THE EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING . . . OCTOBER 20, 1860

"The Union, the Constitution and the Enforcement of the Laws."

FOR PRESIDENT,

JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

State at Large—
C. F. GOLDSBOROUGH.
J. DIXON ROMAN.

1st Dist.—J. U. DENNIS.
2d do. JNO. E. SMITH.
3d do. S. M. RANKIN.
4th do. WM. PRICE.
5th do. J. S. CARPER.
6th do. ALEX. B. HAGNER.

GRAND MASS MEETING

OF THE

Constitutional Union Party,

THE FRIENDS OF

Bell & Everett

Will hold a GRAND MASS MEETING at

EASTON,

On Thursday, the 25th October.

The citizens of Talbot, Queen Anne's, Dorchester, Caroline and other counties of the Shore are invited to attend.

Ample accommodations made for all.

AN OX

will be roasted whole on the occasion,

SEVERAL BANDS OF MUSIC

will be in attendance.

Letters have been addressed to the most eminent speakers in the country and a number (including the most distinguished orators) have already responded giving positive assurance of their presence. Their answers, with those of others, will be laid before the public next week.

The meeting will commence at 11 o'clock A. M., and continue through the day and at night.

LET THE FRIENDS OF THE UNION RALLY IN THEIR STRENGTH AND BY ONE UNITED EFFORT CRUSH OUT THE SCHEMES OF SECESSION AND DISUNION.

Committees of Arrangements.

EASTON DISTRICT.

Dr. Samuel Harper, | Wm. H. Parrott,
Wm. Austin, | Bennett Allen,
Wm. Mason, | Geo. R. Goldsborough,
Alx. H. Mackey, | Edward Thompson.

ST. MICHAELS DISTRICT.

Wm. Henry Harrison, | Adam Camper,
James H. Mansfield, | Joseph B. Harrington,
Richard H. Adams, | John R. McQuay.
Henry F. Byrne,

TRAPPE DISTRICT.

William R. Hughlett, | John W. Martin,
John Donovan, | Charles H. Sherwood,
John Robinson, | Samuel H. Haddaway,
Charles H. Bowdle,

CHAPEL DISTRICT.

Edward Arringdale, | John S. Meeds,
James Fitzjarrell, | ——Baker,
John R. Hopkins, | Capt. Levi T. Dukes.

BAY HUNDRED.

John F. L. Wrightson, | Gilbert M. Sears,
Thomas P. B. Seth, | Thomas J. Lowe.
Wm. K. Lamdin, Jr.

Finance Committees.

EASTON DISTRICT.

Col. Richard Thomas, | Thomas J. Clark,
Capt. H. J. Strandberg, | James H. McNeal.

ST. MICHAELS.

Charles H. Mansfield, | Alx. H. Seth,

TRAPPE DISTRICT.

John Baggs, | Robert Kemp.

CHAPEL.

John R. Hopkins, | Wm. T. Kemp.

BAY HUNDRED.

John Valliant, | Edward Lowe.

Committees of arrangements will report to Dr. Harper and Finance Committee to Col. Thomas.

ACT OPENLY.—Why do the Breckinridge party of this section try to put on the appearance of a Union party, when its leaders know full well that they are making every preparation in the extreme South to oppose the inauguration and administration of Mr. Lincoln, (should the country be so unfortunate as to elect him,) even before an overt act is committed. Then why not take off the mask and let the people see your cause as it really is? You preach dissolution and secession at the South and Union at the North. That is done to catch votes, but the people see the dodge and you had as well throw off your disguise, for the fire-eaters at the South will not hold their peace. The following will give some evidence of the feeling in Alabama, Mr. Yancey's State:

LET THE SOUTH ARM!—If the slave States intend to protect their rights of property in slaves—if their citizens intend to resist every form of insurrection and incendiarism which Northern hatred can inflict—let them proceed at once to arm. There is no time for delay! "Every breeze that blows from the North, brings to our ears" intelligence of the onward march of Wide-Awakeism and free negroism!

