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Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington RAILROAD.

Delaware & Chesapeake Railway.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 28, 1904

SOUTH. 491 Pass	485 Mix	Dist.	STATIONS	NORTH. 490 Pass.	494 Pass
* 12 35	* 5 00		Washington	* 1 20	§ 6 15
2 30	6 35		Baltimore	11 23	7 10
3 03	7 40		Philadelphia	10 52	5 44
3 44	8 28		Wilmington	10 0	5 0
4 58	9 43		Claymont	8 38	3 40
5 07	9 52	4.70	Kenton	8 30	3 34
5 16	10 01	9.58	Hartley	8 21	3 25
f 5 18	f 10 03	10.22	Slaughters	f 8 19	f 3 23
5 25	10 10	13.79	Marydel	8 12	3 16
5 31	10 16	16.67	Henderson	8 06	3 10
b 37	10 22	19.54	Goldsboro	8 00	3 01
5 4	10 31	23.83	Greensboro	7 51	2 55
5 55	10 40	28.08	Ridgely	7 42	2 46
6 03	10 48	32.38	Queen Anne	7 33	2 37
6 12	10 57	36.16	Cordova	7 24	2 28
f 6 18	f 11 03	39.05	Chapel	f 7 18	f 2 22
6 30	11 15	41.16	Easton	7 09	2 13
f 6 38	f 11 23	47.81	Llandaff	f 6 57	f 2 01
6 44	11 29	50.49	Trappe	6 52	1 56
6 53	11 38	54.19	Oxford	6 43	1 47
P M	A M			A. M.	P. M

f Stops on signal to receive or discharge passengers. § All trains daily except Sunday. * Connection is made via Porter.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Express trains leave Broad Street Station Philadelphia,

FOR NEW YORK.

NOVEMBER 27, 1904

Week-days—A. M.—4.33, 4 40, 5.00, 5.18, 5.58, 7.00, 7.33, 8.20, 9.05, 9.50, 10.21, *11.00, *12.00 M. P. M.—12.35, *1.00, 1.40, 2 21, *2.30, 3.00, 3 50, *3.52, (Penna Limited), *3.54 (N. Y. Limited), *4.00 *5.00, *5.56, 6.00, 7.00, *8.00, 9.00, 10.12, 12.02 night.

Sundays, A. M.—4.38, 4.40, 5.00, 5.18, 8.25, 9.50, 11.00

P. M.—*12.35, 2.20, *2.30, *3.52 (Penn. Limited), *3.54 (New York Limited), 4.00 5.20, *5.56, 6 20, *7.00, *8.00, 10.12, 12 02 night.

From West Philadelphia only, 2.45 A. M. and 12.33 P. M. daily.

From North Philadelphia only, *12.28 P. M. daily (Manhattan Limited).

Express for Boston, without change, 10.50 A. M. week-days and 8.55 P. M. daily from Broad Street Station.

*Dining Car.

For tickets and other information apply to Ticket Agent.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

Balto. Chesapeake & Atlantic

Choptank River Route.

For Baltimore.—The magnificent side-wheel iron steamers Avalon and Joppa leave alternately daily except Saturday, weather permitting, for Baltimore from landings as follows

Denton	12 M.	Cambridge	6.00 P. M.
Williston		Oxford	7.00 P. M.
Two Johns		Bellevue	
Kingston		Double Mills	
Dover Bridge	1.30 P. M.	Easton	9 30 P. M.
Windy Hill		Oxford	10.30 P. M.
Choptank		Corners	
E. New Market	3.30 P.M	Tilghman's	11.30 P. M.

Arriving in Baltimore at 5 o'clock following morning. Returning, the steamers leave Baltimore from pier 4, Light street wharf daily except Sunday at 6 o'clock P. M. for all points named, arriving at Easton about 3.30 A. M., Oxford 3.45, Cambridge 6.00, East New Market 7.00 and Denton 11 A. M. Connections at Easton, Oxford and Cambridge with railroads for all points.

