and Fencing Boards, at Baltimore prices for cash by (nov 13) R. THARP.

COAL.—Stove and Grate Coal, Cooking and Smith's Coal, constantly on hand and for sale at Baltimore prices for cash by
nov 13 R. THARP.



NOTICE.—Came on the premises of the subscriber, in the Chapel District, about the 1st of September, a white male HOG.—The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.
nov 13–3t GRANTHAM REYNOLDS.



SCHOONER TRIAL

IS making regular trips to and from Baltimore, and will carry and bring freights at the lowest rates. Lies at Tobacco Warehouse, No. 2, Baltimore, on Fridays and Saturdays. W. S. PAWSON, Agent.
nov 14 R. THARP.

TEACHER WANTED.

THE Trustees of Bay Hundred Primary School No. 2, in Election District No 5, desire to employ a Teacher for the ensuing year, 1859. He must be of *good moral character*, come *strongly recommended*, and the *best reference must be produced*.

JOHN F. L. WRIGHTSON,
THOMAS SEWELL,
R. F. JONES,
nov 13–tf Trustees.

TEACHER WANTED.

THE subscribers wish to employ a teacher to take charge of the St. Michaels male Primary School No. 2, for the year 1859; salary $350. None need apply unless they can come well recommended as to character and qualifications

Applications will be received till the 10th of December.

P. T. HAMBLETON,
OLIVER P. SPARKS,
GEO. H. HOPKINS,
Trustees,
nov 13–4t St. Michaels, Md.

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphan's Court.

October Term, A. D. 1858.

ON application of Dr. James Dawson, Adm'r of Mrs. Jane E. Ross, late of Talbot county, deceased—

It is Ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceeding of Talbot County Orphan's Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 12th day of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and fifty-eight. NICHOLAS RICE,
L.S. Register of Wills for Talbot County.

In Compliance with the above Order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN;

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mrs. Jane E. Ross, late of said county, dec'd All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby notified to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of Nov. 1859, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of the said estate.

N. B.—All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Dr. JAMES DAWSON, Adm'r
of Mrs. Jane E. Ross, dec'd.
Nov. 13, 1858—3t

FISH.—Shad, Mackerel and Herrings, always on hand and for sale low by
nov 15 J. P. BLAKE.

LIME—will be kept constantly on hand by the bbl. and at retail for white-washing by
nov 13 R. THARP.

SALT—on hand and for sale at Baltimore price, fine salt by the sack
nov 13 R. THARP.

EL DORADO and other choice brands of Tobacco; also, prime Cigars of all grades, just received and for sale by
nov 13 J. P. BLAKE.

Literary Notice.

THE following literary exercises will take place before the "Y. M. C. A., L. & R. R." on Thursday evening next, at 7½ o'clock, to wit:

Subject for Debate—"Is the Drama beneficial to the world?"

Affirmative—M. Spencer, A. Hambleton.
Negative—L. Dodson, L. H. Campbell.
Essayist—W. H. D. Harper.
Declaimants—A. Hambleton and R. C. Tilghman.

By order of the Society
J: B: AUSTIN, Sec'y
nov 13–1t S M
DR: C: C: COX, Pres't

Real Estate Agency,

FOR the sale of FARMS in Maryland and Virginia, or Exchange for *Houses and Lots* in Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia.—Persons wishing to sell or exchange must be particular in giving the number of acres, how many cleared, the quality, the improvements, health, distance to post office, Rail Road, or navigation. Also the distance to Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia. Address

T. J. HELLEN & CO.,
nov 13–6m Baltimore.

NEW FEATURES—FIFTH YEAR
OF THE
Cosmopolitan Art Association.
SUPERB ENGRAVINGS.
BEAUTIFUL ART JOURNAL
Valuable Premius, &c., &c.

THIS popular Art Association, now in its fifth year of unparalleled success, having purchased, and engraved on steel, Herring's great painting, "The Village Blacksmith," will now issue copies (to subscribers only) on heavy plate paper, 30 x 38 inches on the following

Terms of Subscription:

Every person remitting three dollars, will receive a copy of the superb steel Engraving, after Herring's celebrated painting

The Village Blacksmith.