The South must move! Submission is death; and none know it better than those who counsel it!

"Strike! for your altars and your fires!
Strike for the green graves of your sires!
God and your native land!"

Let the boys arm. Every one that can point a shot gun or revolver should have one. Let every community supply itself with munitions and store them safely. Abolitionism is at your doors, with torch and knife in hand!

Hon. John C. Breckinridge is still stumping Kentucky. He was last heard of at the West Liberty Barbecue; his movements are kept secret as possible.

THE COMING ELECTION.—We suppose it as all right and proper to discuss, not only the general political issues of the day, but everything that requirs the suffrages of the people to decide, let it be foreign or domestic, consequently we shall take this as an occasion, not only from our own inclination to do so, but from the request of others and the dissatisfaciion of many that we have heard express their views in reference to the free negro act passed at the last Legislature, which is to be voted on at the coming election, to bring it before the public.

We cannot see for the life of us that if the above named act is successful that it will benefit the community, but on the contrary much will eventually ensue that will prove very disastrous to the institution of slavery in Maryland, and immediately place those who have to hire hands under most disanvantageous circumstances. It is generally held up by those who are in favor of this act that it will give the negro a more substantial and certain support. Admitting this to be the case, (but which we very much question, by the time all the fees are taken from his wages) should not the interest of the white man be regarded as well as that of the negro? Should not the former who has to depend mostly on daily labor in certain seasons of the year have his interests cared for as well as the negro? There are many carrying on farming and other pursuits, who require twice the number of hands some seasons of the year as they do at others, and if this law is passed of course they will either have to abandon such pursuits or else keep a large number of hands than there is any necessity for. But this is not all. It is our impression that the confirming of this act would drive a large quanity of the most valuable free labor from among us, and as there is a great outcry, and has been for years, of the scarcety of labor, what is to be done? The vacuum must be filled in order to carry on agricultural pursuits, and white labor must take its place. It would also be well enough to look at the views and character of that labor before it is introduced to any very great extent, for black labor and white can never co-operate. There is another great objection to this act, which in all probability, is not generally noticed, which is of itself sufficient to defeat it. There would be a large amount of money that pass into the hands of the Commissioners which the act provides for, but it fails to specify that they should give bond, even to the amount of a three cent peice,

The act may be seen in another column and which will be published until the election. Every one can have the opportunity to read for himself.

We have but little doubt of this question being voted down, if the people will but reflect upon it, and we have noticed it breafly merely for the purpose of reminding them that such a question will be for them to decide on the 6th of next month, and that they may carefully peruse the act.

THE Star still curses its acquaintances and applauds strangers. It is the only democratic paper that we have seen that claims the election in Baltimore as a Democratic victory. It is highly elated over the election of Brown, a Bell and Everett man, of Baltimore, when it fairly curses the breath that the same party breaths in its own county. And again, in giving the returns of the late Pennsylvania election in order to swell out the votes of the Breckinridge party to a respectable size, it is glad to join to it the vote of the Douglas candidates, which is calculated to lead the reader into the belief that it was the vote of the Breckinridge men. This is the way it invariably does when its own party can make no show. When Mr. Douglas is stronger than Mr. Breckinridge then the Star lumps the job and puts it under the head of *"Democracy,"* but when Douglas is the weakest, he and his followers are of the most debase kind, in its eyes, and twit them upon their weakness.

THE CLUB.—The Bell and Everett Club of Easton was addressed on Tuesday night last, by Messrs. G. M. Russum and T. H. Kemp of Denton. Their remarks were welltimed and they frequently received bursts of applause.—They pointed out the troubles which the party in power has brought upon the country. That it has absorbed everything else of importance into the negro question. That the Republican party has prospered best and grown better under Democratic administration than any other, and that the Democrotic party has at last dwindled down to a mere Southern faction, under command of Yancey and such spirits.