Freight taken at low rates and carefully handled. Grain bags furnished and grain delivered at elevators. Further information supplied by

T MURDOCH, Passenger Agent,
T. A JOYNES, General Superintendent.

B. C. & A. RAILWAY CO.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEP. 13, 1903

STATIONS.	EASTBOUND 1 Daily ex Sun.	9 daily ex Sat Sun	11 Sat's only.
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.
Baltimore		4 10	3 00
Claiborne	9 45	7 35	6 25
McDaniel	9 50	7 42	6 32
St Michaels	9 56	7 5	6 40
Royal Oak	f 10 03	f 7 58	f 6 48
Kirkham	f 10 06	f 8 02	f 6 5.
Bloomfield	f 10 09	f 8 07	f 6 57
EASTON	10 17	8 16	7 06
Bethlehem	f 10 31	f 8 31	f 7 21
Preston	10 37	8 38	7 28
Linchester	f 10 39	f 8 40	f 7 0
Ellwood	f 10 43	f 8 42	f 7 32
Hurlock	10 50	8 50	7 40
Rhodesdale	f 10 7	f 8 57	f 7 47
Reid's Grove	f 11 02	f 9 02	f 7 52
Vienna	f 11 09	f 9 09	f 7 59
Mardela Springs	11 17	f 9 17	f 8 07
Hebron	f 11 25	f 9 25	f 8 15
Rock-a-walkin	f 11 28	f 9 28	f 8 18
Salisbury	11 40	9 40	8 30
N. Y. P & N. Junction	11 43	9 42	
Walston's	f 11 50	f 9 58	f 8 38
Parsonsburg	f 11 54	f 9 48	f 8 42
Pittsville	12 00	f 9 52	f 8 4.
Willard's	f 12 06	f 10 03	f 8 58
Whaleyville	f 12 1.	f 10 08	f 8 5.
St. Martin's	f 12 16	f 10 13	f 9 05
Berlin	12 25	10 23	9 13
OceanCity	12 40	10 35	9 25
	P. M	P. M.	P M.

STATIONS.	WESTWARD 6 Daily ex Sun	2 Daily ex Sun
	A. M	P M.
OceanCity	6 40	2 10
Berlin	6 56	2 26
St. Martin's	f 7 02	f 2 32
Whaleyville	f 7 09	f 2 38
Willard's	f 7 1.	f 2 43
Pittsville	7 2.	2 51
Parsonsburg	f 7 3.	2 57
Walston's	f 7 32	f 3 01
N. Y. P. & N. Junction	7 43	3 14
Salisbury	7 47	3 18
Rock-a-walkin	f 7 54	f 3 26
Hebron	f 7 58	f 3 0
Mardela Springs	f 8 07	3 39
Vienna	f 8 16	f 3 48
Reid's Grove	f 8 22	f 3 54
Rhodesdale	f 8 28	f 4 01
Hurlock	8 37	4 10
Ellwood	f 8 44	f 4 17
Linchester	f 8 46	f 4 19
Preston	8 49	f 4 23
Bethlehem	f 8 55	f 4 29
EASTON	9 1.	4 45
Bloomfield	f 9 16	f 4 50
Kirkham	f 9 2.	f 4 54
Royal Oak	f 9 24	f 4 58
St Michaels	9 34	5 08
McDaniel	9 40	f 5 15
Claiborne	9 55	5 2.
Baltimore	1 10	
	P. M.	P. M

f Stops on signal to take on or let off passengers.

No. 6 connects at Berlin with D., M & V. train No. 592, north, and connects at Salisbury at N. Y. P. & N. Junction with N. Y. P. & N. trains Nos. 92, north, and 81, south, when on time

No. 1 connects at Salisbury at N. Y. P & N. Junction with N. Y. P. & N. train No. 85, south and at Berlin with D.M. & V. train No 585, south when on time.

