BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas there is reason to believe that a military expedition is about to be fitted out in the United States for the purpose of invading the Mexican Republic, with which this country is at peace; and whereas there is reason to apprehend that a portion of the people of this country, regardless of their duties as good citizens, are concerned in or may be seduced to take part in the same; and whereas such enterprises tend to degrade the character of the United States in the opinion of the civilized world, and are expressly prohibited by law:

Now, therefore, I have issued this my proclamation, warning all persons who shall connect themselves with any such enterprise, in violation of the laws and national obligations of the United States, that they will thereby subject themselves to the heavy penalties denounced against such offences; that if they should be captured within the jurisdiction of the Mexican authorities, they must expect to be tried and punished according to the laws of Mexico, and will have no right to claim the interposition of this Government in their behalf.

I therefore exhort all well-disposed citizens who have at heart the reputation of their country, and are animated with a just regard for its laws, its peace, and its welfare, to discountenance, and by all lawful means prevent any such enterprise, and I call upon every officer of this Government, civil or military, to be vigilant in arresting for trial and punishment every such offender.

Given under my hand the twenty-second day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty one, and the seventy-sixth of the Independence of the United States.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

By the President:
J. J. Crittenden, Acting Secretary of State.

The Republic appends the following remarks to the Proclamation:—

"The above Proclamation has been issued, we understand, in consequence of intelligence received on Monday evening, from our Consul at Matamoras, to the effect that a company of Texans had been organized, and had marched into Mexico, and that new enlistments were in progress for similar movements.

All the information previously received at the War Department was of a nature to discountenance the idea that any expedition was on foot, or that a considerable number of American citizens had passed into Mexico for the purpose of taking part in any insurrection. It was reported that only some twenty individuals suspected of such intentions, had passed the frontier; and it was believed that the American nation was to be spared this new accession of misfortune and disgrace, arising from the violation of our own laws, the laws of nations, and our treaty obligations.

ENGLAND AND CUBA—*Letter from Mr. Crittenden.*—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia American says:

A communication was recently addressed to our Government by Lord Palmerston, respecting the expeditions fitted out in the United States against Cuba, in violation of the spirit of treaty stipulations; but it was answered in a dignified and truly American paper by Mr. Crittenden, Acting Secretary of State, who intimated in very plain terms, that England had better occupy herself with her own affairs—meaning, in downright vernacular, mind her own business. This reply will probably prevent all European interference, or, at all events, will warn those powers what may be expected should they obtrude in our concerns. The document does Mr. Crittenden and the Administration great credit

FUGITIVE SLAVE TROUBLE ON THE MEXICAN FRONTIER.—It seems that sundry slaveholders have recently set up claims to be the owners of certain negroes belonging to Wild Cat's company on the frontier of Mexico, near San Antonio de Bexar:

Goffer John, the chief of Wild Cat's negroes, and the same man who commanded the negro warriors in the Florida war, and a lad by the name of Mungo, son of Wild Cat's chief interpreter, have been recently seized by the sheriff, near San Antonio de Bexar, as fugitive slaves. The free papers of one were promptly produced, and he was released. General Jessup, it is said, certifies to their right to freedom, and the Mexican Government have claimed John as a Mexican citizen and soldier. Wild Cat is furious on account of their seizure, and it is feared that he will make this an excuse for once more assuming an openly hostile attitude towards the whites, and ravaging the frontier settlements, which it is thought he has been recently but too much inclined to do.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24.

The Christiana Rioters. The Grand Jury have found true bills against 37 of the Christiana prisoners. These bills charge them, first, with obstructing the officers in arresting the fugitives; secondly, with rescuing the fugitives; thirdly, with attempting to rescue the fugitives; fourthly, with aiding the fugitives to escape; fifthly, with harboring and concealing the fugitives; sixthly, with obstructing Edward Gorsuch in arresting the fugitives, and lastly, in aiding the fugitives to escape from Edward Gorsuch.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 22.

Vermont Legislature and Slavery.—Resolutions were introduced into the House to-day, asserting the correctness of the views hitherto expressed by the Vermont Legislature on the subject of slavery, and refusing to assist in any way the extension of the slaveholding power. They also urged upon Congress the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and maintained that the writ of *habeas corpus* and trial by jury could not be denied. They also instructed their Senators and Representatives to act according to the spirit of these resolutions. After some little debate the resolutions were laid on the table.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 1, 1851.