The Club will be addressed on next Tuesday evening by our talented fellow citizen, Dr. Ninian Pinkney, U. S. N., on the political topics of the day. Let all lovers of the Union party rally in full force. The Ladies who have kindly cheered the former meetings by their inspiring presence are cordially invited to attend.

ST. MICHAELS ALL RIGHT.—A Bell and Everett Pole has been raised at St. Michaels, which towers aloft about 100 feet from the ground, and has flying from its top a flag with a large bronze bell upon it. Three cheers for the Bell boys of the 2d District,

ANOTHER.—The Bell and Everett men of Chapel District have ventured so far as to plant the Union standard in the very *heart* of the Democracy of the county. Lewistown is graced with the names of Bell and Everet, the emblem of patriotism, conservatism and nationality, flying over it. All hail to those braves of old Chapel, and may the seed which they have sown vegetate and bring hundreds for one.

THE DOUGLAS MEETING.—As will be seen by a notice in another column, the friends of Douglas and Johnson will hold a Mass Meeting in Easton on Tuesday next. A number of able speakers are advertised to address the meeting, and we have been requested by the chairman of the central committee to say that he received a letter on Wednesday, from a member of the State central committee, which says that the speakers advertised will be here beyond a doubt. We learn that a steamer has been chartered for the purpose of bringing a large delegatian from Baltimore, to attend the convention on Tuesday.

A MARYLANDER IN MISSOURI.—Richard H. Spencer, Esq., who studied law in the office of Col. Saml. Hambleton, in Easton, some years back, has taken up his residence in St. Louis, Mo., and we see by a late number of the Missouri Republican that he has been admitted as an attorney in the U. S. Circuit Court of the eastern district. We have known Mr. M. from a small boy and have ever found him possessing a gentlemanly spirt and mild and unassuming demeanor. He has our best wishes for success at his new home.

ADJOINING COUNTIES.—The friends of the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the Laws, in the adjoining counties should make every effort to be in Easton on Thursday, in large numbers. Such a gathering has not been here sipce the convention of 1840, as is expected on that day. Independent of the citizens of our own and neighboring counties, a tremendous crowd from Baltimore, including the *"MINUTE MEN"* of 1860, will be present.—The Minute Men will not leave Easton until after night, when they will form into a torch-light procession and march through the principal streets, which, from their peculiar dress and torch, will surpass anything of the kind in grandeur, that has ever passed through our town. Throughout the day and at night, the exercises will be enlivened by several splendid bands of music.

P. S.—We have just had handed to us a letter from the President of the Minute Men to the corresponding secretary of the committee of arrangements, which may not be amiss to publish:

HEAD QUARTERS "MINUTE MEN,"
Baltimore St., Balt., Oct. 16, 1860.

Dear Sir: Your kind invitation in behalf of Com. Arrangements, to the "Minute Men" of this city to attend your grand Bell and Everett meeting, to be held in your town on the 25th has been duly received.

I am directed by the Executive Com. of the "Minute Men" to accept the invitation in their name, and state that we will be with you upon that occasion.

We are making the necessary arrangements which will be completed far enough by Saturday to enable me to give you more particulars, as to time of leaving, number of men, &c., when I will again write to you.

Accept our thanks for the invitation and say to our friends with you that our "Village" will be good for 6000 or 7000 maj. for Bell and Everett, when the day comes. Respectfully,

JAMES L. PARR, Pres't M. M. '60.

UNION MEN—members of the Union party, it is all important that you should be at your post on Thursday next. Let nothing keep you away. Those who are still faltering and halting between two opinions, we say let them come and learn, before it is two late. Let every district in the county pour out her full force. There will be a public dinner and sufficient accommodations for all.

The Union cause is gaining strength every where and let old Talbot make a clean thing of it this fall. The only hope the disunion party has is in the South. Their candidate was born by the South and has been nursed only by Southern fire-eaters and disunionists. Then come to the rescue of the Union, the Constitution and stand up to the Enforcement of the laws. The meeting next Thursday is the last county meeting we shall have before the election.

