THE EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING ..... JULY 28, 1860

"The Union, the Constitution and the Enforcement of the Laws."

FOR PRESIDENT,

JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NOTICE.

THE Central Committee of the Constitutional Union party is requested to meet at the Court House in Easton, on *Tuesday next, the 31st inst.*, at 11 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.

HOWES GOLDSBOROUGH, JR.,
Chairman.

THE DROUGHT.—The corn fields in this section of country have suffered considerably for want of rain, but we think that our farmers should consider themselves highly favored in the refreshing showers that we have lately had, though not so much as is apparently needed—if they will but take into consideration the great drought that now exists in some sections of our country. Accounts say that the larger part of Texas has not had any rain since the 15th of April, and that the corn crop will not be a fourth of a one. In Louisiana, Alabama and Georgia it is nearly as bad. In some parts of Louisiana corn is selling for $2 per bushel.

THE PARTHENIAN—by the pupils of the Baltimore Female College has been received by us. This (the September No.) contains a fine engraving and biographical sketch of J. Fenimore Cooper, Esq., 'Mutability of earthly things' —by Miss E. E. W. Corkran, "The influence of men of genius"—by Miss Henrietta Wilkens and many other interesting subjects. The Parthenian speaks well for the pupils of this Institute. This work is issued quarterly and can be had at $1.00 per annum or 25 cents per number.

THE ARBITRATION CASE DECIDED.—The arbitration case which we noticed week before last, between Capt. H. J. Strandberg and Jno. A. W. Powell, Esq., was decided on Monday last—a majority of the arbitrators—Messrs. Wm. B. Willis and S. T. Hopkins,—decided Capt. H. J. Strandberg to be entitled to $862,50. Thos. C. Nicols, Esq., the third arbitrator, dissenting in toto.

OREGON ELECTION.—Advices from Oregon indicate that Shiel, Democrat, is elected to Congrsss. The members of the Legislature elected sum as follows:—Anti-Lane Democrats 21; Whig 1; Lane Democrats 10; Republicans 12.

Who says Mr. Lane will be returned to Washington to take his seat?

ANOTHER CAUTION.—The wife and child of Peter Hunt, living in Broad Creek Neck, and a daughter of Sutton Hunt were frightfully burned by the explosion of a fluid lamp, a few days since, which was being filled whilst ignited. The wounds of the latter have proved fatal, as parts of her body were literally cooked.

A CONVERT.—Hon. W. E. Bouligny, of Louisiana, who, last winter, announced his intention of supporting Mr. Douglas, has declared for Bell and Everett. This divides the Louisiana delegation to Congress, as Mr. Bouligny's colleague is a supporter of Mr. Douglas.

ANOTHER CONVERT.—Mr. Charles Grattan, a Democratic delegate from the Tenth Legion, in the last Virginia Legislature, addressed a letter to the Rockingham *Register*, in which he expresses the hopelessness of the Democratic struggles, and his willingness to support Bell and Everett.

EX-PRESIDENT FILLMORE ON THE STUMP.—Ex-President Fillmore will address the citizens of Buffalo next week, and will advocate the election of Bell and Everett, in a union of all Union men in the State of New York.

Senator Crittenden, of Kentucky, has taken the stump for Bell and Everett, and is canvassing the State of North Carolina.

A Georgia editor has received a basket and the following message from a lady:

"Mr. EDITOR: I send you some *Bell* pears, the best you *Ever et.*"

DR. C. C. COX, of this town, we learn, has been tendered the Professorship of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, in the New York College of Medicine.

THE AUGUST ELECTIONS.—The Missouri, Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky and Texas election takes place on the first Monday in August. 1st Thursday, Tennessee; 2d Thursday, North Carolina. All the above States elect members of the Legislature, and Arkansas and North Carolina Governors in addition.

A NEGRO LAW.—At the coming presidential election the people of Baltimore county will vote on the adoption or rejection of a negro law, requiring all free negroes to hire themselves, &c., and appointed three commissioners to take charge of them. The law also extends to St. Mary's, Calvert, Howard, Kent, Worcester, Somerset, Talbot, Queen Anne's, Prince George's and Charles counties.

