MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 26.

SENATE.—The bill to amend the charter of the Canton Company, was passed.

HOUSE.—Mr. Miller reported a bill to enable the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company to bridge the Susquehanna river. Made the order of the day for the second Tuesday of February.

The resolution that the commissioners to revise and simplify the rules of practice, &c., also submit with their report a system of charges in the offices of Clerks and Registers of Wills, was taken up and debated by Messrs. Kilgour, Bateman, Baker, of Baltimore, Brodwater, and Everett, when Mr. Davis offered a resolution, as a substitute, that the Commissioners to revise and simplify the rules of practice, &c., report what progress they have made with the works, and when the same will be submitted to the Legislature. After further debate by Messrs. Stewart, Kilgour and Barnitz, and without taking the question, the House adjourned.

January 27.

SENATE.—Bills passed: To pay the Register of Wills of Caroline county out of the school fund, for certain services rendered; changing the name of A. F. Dixon, of P. George's county, to A. F. Jenkins; to cure a defect in the acknowledgement of a deed to James Polk.

Mr. Baker presented a communication from the Register of Wills of Baltimore city. Also, a communication from the Superior Court of Baltimore city, in obedience to the order of the House of the 22d inst.—severally read and laid on the table

The House resumed the unfinished business of yesterday, being the resolution offered by Mr. Kilgour, requesting the Commissioner appointed to revise and simplify the rules of practice, &c., to submit with their report a free bill to be charged by Clerks and Registers and the amendment offered by Mr. Davis, that said Commissioners inform the House of the progress they have made and the probable time when they will submit their work to the Legislature. The amendment of Mr. Davis was adopted as an original proposition and the resolution of Mr. Kilgour rejected.

Bills passed: To lay out and open a road through parts of Frederick and Carroll counties; to amend the charter of the Swanton Coal and Iron Company; to authorise the American Mutual Insurance Company of Baltimore, to wind up its affairs; to admit Alex. Wolff as an attorney in the several courts now sitting in Baltimore city.

January 28.

SENATE.—Bills passed: To refund to N. J. Worthington, Sheriff of Anne Arundel county, a fine of $50, paid by him and remitted by the Governor. To authorize a conveyance to the Bethel Presbyterian Church of Harford county.

HOUSE.—On motion of Mr. Hope, the Committee on Ways and Means were requested to inquire into the expediency of increasing the license to persons engaged in the sale of wines and spirituous liquors to $20.

Mr. Wyse reported favorable on the bill to restore the auction duties of the city of Baltimore. Postponed till 1st of March.

Senate bill giving the assent of the Legislature to the purchase of certain lands by the General Government, was passed.

The unfavorable report of the Committee on Claims upon the petition of John R. Franklin, was taken up. Mr. Waters offered as a substitute, a bill to pay John R. Franklin $41 for commissions on monies of the State collected by him.

Considerable debate ensued, when Mr. Stephenson offered an order calling on the Comptroller to inform the House when the claims of the State against E. R. Davis, Collector of Colonization taxes for 1846 and 1847 were placed in the hands of J. R. Franklin, and when placed in the hands of Geo. R. Collier; also, the correspondence on the subject between the Comptroller and Messrs. Franklin and Collier. Pending the vote on said order the House adj.

January 31.

HOUSE.—The Speaker laid before the House a report of the comptroller in reply to an order of the 25th inst, requesting him to furnish to the House a statement of the amount of the extreme estimated revenue for the current year which will accrue from the ordinary sources of revenue, contradistinguishable from that receivable from internal improvement companies, or the taxes now laid to pay off the public debt.

Bills passed: Empowering the commissioners of the land office, to affix the great seal to papers issuing from his office, and requiring the same. Giving the assent of the Legislature to a bequest in the will of Mary Buckey, late of Frederick county, deceased. For relief of James A. Lyzar, of Washington county.

February 1.

SENATE.—Mr. Ely submitted a preamble and resolutions requesting the Governor to apply to the government of the United States for the return of the muster and pay rolls of the officers and soldiers of the State of Maryland who served in the war of 1812, that those entitled to bounty land under the act of Congress of 28th September, 1850, may have access thereto in order to substantiate their just claims.

