THE EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature well or ill-conducted is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown—RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all."

VOL. XXXIV. EASTON, MD., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1851. No. 44.

CATTLE SHOW —AND— AGRICULTURAL FAIR,

For the Exhibition and Sale of Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, and Household Manufactures, to be held at EASTON, Md., on WENESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY, the 12th, 13th and 14th of November, 1851, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. on each day.

NOTE.—For want of time since the final determination to hold a Show, proper examination of farms could not be made, and, therefore, premiums for Farms are not offered.

HORSES.

Attending Committee—Jas. N. Goldsborough.

For best stallion over 3 years old,	$5,00
Second best,	4,00
For best stallion under 3 years old,	4,00
Second best,	3,00
For best brood mare,	5,00
Second best,	4,00
For best saddle mare or gelding,	4,00
Second best,	3,00
For best single harness mare or gelding,	4,00
Second best,	3,00
For best pair of matched carriage mares or geldings—if geldings, to be raised and broken on the Eastern Shore,	5,00
Second best,	4,00
For best filly,	4,00
Second best,	3,00

"The variety of horses which possess size, strength, and endurance for field labor, combined with that of action, which qualifies them for the carriage or saddle—in short, the "horse of all work," is probably the most profitable class which our farmers can now engage in raising, and to such, therefore, will the preference of the societies be given." No horse can receive more than one premium. It is desirable that the offspring of a brood mare be exhibited with her.

Judges of Horses.

Edward Lloyd Jr., Wm. Hemsley, J. W. C. Loud, William Sullivan, P. F. Hemsley, Thos. J. Clark, Hugh Sherwood.

ASSES AND MULES.

Attending Committee—Sam'l. Hambleton.

For the best Jack,	$5,00
Second best,	4,00
For the best mule over 3 years old,	4,00
Second best.	3,00
For the best mule under 3 years old,	3,00
Second best,	2,00

Judges.

Jas. T. Earle, B. Haskins, Thos. Tennant, N. Martin, Jr., Wm. H. Forman, John A. W. Powell, Thos. Worrell.

CATTLE.

Attending Committee.

J. N. Hambleton and Wm. Goldsborough.

The following list of premiums is offered for Durhams, for Devons and for Natives, or for Grades, separately for each variety.

For best bull over 2 years old,	$5,00
Second best,	4,00
Best bull under 2 years old,	4,00
Second best,	3,00
Best cow,	5,00
Second best,	3,00
Best heifer,	4,00
Second best,	3,00

Judges.

Martin Goldsborough, Thos. A. Emory, Rev. Thos. Bayne, James Tilghman, of John, J. R. Hopkins, R. B. Carmichael, John Harper.

OXEN.

Attending Committee—B. M. Bowdle.

Best yoke of Oxen,	$5,00
Second best,	4,00
Best ox driver,	2,00
Second best,	1,00

Working oxen offered for premium will be exhibited in the cart. Reference will be had to the matching, training and docility of the animals, as well as to their general appearance.

Ox drivers who have taken first premiums at the former Shows can compete with each other at this Show; and a premium of $2 will be awarded to the best ox driver.

Judges of Oxen.

Wm. Rose, Major John Dawson, John Newnam, Henry Davis, John Hambleton, Orson Gore, William Arringdale.

BEEF CATTLE.

Attending Committee—Gustavus A. Skinner.

Best beef,	$5,00
Second best,	4,00

A description of the mode of feeding will be required.

Judges of Beef Cattle.

John Rowens, Richard Dorsey, Jesse Scott, John Dawson Jr., Sam'l Callahan, J. W. Jump, Sam'l Shannahan.

SHEEP.

Attending Committee—J. R. Plater.

The following list of premiums is offered for Long Wools, for Middle Wools, and for Natives or Grades, separately for each variety.

Best Buck,	$4,00
Second best,	3,00
Best lot of 4 or more ewes,	3,00
Second best,	3,00

A separate list of premiums is not offered for the wether sheep of each of the above named varieties.