LAST WINDING UP OF THE CLINTON BANK.—On Monday last the officers of the late Bank at Westernport, Md. All the property that was left only brought about $140.

Conspicuous in the funeral procession of the Joseph Gales at Washington on Tuesday, was the President of the United States and members of his cabinet.

T. H. Handy, Jr., State's Attorney for Dorchester co., has resigned, and C. F. Goldsborough appointed his successor.

New wheat is quoted in Norfolk at 1 20a$1 25 for red, and 1 20a$1 40 for white.

The Bell and Everett Meeting

ON TUESDAY LAST!

The Greatest Enthusiasm Since 1840!

Geo. Pearre, Esq., of Allegany and Hon. J. Morrison Harris, of Balt. City, Principal Orators!

The Administration Worshipers Writhed and Squirmed under the Lash!

The Douglasites Acquisced Heartily with the Speakers in the Striking Truths and Forcible Remarks in reference to the Corruptions of the Administration!

FROM THREE TO FOUR HUNDRED PERSONS PRESENT!

MUSIC BY THE EASTON BAND, &C., &C., &C., &C.

Well our Bell and Everett Ratification Meeting came off on Tuesday last, and it afforded political glory enough for one day. The camp fires are beginning to burn in old Maryland as in the days of yore. The people are throwing off political huckster and wireworker yokes and are coming out boldly and fearlessly for the only national ticket now before the country—that which bears the names of BELL and EVERETT. Their eyes are beginning to open and they now clearly see that the contest rests between the Union nominees—nominated by a convention composed of delegates from every State in the Union save two or three of the most remote, and Lincoln—nominated by a few Northern fanatics—by the rabble, or "outsiders," of the Republican party—whose actions have been condemned by moderate Republicans who are heartily endorsing the Union nominees.

About 2½ o'clock the meeting was organized by the calling of Wm. Goldsborough, Esq., to the chair, and the appointing a number of vice presidents and secretaries. On Mr. Goldsborough's taking the chair, he, in his usual mild, but forcible style and argumentative manner, addressed the meeting. He alluded to the strife and discord which is now stalking throughout our land, which has made our blood-bought country to vibrate and our institutions to tremble and the very blood to run cold in our veins. He thought the time had arrived when conservative men and all who loved their country should meet and calmly and dispassionately consider the best means to be adopted for the perpetuity of the Union and the maintenance of the glorious liberty which was handed down to us by our forefathers, who crimsoned the soil with their blood when the yoke of tyranny and oppression was broken and cast under foot.

At this stage of the proceedings the steamer arrived with Messrs. Pearre and Harris. They were conducted into the meeting by several of our citizens who accompanied them from the boat and introduced them to the presiding officers. Mr. P. said it was the first time that he had ever visited Easton, and that at first he felt as though he was a stranger among strangers, but when he saw such a feeling manifested as he had there witnessed, in response to the remarks of the eloquent president, he felt perfectly at home. Mr. Pearre has a pleasant countenance, but there is depicted on it great firmness. He went back to the cradle of abolitionism or even before it had a real existence. He showed by an extract from a speech of Mr. Bell, when the repeal of the compromise, known as the Missouri compromise was agitated, he predicted that by touching that solemn compact old festerings would be opened and that it would build up an abolition party that would overwhelm the whole Democratic party. The voice of such spirits as Clay and Webster being hushed by the "everlasting" sleep, Mr. Bell was the only Southern Senator that had sufficient moral courage to rise in his seat and strenuously oppose its repeal —which, as time has proven, to the benefit of the South. The soundest men who opposed its repeal were looked upon with suspicion by the Democracy, but they see now that in that struggle Mr. Bell was endowed with almost superhuman wisdom. How far has Mr. Bell missed the mark? Has not the time arrived when the Democratic party is well nigh overpowered by that of the Republicans? This query is not made without foundation, for it has been said by leading Democrats that "the whole Democratic party was abolitionized." From the very period alluded to above the Republican party has been making doubly rapid strides, and now what must be done? Is there sufficient power in the Democratic party to overcome it, in its present divided and distracted state, when in its palmiest days its acts increased instead of subduing that sectional band—on that party the people will no longer rely and they have assigned it to the tomb. But the Union party, with such a man as JOHN BELL at the helm to steer it safely through the breakers, assisted by EDWARD EVERETT, another of America's choicest sons, and who has done more to preserve and hand down in its original purity, to future generations, the name and incidents connected with, the father of his country, than any other living man—is safe and reliable.

