State of Massachusetts by a combination of Democrats and Freesoilers against the National Whigs? Why did the sentinels of Democracy neglect to cry aloud and spare not when a similar "fusion" was effected in Vermont, in Connecticut, and elsewhere at the North? As late as the year 1854 it is known that federal office-holders in the State of Massachusetts were among the most prominent supporters of the "coalition" which had defeated the Whigs, and some among us perhaps have not quite forgotten the circumstances under which a distinguished functionary in the city of New York lost his head stubbornly refusing to recognize "the Freesoil wing" of the Democracy in his appointments to office.—While the memory of these transactions survives we incline to believe that Whigs will not be greatly moved by the fervent "appeals" of our Democratic friends, who suddenly manifest so much more zeal for the political virtue of their ancient adversaries than they formerly showed for their own.

The Easton Gazette.

Next door to Campbell's Drug Store,
EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING .... OCTOBER 15, 1859.

FOR CONGRESS
Dr. C. C. COX,
OF TALBOT COUNTY.

FOR COMPTROLLER,
HON. WM. H. PURNELL,
OF WORCESTER COUNTY.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS,
BENJAMIN LANKFORD,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

BALTIMORE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—An election for the first branch of the city council came off in Baltimore on Wednesday last. Although the nature of the election did not command that interest from the people that one of more importance would, the American party of Baltimore still retains a firm hold. It elected twelve members of the city council, one ward to hear from and one other ward elected a man who was nominated by the Americans but voted for by both parties.

The Sun has honesty enough to say that it was the most quiet election that has been held there for years—but pictures the day as one too horrible to think of. It gives accounts of a few licks being struck, some being pricked by awls and others being annoyed by having cow-itch sprinkled among them, but no one was murdered, or dangerously injured. The first election in Baltimore, after the organization of the American party was worse than any one since.

At that time faithful and persevering officers were shot down in the streets like dogs, by the Dutch and Irish, and were commended for the act by their party leaders rather than condemned. They paraded the streets in defiance of law—swearing vengeance against all who interfered. But they were taught a lesson. They reaped their reward in their own coin. For every assault and battery and every bar-room scratch the American party has been charged. The elections which are held in Baltimore now are conducted more peacably than they were years ago, and would be still more so were the American party sustained by its opponents in its endeavors to maintain the peace.

The vote in Baltimore on Wednesday was but small. At the Mayor's election in '58 there were upwards of 28,000 votes polled. On Wednesday there were but about 17,000.

CHANGE OF MAIL ROUTE AGAIN.—The Baltimore mail will arrive on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, instead of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, as heretofore. How long this arrangement will last it is hard to tell—as much as a month suppose. It will operate very materially against our Trappe, Oxford and Cambridge packages, as they cannot reach their destination, by mail, until Monday when as heretofore they went the same day of publication. Our subscribers in those sections may rest assured however, that no pains will be spared in trying to get them there on Saturdays, as has been customary, by private conveyance.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT AT A SAW MILL—*A bad place for drunken men.*—On Tuesday last a couple of men, one by the name of Dobson and the other named Wheatley, (both very much in liquor,) went to the steam Saw mill of Mr. Chas. R. Mullikin, in the Trappe District, and notwithstanding the man attending the mill used every precaution to prevent accident, it appears that Wheatley paid but little attention to his admonitions, went too close to the saw and in his staggering fell partly upon it—sawing off his hand and splitting the arm bone nearly up to the elbow.

This should teach men a lesson when under the influence of liquorthat a saw mill is not the place to cut up their antics.

THERE is no Democratic party now existing in Baltimore city. It has been swallowed up in the name of "Reform." It has been doubtful for several years that there was enough Democrats there to form a corporal's guard, but now it is no longer a matter of surmise—it is a living fact. The Democratic party in Baltimore has got tired of its old name, and has clothed itself with the name of "Reform," but that garment appeared to wear precious little better in the last contest than its *old coat*.

No returns were received from the Twentieth ward in Baltimore, up to the time of the papers going to press. Various reasons were assigned. One report was that, upon counting the vote, when it was ascertained that there was a majority for Placide, the American candidate, the lights were blown out by a party said to be Dutch butchers, opposed to the American party, and the ballots were torn up. We await a reliable statement of the facts.