Best lot of 4 or more wethers of any breed	4,00
Second best,	3,00

In awarding premiums on sheep, reference will be had to material difference, if any, in the ages of sheep competing for the same premium.

Judges.

William M. Chamberlaine, Ed. Lloyd, Wm. T. Goldsborough. John R. Emory, Wm. B. Willis, Nicholas Martin, Sam'l Patterson.

SWINE.

Attending Committee—H. C. Tilghman.

For the best boar,	$4,00
Second best,	3,00
For the best sow,	4,00
Second best,	3,00
Best sow with litter of sucking pigs,	4,00
Second best,	3,00

"In awarding premiums on hogs reference will be had not merely to present condition, or size, but to that proportion between bone and meat which promises the greatest value from the least amount of feed"—and to material difference, if any, in the ages of hogs competing for the same premium.

Judges.

Dan'l Lloyd, W. N. Mullikin, Col. James Bartlett, W. J. Trippe, Capt. Wm. Ozman, Wm. L. Hern, P. Willis.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Class No. 1.

Attending Committee—Ed. M. Dawson.

Best two horse flushing Plow,	$4,00
" seed Plow	3,00
" Treble or gang Plow	4,00
" Subsoil Plow	3,00
" Cultivator	3,00
" Drag harrow	2,00
" Horse Cart	2,00
" Ox Cart,	2,00
" Yoke and Bows	1,00
" Wheat Drill	3,00
" Drill Barrow	2,00

Judges.

Gen. T. Tilghman, John W. Kemp, Thomas O. Martin, Samuel T. Earle, Isaac W. Jump, Thomas J. Chaplain, John Baynard.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Class No. 2.

Attending Committee—W. R. Hughlett.

Best Wheat Fan	$3
" Fodder-Cutter and Grinder	$3
" Horse Power	$5
" Wheat Thresher	$3
" Grain separator, for separating small grain from the straw	$3
" screen or other machine for cleaning seed grain	$3
" Horse power Grist Mill	$4
" Corn sheller	$3
" straw cutter	$2
" Corn and Cob Crusher and Grinder	$3
" Reaping Machine	$3
" Churn	$1
" machine for gathering Clover seed	$3
" machine for cleaning Clover seed	$3
" Grain Cradle	$1
" Washing machine	$1

Judges.

Ed. Tilghman, Thos. D. C. Ruth, J. W. Battey, Jere. Wrightson, Caleb Sheppard. Peter Stevens, Nicholas Willis, Jacob Wright.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES—No. 1.

Attending Committee.

Thomas P. Williams, Gustavus A. Skinner.

Best pair of corn cap or flag horse collars	$1 00
" Door mat	1 00
" Corn broom	50
" Farm basket	1 00
" Straw hat	50
" pair raw hide traces	50
" " plow lines	50
" Cart Whip	50

Judges.

Charles R. Mullikin, Dr. S. T. Russum, Henry Price, Sam'l H. Benny, Noah Hoxter, Thomas Haddaway, Josiah Kirby

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES—No. 2.

Attending Committee.

Thomas Hopkins Jr., Levin H. Campbell,

Who will select the Judges from among those ladies in attendance who are not exhibitors of articles of Domestic Manufacture.

Best hearth Rug	$3 00
Second best	2 00
Best Quilt	3 00
Second best	2 00
Best Counterpane	3 00
Second best	2 00
Best pair fine Woolen stockings	1 00
" coarse Woolen stockings	1 00
" Cotton or Thread stockings	1 00
" Woolen Gloves	1 00
" Thread Gloves	1 00
" Worsted worked slippers	1 50
" slippers embroidered with silk or Worsted	1 50
" sample home made Soap for domestic uses	2 00
" do home made candles	2,00
" do Starch	1 00

No article can compete for these premiums unless it has been manufactured within the last five years.

To increase the interest of this part of the show and to avoid the great trouble and confusion heretofore imposed by the injunction of secrecy as to the names of the exhibitors of Domestic manufactures—the names of the exhibitors shall be openly placed upon each article.