☞ WM. THOMSON & Co., S. E. corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, are our authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "GAZETTE."

☞ V. B. PALMER is authorized to receive advertisements for the "EASTON GAZETTE," in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Comptroller,
GEORGE C. MORGAN,
Of St. Mary's County.

For Lottery Commissioner,
THOMAS HOLLIDAY HICKS.
Of Dorchester.

For Commissioner of the Land Office,
GEORGE G. BREWER,
Of Annapolis.

For Judge of the Court of Appeals,
JOHN B. ECCLESTON,
Of Kent County.

For Commissioner of Public Works,
JOHN R. FRANKLIN,
Of Worcester.

WEDNESDAY NEXT, the fifth of November, is the day of election. Let every voter in the county be early at the polls so that there shall be a full vote for the responsible and important officers to be elected on that day. Let no man neglect voting for any cause whatever, if he can possibly avoid it.

JAMES B. RICAUD, Esq., of Chestertown, is announced as an independent candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court, for this Judicial District.

WE print most of our issue this week on paper much larger than necessary, owing to the factories near Baltimore being closed by the drought. We shall be all right next week.

SAMUEL D. LECOMPT, Esq., is stumping the lower counties of this shore as a candidate for Circuit Judge. What a way to keep Judicial offices free from partisan influences!

DECLENSION.—We are requested by Mr. James Arringdale to withdraw his name from the list of independent candidates, his private affairs preventing him from entering into the canvass. The request was made a week since, but too late for our last paper.

BY a proclamation in our advertising columns it will be seen that Gov. Lowe has appointed Thursday, the 27th inst., as a day of public Thanksgiving and Prayer. This day has been selected by the Governor's of all the States, who have issued Proclamations, and it will probably be observed by a majority of the States of the Union.

RASCALITY.—The leather top of Mr. Howes Goldsborough's carriage was cut up in a most outrageous manner, on Tuesday evening at the Point, or on Wednesday morning at Miles River Ferry. The same gentleman's carriage top and harness were cut to pieces on the night of the election last Fall. He has no suspicion of who is the guilty person. Every good citizen should make an effort to discover the author of such contemptible rascality.

POLITICAL MEETINGS are all the rage now. There was one at Lewistown in the Chapel district, on Saturday last; one at the Chapel on Monday; one at Easton on Tuesday; one at the Chapel on Wednesday; one at Easton Point on Thursday; and there is to be one at the Chapel to-day, and at Lewistown on Monday, which will probably be the last of the season. Messrs. Goldsborough and Martin are generally the speakers, but "some of the candidates and perhaps others," have made brief speeches at different times.

THE CIRCUIT JUDGESHIP.—There are four independent candidates for this office, of which one only can be elected. They are, politically, equally divided, two Whigs and two Democrats. The Circuit Judge administers justice directly to the people, and it is of the utmost importance that the most learned, unprejudiced, impartial, clear minded and sound judging man be elected. If a good selection is not made, the error will be irreparable for ten years to come, a period in which hundreds may be effected by the mal-administration of justice.—Let every voter ponder and weigh well the subject before he deposits his ballot, and then vote as his conscience and his best judgment shall dictate.

LET our friends beware of slanderous charges made against the Whig and independent candidates, on the eve of election. The candidates for State offices presented by the Whig party are irreproachable in character, and well qualified for the respective offices, and are entitled to the full and united support of the entire Whig party.—Numerous false charges have been brought against them, but have all been refuted and will not probably injure them. Charges and insinuations are also being circulated, prejudicial to the independent candidates for the county offices, but particularly in regard to Messrs. Donovan and Hopkins. They are charged with being anti-reformers, which is entirely false, both being in favor of the new constitution; but if they were not, it would be unjust to proscribe them for an honest and conscientious opinion on a matter in no wise identified with any particular party. It is *insinuated* that they are incompetent for the places which they seek—no man having a regard for his reputation will make the charge openly, and it is done by *insinuation*. Both have been for several years, and now are, engaged in the respective offices for which they are candidates, and have always *proved* themselves competent for *every* duty of these offices, no matter how intricate, and this certainly is evidence sufficient to the people of this county to counteract the insinuations of those who know nothing about either office, and is better than fifty newspaper endorsements written for party nominees by partisan editors. Every effort is being made to defeat them, therefore reject as false any charges, insinuations, or statements that may be made at this late day, to their prejudice.

