(Continued from First Page.)

ANNAPOLIS, March 28.

Neither branch of the Legislature was in session to-day. There is a quorum in town, but owing to the indisposition of several gentlemen no business was transacted.

ANNAPOLIS, March 29.

SENATE.—Bills pass—Enlarging the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace in attachments, to promote despatch in cases before them, and to limit the issuing of writs of certiorari. To amend the act incorporating the Baltimore and Philadelphia Railroad Company, passed last session.

The bill to incorporate the Baltimore Collegiate Institute was rejected—yeas 7, nays 9. On motion of Mr. Willis, said bill was reconsidered and laid on the table. The Senate then went into executive session.

HOUSE.—Bills passed—making valid certain proceedings in the Circuit Court of Montgomery county. To cure certain defects in the acknowledgment of deeds.—Repealing certain provisions in former acts relative to the taking of acknowledgments of deeds in Baltimore city and county.—Incorporating the Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad Co.

The bill for the government, regulation and disposition of the free colored population, was taken up, and was progressing in its second reading, when this letter was closed.

March 30.

SENATE.—The report and resolution upon the petition of Dr. Allen Thomas, of Howard county, was adopted, and 1000 copies ordered to be printed.

Bills passed.—For the more effectual suppression of crime. Incorporating the Baltimore collegiate Institute. For the removal of causes pending in the Chancery Court.

The bill to compel the measurement of firewood at Salisbury and Toneytank was rejected

HOUSE.—Mr. Wyse, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported back the bill making appropiation for the support of the government, with the recommendation that some of the Senate's amendments be acceded to, and that others be dissented from. The amendment of the Senate striking out the appropriation of $3600 as the salary of the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, as chief judge, was concurred in—yeas 40, nays 3. All the other amendments of the Senate were concurred in, except those which proposed to redeem and cancel a portion of the public debt, by taking it from the sinking fund, instead of permitting it to remain in the said fund.

On motion of Mr. Wyse, a message was sent to the Senate asking that body to recede from the amendment to which the House declined assenting.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill for the regulation, government and disposition of the free colored population of this State; it was amended and ordered to be engrossed.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.

Conviction of Arthur Spring.—The jury in the case of Arthur Spring came into Court at 8 o'clock, and rendered an unanimous verdict of "Murder in the First Degree."

The prisoner manifested great indifference, and took off his hat and cheered when the officers were taking him from the Court room. The crowd replied by terrific groans and menaces as the callous wretch was driven back to jail.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL IN THE PHILADELPHIA MURDER CASE.—Mr. Doran, counsel for Spring, made a motion in the court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia, on Saturday for a new trial, on the ground that one of the jury who tried him passed by the name of Bernard Corr, when his real name was Bernard McQuillan. Corr had hired him to attend as his substitute, and he daily answered to that name. This is a novel question, but the case cannot be taken to the Supreme Court, as the record of the Lower Court is all correct. The evidence of the matter will be heard on Monday. The affair has created much excitement. Mr Doran was induced to make the motion in consequence of receiving an anonymous letter, stating the fact of McQuillan answering to the name of Corr.

Spring still persists in his innocence.—On Friday, it is said, he was asked whether he had any unkind feelings towards his son Arthur? "Yes," replied he "I will never forgive him as long as I live; he has been the cause of all my trouble. I will go to the gallows with vengeance against Bryne, and my last breath will execrate the name and memory of my son." Bryne is the officer who induced the son to make a confession.

Arthur, the son of the convict, having been presented with a small sum of money, placed $3 in the hands of an officer, to pay the owner of the coat which he acknowledged on the witness stand he had stolen.