BREAD AND BUTTER.

Attending Committee.

James G. Thomas and David Kerr.

Best supply fresh butter, not less than 3 lbs	$3
Second best	$2
Third best	$1
Best sample potted Butter, not less than 5 lbs and not less than two months old	$3
Second best	$2
Third best	$1

BREAD.

Best loaf of light bread	$2
Second best	$1
Best sample of corn bread	$2
Second best	$1

Public Bakers cannot compete for premiums for bread.

Judges of Butter and Bread

Will be selected from among the ladies in attendance who are not exhibitors of bread and butter.

The names of the exhibitors will be openly placed upon their respective parcels, for the reasons stated in relation to domestic manufactures No. 2.

PLOUGHING MATCH.

Attending Committee.

K. R. Owen and Samuel Chamberlaine.

Best plowing with 2 horses or mules	$6
Plowman	$3
Second best plowing do do	$4
Plowman	$2
Third best plowing do do	$3
Plowman	$1

In this trial no person other than the plowman shall manage or drive the team, nor shall the team be driven at a greater speed than, in the opinion of the Judges, the team could endure at regular work without distress or injury; and in awarding the premium, reference will be had to the manner of the work as well as to the time employed in its execution. With a view of placing the competitors upon an equal footing, the depth of plowing shall be about six inches.

The plowmen who have taken the first premiums at the former shows, can compete with each other at this show, and a premium of $3 will be awarded to the best plowman.

Judges.

Thos: S. Hayward. Wm: Hayward, John Harrington, Wm: H. Harrison, James Grace, Wm: B. Willis, Sam'l Emerson.

Judges to meet at the gate of the ground to be plowed at 10 o'clock A. M. of the 3d day.

FIELD CROPS.

Attending Committee—Wm: R. Trippe.

Best 5 contiguous acres of Wheat	$10
Best acre of Wheat	$5
Best 5 contiguous acres of corn ground Wheat	$10
Best acre of corn ground Wheat	$5
Best 5 contiguous acres of Corn	$10
Best acre of Corn	$5
Best acre of Oats	$5
Best ¼ acre Irish Potatoes	$4
Second best	$2
Best ¼ acre of Turnips of any variety	$4
Second best	$2
Best ¼ acre of Beets, of any variety	$4
Second best	$2

An average sample of each crop with an account of the mode of cultivation will be exhibited; and in no case will a premium be awarded unless satisfactory evidence be produced that the ground and crop have been accurately measured and the sample fairly selected, in the presence of not less than two competent and disinterested witnesses.

Judges.

Jas: Ll. Martin, Doc. W. G. G. Wilson, W. H. Shepard, C. Lowndes, W. Harrison of Dorset, Wm: Caulk, Thos. Hughlett.

VEGETABLES.

Attending Committee—Col: N. Goldsborough.

6 best stocks of Celery	1 00
3 best heads of Cabbage	1 00
12 best Carrots	1 00
12 best Parsnips	1 00
12 best Table Beets	1 00
12 best Onions	1 00
12 best Turnips	1 00
Best Pumpkin	1 00
3 best Squashes	1 00
Best peck of Irish Potatoes	1 00
Best peck of Sweet Potatoes	1 00
Best Cauliflower	1 00

Judges.

H. E. Bateman, J. H. Harris, Wm: H. De-Coursey, Thos: Auld, Wm. Loveday, Joseph Caulk, Haddaway Leonard, James Parrott.

POULTRY.

Attending Committee—John S. Martin.

Best pair of Turkeys (male and female)	$2 00
Second best do do	1 50
Best pair of Geese	2 00
Second best	1 50
Best pair of Muscovy Ducks	1 50
Second best	1 00
Best pair Puddle Ducks	1 50
Second best	1 00
Best pair of Fowls (male and female)	1 50
Second best do	1 00
Best Capon	1 00
Best Capon Turkey	1 00

Judges.