WHY is it that the Star every week publishes appeals to its party to stick to the ticket, or some article denouncing democrats as unworthy of confidence if they do not vote the whole ticket? As a matter of course democrats will vote for their party candidates if they think they are as well qualified and worthy of support as other candidates, yet the Star is very uneasy about the Locofoco candidates this year.—There is something "rotten in Denmark"—it would not have so many misgivings if it was confident that the caucus nominees of its party were equal in ability and qualifications to the independent candidates for the respective offices.—We should not be surprised if the people should on Wednesday next, also show that *they* have their doubts of the propriety of electing a man, regardless of capability, simply because he is a party nominee.

THE Star re-publishes an article in regard to the importance of the office of Register of Wills, and says:

"Mr. Price's experience as Register—his knowledge of our Testamentary System—his thorough and admitted qualifications, and his known urbanity and courtesy in transacting public business—all give assurance that the public interests will be safe if entrusted in his hands."

We have not a word to say against Mr. Price, but has not Mr. Donovan had "experience as Register," has he not practically studied "our Testamentary System," has he not on all occasions proved that he is "thoroughly qualified" for the station, and is he not well known for his "urbanity and courtesy?" Then how is Mr. Price so much better qualified for the office, and why should he be supported over Mr. Donovan? The Star can give no answer except that he is the *nominee*, and every Democrat *must* support him to be a good party man. The Star talks a great deal, where it suits its purpose, about keeping certain offices free from partisan influences, and this is one office which should be kept free from politics. Taking this view of the matter the Whigs of this county declined making nominations for this and other local offices, and Mr. Donovan is an independent candidate for the station, and is entitled to the support of all independent men. But the Star has "greatly overrated the intelligence of the voters of Talbot," if they do not elect Mr. Price. How complimentary!—If any one differs with the sapient editor of the Star, he has greatly overrated their intelligence! If the voters of Talbot do not see fit to agree with that learned gentleman, and elect Mr. Price, they are not intelligent enough to know how to act properly! This is in effect the Star's language, and we ask our fellow-citizens if they will be dictated to in such an insulting manner?

THE APPELLATE JUDGESHIP.—In showing the true position which Judge Tingle occupies, we did not intend to make the canvass for the Appellate Judgeship a partisan matter, but simply to strip that gentleman of the Whig mantle which had been thrown around him. But the Star takes exceptions at our comparing Judge Eccleston with him, and says we have not "the legal acumen" or "ability" to decide between them. Where did the learned editor of the Star get the legal acumen or abillity to decide better than ourselves? We never heard that he had studied the law, or that his "abilities" were such as to place him far above his fellows. But a short time since, the Star thought that the *people* were fully competent to select their judges, but now neither the people nor editors generally, are able to make a proper selection. None but Locofoco editors and unfledged lawyers are capable of telling us who is the best man for Judge. Verily a change has come over the spirit of their dream; and it displays their *modesty* to great advantage, too.

But it also objects to Judge Eccleston as being a *nominated* candidate. We also regret that a nomination was made—the Whigs of this county were opposed to it, but were overruled by the other counties, who were undoubtedly influenced by the example of the Democrats of Baltimore city; but shall we reject the best man for the office that can be found on the Eastern Shore, simply because the Whigs agreed that they would support him? We hope not, especially as he is remarkable for his freedom from party bias, and strict impartiality. He is one of the *very* few men in the country who are not to be influenced by party nominations. Nominated or independent, we would rather trust to the impartiality of Judge Eccleston than to any man who has been spoken of for Judge in the entire State. We have not "legal acumen" to judge better than others, but our readers in this county know that to be his character, and knowing him will give him their support.