Bills passed: To cure certain defects in the acknowledgments of deeds. Repealing certain provisions of former acts relative to taking acknowledgments of deeds of justices of the peace for Baltimore city and county.

HOUSE.—The Speaker laid before the House a report from the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Baltimore county, relative to the number of clerks, &c., employed by him, and their salaries—one principal clerk, $1,200—one recorder, (not permanent) $585—office keeper $50—miscellaneous expenses, $269 86; total, $2,131 86.

Mr. Baker, of Baltimore city, reported from the majority of the committee on the currency, adverse to the repeal of the small note law of last session, so far as regards the banks of this State.

Mr. Morris, from the minority of the committee, reported in favor of the repeal, with a bill to carry out the fourth section of the small note law of last session.

Bill's passed: To pay the expense of the contested election in Howard county for Register of Wills. To empower the trustees of Govanstown Academy to make a lease. To amend the charter of the Parker Vein Coal company. Incorporating Hillsborough, in Caroline county, and several others.

February 2.

SENATE.—Mr. Longwell presented a petition of 176 citizens of Carroll county for a deduction of taxes. Mr. Kunkel, a like petition of 21 citizens of Frederick county.

The bill to pay arrears of salary due Judges Spence and Tingle, was passed.

HOUSE.—The Speaker laid before the House a report from D. M. Perine, late Register of Wills of Baltimore county, in reply to an order of the House, stating that in 1851 he had in his employ nine clerks whose compensation varied according to their respective services, and were deemed by him sufficient for the discharge of the duties of the office; that he has no means of stating the clerical force required for county business proper; and that he kept no account of office expenses.

Several private bills were passed.

FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.—Considerable excitement was caused at Alton, Ill, on the 17th by the announcement of another attempt to carry off on the steamer Cornelia a fugitive slave, without a trial under the fugitive slave law. The effort was prevented by the proper officers, and trial was held the same evening before Levi Davis, Esq., U. S. Commissioner. A large crowd was in attendance, patiently awaiting the decision. The facts, as near as we can learn, are as follows:

"The slave girl, Amanda, was brought to Alton city, about a year ago, from Tennessee, by a son of her master, and by the son set free, without the consent of his father. The father since died, and the ownership of the slave has been purchased by the present claimants, who bring proof that the son was then underage. After a very minute examination, Commissioner Davis decided in favor of the claimants. Considerable sympathy was manifested for the slave girl, and an effort will be made to purchase her. The whole passed off very peacefully and creditably.

THE FEUD IN GARRARD COUNTY, KY. *The Hills and Evans.*—From a private letter to a citizen of this place, we learn that the trial of the parties surviving the last fray, at a tobacco barn in which some half dozen on each side were engaged, and several killed and others wounded,) has resulted in their acquittal. The account further states that the clans respectively have signed a formal treaty of peace—obliging themselves to refrain from further hostilities—except the Murphys and Mays, who still refuse to treat.

It is also stated that by the various battles, assassinations, sieges, &c., among them, eight men and boys have been killed, several crippled and maimed for life, and forty-eight children left fatherless.—The quarrel commenced about the year 1822. As strange as all this may appear, it has occurred in a county which we know to be celebrated for the intelligence and general moral worth of its inhabitants—the native home of personages no less distinguished in Kentucky than McKee, Robertson, Owsley, and Letcher.—*Columbia (Mo.) Statesman.*

CHANGE IN THE CURRENT OF TRADE.—The cotton and tobacco of the Ohio and Mississippi Valley, which used to be sent down to New Orleans, to be shipped to the Atlantic ports, are now coming over the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroads. The Louisville Courier compares the relative cost of shipping one hundred bales of cotton from New Orleans to New York by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It shows a difference of $214.72 in favor of the latter route. The Courier says that a large quantity of the products of Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, and northern Alabama, will seek an outlet in this way, and that Louisville will be the cotton mart of the West.

THE KAINE EXTRADITION CASE.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The Judges of the Supreme Bench to-day were equally divided as to the jurisdiction of the court in the case of Kaine, and the prisoner must remain in duresse until action be taken *de novo* on the merits, or until the writ be allowed on a future motion of the prisoner, so that the case must again come before the New York Court.