For the Easton Gazette.

THE EAGLE AND THE JACKDAW.

MR. EDITOR—SIR: The Hon. James A. Stewart frequently compares himself to Daniel Webster. He has again, and again, and again, reiterated that now is the time to send great men to Congress—an important political crisis, &c., whereupon *he* ought to be returned. Now's the time that your Clays and your Calhouns and your Stewarts are needed. Clay and Calhoun and Webster were giants, not mere county politicians, as the Judge's own organ admits him to be. *They* were never reduced to the necessity of eulogising *themselves—their* meed of approbation was won in the discharge of their duties—*they* didn't go home to sing pæans in their own praise when no one else would sing them. Let him take care in comparing himself to the Eagle that he does not meet the fate of the Jackdaw; he may get entangled in the meshes of some matter too deep for him, and though he may call himself an Eagle nobody will believe but that he is nothing more than a Jackdaw. The fable which this vain-glorious, self-laudatory gentleman is illustrating runs thus: An Eagle made a swoop from a high rock and carried off a lamb.—A Jackdaw who saw the exploit thinking he could do the like, bore down with all the force he could muster upon a ram, intending to bear him off as a prize, but his claws becoming entangled in the wool he made such a fluttering in his efforts to escape that the shepherd, seeing through the whole matter, came up and caught him, and having clipped his wings, carried him home to his children at nightfall. "What bird is this, father, you have brought us?" exclaimed the children. "Why," said he, "if you ask himself, he will tell you that he is an Eagle; but if you will take my word for it I know him to be a Jackdaw."

The Hon. James A. Stewart has at least reached the meridian of life—his summer is almost passed, the harvest ended—a very little knowledge of human nature, and even less experience than his, might have taught him that an intelligent constituency could only feel contempt for a character that is "wise in his own conceit." And before elevating himself to so lofty a pedestal of honor with a manner so dictatorial and so self complacent it would have been well to have heeded the admodition of one who was wiser than even the Hon. James A. Stewart. Pride goeth before *destruction* and a haughty spirit before a *fall*. Other advice seems to have been more to the taste of the Hon. ex-member; any how he has been practicing on it with the most commendable diligence. "Blessed is the man that bloweth his own horn, for if he blow not his own horn it shall not be blowed."

ANTI-BLOWER.

DUELING.—Our Exchanges bring us intelligence of two or three "affairs of honor" which have been settled by that inhuman uncivilized-like mode of settleing affairs—dueling. The disagreement in all the cases except one, we believe, were amiacbly settled, however without any injury being done, and that one was the California deul, between Judge Terry and Senator Broderick. The weapons used were six shooters and Broderick was killed at the first fire.—We here annex an extract, which shows their foolhardiness, (some might say courage) and their determination to have their hands stained and their hearts seared by the taking of the life of a fellow creature:

Terry maintained the position of a practiced duelist, presenting only the edge of his person, and keeping his left hand and shoulder well behind. Broderick, though at first assuming a position somewhat similar, seemed to prefer a careless and less constrained one, and grdaually presented more of his body to the fire of his antagonist, and held his pistol rather awkwardly. The bearing of Terry, though he assumed a time practiced and motionless attitude, was not one jot more that of a man of iron nerve than was Broderick. At a quarter before one o'clock Mr. Coulter pronounced the words, "Are you ready? "One—two—fire." followed in moderate quick time.

Broderick raised his pistol, but had scarcely brought it to an angle of 45 degrees from its downward positson, when, owing to the delicacy of the hair trigger. it was discharged, the ball entering the ground four paces in advance. Terry fired a few seconds later, taking deliberate aim. There was a perceptible interval between the two reports. Broderick was observed to clap his left hand to his right breast, reeled slowly to the left, and before his second could reach him, fell to the ground.

Terry folded his arms but did not move. Broderick's second ran to his aid and Dr. Lochr commenced to staunch the wound.—The bullet entered just forward of the nipple and lodged, as was supposed, under the left arm. He was soon after borne into town in his crriage. Previously, Terry and his friends left the field, driving rapidly into town and then hastened to Sacramento.

