The Easton Gazette.

Next door to Campbell's Drug Store,
EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING . . SEPTEMBER 10, 1859.

FOR CONGRESS
Dr. C. C. COX,
OF TALBOT COUNTY.

FOR COMPTROLLER,
HON. WM. H. PURNELL,
OF WORCESTER COUNTY.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS,
BENJAMIN LANKFORD,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

THE "WINDING UP" OF BALTIMORE AFFAIRS.—We should judge from the tone of some of the newspapers that Baltimore city was dead, and that the heirs to its estate were fighting over the remains That there is a great deal of evil and corruption stalking abroad in Baltimore, and have been for years, there is no doubt, but it appears equally as certain that for the people to take the law into their own hands, in such matters, generally ends in nothing; or if acting either way, it is for the worse. It matters not what sort of motives prompt men to such undertakings, past experience has shown that it almost invariably ends in a political field—one or the other party manages to convert it into means to further their political ends. As an evidence that it is invariably attended more or less with a political complexion, these reform movements generally commence when politics are at a high pitch—just before or immediately after an election. A more effective and lasting means than vigilance committees must be resorted to before things will work harmoniously. Judges of the Criminal Courts and other high officials must become more pure and independent, and have less taste for rowdyism.

SALE OF VALUBLE STOCK.—By reference to our advertising columns this morning, it will be seen that several lots of very superior stock will be offered at public sale in a short time.

Dr. Pindell in Bay Hundred District, will sell on the 5th of October, a lot of stock that cannot be easily surpassed in the county. The most of it is thorough bred, imported by the Doctor for his own use.

On Thursday next, Mr. James Parrott, near Easton, will offer a lot of horses and cows, of fine blood. Mr. Parrott is well known throughout the county as being a good stock raiser. Any one in want of such as he has for sale, may rest assured that they will not be disappointed.

Mr. John Small, administrator of Capt. Middleton, deceased, will offer at the deceased's residence, in the Trappe district, on the 21st inst., a lot of fine stock, farming utensils, &c.

Mr. Charles R. Mullikin, administrator of John Newnam, deceased, will offer at deceased's residence, in Trappe District, on the 28th instant, a lot of fine stock, farming implements, house furniture, &c.

Mr. Samuel B. Hopkins, Jr., of Easton, offers at private sale, his entire stock of horses and carriages, thereby affording a good opportunity to any one that may have a desire to go into the livery and hacking business. He has a number of carriages, buggies, and one very large hack, nearly new.

TO OUR ST. MICHAELS AND BAY HUNDRED DISTRICT SUBSCRIBERS.—The non-arrival of the Gazette at the post offices in the above districts, at the usual time, on Saturday, was owing to the fact that the mail left a little earlier than usual, and we did not get them in the office in time. We had made arrangements to take them down in the evening, however; but meeting with a gentleman from below St. Michaels he kindly consented to take the packages down for us, but on Tuesday and Wednesday we learned that neither the St. Michaels or Oak subscribers had received their papers. We are in hopes that the friend who took them down for us has before this, put each pack in its respective office, so they could be distributed. This annoyance to our subscribers we will try and remedy hereafter—such misfortunes will occur sometimes, let one be ever so particular.

THE JUDGESHIP.—A majority of the members of the bar of Kent county have addressed a letter to Judge Carmichael, upon the Judgeship, and ask permission to present him as a candidate for this Circuit. The letter says "this request is free from all spirit of partisanship." To this Judge Carmichael says: "I accept it with thanks. It is due to myself, it is due to the example presented in the Governor's appointment, to the wishes of yourselves and of other friends that I should accept it."

A FAT HORSE CONTRACT.—A Leavenworth correspondent of the New York Times says:

The last subject of discussion here is a contract given to a Virginian named Gilispie for 400 cavalry horses, at $175 apiece—The lucky recipient of this *job* sold out to a St. Louis dealer at a profit of $14,000—that is the actual horse-dealer filled the contract at $140 a horse. But this was not the whole loss to the Government—the horses were not wanted: certainly not at this season. Two hundred and five of the animals, however, were sent to Fort Smith, and the balance, 195 to this post, and an officer was sent on to inspect and receive them, and turn them over to the Quartermaster.