Dr. Thomas Martin, John Baggs, J. W. Cheezum, C. H. Bowdle, Wm: Fairbanks, J. M. Seth, Robt: Banning.

FRUIT.

Attending Committee—Samuel Stevens.

Best variety of Apples	$4 00
Second best	3 00
Third best	2 00
Best variety of Pears	3 00
Second best	2 00
Third best	1 00

Judges.

Ed: J. Stevens, Dr. A. M. White, Rich'd: Tilghman Goldsborough, R. Lloyd Tilghman, Alex'r: Mackey, Jona: Bartlett, Alex: H. Barnett.

DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS of $1 and not to exceed $20, will be awarded to such articles not enumerated above as are of direct importance to agriculture and domestic uses.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. No subscriptions will be required of persons offering articles for premiums valued at $2 or less.

2. All subscribers to the amount of $5 shall upon payment of the same receive a badge as evidence thereof—shall with the members of their families both white and black be admitted to the show free of charge, and will be permitted to exhibit for premiums any articles or animals of which they are the bona fide owners;—and all subscribers to the amount of $3 shall upon payment of the same receive a badge as evidence thereof,—shall be admitted to the show free of charge and shall be permitted to exhibit for premiums any animals or articles of which they are the bona fide owners.

3. Badges and Tickets will be obtained at the Office, on the ground.

4. In all cases, except in the case of Agricultural Implements, the bona fide owners of articles offered for premiums must be residents of the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

5. All animals and articles offered for premiums will be presented to their respective attending committees, who will assign them to their proper stations within the enclosure, *the owner of the article or animal having first exhibited his badge as evidence of the payment of his subscription.*

6. The committee of Judges will call on their respective attending committees within the enclosure at 8 o'clock A. M., who will furnish them with the requisite papers, and aid them in organizing and preparing their business. The Judges will commence their inspection at 11 o'clock of the first day, and no animal or article can be entered for premium after that time. The chairman of each committee of Judges will announce the decision of the committee, and it is requested that each individual Judge will not divulge the decision of his committee previous to the report.

7. The owners of Bread and Butter offered for premium will take charge of their respective parcels at 2 o'clock on the first day.

8. The owners of articles of Domestic Manufactures will take charge of their respective parcels at 1 o'clock on the second day. Stock will be removed the afternoon of the second day.

9. The first day of the exhibition will be devoted to the inspection and examination of every thing offered for show or premium.

10. On the second day the show will be continued, the implements subject to trial, and an Auction will be held of such Implements, Stock, &c., as may be for sale. On the third day, the Ploughing Match will commence at 10 o'clock, the premiums awarded, and an Address delivered.

11. No article or animal to which has been awarded a first premium at a former show, can compete for the same premium at the next show, *with the exception of Agricultural Implements.*

12. Admission within the enclosure 25 cts; Children and Negroes half price.

The Cattle Show and Fair to be conducted by the undersigned Committee of Arrangements, who will decide all differences of opinion that may arise in committees, as to the true meaning and intention of the rules and regulations for the award of premiums, and the government of the show.

F: BUCHANAN,
THOS: R: HOLLIDAY,
M: T: GOLDSBOROUGH,
Com. Md. Ag: Society, E. S.
J: W: MARTIN,
HOWES GOLDSBOROUGH,
CHAS: P: CRAIG,
Com: Farmer's Ins: Asso: T. C.

Easton, October 18, 1851.

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GRAHAM & JOHNSON.

J. A. JOHNSON, EDITOR.

TERMS.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE, or TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid within *one month* of the time of subscribing, or the renewal of subscription. In no case will the above terms be deviated from. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding one square (14 lines) inserted THREE TIMES for ONE DOLLAR, and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for each subsequent insertion. Longer ones in proportion. A liberal deduction made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements not marked the number of insertions will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Merchants and others who advertise by the year, will in no case be allowed to insert any advertisement not connected with their regular business, without an additional charge.

All orders addressed to the publishers, postpaid, will receive prompt attention.

DON'T RUN IN DEBT.