Thus was a soul hurried into eternity in the twinkling of an eye. What can now be the feeling of that heart which gave the arm sufficient nerve to aim with such accuracy the deadly weapon? (We learn by the extract that Terry had sufficient time after the firing of Broderick's pistol to take "deliberate aim.") Unless it repents of the deed its peace is at an end Some may say this mode of settling difficulties is the proper way—when there is a difference in muscular power; this is a mistake. There is no more equality when standing face to face with pistol in hand, upon the dueling ground. than there is in a fist fight. When about to fight a duel, though each party may have the same kind of weapon, and that will shoot with the same accuracy, it is impossible for two men to have the same kind of hearts to give them the same nerve to operate alike. In almost every case of dueling this fact is developed.

Fate of Sir John Franklin.

INTERESTING NARRATIVE,

Relics of the Lost Voyagers—Singular People—Snow Villages—Skeletons of Franklin's Men, &c.

Precise intelligence as to the fate of Sir John Franklin and his lost navigators has at last reached us. The uncertainty, which has so long hung over that adventurous voyage, is removed. The last search by Capt. McClintock, in the screw steamer Fox, sent out by that true woman and devoted wife, Lady Franklin, has been successful. The Fox has returned with a record stating that Franklin died June 11, 1847, and, together with this record, brings numerous other evidences of this melancholy fact. Capt. McClintock, in his narrative, gives a minute account of his searches, from which we clip the following extracts:

THE FIRST NEWS.

On the 2d of April our long projected spring journeys were commenced; Lieut. Hobson accompanied me as far as Cape Victoria, each of us had a sledge drawn by four men, and an auxiliary sledge drawn by six dogs. This was all the force we could muster. Before separating we saw two Esquimaux families living out upon the ice in snow huts; from them we learned that a second ship had been seen off King William's Island, and that she drifted ashore on the fall of the same year. From this ship they had obtained a great deal of wood and iron. I now gave Lieut. Hobson directions to search for the wreck, and to follow up any traces he might find upon King William's Island.

STRANGE PEOPLE.

Accompanied by my own party and Mr. Peterson, I marched along the east shore of King William's Island, occasionally passing snow huts, but without meeting natives till the 8th of May, when, off Cape Norton, we arrived at a snow village containing about thirty inhabitants. They gathered about us without the slightest appearance of fear or shyness, although none had ever seen living white people before. They were most willing to communicate all their knowledge and barter all their goods, but would have stolen everything had they not been very closely watched. Many more relics of our countrymen were obtained; we could not carry away all we might have purchased. They pointed to the inlet we had crossed the day before, and told us that one day's march up to it, and thence four days overland, brought them to the wreck. None of these people had been there since 1857-58, at which time they said but little remained, their countrymen having carried away almost everything.

AN INTELLIGENT OLD WOMAN.

Most of our information was received from an intelligent old woman; she said it was on the fall of the year that the ship was forced ashore; many of the white men dropped by the way as they went to the Great River, but this was only known to them in the winter following, when their bodies were discovered.

A SKELETON FOUND.

Recrossing the Strait to King William's Island, we continued the examination of its southern shore without success until the 24th of May, when about ten miles eastward of Cape Hershell a bleached skeleton was found, around which lay fragments of European clothing Upon carefully removing the snow a small pocket book was found containing a few letters. These although much decayed, may yet be deciphered.—Judging from the remains of his dress this unfortunate young man was a stewart or officer's servant, and his position exactly verified the Esquimaux's assertion, that they dropped as they walked along.

DISCOVERY OF THE RECORD.

On the 6th of May, Lieut. Hobson pitched his tent beside a large cairn upon Point Victory. Lying among some loose stones which had fallen from the top of this cairn was found a small tin case containing a record, the substance of which is briefly as follows: This cairn was built by the Franklin expedition, upon the assumed site of Sir James Ross' pillar, which had not been found. The Erebus and Terror spent their first winter at Beechy Island, after having ascended Wellington Channel to lat. 77 deg. N., and returned by the west side of Cornwallis Island. On the 12th September, 1846, they were beset in lat. 70 05 N., and long. 98 23 W. Sir J. Franklin died on the 11th of June, 1847.