Mr. Pearre addressed the audience about an hour, when Hon. J. Morrison Harris, was introduced who perfectly electrified his hearers for nearly two hours. His open and fearless manner, his piercing eye, his thrusts at the Administration—backed by Democratic authority, his withering sarcasm and striking truths in reference to the corruptions of the party in power caused the worshipers at the shrine set up by Mr. Buchanan, to squirm and twist as though their seats were made uncomfortable by the pricking of pins or a bed of thorns. Mr. Harris referred with great force and power, to the corruptions and defalcations, almost without number, in the various departments of the government, and that even the President himself could not show a clean record upon this point.—The Covode investigating committee brought to light such disgraceful doings on the part of the government that caused the President to issue a "windy" protest, but as yet not a single charge made by that committee had been proven unfounded, and therefore the parties indicted stand guilty of the crimes charged upon them. In some of the departments a mistake of $10,000 at a time was made and considered a small matter. The Democratic party has been feeding upon this wholesome feed for the pocket and the agitation of the slavery question for years—which has been its main sustenance. There is no bank or tariff question at issue, but the negro question has been dandled upon their knees and hugged to their bosoms with a maternal love, all, all for party food to feed their once strong but now a small and powerless band. Mr. Harris held his audience apparently almost riveted to their seats in a crowded room, on a very warm evening, for nearly two hours. In his closing remarks he spoke of Mr. Douglas and his assailants during the session of the last Congress. As a politican he could not support Mr. Douglas but as a man he admired him. When the whole administration was arrayed against him he fought them off by the dozen and kept them at bay. Messrs. Pearre and Harris made many warm friends during their short stay here, from all parties.

Drs. Cox and Pinkney being called for, each of them made short addresses. There has not been such a feeling manifested since 1840, as now exists in old Talbot.

The Meeting of Tuesday.

Pursuant to public notice, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of Bell and Everett assembled at the Court House in Easton on Tuesday, the 24th of July inst., amid the inspiring music of the Easton Cornet Band, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations of the Constitutional Union party.

On motion, Wm. Goldsborough, Esq., was called to the chair and the following gentlemen selected as Vice Presidents: Hon. J. B. Kerr, Nicholas Orem, James M. Seth, George M. Harrington, Wm. R. Hughlett, Barclay Haskins, Joseph Mobray, Henry P. Hopkins, Dr. N. Pinkney, U. S. N., Hugh Sherwood, Henry C. Tilghman and Wm. H. Groome, Esqrs. For Secretaries, James D. Mansfield and S. T. Hopkins.

The President in a most able and impresive address stated the object of the meeting and the necessity of the Union party in the present state of national affairs; after which he introduced to the meeting George A. Pearre, Esq., of Allegany county, who in a speech replete with power and patriotism reviewed the politics of the day and called upon all men who loved their country better than their party to unite in a common effort to rescue the country from the dangers of sectionalism.

The Hon. John B. Kerr then arose and after a few brief but forcible remarks offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The present agitated condition of the country produced by sectional animosities and internal strife is dangerous to the peace of it's citizens and likely to prove disastrous to the Union of the States, and

WHEREAS, The industry, the prosperity and the business relations of the country are liable to serious interruption and prostration by a continuance of this unpropitious state of affairs. And

WHEREAS, It becomes all true and faithful men to unite in the formation of a political party, which, being national in its elements and conservative in its action, will avert the evils impending over us, and restore peace, tranquility and good order.

Resolved, That the Constitutional Union party is the only reliance in the time of sectional dissentions and disunion sentiments and well calculated to restore harmony, good will and unity of feeling.

Resolved, That John Bell and Edward Everett have been long distinguished among their fellow countrymen for their talents and worth and we recognize them as pre-eminently fitted for the high offices of President and Vice President, through their ability, statesmanship, experience and public service.

Resolved, That the Republican party of the North is especially sectional in its composition, dangerous in its doctrines, and subversive in its practice of the constitution and the laws, and we earnestly invite all true, faithful, conservative and patriotic men indignantly to frown upon it's attempts, and to unite in one generous, manly effort to arrest it's progress and defeat it's hopes.