Justice Nelson's opinion was a very able and important one, and fully endorsed the arguments of Kaine's counsel. It occupied an hour in delivery. Justice Catron held directly opposite, and in a very elaborate opinion pronounced the arguments of Kaine's counsel untenable.

SANTA ANNA, it is said, has been solicited to return to Mexico to take supreme command; but judging from the character of the individual, there will not be much persuasion needed. On leaving the Republic he accused his enemies of wishing to "dismember the Republic and place California and Northern Mexico under another rule." It was thought at the time that he looked to the sale of the northern provinces as necessary to the life of Mexico, and as a mine of resources of the government. Chihuahua and Sonora are still marketable, while the Tehauntepec question and the claims under the treaty of Gaudaloupe Hidalgo will give to a strong man in Mexico abundant resources to reconstruct the Republic within the Sierra Madra, from its new centrifugal elements. Mexico looks for the "coming man."

ENGLAND AND THE HAVANA AUTHORITIES.—Letters from Havana state that the British consul and the authorities are at loggerheads, not only on account of the expulsion of Mr. Boylen, but from the fact that British officers and sailors have been arrested and imprisoned, without cause, while in the discharge of their duties in attention to the *shore-wants* of a British man of war. For this, it is said, redress has been demanded, and it is even rumored that the consul has demanded his passports.

The Washington "Union" of Tuesday expresses itself in the following *discordant* terms of its political co-laborer, the "Democratic Review:"—

In the last week of January the November and December numbers of the Democratic Review—the organ of the self styled progressive and *fast* men—came to us freighted with its usual cargo of buccaneer morality and savage denunciation. The semi-occasional appearance of this piratical print is in keeping with the irregular and illegitimate purposes of the plunder party which it represents, and whose interests it seeks to promote by its unprincipled forays in the field of politics. The style, too, in which it is written, partakes, by analogy, of the character of its ethics; and as the one is but a profligate disregard of the principles of common honesty, so the other treats with contemptuous scorn the rules of common sense. The half educated writer who makes up its articles conveys his contraband sentiments by the disguises and concealments of the guilty smuggler, and contrives, either from incapacity to speak with an honest candor, or with the design of masking his illicit aim, to obscure his meaning in a cloud of violent antitheses, far-fetched allusions, swelling epithets, and ridiculous solecisms.

ELECTION OF U. S. SENATOR.—The New Jersey Legislature have elected Hon. Wm. Wright U. S. Senator for six years from the 4th of March next. Mr. Wright was formerly a whig, but came out for Pierce in the recent campaign. Consistent Democrats have to stand aside to make room for brawling apostates. How do the old stand-bys like it?

The House of Representatives of Massachusetts ballotted for U. S. Senator on the 2d inst., when the Hon. Edward Everett was chosen. The vote stood, Everett 146, Caleb Cushing, dem. 75, Phillips, free soil, 51, scattering 7. The Senate will doubtless concur in the election of Mr. Everett, as that body is also whig.

A vote was taken in the Legislature of Maine for U. S. Senator, on the 2d inst.—In the Senate, Fessenden, whig, received 18 votes, and Clifford, dem, 13. In the House, Fessenden 65, Dana, dem, 70, scattering 12—no choice.

DEATH OF JUDGE MAGRUDER.—We regret to learn of the death of Hon Alexander C. Magruder, on Monday, at the residence of his daughter, in Prince George's county. He underwent a protracted illness. The deceased had long been an eminent member of the bar of Maryland, and had held several positions of distinction and trust in the State, in all of which he ever won honor and esteem, and impressed all with the extent of his generous and manly qualifications. Mr. Magruder was a judge of the former Court of Appeals under the old constitution, and previously represented Annapolis in the Legislature of the State. More recently he had been reporter of the present Court of Appeals.—*Sun.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We regret to state that an accident occurred, a few days since, in this county, which resulted in the death of Mr. George Wrotten. It appears that a horse race took place at Cowart's Store, Lake's District, Mr. Wrotten being one of the riders. By the side of the track stood a pine tree, one of the limbs of which stretched across the road, and as Mr. W upon approaching it, stooped to avoid a contact with the branch, he lost his balance and fell, striking the back of his head against a root, and injuring himself so severely that death ensued in a few hours. Mr. Wrotten leaves a wife and several children.—*Cambridge Chronicle.*