We are informed by telegraph says the Clipper, that after its several disorderly efforts to effect a nomination, the Democratic Convention for the Fifth Congressional District, met at Cumberland Wednesday and nominated Hon. J. M. Kunkle, as its candidate for re-election to Congress. Mr. Kunkle has been previously nominated, but declined on account of unfairness in the proceedings. With Kunkle as the democratic candidate and Hoffman as our standard bearer, there will be no doubt of a glorious American victory in the district.

MARYLAND INSTITUTE EXHIBITION.—The twelfth annual exhibition of works of art and industry, will be opened in the Maryland Institute Baltimore city, on Tuesday, the 4th day of October, and continue for four weeks. We learn that the prospect is a most gratifying one for an exhibition not inferior, if not superior, to any that have preceded it. A large number of applications for space have been made, and there are promises of new and superior machinery, which is always an attractive part of the display.

COMPLETION OF THE BREAKWATER RAILROAD.—We learn from the Milford *News* of the 2d inst., that the Junction and Breakwater Railroad was completed and in running order as far as Milford, on the 25th of August. Hundreds of citizens are said to have been at the depot to witness the arrival of the first locomotive, and the shrill whistle of which, put the town in a perfect commotion. After the crowd had fully assembled the completion ceremonies commenced. The contractors called together their operators and the last rail of the main track was laid with the joint ready for spiking. Chief Engineer Tench F. Tilghman, of this county, whom we are proud to say is represented as having acted his part well throughout the construction of the road, then addressed the Governors. Although Mr. Tilghman is quite a young man he appears to possess no ordinary ability as an engineer, and is ever faithful to his trust. The following are his brief but pointed remarks, upon the occasion:

"Mr. President and his Excellency the Chief Magistrate of the State, and your most worthy Ex-Governor, I have the honor to present you with the spikes which are to fasten the last rail upon the first division of the Junction and Breakwater Railroad.—In doing so permit me to express the hope that as we are brought together at this time to see the last spike driven upon the first division, so may we be assembled ere long to see the last spike driven upon the last division. The completion of the road to Milford, after so many trials and difficulties have been encountered and overcome, is truly an epoch in the history of your town; may the act which you are about to perform be a lasting monument to your memories in the hearts of your fellow-townsmen, as I assure you it will be in mine, and may the work which has been begun at the Junction and thus far so nobly sustained, cease not until it reaches its final terminus, the Breakwater. Permit me Mr. President upon this occasion publicly to bear testimony as the Executive officer of the Company, to the faithfulness with which the work was executed by the contractors Messrs, Henry & White, and I call upon you all citizens of Milford to unite in doing honor to those, (the President and Directors,) who have so well managed the affairs of the Company and to whose untiring energy and in a great measure to whose private enterprise you owe the success of this undertaking; which is destined to redound to the prosperity of your county and your State. To you Messrs. contractors I now present these spikes. Your labors are nearly brought to a close, and you will be honored at this time by the assistance of the President of the Company, and the Governor and Ex-Gov. of the State, such an honor is not often conferred, and the like you may never see again."

To these remarks President Causey responded in a short address; from which we make the following extract:

"I most heartily endorse the compliment so deservedly tendered by our Chief Engineer, to the contractors Messrs. Henry & White, for the faithfulness and energy displayed by them in the prosecution of the work; and in this connection I cannot refrain from expressing in this public manner my appreciation of the attention, earnestness and efficiency of the young gentleman, (Mr. Tilghman,) to whom has been confined the responsible duties of Chief Engineer. In conclusion, gentlemen, permit me to wish you one and all prosperity and success, hoping that at no distant day we may assemble again in the still more pleasant duty of driving the last spike in the last division of the Junction and Breakwater Railroad."

The opening exercises took place on Wednesday last, but we have heard nothing of the proceedings. We are in hopes that the time is not far distant when we shall have the pleasure of recording alike intelligence of the Maryland and Delaware Railroad.