No. 2 connects at N. Y. P. & N. Junction with N. Y. P. & N. train No. 96, north, when on time.

No 119 gets connection at N. Y. P. N Junction for N. Y. P. & N. train No. 80, north, when on time.

Connections made with steamer lines at Easton, Vienna and Salisbury.

WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager. T. MURDOCH, Passenger Agent.

A. J. BENJAMIN, Supt. and Div. Pass. Agt.

CALENDARS

in 300 Different Designs

at the Gazette Office.

FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD

This Will Interest Every Resident of Easton.

You can readily verify the following particulars, for the gentleman supplying them will be only too pleased to answer any enquiries by mail. If you suffer from disorder of the kidneys or bladder and desire to be cured, write him about Doan's Kidney Pills and learn that the following statement is true in every particular:

H. W. Humford, foreman printer of the Salisbury Advertiser, residing at 237 Newton street, Salisbury, says: "If I were not perfectly satisfied that Doan's Kidney Pills can be depended upon, I never would be induced to recommend the remedy. I have the best of reasons for considering them unequaled. On account of kidney complaint and pains in my back I have often been so bad I could hardly move from my chair, and every now and then I was compelled to lay off for a day or two. During this last winter I was unable to do any work for three months. One doctor in Baltimore told me I had an incurable case of kidney complaint. I, of course, became very much alarmed about my condition and kept on trying this, that and the other remedy and was scarcely ever without a plaster across my back. It was only through reading a very convincing statement in the newspaper that induced me to go to a drug store for a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, which I took according to directions. My opinion of this remedy, and it has been fully proven since it came to my notice, is that for backache or kidney trouble in any form, Doan's Kidney Pills are without a peer. I am better now than I have been at any time within the past three years."

Emphatic endorsement can be had right here in Easton. Drop into Walter C. Hughes' drug store and ask what his customers report.

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.



$1.00

PURCHASES A $3 PEN

THE CELTRIC

MODEL 2.

Fountain Pen

is constructed strictly on merit, and is equal, if not superior to any $3 pen on the market. It is richly chased, writes fluently, guaranteed not to leak.

$1.00.

is a small sum to invest in a high grade Fountain Pen which with ordinary care will last a life time.

OUR GUARANTEE.

The Pen is Solid Gold guaranteed finest grade 14k. Holder is made of the best quality rubber in four parts.

SENT PREPAID

upon receipt of $1 to any address in the United States and Canada. If upon examination you are not entirely satisfied or you do not think the pen is worth $3, return it to us and we will cheerfully refund the money.

ORDER TO-DAY.

and name the paper you saw this advertisement in.

ADDRESS

THE SELDEN PEN MFG. CO.

140 Nassau St.

NEW YORK.

EDGELL'S STABLES.

Sends Bus to all trains and boats. He keeps a first class Livery and can serve the public satisfactorily and at low rates. Ask for teams at

L. K. EDGELL'S STABLES.

THE NEW WAY OF SMOKING MEAT



Apply Wright's Condensed Smoke with a Brush, giving meat two coats a week apart. A liquid made from hickory wood. No experiment Sold for eight years all over U. S. and Canada. A 75c bottle smokes a barrel of meat. Get the genuine. Fully guaranteed. Sold only in square quart bottles with metal cap. Never in bulk. Write for FREE BOOK on curing meats. Be sure to get Wright's Condensed Smoke. Made only by

THE E. H. WRIGHT CO., Ltd.
108 West Fourth Street, KANSAS CITY, MO.

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

The Moreland Pharmacy,

Easton, Md.

FRANK EHLEN, Receiver.

QUEEN ANNE'S R. R. CO.

Time Table—In effect Dec. 14, 1904.