SAD RESULT.—Coroner Rountree, on Tuesday afternoon, held an inquest over the remains of Harriet Masden, aged sixteen years, who came to her death at the residence of her parents on Granby street, on Monday week, from what was esteemed originally a very slight occurrence.—A few days previous, whilst playing with her brother, he suddenly arose, and the point of a pair of scissors which he held in his hand accidentally punctured the cap of her knee, causing what appeared at the time to be merely a slight wound. Inflammation, however, supervened in a short time, and notwithstanding the assiduous attentions of Dr. Tharp and other eminent professional gentlemen, death ensued as above stated. The jury, after a full investigation, returned a verdict of accidental death. A report had been propagated that the wound had been inflicted intentionally by the brother, but this is entirely unfounded.—*Balt. Clipper.*

It is stated that Hon. Thomas Corwin intends to settle at Frankfort, Kentucky, where he intends practising law.

DISTRESSING RAILROAD ACCIDENT

Seven Persons Killed and Several Seriously Injured.

CUMBERLAND, March 28.

The intelligence reached this city this morning of a sad and fatal accident which befel the passenger train from Wheeling on Sunday about 3 P. M., at a point on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, 76 miles west of Cumberland.

The following are the particulars: The train consisted of a baggage car and three passenger cars; and was in charge of the most cautious and skillful conductor on the road, to whom no blame can be possibly attached. The cars were drawn by one large and one small engine. When passing the 80 foot filling on section 76, and descending a curved grade 116 feet to Cheat river, the large engine started the nails binding the rails to the chesnut cross ties. All the cars got over safely except the two last passenger cars, which by the parting of the track, were thrown down the river side, falling a distance of over 100 feet, and making four somersets in their fearful descent. The heavy trucks of the cars caused the loss of life by crushing the passengers.

Of some forty persons in the two cars, the following were killed: Daniel Holt, of the firm of Holt & Maltby, Baltimore; Aurelius Sallie, supposed to be from South Carolina; Louis Deline, a French emigrant, returning home from California; Richard Clayton, of Wellsville, Va.; Miss Isaacs, of Indiana, on her way to Philadelphia to visit her friends; —— Small, step son of Robert Murray, a Supervisor of the railroad, and a child of Mr. Giese, of St. Louis.—Mr. Giese and lady were both severely injured, and with three other children, are now here.

The express train arrived about 6 o'clock, bringing the dead and wounded of the late disaster. The following list of the wounded is furnished by Dr. Thos. A Healey, who, at the request of the railroad company, promptly repaired to the scene of the disaster this morning:

S. F. Clise, severely injured in the back; Adam Zoll, of Rockingham county, Va., slightly injured; George Calvert, of Upperville, Fauquier county, Va., not very seriously; Abner Florence, of Salem, Fauquier co., Va., slightly; H. A. Turner, with his wife and 4 children, of Boston, bruised and burnt by the falling of the stove upon them. They will get well. G. A. Tavverner, of Alexandria, injured in the back; will probably recover. Robert Morris, brakesman, severely injured; Gardner, of Baltimore, a heardsman, severely injured; C. Saunders, of Shelby co., Ky., severely burnt and cut; Dr. Cadwallader, a merchant probably of Louisville, had his thigh broken in three places, and is injured in the breast. He is very dangerously hurt. All of the above, with the exception of Gardner and Cadwallader have arrived at at Cumberland, where every attention is being paid them by our physicians and citizens.

The bodies of the dead, were also brought down, and will be deposited in the vault here for removal by their friends.

OUTRAGE ON A BALTIMORE VESSEL.—The schooner Manchester, (of Baltimore,) Captain Sterling, which arrived at this port yesterday from Kingston, Jamaica, informs us of one of the most high-handed outrages upon our flag that has yet been committed by the loyal subjects of Queen Isabella in Cuba.