MR KING'S HEALTH.—The Charleston (S. C.) Courier, referring to a letter from its Key West correspondent, who reported that the health of the Vice President elect had much improved, says:

We regret to learn that our correspondent has given a rather too favorable account of the health of Mr. King, as those who saw him at Key West represent him as being in a very precarious condition, and even go so far as to express their apprehensions that he cannot survive many weeks. We trust, however, that the change of climate may have a beneficial effect, and that he may yet live many years.

The National Intelligencer quiets a report which created speculations and surmises without number on its first appearance, viz: the occupation of Samana by the French. It appears that official intelligence from Mr. Rives declares the story destitute of foundation, and that the French Government denies any knowledge of the supposed transaction, which had taken place in its name and by its authority. There was no French vessel of war at Samana at the period when the occupation was alleged to have happened.

Mrs. Julia Gardiner Tyler, the accomplished lady of Ex-President Tyler, publishes in the Richmond Enquirer a reply to the officious letter which the Duchess of Sutherland and other ladies of England, thought proper, not long since, to address to the "Women of America," on the question of domestic slavery. The letter is long and very severe.

HOMESTEAD LAWS.—Seventeen States have passed Homestead Laws. Of the Southern States, Georgia exempts twenty acres, not exceeding in value $350; Florida exempts forty acres, not exceeding in value $400; Alabama, forty acres, or house and lot in town, $300; Texas, two hundred acres, $500; California, $500; South Carolina, forty acres, $500.

COLORED PERSONS IN PENNSYLVANIA. Two important bills were reported in the Pennsylvania legislature, on Monday—one to prevent colored persons from acquiring a residence in that State; and the other to prevent fugitives from labor in other States and slaves manumitted by their masters, from settling in Pennsylvania.

A despatch from Washington states that the senior editor of the National Intelligencer, Joseph Gales, Esq, is dangerously ill.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 5, 1853.

☞ WM. THOMSON S. E. corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "GAZETTE"

☞ V. B. PALMER is authorized to receiveadvertisements for the "EASTON GAZETTE," in the cities of New York, and Philadelphia.

EX-GOV. P. F. THOMAS, of this State, has been on a pilgrimage to the new political Mecca, Concord, and had an interview with Gen. Pierce.

JUST VERDICT.—The jury in the case of Reed, on trial at Albany, N. Y., for aiding in the rescue of the fugitive slave Jerry, at Syracuse, about a year since, rendered a verdict of guilty on Saturday last. This is the first conviction, we believe, for a violation of the fugitive slave law. He was tried before Judge Hall, late Postmaster General.

UPON reading the full report of the speeches of Messrs. Soule and Seward, we find that we were wrong in stating last week that the former gentleman approved of the proposed tripartite treaty—he only condemned portions of Mr. Everett's letter, not the *refusal* to enter into the proposed Convention. Mr. Seward's speech, also, was not against Mr. Cass' resolution, but against Mr. Cass himself. He stated that he should vote for the resolutions, although he did not consider them necessary at this time.

WE learn from the Star that the Assessors have completed their returns of the assessment of this county. The following is the amount returned for each District:

District No. 1, - - -	$1,851,251
District No. 2, - - -	1,048,825
District No. 3, - - -	1,285,496
District No. 4, - - -	519,550
District No. 5, - - -	391,173
Total, - - -	$5,096,295
Old Assessment, - -	4,490,881
Increase in assessable property,	$605,414