"DON'T run in debt;"—never mind, never mind,
If the clothes are faded and torn:
Fix 'em up, make them do; it is better by far,
Than to have the heart weary and worn.
Who'll love you the more for the set of your hat,
Or your ruff or the tie of your shoe,
The shape of your vest, or your boots, or cravat,
If they know you're in debt for the new.

There's no comfort, I tell you in walking the street
In fine clothes, if you know you're in debt;
And feel that perchance you some tradesman may meet.
Who will sneer—"They're not paid for yet."

Good friends, let me beg of you, don't run in debt,
If the chairs and the sofas are old—
They will fit your back better than any new set
Unless they're paid for—with gold;
If the house is too small, draw the closer together,
Keep it warm with a hearty good will;
A big one unpaid for, in all kinds of weather,
Will send to your warm heart a chill.

Don't run in debt—now, dear girls, take a hint,
(If the fashions have changed since last season.)
Old Nature is out in the very same tint,
And old Nature, we think, has some reason.
But just say to your friend, that you cannot afford
To spend the time to keep up with the fashion;
That you purse is too light and your honor too bright
To be tarnished with such silly passion.

Gents, don't run in debt—let your friends, if they can,
Have fine houses, feathers and flowers,
But, unless they are paid for, be more of a man,
Than to envy their sunshiny hours.
If you've money to spare, I have nothing to say;
Spend your dollars and dimes as you please;
But, mind you, the man who his note has to pay,
Is the man who is never at ease.

Kind husbands, don't run into debt any more;
'Twill fill your wife's cup full of sorrow,
To know that a neighbour may call at your door,
With a bill you must settle to-morrow;
Oh! take my advice—it is good, it is true!
(But, lest you may some of you doubt it,)
I'll whisper a secret, now *seeing 'tis you—*
I've tried it, and know all about it.

The chain of a debtor is heavy and cold,
Its links all corrosion and rust,
Gild it over as you will—it is never of gold,
Then spurn it aside with disgust.
The man who's in debt is too often a slave,
Though his heart may be honest and true;
Can he hold up his head, and look saucy and brave,
When a note he can't pay becomes due?

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW.—The Washington "*Union*," is pursaded that President Fillmore can never be trusted with the execution of the Fugitive Slave Law, notwithstanding he joined in making it a law.

But the *Union* is equally well pursuaded that Mr. Douglas or General Cass would execute that law to the letter, tho' they were members of the Senate at the time it passed, and *omitted to vote for it*

Will the *Union* explain? It is to General Cass and Judge Douglas, we presume, that Mr. Jefferson Davis alludes in his recent address to the people of Mississippi, when he says that the Fugitive Slave bill passed the Senate by the "absenteeism of of the North."—*Washington Republic.*

☞ A young buck of the soap lock order, who wore an unshaven face because, as he said, it looked foreign, lately accosted a Yankee at one of our hotels, as follows: 'I say, fellow, some indervidualls take me for a Frenchman, and some take me for an *Etalyane*, now what do you think I am?' 'I think you are a darned fool,' replied Jonathan

☞ A windy orator in the N. York legislature, after a lengthy effort, stopped for a drink of water, 'I rise,' said Bloss, 'for a point of order.' Everybody stared, wondering what the point of order was—'What is it? asked the Speaker. I think, sir,' said Bloss, 'it is out of order for a wind mill to go by water.'

Our New York Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13, 1851.

EDITOR OF THE GAZETTE:

The news received by the *Asia* is of an interesting character. The Cotton Market at Liverpool had undergone no change, the demand continuing steady, at firm prices. The London market for American Stocks, still remains without any animation.

Louis Napoleon has, at length, almost openly avowed his determination to make a struggle for the throne of France. He has gained over many influential generals; and increasingly oppressive acts of tyranny are being perpetrated from day to day, in the name of Liberty.

The Swiss people have had a great meeting at Chaux de Fonds, for the purpose of forming a grand league against the alliance of European sovereigns.

A revolution has broken out in Greece. The English and French are in some way connected with it; but how, I cannot clearly make out.