Resolved, That the Constitutional Union party upholding the Constitution, the Union and the enforcement of the laws, proclaims the firmest spirit of resistance against every infraction of these great principles of government and defies their invasion, whether impelled by faction, or encouraged by fanaticism.

Resolved, That the President of this meeting appoint five gentlemen of the county to act as a Central Committee of said County with power to add to their number.

Resolved, That we recommend the formation of Union clubs in each district of the county and that the Constitutional Union party hold a grand Mass Meeting at Easton, on Tuesday, the 28th of August, to which are cordially invited not only the friends of Bell and Everett but all who are desirous of promoting the best interests of their country without respect to party.

After the adoption of the above resolutions the President introduced to the meeting the Hon. J. Morrison Harris, of Baltimore city, who addressed the large and attentive audience for nearly two hours in a speech which for cogency of argument, beauty of diction and true and fervid eloquence has rarely been equalled. Short but spirit-stirring addresses were also delivered by Drs. N. Pinkney and C. C. Cox, after which the President appointed the following gentlemen as the Central Committee in accordance with the resolution above stated: Howes Goldsborough, Jr., John H. Harris, Henry P. Hopkins, John Harper and Wm. W. Bruff.

On motion of A. P. Jump, Esq., the proceedings were ordered to be published in the Easton Gazette, after which the meeting adjourned.

WM. GOLDSBOROUGH, President.
JAS. D. MANSFIELD, }
S. T. HOPKINS, } Secretaries.

MEETING OF THE UNION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—The Executive Committee of the Union party of Maryland met in Baltimore last week, to take measures for the more effectually organizing for the campaign.—Among the proceedings the following resolutions of public importance were adopted:

Resolved, That the State Executive Committee of the Union party of Maryland recommend that County Mass Meetings of the friends of the Union and of the election of John Bell and Edward Everett, be held in the several counties of Maryland at the time and places following:

Aug. 21—Snow Hill, Worcester county.
" 23—Princess Ann, Worcester county.
" 27—Cambridge, Dorchester county.
Sept. 3—Ellicott's Mills, Howard county.
" 5—Hagerstown, Washington county.
" 6—Frederick city, Frederick county.
" 8—Westminster, Carroll county.
" 12—Cockeysville, Baltimore county.
" 15—Bel-Air, Harford county.
" 18—Cumberland, Allegany county.
" 20—Annapolis, Anne Arundel county.
" 22—Rockville, Montgomery county.
" 25—Upper Marlboro', P. Geo's County.
" 27—Port Tobacco, Charles county.
" 29—Leonardtown, St. Mary's county.
Oct. 2—Prince Frederick, Calvert county.
" 4—Elkton, Cecil county.
" 6—Chestertown, Kent county.
" 9—Centreville, Queen Anne's county.
" 11—Denton, Caroline county.
" 13—Easton, Talbot county.

Resolved, That the County members of this Executive Committe be charged with the duty of taking such steps as may be necessary to carry into full and effective execution the object of the foregoing resolution for their respective counties.

Resolved, That the Counties and Election Districts through the State be requested to organize Union Clubs for the coming campaign.

The meeting adjourned to meet on the first of August.

A PARTY of young men of Easton, numbering some 25, have formed a cricket club. Cricket is rather a novel game to Eastonians, but those who have engaged in it thus far appear to be highly delighted.

DOUGLAS MEETING AT ELKTON.—The Douglasites held a meeting at Elkton a few days since. J. B. Rowan, addressed the meeting and efforts were being made to form Douglas clubs. Four years ago Mr. Rowan published a campaign paper advocating Mr. Buchanan.

SINGULAR CELESTIAL PHENOMENON.—Between 9 and 10 o'clock on Friday night week a very extraordinary meteor made its appearance in the heavens, and many of our citizens witnessed the grand sight. It appeared composed of two balls of fire of equal size, and surmounted by a very brilliant blue and yellow light, and apparently not more than one hundred yards high. Similar meteors to this have been seen before, but this is the most remarkable.