EASTWARD. Read Down. Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily Ex. Sunday.	BALTO. FERRY SERVICE. STATIONS.		WESTWARD. Read Up. Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily Ex. Sunday
P. M.	A. M.			NOON.	P. M.
3.50	7.00	Lv... Baltimore ...	Ar.	12.00	9.20
5.50	9.00	Ar... Love Point...	Lv.	.....	.....
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.

Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily Ex. Sunday.	RAILROAD DIV. STATIONS.		Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily Ex. Sunday.
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.
6.00	9.10	Lv... Love Point...	Ar.	9.50	6.30
6.30	10.00	..... Queenstown		9.20	5.40
6.52	10.25	..... Centreville		8.50	5.05
16.41	10.14	..... Wye Mills		f9.05	5.22
6.55	10.32	..... Queen Anne		8.50	5.00
7.13	11.00	..... Denton		8.33	4.35
7.29	11.21	..... Hickman		8.17	4.12
7.44	11.50	..... Greenwood		8.02	3.50
8.05	12.15	..... Ellendale		7.42	3.12
8.19	12.30	..... Milton		7.25	2.55
8.40	12.55	..... Lewes		7.05	2.30
P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.

f Stops on signal to take on or let off passengers.

JOHN C. BOSLEY, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Paper Hanging, Caleiming and Painting.

I have established myself permanently in Easton and will take orders for all kinds of

INTERIOR FINISHING

and guarantee prices and workmanship. Samples furnished on application and estimates made. Your patronage solicited.

Charles B. Garrison,

1-7-6m Easton, Md.

(Continued from page 2.)

tion to this school of philosophy. Yomai emphasized above everything else what he styled the "dominant weight of the soul." By this the Japanese understand the poise of nerve that can be shaken by nothing in life or death. The keystone of this strange philosophy is exactly the opposite of the dominant note in Western atheism, for it is identical with a conviction of absolute deathlessness of the soul. To the Far Eastern mind life is nothing but one of the many passing expressions of the eternal entity, the "noumena."

Therefore, as Kinnosuki puts it, when you say you have plucked a flower or killed a man you have only destroyed one of the countless expressions of the eternity which you have never touched—which never can be touched. So there is no death to the Nippon warrior, except a phase of sleep. Vivid illustrations of this conviction have been supplied during the present conflict. There lies before me a Japanese print representing the meeting under the sea of Admiral Makharoff, who was blown up with his ship, and Commander Hirose, the hero of the bottling up of Makharoff in Port Arthur. Hirose, who was blown to pieces by a Russian shell during his effort, said before he met his fate: "If I die this time I shall come back nine times over, until I see this work of mine completed." That is the old Samural accent, expressing the spirit that flames in millions of Japanese souls today. It luridly explains why the Russian press, after deriding their foes at first as "little brown monkeys," have changed the epithet to "little yellow devils."—Pall Mall Gazette.

The Secret of Happiness.

The secret of a happy life does not lie in the means and opportunities of indulging our weaknesses, but in knowing how to be content with what is reasonable, that time and strength may remain for the cultivation of our nobler nature.

Farm Leases in duplicate can be had at Gazette office. f

BLACK-DRAUGHT STOCK & POULTRY MEDICINE

This great stock medicine is a money saver for stock raisers. It is a medicine, not a cheap food or condition powder. Though put up in coarser form than Thedford's Black-Draught, renowned for the cure of the digestion troubles of persons, it has the same qualities of invigorating digestion, stirring up the torpid liver and loosening the constipated bowels for all stock and poultry. It is carefully prepared and its action is so healthful that stock grow and thrive with an occasional dose in their food. It cures hog cholera and makes hogs grow fat. It cures chicken cholera and roup and makes hens lay. It cures constipation, distemper and colds in horses, murrain in cattle, and makes a draught animal do more work for the food consumed. It gives animals and fowls of all kinds new life. Every farmer and raiser should certainly give it a trial.

It costs 25c. a can and saves ten times its price in profit.

PITTSBURG, KAS., March 25, 1904.