The news of the fate of Lopez had not reached Madrid, when the *Asia* left Europe. Preparations for the protection of Cuba were being made with great haste, and despatches were fowarded to the monarchies supposed to have a common feeling with respect to revolutions. All this indicates what might have happened, had not the Lopez expedition failed. It is even possible that, in the first heat of resentment, steps may have already been taken by Spain, which will create a very interesting diplomatic quarrel between that power and the United States—perhaps even lead to hostilities. Well, let it come!—The United States have little to fear from war, beyond the loss of a small portion of their commercial marine, for which adequate compensation would be secured, sooner or later—at any rate before the signing of a treaty of peace.

I have received further light on the Lopez expedition, from Captain Ellis, who arrived here from Havana, in the *Empire City*, a few days since, and passed a forenoon in my office. His release was procured through the intercession of an old schoolmate who was an Officer on board the U. S Revenue Cutter, *Forward*. Capt. Ellis tells me, that the first fatal error committed, the landing at Bahia Honda, was the consequence of information received at Key West, where they touched and were assured by the citizens, that the Creole patriots throughout the Island were in arms, and that it would be waste of time for the liberators to go to Jacksonville, to take their artillery on board, as had been intended. Deceived by these representations, and fearing that a delay of two or three days, in running up to Jacksonville, would prevent them from participating in the victories of the patriotic Creoles, Lopez determined, after consultation with his officers, to leave the Artillery behind, and instead of sailing to Puerto Principe, their original destination, to effect a landing at the nearest point. A far different issue might, therefore, have been reasonably anticipated, had the original intention been carried into execution; for doubtless, in the neighborhood of Principe, a portion, at least, of the population were disaffected, and some in open revolt. United with these, and supplied with artillery and ammunition, Lopez and his men might have held out, for an indefinite period; and we all know, that had the least prospect of ultimate success beamed through the dark veil of horrors that has overshadowed the unfortunate liberators, thousands in the valley of the Mississippi would have rushed to the rescue.

I had no difficulty in understanding from Capt. Ellis's explanation and illustrations, that whatever pre-concerted arrangements were made by the Principe Patriots, were entirely frustrated by Lopez's landing at a point entirely unexpected, and by the opportunity thus offered to the Government to prevent every chance of a junction between the two parties.

On Wednesday night, the nominations made by the Democratic State Convention, were kicked against, in the City Convention, at Tammany Hall, by the ultra Hunkers; and the assertion was made, openly, that they would not be supported by the Castle Garden Men, at the polls, on the day of election. On the opening of the Convention, Mr. Wheeler, of the Fifteenth Ward, introduced resolutions protesting against several of the nominees; among others, Horace Wheaton, Benjamin Welch, Levi Chatfield, and General Storms, on the ground that they were opponents of the Compromise Measures, and, as such, not fit to receive the support of the Democracy of the City of New York. Ye Gods, what a commotion thereupon ensued!

Amid cries of "lay them on the table," "put him out," "Native Americanism (Gen. Storm,) for ever," and amid cat-cries, squalls, &c., Mr. Wheeler's voice made itself heard, demanding in thunder tones, that the Democracy face the music, meet the enemy openly, or else suffer an ignominious defeat, on the day of election.—The excitement hereupon redoubled; and, amid the din, the resolutions were laid upon the table, by an overwhelming vote.—*This is the beginning of trouble in the camp of the Democracy.* Jim Fury, who had been urged upon the notice of the Convention, by Mr. Wheeler, was thrown overboard, on the third ballot; and Henry Arcularius received the nomination for Superintendent of Lamps and Gas, by a vote of 31 to 29. Garret Dychman received the nomination for Register, and Edward C. West for Governor of the Alms House.

The game played on Wednesday night, at the City Convention, will be the means, I think, of killing off the whole Democratic ticket, both State and County, in the City of New York.