A DEMOCRATIC INQUISITION.—It is a breach of the peace to hurrah for an American candidate within the limits of the city of Frederick. So Mayor Cole lays down the law, and in fact, tries alleged offenders in secret conclave. The Examiner says:

On last Saturday night, a young man from the country, named Grove, on the eve of his departure for home, gave utterance to his exuberant feelings by hurraing for Michael H. Haller, the American nominee for Sheriff. A posse of the city police, aggrieved at the damaging hurrah, laid violent hands upon the offender, who resisted the rude assault, but was overpowered, and with a rope tied around his wrist, was dragged through the streets, a square and a half to the Mayor's office, tearing off his clothing and bruising him severely. As soon as the accused was brought before the august presence of the Mayor the front door was locked, and His Honor proceeded to hear the evidence against him, which consisted of the depositions of two police officers, who swore that Grove had disturbed the "peace and quiet" of the city by hurraing for Haller! This grave offence was punished by a fine of one dollar and fifty-eight cents cost, which was accordingly paid—one half of the fine and all the cost to the informer.

A NICE PLACE TO LIVE IN.—The New York Tribune says of that city:—"In New York, as an offset for fine streets and shops we have the heroic satisfaction of knowing that every tenth person in the community is arrested for murder, rape, arson, theft, violence, drunkenness, or breach of law or decency of some sort. The Tribune also says that if the number of criminals continues to increase in the same proportion as heretofore, it ultimately will embrace the whole population!

The newspaper report that a lady of Warren, Ohio, had presented her husband with eight children all at once, is indignantly contradicted, the letter-writer insisting that the parties, husband and wife, "are both respectable persons of respectable families."

The returns from Texas are all in with the exception of a few counties in the outskirts of the State. Houston's majority so far, 10,169.

For the Easton Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—The influence is trite and true that when a man renounces his former opinions, whether they be religious or political, he has thoughtfully and thoroughly weighed them and satisfied his mind, that they were founded in error, based on unsound philosophy, and deceptive reasoning—a recantation, under such circumstances is honorable and just. But in order to obtain an appreciative judgement before his fellows, his motives for so changing, must be without suspicion; there must not be the slightest stain upon the hem of his garment. To illustrate:—If the principles of the Whig party, were true and founded on patronism and a just political economy, are those principles less patriotic, less fit to be engrafted in the administration of the government, than when they were proclaimed by Webster and Clay, and re-echoed over the length and breadth of the whole nation? Because the Whig party has been (temporarily I hope) dissolved as a political organization, were its doctrines unsound? Is democracy purer now than formerly, because in power? Have all the cherished principles of a quarter of a century become obsolete and unmeaning? To be sacrificed on the alter of Locofocoism, to an enemy the most unscrupulous and flagitious that ever cursed our people. That same principle of plunder, that was put forth by the late W. L. Marcey, "to the victors belong the spoils," is still the principles of the party; and he who enlists under its banner (coming from the old Whig party) subjects himself to an odious criticism and renders himself obnoxious to impeachment.

We close this communication, Mr. Editor, with the following admonition:—At such a time neither principle nor policy should permit an old Whig soldier to abandon his guns to seek new affiliations, much less to go over to the common enemy. Consistency and devotion to principle are in the long run, as wise in policy as they are honorable in practice.

September 1, 1859. AN OLD WHIG.

THE MAMMOTH STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.—*Where Will She Arrrve!*—At what port of the United States will the great mammoth steamship Great Eastern arrive, is a question exciting no little interest. It seems, however, to be conceded that it will be either Portland or New York. Our latest English files by the Africa contains the following item in reference to the subject.

The directors of the Great Ship Company had *declined* Mr. Lever's offer to charter the Great Eastern for one voyage to America. It is announced that she will make a trial trip on the 18th to a distance probably of 500 or 600 miles. Many applications for berths for the trip to the United States had already been received. Portland is still declared to be her destination.

A letter, however, received in this city yesterday, from New York, by the agent of the Galway steamship line, says she will take her place in the Galway line, and leave Galway, on the 12th inst., for New York and expects to make the trip in six days. The New York Herald also makes a similar announcement, adding that she will touch at New York about the 24th inst.—It further says:

"It is probable that the Great Eastern will be dispatched with a light cargo, and only coal enough for the return voyage, so as to enable her to enter our harbor by the Narrows, which she can easily do, and by lying off until high water, she can come up to her anchorage off the battery. As to the number of passengers she may bring it is impossible now to speak, though it is not unlikely that our London correspondent's estimates of two or three thousand may be about the mark."