MAY BE RELIED ON.

Among the distinguished gentlemen who have been invited to participate in the exercises of Thursday next, the following have given positive assurance of their presence:

Hon. DAVID PAUL BROWN.
" JACOB BROOM.
" J. MORRISON HARRIS.
" ANTHONY KENNEDY.
" COLEMAN YELLOTT.
" CHAS. F. GOLDSBOROUGH,
" J. DIXON ROMAN,
" J. B. RICAUD,
" JAMES WALLACE,
" AUGUSTUS W. BRADFORD,
" E. H. WEBSTER,
" E. F. CHAMBERS.

A number of others are also confidently expected.

Voters of Talbot, Stand up for the Union.—Come in your full strength on Thursday next to hear some of the greatest lights in the country. The principles of the Constitutional Union party will be expounded and put forth in their true light. Secessionists, disunionists, fire-eaters and peace-breakers will be rebuked, and Black Republicanism and Sectionalism of all kinds will be dissected, and exhibited to the people as they really are. Lose one day in the service of your country.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A number of boys were playing with some sheer-poles which were standing in the school house yard in St. Michaels, one day last week, when they were by some means, knocked over, and in their fall struck a little son of Capt. Littleton Ford, of that place, aged about 14 years. They came upon him with such force that he only survived a few hours after the accident.

STOVES.—Persons in want of a good stove can find a large and fine assortment at the stove room of Mr. Chas. Keilholtz, at the Farmer's Foundry. He has been keeping stoves for several seasons and he thinks he can give general satisfaction to those who may want anything in that line.

THE post office at the Chapel having been discontinued, subscribers who have been in the habit of getting their papers from that office can have them left either at the post office in Easton or let them remain at the Gazette office.—We are in hopes that they will give us some directions about them speedily.

NOTICE.—Persons contributing provisions for the Mass Meeting on Thursday next, will bring them in cooked, in the morning and deposit at the Court House where a committee will be in readiness to receive them.

A Georgia (Bell) paper offers to furnish two votes by John Bell, to one of Breckinridge in favor of slavery; and two votes by Breckinridge against slavery, to one of Mr. Bell's.

ST. MICHAELS CLUB.—Dr. Cox will address the St. Michaels Bell and Everett Club on next Wedneseay night, at their Club Room.

PATRIOTIC SENTIMENT.—In one of Mr. Bell's latest speeches, we find the following patriotic sentiment in which all men ought to concur:

"Let power go into whatever hands it may, let us save the Union! I trust the day will never come when it will be necessary to calculate the value of the Union. I do not believe it will come, if the South is wise and true to herself.—I would not have her yield one jot or tittle of her rights; but I would have her make no questionable issues in advance, stir up no strife upon abstract questions, but do always what is just and right upon all questions."

In Bethlehem, Albany county, forty-three German Democrats give in their adhesion to Lincoln over their signatures.

In this city, the process of change amounts to a revolution, especially in the German wards.—The constant accessions, amounting to scores daily, to the Wide-Awake organization, now come almost entirely from the Democratic ranks. The lantern, the hat and the cape are made the evidences of the new and living faith.—*Buffalo (N. Y.) Commercial Advertiser.*

The Breckinridge party is trying to drive the Bell men over to Lincoln.