The New Postage Law has so disappointed the expectations of the reformers who first urged the subject on the notice of our Government, that they have published an address, in which they advocate and express a determination to agitate, until they can attain the following result:—

1. The abolition of all franking privileges.

2. A uniform rate of One Cent per half an ounce, for Letters.

3. A uniform rate of One Cent for Newspapers, of whatever size, with the privilege of buying 100 News stamps for 50 cts.

4. The compulsory prepayment of *all* postage, including, of course, that on Newspapers.

The address is well and forcibly written; the author being the Revd. Mr. Leavitt, of the *New York Independent.*

I fear, however, that the postage reformers are rather "too fast" for the age; although they deserve great credit for the perseverance they have hitherto evinced. I hope that portion of the present law that relates to newspapers will be modified by the next Congress; but really, the child-like simplicity of expecting so much virtuous self-denial in our M. C's as to dream of their abolishing the franking privilege, especially on the eve of a Presidential Campaign, is quite refreshing.

Yours truly, YORK.

THOMAS HOLLIDAY HICKS, ESQ.

In nominating this gentleman for Lottery Commissioner, the Whig state convention displayed no small degree of foresight and wisdom. The members proved that they were disposed to regard competency as well as availability in the selection of standard-bearers for the party. Such a course of action cannot fail to exert a benficial influence in favor of the party that is guided by it in its deliberations. It not only guarantees good officers for the people of the State, but it also inspires confidence in party conventions. Had the convention recommended an ordinary man for Lottery Commissioner, there would have been some cause of opposition to the nominee. But in presenting Mr. Hicks, that ground of objection has been entirely obviated, by the convention. The Whig party presents a candidate who can be tried by the Jeffersonian test, and not be found wanting. The opposition being aware of this, have tried to render him obnoxious to the people of Maryland, on account of his views in regard to the New Constitution. These efforts to prejudice Mr. Hicks in the minds of those who style themselves reformers, must prove but a lame abortion. The New Constitution is not now a question before the people; it has already been adjudicated. We should then do injustice to the supporters of that instrument, were we to believe that they would proscribe a fellow citizen for opinions conscientiously entertained, particularly when those opinions have no relation to the office he asks at the hands of the people. What is the history and present position of Mr. Hicks? From the humble position of a poor but worthy boy, he has risen to be one of the most popular and influential men that Maryland can boast of. He had no wealthy friends or relations to push him forward; but by dint of his own efforts he has *made himself* one of the most safe, able and practical men of the State. As a Whig none have been more ardently and devotedly attached to their party; few have worked as efficiently, as Thomas Holliday Hicks. We can then recommend him to the people of Maryland, with the confidence that, in spite of the revilings of anonymous newspaper scribblers, and hired editors, they will give him that reward which an honest and faithful public servant merits at their hands.—*Cambridge Chronicle.*

A VILLANOUS PROCEEDING.—The following is an embodiment of the infamous sentiments and principles of the men who defied the law at Syracuse, and of their abettors:

At the meeting of the Abolition Convention the day after the re-escape of the fugitive, Gerrit Smith offered a series of resolutions, two of which we copy, which were sustained by S. R Ward and others, and passed unanimously:

"Whereas, Daniel Webster, the base and infamous enemy of the human race, did, in a speech which he delivered himself in Syracuse last spring, exultingly and insultingly predict that fugitive slaves would yet be taken away from Syracuse; and even from Anti-Slavery Conventions in Syracuse, and whereas the attempt to fulfil this prediction was delayed until the 1st day of October, 1851, when the Liberty party of the State of New York were holding their annual Convention in Syracuse; and whereas the attempt was defeated by the majestic and mighty uprising of two thousand five hundred brave men, before whom the half dozen kidnappers were but 'as two:'

Resolved, therefore, That we rejoice that the city of Syracuse, the Anti-slavery city of Syracuse, the city of Anti Slavery Conventions, our beloved and glorious city of Syracuse, still remains undisgraced by the fulfilment of the satanic prediction of the satanic Daniel Webster."

Nine thousand citizens of New York have signed the Union and Compromise Pledge.

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