The Vicksburg Whig is responsible for the following story:

"When we hear such threats of disunion made by these redoubtable politicians, who appear to breakfast, dine and sup on gunpowder, round shot and chain-lightning, it reminds us of a conversation between Governor Wise and one of our citizens a few weeks ago in the Capitol at Richmond.—The Mississippian (the man, not the newspaper) was anxious to know of the Governor if he did not think the Union should and could be dissolved, in the event of the election of a Black Republican. The Governor was careful not to express an opinion but with a twinkle of the eye, and emphasis peculiar to himself, remarked that "he had had some little experience in such matter on a former occasion. At one time in 1856, it was confidently believed in Virginia, that Fremont would be elected President and crowds of fire-eaters, who swore that death was preferable to submission, and that *something must be done*, flocked round him to find out his opinion, as to what should be done in such a terrible crisis. 'Resist by all means Gentlemen,' said the Governor, 'never think of tame submission to such an outrage.' 'But how?' said one 'by calling a State Convention?' By convening the Legislature?' said another. By a Convention of the Southern States?' said a third, 'O, no!' said the Governor, 'by none of these means—they are too slow; too fluctuating and uncertain.' 'How then?' cried the excited and resolute assemblage 'What shall be done?' 'Why!' said the Governor, 'tear up the railroad, and take possession of the National Armory—appropriate all the public property—take possession of the government stores at Norfolk, while I will march fifty thousand men to the Capitol, under *your lead*, and resist the inauguration by force, and take possession of all the public property. It is true that in a few days there will be force enough in Washington to hang every one of us, but d—n a man who has not patriotism enough to die for his country. 'Come, gentlemen, what say you?' said the Governor, (and as he shifted his quid to the other cheek, a scornful smile swept over his pale face.) They turned as white as a sheet, and like the crowd that accused the woman taken in adultery, they commenced going out, until not one was left. 'And I will be d—d!' said the Governor, 'if this is not the last I have ever heard said about disunion in Virginia.'

A HEAVY responsibility rests upon Blondin. All the little boys in Buffalo are learning to walk a rope. The pillage of clothslines is universal. Those who can't get a rope do their little Blondin on board fence. Besides his melancholy result, the editors of Buffalo and Rochester are threatened with a "coolness" on account of their rival ropists, Blondin and De Lave.

Troubles Between English and American Officials.

The Invasion of San Juan by the American Soldiers under Gen. Harney—Gov. Douglas Protests Against the "Invasion"—British Steamers in the Port of San Juan—Captain Picket Declines to Evacuate the Premises—United States Laws Enforced—Excitement at Victoria, &c.

By the overland mail at St. Louis we have full accounts of the difficulty between the American and British authorities, growing out of the seizure of the Island of San Juan by Gen. Harney, commander of the United States troops in Oregon and Washington Territory. The affair seems to have created considerable excitement. There appears, however, to be no immediate danger of a collision, although some ill feeling was occasioned by silly rumors, to the effect that Governor Douglas had ordered the arrest of the United States soldiers, and that in such an event the Americans in Victoria would burn the town. The British war steamer Pylades had been dispatched to Panama to forward dispatches to the home government. The United States revenue cutter Shubrick sailed for San Francisco for a similar object. The dispatches to our government reached Washington a few days ago, and the instructions to Gen. Harney left New York on Monday, in the steamer Northern Light. According to rumor, the course of Gen. Harney is approved by our government, which is satisfied that the island belongs to the United States. A correspondent of the Victoria Cazette gives an account of the origin of the movement, furnished by Paul K. Hubbs, Jr., U. S. deputy collector on the island, from which we gather the following:

Mr. Hubbs has resided on the island in that official capacity the last three years, during which time he has made regular returns of all the imports and exports to and from the island to his government. During his residence on the island there have been quite a number of murders committed there and in the immediate vicinity, and the American residents on the island deemed it proper for their safety to ask the protection of their government. Pending their action the island was visited by Gen. Harney, the American commander-in-chief of the Pacific division, who, in furtherance of orders of his government, examined the island preparatory to making a permanent location of a portion of his command at that point. Shortly after his departure, in order to hasten if possible the protection they desired, the American residents met on the 11th of July last and prepared a petition to General Harney, which was soon after sent to him.

The petition recites the outrages referred to, which are already famliar to our readers, and continues:

"Only ten days ago another body was found on our shores, which had been the victim of foul play. Inclusive with the above dangers that we are exposed to from neighboring Indians, we are continually in fear of a descent upon us by the bands of marauding Northern Indians who infest these waters in large numbers, and are greatly retarding the progress of the settlement of this island.