THE Whig candidate for Commissioner of Lotteries is a gentleman whom every Eastern Shoreman should be proud to support. He was battling for the interests of this Shore, and for the rights of Eastern Shoremen, while his opponent was working for Baltimore city. In a speech in Baltimore, Mr. Stewart said, speaking of his labors in the reform Convention, that "he had by his vote sacrificed his section and himself and lessened representation where it was deemed of vital importance—and though it made him odious there it yet was an act with which, had he lived in the glorious days of old Rome, he would have adorned his chariot and plumed his brow. And he called on all Baltimoreans to stand by him—as he had sacrificed himself for them he should look to them to elect him," &c. Now voters of the Eastern Shore, will you support a man who not only "sacrifices" you and your interests, but confesses it, even exults over it, and tries to make political capital for himself, out of votes which should forever disgrace him? Let him get the support of Baltimore city, but let the voters of the Eastern Shore sacrifice him, as he sacrificed them.

ILLEGAL VOTING.—The following is the provision of the new Constitution on this subject:

That if any person shall give, or offer to give, directly or indirectly, any bribe, present or reward, or any promise, or any security for the payment or delivery of money or any other thing, to induce any voter to refrain from casting his vote, or forcibly to prevent him in any way from voting, or to obtain or procure a vote for any candidate or person proposed or voted for, as elector of President and Vice President of the United States, or Representatives in Congress, or for any office of profit or trust created by the Constitution or Laws of this State, or by the ordinances or authority of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, the person giving or offering to give, and the person receiving the same, and any person who gives or causes to be given an illegal vote, knowing it to be so, at any election to be hereafter held in this State, shall on conviction in a court of law, in addition to the penalties now or hereafter to be imposed by law, be forever disqualified to hold any office of profit or trust or to vote at any election thereafter.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—The returns of the Congressional election in this State, which took place on Wednesday week, indicate the election of thirteen democrats and two whigs—the same as in the last Congress. The members elect are: John S. Millson, R. K. Meade, Thomas H. Averett, (probably,) Thomas S. Bocock, Paulus Powell, John S. Caskie, Thos. H. Bayly, A. H. Holladay, John Letcher, H. Edmunson, Fayette S. McMullen, J. M. H. Beale, (probably,) and George W. Thompson, democrats; and Jas. F. Strother and Chas. J. Faulkner, whigs.

The new Constitution is adopted by an overwhelming majority, nearly every county heard from having given a very large majority in its favor.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30.

Latest from Mexico.—By an arrival we have received the latest news from the seat of war in Northern Mexico. The revolution was progressing, with increased prospects of success. A small body of troops, composing the advance guard of the Revolutionists, had succeeded in penetrating into the city of Metamoras. Several skirmishes ensued, which ended in a sharp but brief engagement, in which the revolutionists were compelled to retire, with the loss of three men. A considerable number on the side of the Mexicans were killed. Another large body of American troops stationed on the Rio Grande have deserted and joined the revolutionary party.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24.

Another Fugitive Slave Returned!—To-day Henry Pierce, an alleged fugitive slave, belonging to Noble Pennington, of Cecil county, Md., had a hearing before the U. S. Commissioner Ingraham, and was remanded back to his master. He is now on his way to Baltimore. During the examination, Pierce's counsel said that Judge Conklin, of Western New York, had decided that the 10th section of the Fugitive Slave Law applied only to such cases as had occurred after the passage of the act. The Commissioner replied that he could not be guided by any decision of Judge Conklin, as he believed the Judge labored under a very great mistake. No disorder was manifested.

IN ANSWER to a publication which appeared in the Republican and Argus, copied from the State Capital Gazette, at Annapolis, in respect to a charge alleged against George G Brewer, the whig nominee for Commissioner of the Land Office, we are authorised, from an undoubted source, to state that it is an unqualified falsehood.—*Baltimore Daily News.*

CHESTERTOWN BANK.—The Farmer's and Mechanic's Bank is about going into operation at Chestertown. Mr. George B. Westcott has been elected president, and Samuel W. Spencer, cashier.

A COURT OF APPEALS CANDIDATE.

Anterior to the assembling of the Whig Convention in the city of Baltimore in September, I had looked to Judge Chambers as a candidate for the Court of Appeals, from the Eastern Shore district; but the recent Convention at Easton having ratified the nomination in Baltimore, I now look to Judge Eccleston, as the legitimate and regular candidate for that place. The judicial character of Judge Chambers stands as high in Maryland as the most elevated, and while many desired to see his valuable services continued to the public, others, who entertained the same exhalted opinion of his moral, intellectual and legal attainments, though the fact of his being able to serve but *six* of the *ten* years tenure, contemplated by the new Constitution, made it expedient and necessary to select some one capable of filling the whole term, and hence the choice of Judge Eccleston for this important post.