The Breckinridge party has been jubilant for some days on account of a rumor of a "general stampede" of Bell and Everett men in Baltimore, to Lincoln. Who started this rumor, and as boys would a "snow ball," enlarged as it rolled on, it is easily imagined. How hard the Breckinlancites are trying to sever the union party.—Nothing could please them better than to see a large portion of them go for Lincoln, in order that they might have room to make a charge against that party to direct public attention from their own forlorn cause. Its leaders have been working for notariety for their party all their lives and they now have it—but it comes just as much out of season, to be of benefit, as snow in July. But let us look at the number of this *great* stampede from the Union party. In speaking of it, the *Clipper* says:

"This defection is a second edition of the story of the three black crows. It has swollen enormously in being told. As far as can be accurately ascertained, the "very large desertion from Bell and Everett," upon which these Knights of Disunion Democracy base their calculations, amounts to exactly NINE individuals, of whom three have already retracted. Besides these, two or three—who, like the Rev. Col. French S. Evans, have pretended to be Americans while they were secretly working for Lincoln—have come out openly and made a parade of their Republicanism; but the whole batch don't amount to as many as a bakes's dozen, and they are principally men who are more injury than benefit to any party with which they claim affiliation. So far from weakening the Union party, it has added immensely to their strength and filled its members with greater zeal and enthusiasm.—They are now rid of the few troublesome characters who have always been a clog upon their movements and have kept hundreds of good citizens from an active participation in their associations. Bell and Everett stock is rapidly rising in this market."

And further:

It will be seen by a card in our columns, says the Baltimore *American*, from the "Minute Men of 1860," that the rumor of any number of them having declared for Lincoln is altogether fabulous. They have now over eight hundred members on their roll, and propose to make another grand torch-light procession in a few days, when they expect to present an array of fifteen hundred men, fully equipped with torch, cape, and cap. It is their intention to have three parades before the sixth of November, the last to attend a Grand Union demonstration in Monument Square. It is a vigerous body of young friends of the Constitution and the Union, who will never allow a local reversion to effect their views on National politics.

National Platforms.

The National Intelligencer has an excellent article on "Platforms," maintaining, in the language of the sentiment put forth by the National Union Convention at Baltimore, that the formal "Platforms" adopted by the various partisan organizations of the last few years "have had the effect to mislead and deceive the people, and at the same time to widen the political divisions of the country by the creation and encouragement of geographical and sectional parties." The Intelligencer concludes its article as follows:

We have adverted to the fact that "platforms" were not found necessary to elevate men like Washington, John Adams, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe or John Quincy Adams, into a commanding eminence before the eyes of the nation. What the first President thought of such "pledges" will be learned from the following statement made by himself in view of his probable election to the Chief Magistracy of the United States:

"Should it become inevitably necessary for me to go into the chair of Government, I have determined *to go free of all positive engagements of every nature whatsoever.* This is the answer I have already given to a multiplicity of applications; and I have assigned as the true reason of my conduct the prominent desire I had of *being at liberty to act with a sole reference to justice and the public good.*"

The Constitutional Union party, in determining to exact of their chosen standard-bearers no other pledges than such as will leave them, if elected, perfectly free to "act with a sole reference to justice and the public good," have only returned to the maxims and policy of Washington. And if not mistaken in the principles of the Washingtonian era, under this head, they flatter themselves that they are just as little mistaken in the character and qualifications of the distinguished statesmen whom they have selected to be the exemplars of these principles.

THE ATTACKS ON MR. BELL.—It is very hard says an exchange, on the Breckinridge orators and newspapers that the people won't believe a word they say against Mr. Bell. They foam and rage, and howl and denounce, but all in vain. Mr. Bell still goes on from hundreds to thousands. They assume that he is a free-soiler, but nobody heeds them. They assume that he is willing to have slavery abolished in the District of Columbia, but every boy of ten years of age understands that he never did and never would support such a proposition. He voted against the bill of 1850 to abolish the slave trade in the district, and never did, upon any occasion, go for abolishing *slavery* there or any where else.

The Breckinridge men in the South are gnawing a file. The soundness and nationality of Mr. Bell are too well established, too widely and too perfectly known to be made questionable by anything the leaders of the Disunion faction of the Democrats may utter. But these quastions are not the real issue in this contest. The only issue recognized by the people is Union or Disunion. Upon this alone must the result be decided. The Breckinridge Democrats are unwilling to meet this issue. We know and the people know that Mr. Bell is *for* the Union, and they are aware that, whatever may be the private opinions of Mr. Breckinridge, he is unquestionably the candidate and the chosen representative of those who are against the Union.