"According to the treaty concluded June 15th, 1856, between the United States and Great Britain, (the provisions of which are plain obvious and pointed to us all here,) this and all the islands east of the Canal de Haro, belong to us. We, therefore, claim American protection in our present exposed and defenseless position. With a view of these facts, and for the essential advantage of having this and the surrounding islands immediately settled, we most earnestly pray that you will have stationed on the island a sufficient military force to protect ourselves.

"Signed by all the American residents on the island, thirty in number."

Before, however, the petition could reach Gen'l Harney, he had, in accordance with orders from his government, dispatched a force for the purpose, and also to make a regular station for a portion of the troops of his command. The American troops on the island consist of sixty men, under Captain Pickett. No permanent fortifications have yet been erected. Since the occupation Captain Pickett has issued and caused to be posted the following order:

"Military Post, San Juan Island, W. T.,
"July 27, 1859.

"1. In compliance with orders and instructions from the General Commanding, a military post will be established on this Island, on whatever site the commanding officer may select.

"II All the inhabitants of the island are requested to report at once to the commanding officer in case of any incursion by the Northern Indians, so that he may take such steps as he may deem necessary to prevent any future occurrence of the same.

"III. This being United States territory, no laws, other than those of the United States, nor courts, except such as are held by virtue of said laws, will be recognized or allowed on this island. By order

CAPT. PICKET.

"JAMES W. FORSYTH,
"Second Lieut. 9th Inf., Post Adj't."

A Villainous Rowdy—An Alderman Assaulted.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept, 7.—Yesterday morning a man named Dennis Murphy, had a hearing before Alderman Beitler on the charge of committing a scandalous outrage at Chestnut Hill. It appears on the American Mechanics passing Murphey dragged the apparatus of the Congress Hose Company out of its house into the ranks, knocking down a bearer of one of the banners, and causing great excitement. He also brandished a fire-horn he had on his person, and injured several of the bystanders in a most painful manner. He was held to bail in the sum of $2,000 to answer.

Alderman Watson, of Haddington, 24th ward, while assisting officer Fry on yesterday to arrest a prisoner, was kicked by the man in the face, breaking his nose and otherwise seriously injuring him.

Col Jacob Wilson, of Dorchester, has announced himself as a candidate for the State Senate against Charles F. Geldsborough, Esq., the regular candidate of the party. The Democrats of course will run no other candidate.

Nomination of a Candidate for Governor in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 1, 1859.—The nomination of Hon. Peter J. Clark, of Hunterdon for Governor, a gentleman of high character, by the American Convention at Camden to-day, created considerable of a sensation in political circles here.

Massachusetts Politics.

BOSTON, September 1.—The National American State Council have determined to issue a call for a State Convention, to assemble in Boston early in October, for nominating a governor and other State officers, with no coalition with any other party.

THE AURORA AND THE FROST.—Our exchanges from the East and from the West, from points as far north as Toronto, as for west as Cincinnati and Louisville, contain more or less glowing descriptions of the aurora borealis, or magnetic storm, of Sunday night. The variety of colors, rapidity of movement, and duration of the display appear to have been even greater to the west of us than here. The New York Tribune says:

At all points the change in the temperature appear to have been noticed. In Toronto it was so cold on Sunday and Monday as to necessitate winter clothing, and forcibly to suggest frost. At Littleton, N. H., there was a heavy frost; the earth froze and ice formed. There was a slight frost in the neighborhood of Manchester, N. H.. Frost was noticed in Berkshire, Mass., and in some parts of Northern New York and of Connecticut—little damage seems, however to have been done.

ORANGEMEN AND CORKONIANS IN BATTLE.—A terrible and bloody riot, growing out of religious difference, occurred at the junction of Eighth and Greenwich avenues, New York, on Tuesday, between a large number of Irish laborers and others living in the tenement houses of that locality.—During the riot, knives and other deadly weapons were used with deadly effect.—The Post says:

The ground presented a shocking spectacle; blood covered the stones, and one or two knives were picked up on the pavement. A man named George Beatty was found mortally wounded; another by the name of Clark, was likewise badly stabbed, also a third by the name of Kenneky.