I have been using your Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine on my stock for some time. I have used all kinds of stock food but I have found that yours is the best for my purpose.

J. S. HASSON.

SOME THINGS WE FORGET.

Few Persons Could Answer Questions Offhand about Familiar Matters.

How many buttons have you got on your waistcoat? This is not catch, just a simple question, and if you can answer it without counting, why, it shows that you possess powers of perception above the average. It is an absolute fact that nine men out of ten cannot tell offhand how many buttons there are on the garment which they put on every morning and take off every evening.

This is just one of those things which exemplifies how absolutely most people fail to cultivate their powers of observation. Here is another:

A watch is a fairly familiar object, yet if you were asked whether the numbers on the face correspond with the Roman numerals, what would you say? Ninety-nine persons out of a hundred would at once answer, "Yes." Yet the ninety-nine would be wrong. The symbol for four is not the customary IV., but IIII.

One could multiply such instances to almost any extent. It is safe to bet almost any man except an architect that he does not know how many stairs there are in any particular flight in his own house, even though he has climbed them thousands of times.

It is not that we have not the faculty of remembering such facts. That we do possess this is proved by the comparatively astonishing feats of memory each of us performs daily in his or her especial line of occupation.

A cook will hold in her head hundreds of different recipes, a shipping clerk hundreds of addresses, a shepherd can recognize in an instant a single individual sheep of a flock of several hundred. The mischief is that so few of us train our powers of observation outside our own particular lines.

Perhaps nowhere is this better exemplified than in courts of law.

In a recent murder case a man suspected of the crime was seen on the road near the house by three different persons. One, a sweep, said that the individual was rather short and stout, had a beard and mustache, and wore a dark suit of clothes and a stiff hat. A second witness, a woman, declared that the man was above medium height, had a black beard and whiskers, but no mustache, and wore a cap. Of his clothes she was not sure, but thought they were light in color.

The third witness, a young laborer, was positive that the man was short, thin, elderly, had a gray beard and mustache, and wore a brown coat and corduroy trousers. Luckily for the cause of law and justice, it eventually turned out that the suspect was innocent, for the real criminal was afterward discovered.

An interesting experiment was tried at Berlin in December last, with a view to throwing a light on this question of the conflict of evidence. Its originator was the well-known Prof. von Listz.

He got up a quarrel between two of the pupils in his class of students. Only the two pupils and the professor knew that the quarrel was to take place. To the twenty-three other persons in the room the whole affair came as a total surprise.

The quarrel, it was arranged, was to take place in two parts; firstly, the exchange of abuse and angry epithets; secondly, the use of a pistol and walking stick. The pistol was, of course, loaded only with a blank cartridge.

At the time appointed the quarrel took place amid tremendous excitement. The professor succeeded in putting a stop to it and getting hold of the smoking pistol.

At the end of the hour he told his class that the quarrel had been a sham one, but asked the young men to consider it as real. A week later he lectured on the difficulties of evidence, and afterward took in private the testimony of those who had witnessed the quarrel.

Out of those twenty-three well educated young men, the evidence of no two was exactly alike. No fewer than eight different names were given as that of the originator of the fight.

The actual firing of the pistol was accurately described by nearly all, but there were four separate versions of the exact period of the quarrel at which it was fired. The professor's own attempts to quell the disturbance were told in eight different versions, and the result absolutely confirmed the futility of corroborative evidence in a court of law.

The sense of sight is deceived in a hundred ways which are rarely considered. For instance, stand and watch the revolutions of the cups of the anemometer—the instrument used for measuring the velocity of the wind.

You may gaze for several minutes as carefully as you please, yet at the end of that time still be puzzled as to the real direction in which they are turning around. The more uncertain the wind and the greater consequently the variation of the speed the more is the difficulty of the task increased.