Yancey voted for the Wilmot Proviso.

Looking over the columns of the Fincastle (Va.,) *Valley Register*, a ferocious Breckinridge paper, of 28th ulto., we found in a letter to John Forsyth, Esq., of Montgomery; Ala., an explanation, over the signature of Hon. Wm. L. Yancey, of the manner in which he (Yancey) came to vote for the famous Abolition Wilmot Proviso. Mr. Yancey was correcting misrepresentations that had been circulated against him and said:—"I did not vote "for the Wilmot Proviso." I voted against it, as an amendment to the Oregon bills but it was attached; and in conjunction with nearly the entire democracy, North and South, I voted for the *bill*—on the same grounds that Mr. Polk approved it—that Oregon lay several degrees North of the Missouri line—which the South, at that time, was willing to abide by." So, he did not vote for the Wilmot Proviso; but he voted for the bill with the Wilmot Proviso attached. Will his admirer, the *Citizen*, explain the distinction in this difference? Suppose Hon. H. W. Davis had voted the same way would not the act have been sufficient to make him "Abolitionist?"

The Newburyport *Herald*, (Douglas democrat,) says the Bell and Everett party are moving and gaining strength in that section.

At a Bell and Everett meeting in Boston, last week, the sum total of the ages of thirty five Union men present was 3,153 years. The "fathers in Israel" are raising in defense of our free institutions; they know the value of this Union.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For President

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice-President

HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON,

OF GEORGIA.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.
Wm. P. Maulsby.
John B. Rowan.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
1st. George W. P. Smith.
2d. Wm. B. Stephenson.
3d. Dr. Milton N. Taylor.
4th. Hon. Henry May.
5th. William Walsh.
6th. Henry E. Wootten.

GRAND Mass Meeting

OF THE FRIENDS OF THE

National Democratic Nominees,

DOUGLAS & JOHNSON,

WILL BE HELD

IN EASTON,

On Tuesday, the 23d of October.

The Meeting will be addressed by the

Hon. HENRY MAY, | Col. W. P. MAULSAY,
" C. F. MAYER, | J. B. ROWAN, Esq.,
A. L. KNOTT, Esq., | Hon. EDWARD LONG,
J. SPENCER, Esq., | F. GALAGHER, Esq.
T. DEVECMON, " | G. W. P. SMITH, "
S. J. K. HANDY, Esq.,

And other distinguished gentleman of the country are expected to be present on the occasion.—Let there be a grand rally of the *TRUE DEMOCRACY* of Talbot.

☞The services of the EASTON CORNET BAND, have been engaged. By order

H. C. MACKEY,
Chairman Dem. National Committee,
oct 13 for Talbot county.

THE PROPOSED FUSION IN VIRGINIA A FAILURE.—*The Douglas Men Send a Messenger to Breckinridge.*—The Richmond (Va.) Whig of yesterday says:

The Breckinridge and Douglas Committees were in session in this city on Friday and Saturday, and, after coquetting with each other for two whole days, came to the conclusion that a fusion between the two wings was utterly impracticable. The proposed fusion scheme, therefore, has proved to be a terrible failure.

From what we hear, the Douglas men obtained a decided advantage over the Breckinridge men, throwing all the onus of disorganization and factiousness on the latter. Proposition after proposition for a reconciliation between the two wings was made by the Douglas men, and declined by the Breckinridge men.

We understand, also, that the Douglas Committee have despatched a messenger to Kentucky, who carries with him a request to Mr. Breckinridge to answer the Norfolk questions. This is a splendid diplomatic movement on the part of the Douglas men, and will result, in any event, in adding thousands of votes to the Douglas party.