WHAT is to become of Mexico? The state of affairs now existing in that unhappy and unfortunate country makes this an important inquiry to us, her neighbors. The insurrectionists have succeeded in driving, or scaring, Gen. Arista, out of the Presidential chair, and only a temporary government now exists.—Frequently has this been the case before, and Presidents have been elevated by some successful military faction. But there is now a great obstacle in the way of even this detestable mode of forming a government and choosing an executive officer. A President may be selected, but how is he to carry on the Government with an empty treasury? And so low is the credit of Mexico that the last loan was made only by procuring private securities for its repayment. Without any definite idea of self-government, without stability, enterprise, or industry, how can it be expected that this people shall long continue as a Nation. There is no common feeling among the States to keep them together—no principle of government upon which they will unite. Poor Mexico! that once proud, rich and powerful Nation, seems destined to crumble to the dust. Never stable, she has always been at the mercy of aspiring military chieftains, and anarchy, misrule and poverty have been the only fruits of *her* republican form of government. It is evident that the Mexican people are not fit for self-government, and it is equally evident that they are not capable of appreciating to its full extent, such a republican form of government as our own. Should there be an influx of genuine Yankees into that country, who would make the rich mines of Mexico a source of inexhaustable wealth to themselves, and develope the many resources of revenue to the government, some of our spirit of industry, love of liberty, and "go-a-headitiveness" generally, might be infused into the indolent Mexicans, and they might then become worthy of enjoying the inestimable blessings of a truly free government. But that is not for this generation, and the question, "What is to become of Mexico?" is an important one. Can she exist as a Nation, while rival factions are contending for power, to the point of civil war, and the Government is without money or credit? This state of things may last for some years longer, and it is possible, but not probable, that Mexico, like the United States, may be blessed with some pure patriots who will arise above the petty strifes for power, and give to her a form of government which shall be stable and prosperous, and under which her people may live happily and securely. We are not in favor of annexation, but it appears to us that at no distant day, Mexico must be annexed to the United States, to prevent foreign governments colonizing the territory which was once the Republic of Mexico. At all events, the present state of that country, is a fit subject for the attention of Gen. Cass, and quite as important as the Clayton and Bulwer treaty.

RELEASE OF STEWART AT VALPARAISO. The Panama papers mention a report that Wm. U. Stewart, the American in prison at Valparaiso, had been released on the peremptory demand of the U. S. Consul. Their dates from Valparaiso, however, are the same as those published in the Sun ten days ago, which announced that Stewart was still in prison, but that the affair was about to be amicably settled.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, on the 27th ult., Mr. Cass' resolution directing an inquiry by the Committee of Foreign Relations as to the necessity for any action relative to the Bulwer and Clayton explanation of the treaty of 1850, was taken up. Mr. Mangum and Mr. Bell urged its postponement until the 4th of March, when Mr. Clayton would be there to defend himself. Messrs. Mason and Borland urged its adoption. Mr. Gwin moved it be laid on the table—lost, yeas 17, nays 29. The resolution was then adopted. The Pacific Railroad bill was taken up and further debated, until the hour of adjournment.

In the House, Mr. Stanly reported a bill to pay to the different States the fourth instalment of public monies due under the act of 1836, said money to be used for the purposes of colonization of free negroes. On motion of Mr. Orr, of S. C., the bill was laid on the table—yeas 105, nays 100. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Deficiency bill, and several amendments were acted upon. Among others, was one offered by Mr. Stanly, providing that in future no books shall be furnished to Members, except for the Congress of which they were members. He stated that these books were often sold by members, and then repurchased to supply future Congressmen. The amendment was adopted. The bill having been perfected, it was reported to the House, read a third time and passed.

On Thursday the Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President, declining to transmit certain correspondence relative to treaties with Nicaragua, as negotiations on the subject have not yet terminated.

Mr. Rusk, from the select committee to whom was referred the various projects for railroads to the Pacific, reported a substitute for them all, which was ordered to be printed.—The private calendar was then taken up and several private bills acted on.

The House, also, was engaged with the private calendar.

On Monday, no business was done in either House, except the announcement of the death of the Hon. Alexander H. Buell, a Member of the House from New York, who died in Washington on Sunday morning. The usual resolutions were adopted, after which both Houses adjourned.

On Tuesday, on motion of Mr. Pratt, the Senate took up the House bill appropriating $4,316 to the legal representatives of Bernard Todd, of Baltimore county, for property destroyed by the British at the time of the attack on Baltimore, in 1814, and after a brief explanation by Mr. Pratt, the bill was passed.

House bill for the relief of General Bennett Riley, and to enable him to settle his accounts with the U. S., was taken up, and after a long debate on the motion to refer it, which was rejected, the bill was ordered to be engrossed.