SPECULATIONS, ETC.—For these meteors and ærolites there are a variety of hypotheses, the phenomena being sufficiently varied to give plausibility to each. Some contain iron, nickel, and other earthly and mineral substances; while others seem to be principally gaseous in their constitution. This one, says a correspondent, I would suppose to be of the latter character.—There was evidently sulphur, carbon, hydrogen and other non-metallic substances present, some of them in combination, and others possibly aggregated with them around a common nucleus, and becoming inflamed by contact with some other element in the atmosphere, or by some chemical change in the construction of that body.

The magnificent comet which a year and a half ago swept through the heavens with its luminous trail, eclipsing the brilliancy of the stars, the auroral lights which night after night last winter trembled and quivered in the northern sky, shooting transparent spears of crimson and white from the horizon to the zenith, the ærolites which occasionally fell to the earth, the tornadoes which swept with resistless fury over our western prairies, and the eclipse which but the other day excited the attention of the entire scientific world, have followed each other in rapid succession, prompting some to a more constant study of the heavens for the secret of these phenomena, others to a more reverent feeling of dependence upon Him by whose command all things were made that were made, and terrifying others by the threatening approach of those latter days—those times prophesied by Joel, when wonders should be shown in the sky, and when, according to St. Luke, "fearful sights and great signs from heaven" should appear.

Although science has, to a great extent, stripped these atmospheric and other phenomena of their mysterious terror, there is still sufficient mystery about their advent to inspire awe as well as admiration. Such a meteor as flashed across our horizon Friday night, though it be explained by scientific men, and its harmlessness demonstrated, will yet be regarded by many with something more than a purely scientific interest.

DEATH OF A VENERABLE EDITOR.—The melancholy intelligence reached Washington city on Saturday last of the death of Joseph Gales, for more than half a century one of the editors of the "National Intelligencer," had ceased at once to work and live, for several months been known that the health of Mr. Gales was infirm; gradually he declined, but to the last retained, in a remarkable degree, his wonted vivacity and genial disposition.

Mr. Gales was born on the 18th day of April, 1786, at Eckington, near Sheffield, England, and when but a lad his father was, by his liberal political principles, literally compelled to seek a home in America. Mr. Gales, senior, landed at Philadelphia, young Joseph being about 7 years of age. Subsequently they removed to Raleigh, North Carolina, where Mr. G., Sr., established the Raleigh Register.

The deceased was instructed at the University of Raleigh. With some knowledge of the printing business, Joseph Gales, Jr., came to Washington about the year 1807, and commenced service as a reporter for the National Intelligencer, under Samuel Smith Harrison. About the year 1809 Mr. Gales succeeded Mr. Harrison in the National Intelligencer. In two or three years after he was joined therein by Wm. W. Seaton, also from Raleigh, and under this firm the National Intelligencer has been conducted to the morning of the 21st of July, 1860.

During the war of 1812 Mr. Gales was active as a republican of that day, justifying President Madison in his declaration of war with Great Britain. Mr. Gales enrolled himself as a member of a troop of horse, and was absent on duty down the Potomac when the office of the National Intelligencer was destroyed by the British.

ABOLITION IN THE M. E. CHURCH.—Views of the new chapter—North. The Northern Independent, of June 7, Dr. Hosmer's paper, says:—

BY REQUEST.

"We have, at last, a revised Chapter on Slavery—that portion of the majority report relating thereto having passed without material alteration, and by a decided vote. Considered as a finality, the alteration is anything but satisfactory; but if we regard it merely as a beginning, it may have some importance. It is hoped the border will, for once, be true to its professions, and leave on the occasion now furnished. Those chivalrous, slave-growing Methodists profess to go for the Discipline as it is; and threaten to secede if we make the slightest change. An opportunity is afforded them by this action of the Conference to make their words good—they have leave to retire in conformity with their character and intentions. Should this alteration have the effect to rid the Church of its incurably-diseased Southern limb, the blessing would be inconceivably great. Many who have had good opportunities to judge of the result of the present action, express themselves confidently that the South will go, and that this partial amendment will just as effectually cause them to slough as would the most stringent proposition. Should the anticipations of these brethern be realized, we shall rejoice; but we have our fears that they may not be so easily disposed of. Should they stay, however, until absolute prohibition compels them to leave, we think they will not have to wait more than another four years. Change once begun, cannot fail to advance, to the wholesome and decent point of entire interdiction."