We hear, also, that the Committee waited on Governor Letcher in a body, and that the Governor addressed them in a vigorous and earnest speech, declaring that his sympathies were entirely with them, and that he felt the deepest possible interest in the success of Douglas and the Douglas cause.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.—A counterfeit $10 note on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Frederick, Md., has been detected. It is an altered note and calculated to deceive persons who are not familiar with that denomination of notes of this bank. On the left hand between the figures X is a scroll, above which are the words "Incorporated in 1835," which is not in the genuine. The style of the bank, "Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank," and words, "Ten Dollars" and "Frederick," are awkwardly and bungingly engraved, showing broken lines and badly printed. The names of Thomas M. Markell, Cashier, and Wm. Tyler, Sr., President, are evidently written by one hand and in pale ink, and the note bears date August 1st, 1854.

THE STATE ELECTIONS.—Official returns of the Ohio election from nearly all the counties in the State have been received, and show a Republican majority of about thirty thousand, which is a gain of about sixteen thousand over the vote of 1857. The returns from Indiana indicate that the Republicans have carried that State by upwards of ten thousand majority. The Pennsylvania official returns come in slowly, and do not materially vary the result as already announced.

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17, 1860.

Sales as follows:

WHEAT—Medium white,	1 25a1 38
For fair to good,	1 43a1 55
Choice,	1 60a1 70
Red,	1 30a1 40
CORN—White and Yellow	70a73 cts
OATS—Maryland,	32a36 cts.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17, 1860.

WHEAT—White,	1 49a1 60
Red,	1 35a1 40

Corn has a declining tendency.

FOR prime and cheap Groceries call on
oct 20 A. DODD & SON.



FOR SALE.

SEVERAL Valuable DWELLING HOUSES, in the town of Easton. Enquire of the Editor of the Gazette. [oct 20-tf

FOR SALE.

400 CATAWBA GRAPE VINES, some one, and some two years old. Price, 2 years old 50 cents—and 1 year old, 25 cents.—Apply to JOSEPH GRAHAM,
oct 20-4w Easton, Md.

1860. Fall and Winter. 1860.

NOW OPENING AT THE OLD STAND

ON FRONT STREET,

A large and Superior Stock of

Fashionable Ready Made

CLOTHING!

MOSES HERTZ, Agent for I. Hoffman, would most respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has just returned from the city with a Large and elegant assortment of FASHIONABLE READY-MADE CLOTHING, which he offers at greatly reduced prices. His stock embraces Coats, (sack and frock) of all sizes, quality and price; Pants and Vests of every description; Shirts and Collars in variety; Neck Ties and Suspenders; Hats and Caps of the latest styles; Trunks, Carpet Bags, and other articles. A well selected assortment of Boys' and Servants' Clothing.—Also, Oil Cloth Fishing Coats, &c., &c.

The above goods have all been selected with great care—purchased unusually low for cash, and will be disposed of at very small profits.

The undersigned returns his grateful acknowledgements to a generous public for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended towards him and respectfully solicits a continuance of public favor.

oct 20 1y MOSES HERTZ, Agent.

SHOES.—Just received another lot of Army Brogans and other Shoes, which will be sold at a small advance.
oct 20 JESSE HUGHES.

Merchant Tailoring.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the gentlemen of Talbot and the adjoining counties, that he has just returned from the city, with the largest Stock of **CLOTHS, CASSIMERES** and **VESTINGS,** that he has ever had, all of which he is prepared to make up to order, *at the lowest figures.* The public generally are invited to call and see for themselves, as I take great pleasure in showing my Stock.

☞Cutting done with great pains, and in the latest fashion.☜

The public's obedient servant,
oct 20 S JOHN SATTERFIELD.

Fruit & Ornamental Trees,

FOR SALE.

25,000 Apple Trees from 2 to 4 years old, selected from bearing varieties.
75,000 Peach Trees of extra size and quality, ripening from early to late.
10,000 Pears, dwarf and standard, of the most popular varieties.
100,000 Apple seedling for engrafting.
100,000 Ornamental Trees, Evergreens suitable for Lawn, Cemeteries, &c.