Also a copy of the beautiful

Cosmopolitan Art Journal,

An elegantly illustrated quarto Magazine. Also free season tickets of admission to the Eastern (of Dusseldorf,) and Western Galleries of the Association.

There will also be given to the subscribers several hundred valuable works of Art, comprising fine Oil Paintings, Bronzes, Sculptures, &c., &c., from celebrated American and foreign Artists.

Subscriptions will be received to Jan. 1, 1859. On the evening of that date the premiums will be awarded to subscribers.

For full particulars, see December Art Journal, price 50 cents. Specimen copies sent to those desiring to subscribe, on the receipt of 12 cents in postage stamps or coin. Address

C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. A.,
Eastern Office, 548 Broadway, New York.
nov 13 Or L. H. CAMPBELL, Hon. Sec'y.

PROCLAMATION.

State of Maryland, to wit:

IN compliance with the custom hereto prevailing in this State, and now sanctioned by the established usage, that some convenient day should be designated by the chief civil authority, to be observed as an *ESPECIAL DAY OF THANKSGIVING TO ALMIGHTY GOD* for the great benefits we have received at His hands, and in order to comply with the general expectations and desire of the inhabitants of this State, who wish to unite, on such day, with the people of other States in a service so just and becoming a Christian Nation:

I, *THOMAS HOLLIDAY HICKS*, Governor of the State of Maryland, do hereby designate and appoint

Thursday, the 25th day of November instant, to be observed in this State as a day of public Thanksgiving & Prayer. And I invite and request the good people of this State to keep and observe that day, by abstaining from all secular employments; by uniting in their respective places of worship, in public acts of devotion, in gratitude to the Creator for the benefits of the past, imploring His blessing and guidance in the future, and by joining there, or at their homes, in such services and exercises as are appropropriate, on the anniversary of a great national deliverance, to a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, in the Executive Chamber, at the city of Annapolis, this Tweuty-Ninth day of Octobet, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.

THOMAS H. HICKS.

By the Governor:
JAMES B. PARTRIDGE,
nov 13–2w Secretary of State.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on *Tuesday, the 30th day of November inst.*, in front of the Court House in Easton, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, the Commissioners for Talbot county, will offer at public sale to the lowest responsible bidder, the contract for making a new piece of public road and landing in Chapel District, recently laid down by Robert H. Jump, Joseph H. Brown and Richard Arringdale, Esqrs, Examiners appointed for that purpose, and surveyed by Mr. Benjamin B. Richardson, the said road commences at a point on the public road leading from the Chapel to Hillsborough, near the division line of Mrs. Rolph and the heirs of Wm. Bouldin, and running with the said line to Tuckahoe creek, being about a third of a mile long, and thirty feet wide. An eight feet bridge over the branch or wash on the said road, will be required to be made; the hill on the west side of the said bridge to be cut down three feet, to fill in the wash. There must also be a small bridge over the run in Mrs. Rolph's field; the said bridges to be made of good white Oak Lumber. The road to be ditched wherever necessary, and cleared of all obstructions to traveling and completed by the first day of March, 1859. Before the road will be received by the county it will have to be approved and passed by examiners, to be appointed by the County Commissioners, for that purpose.—The terms of payment to be agreed upon between the County Commissioners and the purchaser, who will be required to execute a good and sufficient bond for the faithful performance of the contract. By order of the Commissioners for Talbot county.

T. K. ROBSON,
nov 9–ts Clerk.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forwarn all persons from trespassing with dog or gun upon any of my premises. I also forbid all persons from hauling seines upon my *creek* shores, and from fishing, or taking terrapins or oysters from any of the coves included within the lines of the tract of land called "*Ashby Resurveyed.*" The law will be enforced against all offenders after this Notice.

nov 6–3t S W. GOLDSBOROUGH.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of C. S. Clark, late of Talbot county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment. Our approaching Circuit Court will be a good time for persons to settle their bills, and all failing to do so at that time will find their accounts in an officers' hands, as further indulgence cannot possibly be given. JOSEPH MOBRAY, Adm'r
nov 6–3t of C. S. Clark, dec'd