A SENSIBLE SOUTHERN MAN.—Judge Robertson, of Kentucky, has lately expressed himself with reference to the several candidates for the Presidency in a style that to our mind crystalizes the good sense of all the conservative people of the country. This is what he says:—

"Personally, I have kind feelings towards all the other candidates for the Presidency. With Mr. Lincoln I have had both personal and epistolary intercourse. I have no doubt of his integrity and patriotism, and have faith that, if elected, his administration, would not be controlled by any "Kitchen Cabinet," and would be honest and national. For Mr. Douglas I have strong sympathies, because in unsurpassed proscription he has stood up manfully for his principles and consisteney, and has triumphed over a manifold combination. Mr. Breckinridge is an honorable and chivalrous gentlemen; we are personal friends; he was my pupil, and is my neighbor. Nevertheless, as I feel it to be my civic duty, as it has always been my practice, to vote for my country, and not for the mere man, I could not vote for either of those three candidates even if he were my brother or my son."

BURNING OF THE STEAMSHIP PENNSYLVANIA.—The Steamship Pennsylvania was burned to the water's edge on Tuesday night week, while lying at anchor in the James river. The Steamer Curtis Peck was on her regular night trip down the river and discovered the burning Steamer when about five miles distant and hastened to the rescue of her passengers —which were floating around the reck on rafts, &c. The only lives that were lost were three children of Mrs. Dietz, of which the Norfolk Herald says:

The children of Mrs. Dietz, four in number, had been placed on the raft with Mr. Smack, the pilot of the Pennsylvania, and a passenger, but the raft was capsized alongside the vessel, and they slide off into the water. The three eldest, 4, 7 and 10 years of age, were drowned—the other, an infant, was seized as it was going down, by Mr. Smack, who then kept hold of it until picked up by the boat of the Curtis Peck, about a mile from the ship. The mother is almost distracted with grief, and her piteous lamentations were heart rending in the extreme. All the other persons were saved and taken on board the Curtis Peck, and received every attention and sympathy which their distressed condition suggested.

DOUGLAS IN VIRGINIA.—A Democratic meeting, held last Monday, in Prince Edward county, Virginia, Col. Hubbard and Hon. Roger A. Pryor advocated Breckinridge, and in response to enthusiastic calls, Mr. C. Irving, of Danville, replied, advocating Douglas and Johnson. The resolutions originally offered, expressing a preference for Breckinridge, were laid on the table.

The Democracy of Mecklenburg, Virginia, held a meeting on Monday, and, disagreeing on the Douglas and Breckinridge question, the Douglas men seceded, organized separately, and appointed delegates to Staunton. The Breckinridge men appointed delegates to Charlottesville. We are informed that there is a very large number of Douglas men in Mecklenburg—and Mecklenburg is one of the largest Democratic counties in the State.

The Tazewell county Advocate, a Democratic paper says it has heard it intimated that the Hon. George W. Hopkins, of Washington county, Virginia, lately a member of Congress from the Abingdon district, and formerely a Judge in the same Circuit, has come out in favor of Stephen A. Douglas! Thus rapidly moves along the Douglas ball in the Old Dominion.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS GOING FOR BELL.—The last Rockinham, Va., Register contains a long communication from Charles Grattan, Esq., who we believe was one of the delegates of Rockinham in the Legislature from which we take the following significant extract:

"Now, sirs, our object is to beat the Republicans, and for one I am willing to see that done by Bell. Of course I should prefer a Democrat, but even supposing the worst phase the case can assume, we will have a Southern man infinitely preferable to Lincoln, and in all probability a Democrat. How is it to be authoritatively understood who that strong man is without a general consultation? It surely can do no harm, it is open to every element of good. I am very decidely opposed to that double ticket arrangement which has been spoken of. I sincerely believe it will lose us the State. Already I see many of the gray-headed fathers of the Democracy going off because they cannot remain in a house divided against itself, and against which the judgment of heaven has been pronounced."

THE K. G. C.—'MEXICO TO BE SOUTHERNIZED AND AMERICANIZED.'—General Bickley has published an address to the Knights of the Golden Circle in Virginia and other Southern States.