Orders sent direct to the Fair View Nurseries, Moonstown, Burlington Co., N. J., will receive prompt attention. Trees carefully packed for Shipping.

REFERENCE—David Landreth & Son, Philadelphia; Dr. Bayne, Alexandria, Va.; Dr. Ridgeley, Dover, Del.; George W. Cummins, Smyrna, Del.; E. G. Emeck, Bittsville, Md. Descriptive catalogue sent gratis.
oct 20-2w JOHN PERKINS, Proprietor.

VENDUE NOTICE.

THE subscriber having rented out her Farm, will offer at public Sale to the highest bidder, on

Thursday, the 1st day of November next,

at her residence near the Hole-in-the-Wall,



One Horse, Two good Milch Cows, now at the Pail, Two Calves, a Sow and Pigs, a lot of Shoats, a Cart and all of her FARMING UTENSILS, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, &c., &c.

TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over $5, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. All sums of $5 and under, the cash will be required. The terms to be complied with before removal of property. Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock.

ANN FAULKNER.

Attendance given by
oct 20-ts S JNO. DONOVAN, Agent.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Valuable Live Stock and

Farming Implements.

THE subscriber will offer at public Sale, at his residence,

"WYE HEIGHTS,"

On Wednesday, the 28th of November next,

if fair, if not, the next fair day, his entire Stock of

AYRESHIRE CATTLE;



among which are several

COWS,

fresh to the pail, and some fine Young Steers and Heifers.

Also his entire Stock of



HORSES,

among which are several

Heavy Draft Horses,

A number of fine Young Morgans, and Several Thorough-breds.

Also several valuable



MULES,

together with his entire Flock of

Southdown Sheep,

Several Brood Sows, and Twenty SHOATS.

Also, all of his MACHINERY and FARMING IMPLEMENTS, and many other articles, including a lot of CORN BLADES and PROVENDER.

TERMS.

All sums of $10 and under cash; on sums over $10, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of Sale. The terms to be complied with before the removal of the property.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

DANIEL LLOYD.

"Wye Heights," Talbot county.
A. J. LOVEDAY, Auctioneer. [oct 20-ts

LOAF SUGAR—A superior article just received. (oct 13) J. H. GRACE.

COUNTRY LARD—very nice—for sale by the can. (oct 13) J. H. GRACE.

CHEESE.—A lot of prime Cheese just received and for sale by
oct 13 J. P. BLAKE.

BARRELS—A lot of empty flour and lime Barrels for sale cheap.
oct 13 J. H. GRACE.

HATS, SHOES, &c.—Ladies and Children's Gaiters, Morocco Boots, also Gents fine French Ties and Gaiters, together with a large stock of Hats and Caps, just opened and for sale by (oct 13) J. D. MASSFIELD.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.—We have just received a supply of No. 1 Butter and Cheese which we will sell at a small advance for cash. (oct 13) A. DODD & SON.

BACON AND LARD.—We are now in receipt of and have always on hand a full supply of prime Bacon and country Lard which we will sell at a small profit for cash only.
oct 13 A. DODD & SON.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.—If you want a good article of Chewing Tobacco or a first rate Cigar, you can find them at
oct 13 J. P. BLAKE'S.

BACON.—We have just received a full supply of No. 1 Bacon, Middlings, Shoulders and Mild Cured Hams—all of which we offer at a small advance for cash.
oct 13 A. DODD & SON.

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are forwarned from hunting with dog or gun or trespassing in any way upon my farm, near Easton, known as the "Emory Farm," as the law will be strictly enforced against all such offenders.
oct 13-3t A. H. MACKEY.

TWO FARMERS.—Glauber Salts, on hand and for sale.

Also a large and beautiful assortment of Coal Oil Lamps—very low—and coal Oil at reduced price.
oct 6 CAMPBELL & GOLDSBOROUGH.

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