A LITTLE MISTAKE.—The Milwaukie *News* tells of an Irishman who, while at work in a stone quarry near that city saw an animal, which he recognizing as one of his neighbor's kittens, glide under a large flat stone upon which he was at work. He called to a comrade to hold the stone while he got the poor thing out without hurting it. Getting down upon his knees he reached gently under the stone, and drew the cat gently forth, then dropping her instantly, he clapped both hands to his nose and exclaimed: *"Howly mither! what has she been eating!"* It was a skunk.

A SEVERE SENTENCE.—Benjamin Buffington, a resident of Fisherville, Pa., who was convicted at the last court on the charge of selling liquor to minors and to persons of known intemperate habits, was sentenced on Tuesday, by Judge Pearson, on each court, to pay a fine of fifty dollars and the costs of prosecution, to undergo an imprisonment of fifteen days on each count, and forfeit his license. Buffington is quite an old man, and after receiving the sentence he cried like a child.

CAUTION.—In our changeable climate, coughs, colds, and lung diseases, will always prevail. Consumption will claim its victims. These diseases, if taken in time can be arrested and cured. The remedy is Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

☞ There's a vile counterfeit of this Balsam, therefore be sure and buy only that prepared by S. W. Fowle & Co., Boston, which has the WHITTEN signature of I. BUTTS on the outside wrapper.

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7, 1859.

WHEAT.—About 15,000 was offered. Sales as follows:

White—Ordinary,	1a$1 16
Fair,	1 20a$1 25
Good to prime,	1 30a1 40
Choice,	1 43a$1 47
Red—Fair to prime,	105a$1 15
CORN—White and yellow,	78a90 cts
OATS—	30a36 cents

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7, 1859

WHEAT—white,	$1 30

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.

WHET—White,	1 35$1 40
Red,	$1 18
Corn—mixed	81 cents

Deaths.

NEAL.—Suddenly, in Sussex county, Del., on the 22d of August, Nellie, aged about 7 years, daughter of Dr. A. W. and Louisa C. W. Neal, of this county.

LUCERNE SEED of prime quality, for fall sowing, just received and for sale by
sep 10 DAWSON & BRO.

Agricultural Notice.

THE Board of Trustees of the Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at "Plain Dealing," the residence of E. L. F. Hardcastle, on Thursday next, the 15th inst. By order,
EDMUND L. F. HARDCASTLE,
sep 10-1t Secretary.

LOST,

ON Thursday morning, the 1st Sept instant, on the road between Easton and Thomas J. Clark's gate, a *BLACK OVERCOAT*, nearly new.

Any person having said *Coat* in possession will confer a favor by leaving it at the store of Messrs. Thompson & Kersey, in Easton [sep 10 tf

DR. A. W. NEAL,

HAVING removed to his former residence, near Pott's Mills, will continue the practice of Medicine. The property recently occupied by him at Wye Mills is for sale. This property is new and in excellent condition. The situation is in every way a very desirable one for a Physician.

For terms, (which will be made easy) address the undersigned, or apply to L. W. Neal, at Wye Mills.
sep 10 3t S M A. W. NEAL.

THE LONDON STEREOSCOPIC CO.

HAVE established a Depot in New York, for the supply of STEREOSCOPES and STEREOSCOPIC PICTURES, to the trade of the United States, they offer a stock of the greatest extent and variety, on the most liberal terms, for Cash. Importers will find that they can buy at the New York Depot, at the same prices charged at head quarters in London. Orders executed, or parcels of samples, either of Stereoscopes or Pictures, forwarded according to amount of remittances, by
THEO. LESSEY,
Manager of the L. S. Co's Depot,
sep 10-3t* 534 Broadway, New York.

TULIP ROOTS.—We have just received a lot of Tulip Roots of *fine varieties* which we will sell very cheap if early application be made.
sep 10 DAWSON & BRO.

HOPKINS' CHAYLBETE WATER, Saratoga or Congress Water, Hibbert's London Brown Stout. Call at the Drug store of
sep 10 L. H. CAMPBELL.

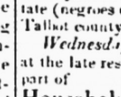
NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned from trespassing with either dog or gun, on the "Hope" and "Solomons" farms, as the law will be strictly enforced against every one without respect of persons.