They are ordered to repair to their encampment in Texas by the 15th of September. The address says that Texas through her citizens, has raised money and material to the amount of $198,000, and appeals to her sister Southern States for contributions.

The object is declared to be to Americanized and Southernize Mexico, looking to the establishment of a Southern Confederacy. Such a course is to be taken as will not violate the neutrality laws, the "Knights" going into Mexico as emigrants, and becoming *bona fide* citizens, under, it is said, the Mexican sanction. The Order is represented to number 50,000 members.

DEPARTURE OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The royal yacht, having on board the Prince Consort and the Prince of Wales, arrived in Plymouth Sound at 5 P. M., on the 9th, after an extremely fine run from Osborn.

The London Times, in an editorial, predicts that in the United States the Prince will be received with that cordiality which no people can show more than the Americans, and it says there is one thing which his Royal Highness and all may learn from this visit, and that is that neither civil war, nor revolution, nor commercial rivalry, nor political bickerings, nor acrimonious social criticisms, can totally sunder nations which, having a common origin and language, develop themselves by the practice of the same institutions.

New Jersey politics—Meeting of the Union and Democratic State Convention—A fusion Electoral Ticket formed by the Breckinridge Men.

TRENTON, July 25.—The Douglas State Convention, which met here to-day, adopted resolutions declaring that no alliance could be had with sectionalists, either Lincoln or Breckinridge, and then adjourned *sine die*.

The Breckinridge or fusion Convention adopted resolutions instructing their electors to cast the vote of New Jersey so as to defeat Lincoln, and secure the election of the nominations of the Democratic or Union parties. The electors nominated include three Americans.

New Jersey Union State Convention.

TRENTON, July 25.—The State Convention of the Union party organized here to-day by the election of Col. Peter J. Clark as President, who in a speech declared that the party was growing in New Jersey, and that men of all parties were coming to the support of Bell and Everett. He deprecated the splitting of the Democratic party, as it had been loyal to the Constitution.

Edward Keyton, of Kentucky, addressed the Convention, stating that he had reliable information that Mr. Bell would carry Massachusetts, Kentucky, Tennessee and most of the Southern States.

Resolutions were adopted confirming the nominations, and opposing all sectionalists. Electors were then nominated, all straight-out Americans, including the three Americans on the fusion ticket.

The Democratic party is in a very poor condition for bluffing. It holds an awful hand, and as Simon Suggs would say, "there ain't nary pair in it."

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, July 24, 1860.

WHEAT—About 10,000 bushels were offered. Sales as follows:

WHEAT—Common to medium white,	1a$1 20
Fair, white,	1 25a$1 30
Good to prime,	1 35a$1 50
Prime to choice,	1 52a$1 58
Red,	1a$1 25
CORN—Fair to prime white,	70a73 cts.
Yellow,	64a65 cts.
OATS—Maryland and Virginia,	30a33 cts.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24, 1860.

WHEAT—Red,	1 24a$1 27
White,	1 30a$1 50
CORN—Yellow,	68 cts.
White,	65a68 cts.
OATS—Pennsylvania,	39a40
Delaware,	$61a37

DEATHS.

CATRUP.—In Hillsborough, on Friday morning, July 20th, after a short illness of Consumption, Henry M. Catrup, formerly a resident of Easton, in the 22d year of his age. He bore his affliction with christian fortitude, and, no doubt, has gone to his home in heaven.

PLUMMER.—On the 23d of July, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Robert H., and Elizabeth D. Plummer, aged 1 year and eleven months.

FLOUR—new Wheat Flour just received by (ju 28) JAS. H. GRACE.

OLD SACHEM BITTERS AND WIGWAM TONIC—just received and for sale by (ju 28) DAWSON & BRO.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE.—Lovers of good Coffee will find it a great advantage to try Hummell's celebrated Essence of Coffee, which has been just received and for sale low by ju 28 J. P. BLAKE.

Of Course I Have POWDER, Shot, Caps, Wads and every thing else a Sportsman requires and at lower prices than any one else will sell at, also gun implements, Guns, Rifles and Pistols, *cheaper than the cheapest.* ju 28 T. C. NICOLS, Jr.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Stockholders in the Dover Bridge Company will be held at the Court House in Easton, on

Wednesday, August 1st,

at 10 o'clock A. M. Prompt attendance is requested as business of importance will be presented. By order,

ju 28-1t S W. H. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

NOTICE.