On the 22d of April, 1848, the ships were abandoned five leagues to the N. N. W. of Point Victory, and the survivors, 105 in number, landed here under the command of Capt. Crozier. This paper was dated April 25th, 1848, and upon the following day they intended to start for the Great Fish River. The total loss by deaths in the expedition, up to this date, was 9 officers and 15 men. A vast quantity of clothing and stores of all sorts lay strewed about, as if here every article was thrown away which could possibly be dispensed with; pickaxes, shovels, boats, cooking utensils, iron work, rope, blocks, canvas, a dip circle, a sextant engraved "Frederick Hornby, R. N.," a small medicine chest, oars, &c.

VARIETY OF RELICS.

When in latitude 69 deg. 09 N., and long. 99 deg. 27 W., we came to a large boat, discovered by Lieut. Hobson a few days previously. as his notice informed me. A large quantity of clothing was found within her, also two human skeletons. One of these lay in the after part of the boat, nuder a pile of clothing; the other, which was much more disturbed, probably by animals was found in the bow. Five pocket watches, a quantity of silver spoons and forks, and a few religious books were also found but no journals, pocket-books, or even names upon any articles of clothing. Two double-barrelled guns stood upright against the boat's side precisely as they had been placed 11 years before. One barrel in each was loaded and cocked; there was ammunition in abundance, also 30 or 40 pounds of chocolate, some tea and tobacco. Fuel was not wanting; a drift tree lay within 100 yards of the boat

HARDSHIPS OF THE EXPLORING PARTIES.

Fearing that his provisions might not last out the requisite period, Captain Young sent back four of his men, and for 40 days journeyed on through fogs and gales with but one man and the dogs, building a snow but each night; but few men could stand so long a continuance of labor and privation, and its effect upon Capt. Young was painfully evident. Lieut. Hobson was unable to stand without assistance upon his return on board. He was not in good health when he commenced his long journey—and the sudden severe exposure brought on a serious attack of scurvy; yet he also most ably completed his work.

THE DISCOVERY SHIP.

The *Fox* is described by the London Star as looking not unlike a bundle of heavy hand-spikes, iron pointed at each end, as if for fencing off drift ice. She is a round stern screw; has three slender, raking masts is of top sail schooner rig, and small poop aft. She made the entire voyage with scarcely any damage.

We commend the following little morceaux to the consideration of the deformers of Baltimora city. We take it from the Washington *Star*, a locofoco paper. It refers to Judge Stump, a locofoco Judge in Baltimore, to whom, more than all other causes combined, is due any loose administration of criminal laws in Baltimore city:

"The Baltimoreans have an odd specimen of judicial dignity in Judge Stump, of the Criminal Court. It seems hard to decide whether he is most knave or fool. In the case of the rioters upon the steamer Express, convicted upon evidence showing them to be most hardened villains, Judge Stump yesterday sentenced them to *two days' imprisonment and a fine of fifty cents, with costs.* He further expressed the wish that the rioters had concluded their performances by pitching the captain of the steamer overboard!"

The riolers upon the steamer Express were all Democrats, says an exchange.

QUEEN ANNE'S ITEMS.—We take the following from the State Right's Advocate of Tuesday last:

"THE MARYLAND CITIZEN."—It will be seen, by reference to the prospectus in another column, that Mr. John T. Hand proposes to publish a paper under the above caption, in Centreville, and to issue the first number on the 7th of January next. Mr. Hand has controlled the mechanical and occasionally the literary department of our paper since we have been its proprietor to our entire satisfaction; and though we are sorry to sever our business connection with him, he has our sincere and cordial wishes for success in his contemplated new enterprize. We can promise that his paper will be a good one and worthy of patronage.

THE CENTREVILLE TIMES.—This newspaper, for a long time the organ of the Whig party, and recently of the American party of this county, was sold at public sale for cash under a decree to satisfy a mortgage, on Tuesday last, and purchased by Mr. Jas. K. Harper, the mortgagee, for $1,000.—We learn that Mr. Harper has since disposed of it at private sale to Mr. John H. Thompson for $1,420.

A NEW CANDIDATE.—Lloyd Tilghman Esq., having declined the nomination tendered to him by the 'American' party of this county for the office of State's Attorney, as coming from a party of which he does not consider himself to be a member, the convention reassembled on Tuesday last and nominated Richard E. C. Downs, Esq., in his stead."