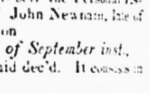
All persons are also forwarned from taking Oysters and Terrapins from the land owned by water, known as the "Boat Cove" and "Parkes's Creek," or "Solomons Cove," or bedding Oysters thereon; or trespassing upon them in any manner whatsoever, said waters lying within the "metes and bounds" of the above mentioned farms.
sep 10-3t ROBT LL. TILGHMAN.

A GOOD OPENING FOR BUSINESS.

THE subscriber, wishing to leave Easton during the coming fall or winter—would offer at private sale his entire stock of



Horses and Wagons—consisting of five Horses and six wagons, Buggys and Rockaways,

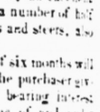


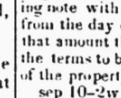
together with a large and commodious Hack. The Horses are good and serviceable, used to the road and all kinds of work, and two of them are *very fast roadsters*. The carriages are in a good state of repair. To a person wishing to engage in the livery business this presents a capital opening.

A credit of six and twelve months will be given, the purchaser giving note with approved security. The stabling now in the occupancy of the subscriber would be rented and possession given immediately if desired.
sep 10-3t S M S. B HOPKINS, Jr.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be offered at public sale, at Mulberry Hill, the residence of the subscriber, on *Thursday, the 15th day of September*, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., a number of horses, cattle and South Down Sheep, Farming Implements, and three carriages.





Among the cattle are a thoroughbred Devon Bull and Cow, an excellent yoke of Oxen, and a number of half blood Devon heifers and steers, also three speyed heifers.

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over $10, the purchaser giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale, on all sums of and under that amount the cash will be required, in all cases the terms to be complied with before the removal of the property. JAMES PARROT.
sep 10-2w A. J LOVEDAY, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, the subscriber will sell the Personal Estate (negroes excepted) of John Newnam, late of Talbot county, deceased, on *Wednesday, the 28th of September inst.*, at the late residence of said dec'd. It consists in part of

Household and Kitchen Furniture,



Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.

TERMS.—Six moths credit on all sums over $10—purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; sums less than $10 to be paid in cash. Sale will commence at 9½ o'clock A. M.
CHAS. R. MULLIKIN, Adm'r
sep 10 ts M of John Newnam, dec'd

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Talbot County, the subscriber, as Administrator, will offer at public sale, at the late residence of Capt. John P. Middleton, in Trappe District, on

Wednesday, the 21st of September inst., if fair, if not, the next fair day, the following property to wit:







One Horse, Six head of Cattle, Eight Hogs,
One Horse Cart and Gear, and a Lot of
FARMING UTENSILS,
Household and Kitchen Furniture.
Also the Corn & Potato Crop now standing,
and many other things not necessary to mention.

TERMS OF SALE.—On all sums of and under $5 the cash will be required—on all sums over that amount a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, to be approved by the Administrator. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.
JOHN SMALL, Adm'r
sep 10-ts S 4of Capt. J. P. Middleton, dec'd

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber intending to discontinue farming (having rented his farm out) will sell at public sale, at his residence, in Bay Hundred district, on

Wednesday, the 5th of October,
if fair, if not, the next fair day, without reserve, his entire Stock, consisting of







Horses, Colts, Mules, Cattle,
SHEEP, HOGS &c.,
and his entire lot of
Agricultural & Farming Implements
The Horses consist of a
Full bred Morgan Mare,
(bought in the State of Vermont by the subscriber)
and her two Colts,
one by Senator and the other by Othello Morgan;
One fine Brood Mare, with her two Colts, by Othello;
One four year old Litigation and one Hunter.
Also four fine, well-broke and young
Mules.
Also a fine lot of Sheep:
Cotswold and Southdown, bought in the State of New York, as stock sheep.
Seven fine Milch Cows,
One very superior Yoke of large sized and
Well Broke Oxen,
and a lot of Young Cattle, a large number of Pen Hogs and three Brood Sows.
Three Horse Carts, Ox Carts, Threshing Machine, Wheat Fan, Ploughs, Harrows, Grain Cradles, two Wheat Cutters, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—On all sums of and under $10 the cash will be required; on sums from $10 to $50 a credit of six months will be given, $50 to $100 nine months, and above $100 twelve months credit—the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. The terms of sale to be complied with before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. W. NICK PINDELL.
A. J. LOVEDAY, Auctioneer [sep 10-M 3t

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2940_scm11033-0639