THE annual examination of the students of the Easton Academy will take place on Thursday and Friday, the 3d and 4th proximo, commencing at 9 o'clock each day. Parents and others interested are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the Board of Trustees.

ju 28-1t SAM'L HAPER, Sec'y.

N. B.—The examination will close with declamation and original speeches.

Beef Cattle Wanted.



THE undersigned ever desiring to accommodate his customers and the whole public, makes use of this method to inform those who may have *Beef Cattle* for sale that he is now in want of such Stock. Persons having beef cattle for sale can see him in Easton any public day, or any other time when he is not in the country on business. He will pay the highest market price in cash.

ju 28-3m JAS. H. GLANDING.

OFFICE MORRIS CANAL AND BANKING CO.,
JERSEY CITY, July 20, 1860.

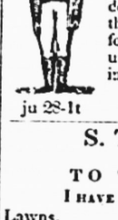
DIVIDEND NOTICE.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared, from the earnings of the Canal, a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT upon the Preferred Stock, and TWO PER CENT, upon the Consolidated Stock, payable on and after the 7th day of August next, at the office of the Company, in Jersey City.

The transfer books will be closed from the 27th instant to the 7th August.

ju 28 td L. N. CONDIT, Sec'y.

ATTENTION HOME GUARDS.



THE members of the "HOME GUARDS" are ordered to meet at their usual place of assembling, on *Wednesday evening* next, at 12 o'clock, in uniform and fully equipped for parade. The company will parade down Front Street to North, down North St., to West and from thence they will take their leave for St. Michaels, and remain there until a seasonable hour in the evening. By order of the Captain.

WM. H. COUNCELL, O. S.

ju 28-1t

S. T. KENNARD.

July 28th, 1860.

TO THE LADIES.

I HAVE A FEW MORE VERY NICE

Lawns,	Fine & handsome Stella Shawls,
Berages,	Bl'k. and bl'k. and wht. Lawns,
Berage Robes,	Superior wht. and col'd. Fr. Merinoes,
Plain and plaid Berages,	Fine dress and Manch. Ginghams,
Black do.,	Fine H. S. Hd'kfs.
Plain Challies in green and blue for evening dresses,	Plain L. H. "
Colored dress Silks and a new supply of Lavilla cloth,	Bordered " gents,
Fine and handsome Berage Shawls,	Plain and fig'd Swiss Muslins,

All of which will be sold CHEAP, for cash or to punctual customers. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. (ju 28) S. T. K.

GREAT

BARGAINS.

THE subscriber wishing to reduce his present stock of Goods will from this date offer them to the public at unusually low prices. He has on hand a large and varied assortment of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS

of all kinds, together with a complete stock of

Fancy Articles,
China, Glass
and Queensware,

in great variety, also a large lot of

STONE AND EARTHENWARE,

TIN, WOOD AND HARDWARE,

all of which he will sell at exceedingly low rates.

Having suffered much from the credit system heretofore, he will be compelled in justice to himself to require the cash in all cases and earnestly hopes for a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, feeling confident that he can supply the wants of all and at lower prices than any other store in town. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere at

J. P. BLAKE'S,
S. W. Cor. Washington & Port Sts.,
ju 28 Easton, Md.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, are earnestly requested to call and settle their accounts without further notice as he is much in need of money. (ju 28) J. P. BLAKE.

ETHERIAL OIL, fresh and genuine, just received and for sale by
june 23 DAWSON & BRO.

CIGARS & TOBACCO.—Genuine Havana Cigars and superior twis Tobacco on hand and for sale by (june 23) DAWSON & BRO.

FRUIT CANS AND TOMATO JARS of the very best kind, for sale by
ju 14 S. T. KENNARD.

TO THE LOVERS OF GOOD TOBACCO —call at S. T. Kennard's, and get a Tobacco that is warranted very superior, good judges cannot fail to be suited.
ju 14 S. T. KENNARD.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT—in small and large bottles, constantly on hand and for sale by
ju 14 DAWSON & BRO.

COUNTRY SOAP—for sale by
june 30 J. H. GRACE.