From the Detroit Advertiser, 3d.

A Man Murders his Wife at Noonday in Presence of his Children.

We have to record another crime, by which a wife and mother has been sent 'unanointed and unanealed,' to her last home. On Saturday, about noon, Thomas Higgins, an industrious man, who, with his wife and two children, resides in Windsor, opposite this city, went to his house from his work and ate his dinner. After his meal was over he became incensed at his wife—according to the testimony of his little son—who was intoxicated, and hit her upon the head several times with a stick of cordwood and a piece of cane. He knocked her down upon the floor, kicked her in the region of the kidneys, and, leaving her upon the floor, went to his work.

His little boy gave the alarm, and officer Samuel Port proceeded to the house, where he found the woman seated in a chair, still alive, but where she soon died. The officer after putting the corpse in charge of some of the neighbors, went to the Great Western Railway freight depot, where Higgins was employed, and arrested him. A jury of inquest was summoned at the Town Hall by the Coroner, Dr. Casgram, when the little son of the prisoner was examined, and testified to the facts stated in substance above.

A post-mortem examination was held, by which it appeared that the scalp was badly cut in several places; that concussion of the brain resulted from the blows, and that the kick said to have been given caused the rupture of some of the blood vessels. The little boy whose testimony was taken is only 6 years of age. The only other witness is the daughter, aged 9 years, who ran away at the time the Coroner's inquest was in session, but who was found afterwards. The inquest was adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock, when the examination will be proceeded with. The prisoner was lodged in the Sandwich jail.

Our reporter conversed with Higgins in the presence of the corps, but except at intervals he manifested the most stolid indifference, not seeming to care anything about the crime he had committed, or as to what became of himself. He did not shed a tear, but when the post mortem examination was being held, helped to move the body, and assist in various ways. He informed our reporter that he had a great deal of trouble with his wife on account of her drinking propensities, and then exclaimed, "I couldn't help it." We are informed that he also stated that he pushed her over, when she hit her back against the bedstead and fell upon the floor.

The scene presented at the house was anything but pleasant to a person of weak nerves. The corpse lay upon a sort of bench and was surrounded by a number of women, who were wailing; the children were sobbing as if their little hearts would break; a nephew of the prisoner was crying and repeating over and over again, "Why did you do it? how could you do it?" while the man who had imbrued his hands in blood seemed but an unconcerned spectator.

Higgins at one time resided and worked in this city, but for some time past has been employed by the Great Western Railway Company at Windsor station. He is in his 44th year, while the deceased was about 40 years af age. The children are at the house of Higgins, under the care of the nephew, who with the neighbors will see that they are properly cared for, until some disposition is made of the father.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR OF TENNESSEE.—This document, laid before the Legislature last week, shows the receipts of the State treasury for the year ending October 1st, to have been $1,848,094, and the expenditures $1.704,287. Balance now on hand, $180,303. The actual indebtedness of the State is $3 844,606, and the total liabilities, $16,643,606. A large portion of the message is devoted to the subject of the currency and the banks. It recommends that no bank shall be permitted to issue more than two dollars of paper for one specie, nor any notes of a less denomination than $20; bills to be payable in specie at the counter of the bank issuing them; the individual property of stockholders to be liable for the debts of the bank; the creation of a board of supervisors; a suspension of specie payment for twenty days, a forfeiture of charter, &c. It is also suggested that the policy of the State is, to wind up the Bank of Tennessee at the expiration of its charter, and leave the business of banking to private enterprise.

The Scientific American speaks of a new invention for horse shoeing, designed to obviate the continual driving of nails in the hoof, by which great injury is sometimes inflicted upon valuable horses by unskilful workmen. A groove is made in the under side of the common shoe, into which is fastened a piece of iron of the same width and shape as the groove, only thicker and slightly curved upwards, the junction forming a complete dovetail. The advantage of this inner shoe is, that it is made to project beyond the ordinary shoe, and when worn down can easily be removed and replaced by another without pulling off the shoe from the horse's hoof.

THOSE OYSTERS. The Norwalk Gazette learns from good authority that a quarter of a million bushels of oysters had been taken from the newly discovered oyster place, up to Saturday night. A gentleman competent to judge, who has been upon the ground gives it as his opinion that the entire bed cannot be exhausted in five years, and it is said to be a low estimate to put the average earnings of every man who has worked upon the grounds at $20 per day.