As Judge E.'s judicial services have been confined to the sixth district, and a portion of the present judicial district for electing a Court of Appeal's Judge not having had an opportunity of forming, from observation, an opinion of his legal abilities and fitness for the Appellate Court, it may not be inappropriate for one, who has known him long and intimately, and witnessed his judicial deportment and performance, during the period of his Associate Judgeship, to bear testimony to the high moral worth and profound legal acquirements of one, who has unexpectedly, and against his original wish, been placed in the responsible attitude for the highest judicial tribunal of the State.

Judge Eccleston is now about fifty-seven years of age, and was made an associate Judge of the district composed of Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's and Talbot, in the year 1832. Prior to his promotion to the Bench, he was a practician in the first three counties, with a very fair and growing practice, and during that time was brought into competition, in those Courts and in the Court of Chancery and Appeals, with some of the ablest and most distinguished members of the Maryland Bar. In the trial of a celebrated case of Oliver and Harris, in the Court of Appeals of the Eastern Shore, removed from Queen Anne's on eleven or twelve bills of exception, he had to measure arms with the lamented and distinguished WIRT, and while he succeeded on every point, received a handsome tribute of commendation from that eloquent and magnanimous opponent. While in Chancery, he was never known to lose a litigated case.

Since his elevation to the Bench, it has fallen to the lot of Judge E., during the necessary absence of the other Judges, to sit alone in Cecil Court, while the most important trials have been had, in which the most distinguished counsel in Maryland and Delaware have been engaged, and the result has uniformly added to his high reputation as a lawyer, by the profound legal opinions, on the most complicated questions, he has been called upon to express.

During the judicial career of Judge E. he has been a student. Having a fondness for the law, he has made it a pleasure, as well as duty, to cultivate a most intimate acquaintance with the science, to store his mind with its lore, and to qualify himself for a prompt, safe and easy discharge of every duty his station might require. In the pursuit of legal principles, their philosophy and application, he is patient, indefatigable and persevering: no obstacle proving too high to be surmounted, no effort and labor too great a tax upon his physical and mental capacity. He has thus constituted himself one of the soundest, safest, ablest lawyers of his day. The compliment paid by the biographer to the memory of Chief Justice Hall, might not be considered mapplicable to him: "To unsullied integrity and lofty independence, he added a rare combination of deep professional knowledge with exquisite common sense."

According to a homely, but expressive phrase, 'there was no rubbish in his mind.' Familiar with the practice of the Court as any Clerk, acquainted with the rules of special pleading, as if he had spent all his days and nights in drawing declarations and demurrers, and versed in the subtleties of the law of real property, as if he had confined his attention to conveyancing.

The judicial manner of Judge E. has been uniformly fitted to his place, combining courtesy and kindness, with becoming dignity. He has not failed to secure the respect and confidence of the bar entire, and of the community, while in social and private life, and as a citizen, he has exhibited a character and deportment, which eminently entitle him to the appellation of a 'christian gentleman.'

AN OBSERVER.

FRAUDS.—We cut the following from the Philadelphia News:

"At a meeting of the board of Commissioners of Kensington, Philadelphia, on Wednesday, the Locofoco members of the Board holding over, accordingly organized by electing a President and other officers, refusing the newly elected members to participate in the proceedings, or to be received as members of the Board. Each of the members elect had his certificate of election, which he presented, and claimed his seat; but the *rump* Board, consisting of the members holding over, and irregularly and illegally organized, set at defiance their demands and disregarded the evidences of their election, it claiming to possess the right to go behind the certificate of their election, and to decide whether they are elected and shall be received as members. We have never heard of a greater or more barefaced outrage. Such is modern locofocoism! The good people of Kensington will be cursed but one year more with such municipal affairs. The day of retribution is not far off."

DROWNED.—We learn from the Denton Journal that Ennals Hicks, free negro, was drowned in Tuckahoe Creek on the 22d ult., by falling overboard from an oyster boat.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES.

For Clerk of the Circuit Court,
SAMUEL T. HOPKINS.