The Pacific Railroad bill was then taken up, and several amendments proposed. It was then postponed, and the resolutions reported at the last session by the committee on foreign relations, relative to the duty of this government to protect the rights of its citizens under the Garay grant, for a railroad over the Isthmus of Tehuantepec were taken up.

Mr. Mason addressed the Senate for an hour and a half in vindication of the Garay grant; in favor of a communication by Tehauntepec with the Pacific as the best and most practicable route, and in earnest exposition of the duties of the government to protect this grant, now owned by its citizens.

The House passed the bill abolishing the giving of bail and imprisonment on mesne process, in the District of Columbia. The House then took up the army appropriation bill, and an amendment was offered restoring the superintendance of the armories to civil superintendants. Messrs. Evans, of Md., Stanly and Wilcox, of Miss., opposed the amendment, and Messrs. Gorman, of Ia., Ingersoll, of Ct., and Hall, of Mo., advocated it. Without taking a vote the House adjourned.

On Wednesday Mr. Downs addressed the Senate in support of the resolutions reported by the committee on foreign relations, on the subject of the Tehuantepec right of way. The consideration of the Pacific railroad bill was then resumed, and a substitute offered by Mr. Brodhead, appropriating $100,000 for a reconnoisance and survey of the route, was debated till the hour of adjournment.

The House took up the bill reported by Mr Dunham, authorizing the coinage of silver of a less weight than now required. Mr. Dunham addressed the House in its favor, and Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., in opposition. Without disposing of the subject, the House took up the Senate bill granting lands for railroad purposes in Wisconsin. Mr. Doty offered as an amendment Mr. Bennett's bill distributing lands among all the States for internal improvement and educational purposes, which passed the House last session. A motion to lay the bill and amendment on the table was lost. The House then adjourned.

DISCHARGE OF NEAL.—Richard Neal, the negro man charged with enticing slaves to escape from Anne Arundel county, was discharged from custody by the Supreme Court, at Philadelphia, on the 31st ultimo, the agent of Maryland not being in attendance. The telegraphic reporter says Mr. Lamb, the agent, was so badly beaten by the negroes at Chester, that he could not attend, having gone home by the advice of his physicians.

EASTERN SHORE STEAMBOAT.—The Eastern Shoreman says that during the past week more than $20,000 have been subscribed in Somerset county for the purchase of a boat to run permanently between Princess Ann and Baltimore. M. C. Smith, who subscribed $5,000, has started for Baltimore to effect the necessary arrangements.

LOUISIANA U. S. SENATOR.—The democrats of the Louisiana legislature have rejected a proposition to treat the election of Mr. Benjamin, whig, to the United States Senate, as a nullity, by electing another. This, however, is said not to be a test vote, and they may yet go into an election.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

Fishery Treaty with England.—A treaty has been concluded between the United States and England in regard to the North American fisheries and reciprocity of trade with Canada. I doubt, however, whether there will be time left in the House to pass a bill in conformity with it this session.

WM. T. THUMLERT, a highly respectable citizen of Baltimore, says that STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT entirely cured him of a threatened CONSUMPTION of six months standing. He has since recommended it to many others, and it has in every instance done all that could be expected from medicine. It is used by many of the most experienced PHYSICIANS. If you have a Cough, try it! See advertisement in another column. [jan 22—1m

MARRIED,

In this county, on the 18th ult., by Rev. John Morgan, SOLOMON ROBINSON to MARGARETT SEYMOUR.

On the 3d inst., by Rev. John Morgan, Mr. ASBURY PROUSE of Caroline, to Miss ELVIRA CATRUP, of this county.

In Baltimore, on the 12th ult., by Rev. E. E. Allen, JAMES T. LAYFIELD to Miss SARAH E. JEFFERSON, both formerly of St. Michaels.

On the 12th ult., at St. Peter's Church, by Rev. Mr. King, Capt. ROBT. C. SKINNER, of Talbot county, and Miss MARTHA A. BLUNT, of Queen Anne's county.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 2.