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13, 1859.

WHEAT—About 3,000 was offered. Sales as follows:

White—Common	1 12a$1 22
Fair to Good,	1 25a$1 35
Prime—choice,	1 39a$1 45
Red,	1 10a$1 15
CORN—White and yellow,	94a95 cts
OATS—	38a42 cents.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct, 13, 1859.

WHEAT—White,	1 30a$1 38
Red,	$1 25
Corn,	95 cts

NEW YORK, Oct 13.1859.

WHEAT—White,	1 42a$1 50
Red,	1 10a$1 25
Corn—mixed,	$1

Independent Candidates.

TO THE VOTERS OF TALBOT COUNTY:

Fellow citizens: I respectfully offer myself as an Independent candidate for the office of States' Attorney for Talbot county. In the event of my election, I shall hope to enter upon the discharge of my official duties with a strict and conscientious regard for right, having in view the preservation of the peace and quiet of the community, and the enforcement of the law for the protection of every interest appertaining to the station. (oct 1-te) ALFRED P. JUMP.

MR. EDITOR: You are authorized to announce Capt. THOMAS BRUFF as an Independent candidate for the House of Delegates of Maryland. oct 1-te MANY VOTERS.

FOR SUPERVISOR.—We are authorized to announce JASPER EWELL as an Independent Candidate for Supervisor of the Public Roads in Bay Hundred District. [oct 1-te

WE are authorized to announce JOHN W. DEAN as an Independent Candidate for Justice of the Peace in St. Michaels District.

I OFFER myself as an Independent candidat for Constable in St. Michaels District. If elected I shall endeavor to discharge my duty faithfully. (oct 1-te) ED. O. HAMBLETON.

I OFFER myself to the voters of St, Michaels District as an Independent candidate for Constable. If elected nothing shall be left undone on my part to render all business transactions fair and just. [oct 1-te] R. K. MURPHEY.

I OFFER myself as an Independent candidate for Constable of Trappe District. The voters of the District may rest assured that if elected everything connected with the office shall receive my best attention.
oct 1-te JAS. M. NEWNAM.

THE subscriber announces himself as an Independent candidate for Justice of the Peace for St. Michaels District.
oct 1-te THOS. H. W. LAMBDIN.

WE are authorized to announce NATHAN HARRINGTON as an Independent candidate for Justice of the Peace for St. Michaels District.

To the Independent Voters of Talbot County:

I offer myself as an independent candidate for the office of Sheriff of Talbot county. If elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my knowledge and ability.
Trappe, Sep 17-te ISAAC W. JUMP.

FOR SUPERVISOR.

WE are authorised to announce ROBERT S. DAWSON, as a candidate for Supervisor of the Public Roads in St. Michael's District. (sep 15-te)

For Supervisor.

THE subscriber announces himself as an Independent candidate for SUPERVISOR of the Public Roads of Trappe District.
aug 13-te* WM. R. HUGHLETT.

Mr. Editor:—You are authorized to announce me as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Trappe District. JOSIAH HIGGINS.
oct 8-te

MR. EDITOR:—You are authorized to announce JOHN E. C. SCOTT as an Independent candidate for Supervisor of the Public Roads of the Chapel District. [oct 15-te

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

MR. EDITOR:—You are authorized to announce JOHN DONOVAN as an Independent candidate for a seat in the next House of Delegates of Maryland. EASTON DISTRICT.

I HEREBY offer myself as a candidate for Supervisor of the Public Roads of St. Michaels District, and pledge myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of office to the very best of my ability, and with scrupulous fidelity to the public interests. THOS. J. JENKINS.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—The communication of "Justicus," and others shall have place in our columns next week.

AS THE TRULY MERITS of the Oxygenated Bitters in curing Dyspepsia in its worst developments, become known and appreciated, orders for it are pouring in from all parts of the country—North, South, East and West. This tells the story.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe Lung Affection, and that disease, Consumption,—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Marriages.

LEONARD—SCOTT.—At St. Paul's Methodist E. Church, by Rev. Wm. Warner, George W. C. Leonard, to Miss Sarah H. Scott—all of this county.