For Register of Wills,
JOHN DONOVAN.

For State's Attorney,
HENRY H. GOLDSBOROUGH.

For Sheriff.
THOMAS J. CLARK.

For Judges of the Orphans' Court.
EDWARD M. DAWSON,
WILLIAM TOWNSEND,
THOMAS BURCHENAL.

For County Commissioners,
WILLIAM N. MULLIKIN,
JOHN R. HOPKINS,
RICHARD H. ADAMS,
WILLIAM P. KEMP,
JOSIAH HIGGINS.

For the Legislature.
ALEXANDER H. SETH,
CHARLES R. MULLIKIN.

For Surveyor.
JAMES FITZJARRELL

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE
For Judge of the Circuit Court, 7th District,
JAMES B. RICAUD.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE
For Judge of the Circuit Court, 7th District,
PHILEMON B. HOPPER.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

I announce myself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit. I have no pledge to make in the event of my election, beyond what is required by the Constitution and Laws and oath of office.

MADISON BROWN.

Centreville, Oct 25—te

THE HON. WILLIAM TINGLE, of Worcester County, is an Independent Candidate for the Appellate Court of the State, in the Eastern Shore District. oct 18—te

A CARD.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES B. WAY, Esq., as an Independent candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court of Talbot county. Sept 20—te

The Annapolis Republican says that the schooners Polly Bell and Petrel, and sloop Levant, all of Philadelphia, were on Tuesday week seized for a breach of the oyster law, and taken into Annapolis. The crews were taken before a magistrate, and on failure to pay the fine of $5 to which the law subjects them, were committed to jail. The vessels were condemned.

ATTEMPT TO BURN A COURT HOUSE.—The Court House in Cambridge, Dorchester county, was attempted to be fired on Wednesday morning of last week. It was discovered in time by one of the citizens and extinguished before much damage was done.

A CARD.

MR. EDITOR:—Circumstances over which I have no control render the withdrawal of my name as a candidate imperative for the present. To those of my friends that may regret my withdrawal, I have only to say I shall be willing to gratify them whenever such shall not conflict with my feelings or affairs.

Respectfully,
JAMES ARRINGDALE.

AN Apprentice wanted to learn the printing business. An honest, industrious and intelligent boy, 14 or 15 years of age, can hear of a good situation by applying immediately at this office. oct 25

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER! PEPSIN, *the True Digestive Fluid or Gastric Juice!* A great Dyspepsia Curer, prepared from Rennet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11 North Eighth streets, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method, by nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.

GRAIN.—Good to prime red Wheat 70 to 75 cents; ordinary to good 64a70c; white 75 to 85 cents. We quote old white Corn at 55a56c, and yellow at 56c; new white & yellow 50a53c.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.

GRAIN.—Wheat, owing to scarcity, brought rather better prices to day, and sold at 78a80 cents for reds, 81c for mixed, and 87c for prime Penn'a white. Rye 70c. Corn is dull and drooping, with sales of Southern yellow at 60 cents for old, and 59c for old and new mixed.

MARRIED,

On Thursday evening, the 23d inst., by the Rev. G. D. Carrow, Mr. JESSE MULLIKIN, to Miss ELIZABETH ELLEN READ, all of Trappe.

EASTERN SHORE BACON.—Hams just received and for sale by
nov 1 CHEEZUM & EMORY.

Shawls.—A large and handsome assortment just received and for sale by
nov 1 CHEEZUM & EMORY.

NOTICE.—I hereby forewarn all persons from hunting with dog or gun, or trapan for birds, on my premises, as I am determined to enforce the law against all persons so offending. W. HAYWARD.
Nov 1 3t

NOTICE.—The Board of Trustees of the Talbot County Alms House are requested to meet on Monday, the 10th of November, for the purpose of electing a Physician and an Overseer for the ensuing year.

W. H. THOMPSON, Sec'y.
Nov 1 2w

Agricultural Notice.

THE Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at "Waverly," the residence of J. R. Plater, Esq., on Thursday next, the 6th inst. By order,

M. T. GOLDSBOROUGH, Sec'y.
Nov 1 S 1t

FRESH ETHEREAL OIL.—regularly received and for sale by
oc 18 WALTER H. THOMPSON.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2940_scm12401-0197.jpg