GRAIN.—The receipts of Grain are light. We quote red Wheat at 1 15 a $1 17; white wheat at 1 17 a $1 25 per bushel, as to quality. Maryland Rye 82 a 83 cents, and Pennsylvania do. 85 a 87 cents per bushel. White Corn 58 a 59 cents, and yellow do. 62 a 63 cts. per bushel. Maryland Oats 40 a 42 cents, and Penna. do. 43 a 45 cents per bushel.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 2.

GRAIN—Little or none arriving, and the market for Wheat is rather more active; some 5000a6000 bush. having been taken for grinding at 1 18a1 18½c for good Delaware, and 120c for prime Penna. reds in store. Rye is wanted at 85a86c. Corn is very scarce, and good yellow readily commands 65c. Oats are dull and drooping, sales of Penna. at 42a43c.

MUSTARD—Very superior—in cans and bulk, constantly on hand and for sale by
feb 5 DAWSON & BRO.

TOBACCO—One box Ferguson's *superior* Chewing Tobacco, just rec'd by
feb 5 DAWSON & BRO.

DOCT. THOS. B. CHASE,

HAVING located in Easton, offers his professional services to the citizens of Talbot county. Office on Washington street.
feb 5—3m S

WANTED.

WE wish to engage an intelligent youth of industrious habits, who has had some experience in the Dry Goods business.
feb 5 GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON.

Valentines! Valentines!!

THE subscriber has just opened a very large assortment of *VALENTINES, VALENTINE CARDS* and *VALENTINE WRITERS*, &c., which he invites the public to call and see.
feb 5 CARLES ROBINSON.

Talbot County Medical Society.

A SPECIAL Meeting of this Association will take place in Easton on TUESDAY, 1st March proximo, at 10 o'clock A. M. Business of importance will be transacted. Members are desired to be punctual. By order.
CHRIS. C. COX, M. D., *President.*
J. H. ANDERSON, *Sec'y.* [feb 5—3w

Teacher Wanted.

A COMPETENT Teacher is wanted to take charge of Primary School in Election District No. 2, School District No. 2.—Satisfactory recommendations as to character and qualifications will be required.
Jos. H. Harrison,
Samuel Stewart,
Henry Townsend.
Trustees.
feb 5—3t

Church Notice.

THE Rev. Mr. WHITESIDES having accepted the Rectorship of the Episcopal congregation recently organised at Oxford, service will be held by Divine permission on every Sunday morning, in the Academy, until the completion of the new church. Members of the church and the public generally are respectfully invited. By order of the Vestry,
JAS. LL. CHAMBERLAINE.
feb 5—2w *Register.*

Valentines! Valentines!!

JUST rec'd a large and magnificent selection of *VALENTINES*, both Comical, Satirical and Sentimental—superior to all articles of the kind ever before offered in this market—and ranging in price from $10 to 6¼ cents.

Also a very handsome assortment of *Valentine Writers*—Sentimental and Floral—for Belles and Beaux.

☞ Drop in early and see for yourselves.
feb 5 WM. R. MARTIN.

DEDICATION.

THE new Church at Ivy Town, built by the African Methodist Episcopal congregation of this County, will, by Divine permission, be dedicated to the worship of Almighty God, on Sunday, the 13th inst; services to commence at 10½ o'clock A. M. Rev. WM. H. WEYMAN of the city of Washington will preach the dedicatory sermon. The public are respectfully requested to attend.
feb 5—1t TRUSTEES.

FOR SALE!

Fine Chance to Commence the Drug Business.

WISHING to leave the county, I will sell my *DRUG STORE*, in Denton, very low, without regard to cost. The stock is very good, and the fixtures complete. The Store is now doing a good business, which may be largely increased. Apply soon to
feb 5—3t SOL. RUTTER.

TOUS-LES-MOIS—A supply of fresh Canna Starch or Tous-les-Mois—just received and for sale by
jan 29 ANDERSON & CAMPBELL.

PRYOR'S COD LIVER OIL—Warranted *pure*, a *superior article*.
Also, *Rushton, Clark & Co's*—for sale by
jan 29 ANDERSON & CAMPBELL.

CHOLAGOGUE—A fresh supply of Osgood's Cholagogue, the great remedy for Ague and Fever, just received by
jan 29 DAWSON & BRO.

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