URRY—FURNISS.—At the residence of the bride's mother, in Easton, on Tuesday evening, the 11th inst., by Rev. J. D. Curtis, Harrison A. Urry, to Miss Susan M. Furniss.

Deaths.

NICHOLSON.—Near Trappe, on Saturday, the 1st. inst., James Nicholson, in the 68th year of his age.

COOK.—At Oxford, on the 2d inst., Mary Elizabeth, wife of James Cook, in the 28th year of her age.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned from trespassing, with dog or gun, on either of my farms, known as "Mount Hope" and "Darlington," situated on the King's Creek road, as I am determined to enforce the law against all such offenders
oct 15-3t J. H. McNEAL.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber would inform his friends and customers that he has just returned from Baltimore with a well selected stock of

Jewelry & Fancy Goods,
BOOKS & STATIONARY,
FINE LETTER, NOTE & CAP PAPER,
ENVELOPES, (of all sizes)
LINED and *PLAIN*.

A good assortment of Cutlery. Also fresh Candies and Nuts, Lemons, &c. A good assortment of Perfumery and Toilet Soaps. Best sporting Powder, Shot, best Ely's & Walker Caps. A large assortment of prime Cigars and the best chewing Tobacco to be found in Town and a great many articles too tedious to mention. Please drop in and see for yourselves.

The public's ob't servant,
oct 15 CHARLES ROBINSON.

MILLINERY.

FALL FASHIONS!

MRS. ELIZA J. GATTIN, would most respectively inform the Ladies of Easton and Talbot county, that she has just received from the city, the latest styles for Bonnets She is now ready to enter on Fall Work, with such material and styles of finish as cannot fail to please. Work of every description in her line, will be prosecuted with promptness and neatness.

Feeling very grateful for the disposition shown to encourage her during the short time she has been in business, she intends to leave nothing undone to change the course of such favors. Shop formerly occupied by Mrs. Shannahan and immediately opposite the "Gazette" Office.

☞ All persons indebted to the subscriber are *earnestly* requested to make immediate payment, as she intends to leave the county in a short time.
oct 15

Valuable Lots Near Easton, FOR SALE.

WILL be sold those valuable *LOTS* belonging to Mrs. Clara Spencer, on the Point Road, comprising

Four Lots of Four Acres each.

These Lots are of good soil and have been very productive. They are still in good heart, but have been badly tilled for years past. Also

A 3¾ Acre Lot

adjoining the above, running to the town limits.—This is a very valuable Lot, owned jointly by Mrs. C. Spencer and Miss Mary H. H. Jenkins.

Also Two Lots

immediately back of the Episcopal Church, adjoinining the lands of H. J. Strandberg. These lots will be sold at private sale. If not disposed of before the

25th of October,

they will then be offered at public sale at the front door of the Court House between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M. of that day.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money will be required in cash on the day of sale—one third in six months and the remainder in twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, secured by approved security. Immediate possession given.
SAM: HAMBLETON,
oct 15-ts S Agent.

STOVES,

FURNACES, RANGES, &C., &C.

ALL persons in want of a first class Stove either for Cooking or heating, are invited to call on the undersigned, who have constantly on hand a very large assortment, from among which they think they can please all in want of a Stove. They would particularly refer to that new and beautiful Cook Stove, the

LEHIGH,

Which is decidedly the best Cooking Stove in the market. It is new in principle, beautiful in design, and the castings are heavy and substantial. They have also on hand the celebrated Cook Stoves,

Globe, Medallion, Old Dominion, Cook's Favorite,

and others, all of which are too well known to need commendation at our hands. The thousands of families who have them in use will recommend them. They have also highly ornamental

FIRE-PLACE STOVES,

intended to be set in the fire-place, to heat the room above. They are very desirable and excellent heaters, with this advantage, viz: that while they do not take up any of the space of the parlor they are ornamental to it. Among their assortment may be found beautiful patterns of

PARLOR GRATES,

And Stoves for

Parlors, Dining Rooms, Halls, &c.

All of which they guarantee to give satisfaction.

Also,

Furnaces, Ranges, Tin-ware, &c.

Which they offer on pleasing terms, either Wholesale or Retail.

WM. H. STRAN, & CO.
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