Again, standing below a high building and looking up, many aver that the wall is not exactly perpendicular but inclines overhead in a threatening manner. The longer the wall extends the stronger becomes this illusion.

Another simple illustration of the difficulty experienced by most people in making exact observations is the failure to notice mistakes in type. In a recent experiment copies of uncorrected proofs were distributed among a number of scholars in the highest grade of primary schools. The average age of the class was fourteen years.

The average number of errors found was only twelve. Some of the children only found three. The actual number as marked by a professional proofreader was forty-one. A particularly interesting point about this experiment was that the older children as a rule found fewer mistakes than the younger.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Crushing.

Soarer—So your landlady objected to Topnote and his chum singing duets in your apartment? Roarer

Yes; she told me my room was better than my company.

Puama Tablets postively cure Indigestion. Sold by Harry Roberts, Druggist, Easton, Md. 1-14-t4-8

Get tripe, souced hogs' head and souced hogs' feet at Dal Stoops' Grocery. 1-21

CHILDREN IN THE ORIENT.

The Little Ones are Treated with Great Respect and Rule the Household.

Children are the lords of the Orient. However fierce and strict a man may be about governing his harem, he is the servant of the little ones. They are permitted to do what they please. They are rarely corrected, even for the most impudent speeches. The Moslem looks on them with a sort of worship.

As a result, the children become old beyond their years, and a 3-year boy in a noble family will not let any of the women address him in any way except as "Master." He will not hesitate to scold, or even strike, the female servants.

The father, no matter how grave and dignified he may be, is by no means proof against all kinds of liberties on the part of his offspring.

One of the oldest stories of Islamism is based on this love for children. It tells of the great ruler El Faruk. He lay in his room one day and his two children were climbing around on him, kicking him and at last even striking him with their fists in their rough play. His prime minister entered at this moment and cried in a shocked voice:

"Master, how canst thou permit these children thus to treat the holy form of the ruler of the faithful?"

"Dost thou treat thy children differently?" asked the ruler.

"Yes, indeed. When I go home they must be quiet. I make them as still as mice."

"So?" said El Faruk. "If thou art so hard even toward thy own children, I fear thou art cruel to my people who are under thee," and with that he took the prime minister's position and rank away from him.

A famous Oriental tale is about a 4-year-old boy who was seen on the street by the Sultan. He answered questions so cleverly that the Sultan gave him a gold piece and told him to visit him at the palace on the following day.

When the boy presented himself at the palace gates, the doorkeeper refused to admit him until he had promised to share whatsoever he might get from the Sultan. At last the boy agreed to give the doorkeeper nine-tenths of his gift, whatever it might be.

Then he was admitted and presented himself before the Sultan, who asked him all sorts of involved questions, and was delighted with his replies. After several hours of conversation the sultan called a servant and bade him bring a bag of gold.

"Nay! nay!" said the little fellow. "If it would please your Illustrious Highness, I would beg of you to order me ten strokes of the bamboo instead."

"What?" cried the Sultan. "Why this strange request?"

The boy only smiled and insisted on his point. Thereupon the Sultan, in order to discover what the lad wanted, ordered that the ten blows be given to him.

The first blow had no sooner fallen than the boy cried out: "Stop! The other nine belong to the doorkeeper."

Then he told the Sultan how the doorkeeper had extorted a promise that he was to get nine-tenths of whatever the Sultan might present to the boy, and, therefore, he was entitled to nine strokes of the bamboo.

The Sultan was highly amused and ordered the doorkeeper in to get his share of the whipping at once; only he made it twenty-nine blows, instead of nine, and gave the wise boy the bag of gold.—Exchange.

Credit no man with his good intentions; make him come up with the long green.

Had Mother Eve been up to date what a fool she'd have made of that serpent!

A woman can make a fool of almost any man if nature doesn't get the start of her.

Old Noah wasn't much of a financier, but he knew enough to go in when it rained.—Exchange.

Many a man is long on dollars and short on sense.