According to Captain Sterling's account, which is authenticated by his consignees, he was peacefully pursuing his course homewards from Jamaica, when, on the 15th inst., off the island of Cuba, and about twenty miles east of Cape Antonio, he was boarded by twelve armed men, under the command of a negro second lieutenant, from a Spanish cruiser of twelve guns, who took possession of the vessel in spite of his remonstrances, and carried her inside the reef there. They then demanded the schooner's papers, which the captain had to take on board the cruiser for examination. The Spanish commander was even going so far as to break open the letters of the consignees, but desisted when Captain S. insisted upon his returning them intact They also broke open the hatches, and took out about a third of the schooner's cargo; but not finding any ammunition or guns on board, put it back again. This was done after the papers had been examined and found correct. After detaining her twenty-four hours, anchored close under her guns, the schooner was allowed to proceed, and get out of the reef the best way she could. This, however, was not allowed, until Captain S. had promised to satisfy a demand of thirty dollars for safely piloting him inside the reef. The only excuse given of this wanton injustice, was their suspicion of her being bound to Cuba with arms for the revolutionists.

The boarding officer gratuitously informed Capt. Sterling that it was utterly impossible, owing to the strict guard kept, for any one to attempt to surreptitiously land upon the Cuban coast, and that any one caught in the attempt would immediately "have a rope around his neck," a hint of what probably might have been the fate of Capt S if any article they could have construed into "arms" or "ammunition" had been found on board.—*N. York Herald, 26th.*

HEROISM.—A remarkable instance of self-sacrificing bravery, in a boy, took place in Case county, Ga, not long since. The house of Mr. Jesse Winsor had taken fire, and while the flames were raging, his son, a boy of 12 years of age, rushed into the house and rescued two of his younger brothers. Thinking that a third was left, he again advanced into the flames, but he never returned.

COURT OF APPEALS, *December Term*, 1852—Annapolis, Md., March 24th, 1853.—No. 142. John R. Plater, executor of C. L. Edmondson, vs. Peregine Groome, trustee of H. L. Edmondson. Mason, J., delivered the opinion of the court. Decree reversed and petition dismissed, the costs to be paid out of the estate. Tuck, J., dissenting.

WASHINGTON, March 25.

The New York Hard-shells presented to the President to-day their ultimatum—Schell, or war. It is stated, on apparently good authority, that the Cabinet stands tied between Schell and Kelly—Messrs. Davis and Pierce not voting. Another well received rumor is, that both are slaughtered, and Cornelius W. Lawrence decided upon. It is difficult to get at the truth; but, from the looks and cautious movements of the Hunkers, I am inclined to think they are beaten, unless their ultimatum of to-day re-opens the question.

Slidell's nomination has quite upset the administration's pail of fish. Almost every Louisianian here denounces it as insulting to the State and her many well tried statesmen. Excellent authority says that the President regrets the appointment, and it may be recalled or declined, but this is not probable.

Buchanan declines the mission to England. It is rumored that Judge Thompson, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee in the House of Representatives, and who reported the Fugitive Slave Law, goes Minister to Russia. This is, however, very doubtful.

It is exceedingly difficult to get a quorum of the Senate. Many whigs say they don't care to remain and act simply as executioners of their friends.

Thirty six Clerks were appointed in the Census Bureau to-day. It is rumored that Whittlesey has consented to continue as First Comptroller.—*U. S. Gazette.*

WASHINGTON, March 29.

Nominations by the Senate—The Baltimore Appointments not yet made.

The following are the nominations for New York city:

For Collector—Daniel S Dickinson, of Broome County, ex-Senator—Hunker

For Naval Officer—Herman J. Redfield, of Genesse County, ex-Member of the Legislature—Hunker.

For Navy Agent—Conrad Swackhamer, of Kings County, ex-Member of the Legislature—Hunker.

For Surveyor—John Cochrane—Barnburner.

For Assistant Treasurer—John A. Dix, ex-Senator—Barnburner.

For District Attorney—Charles O. Connor—Hunker.

For Marshal—Abram T. Hillyer—Hunker.

For Postmaster—T. V. Fowler—Barnburner.

All of the above appointments were confirmed except Messrs. Dix and Fowler.

This arrangement is said to be distasteful to Secretary Marcy, and is regarded to be a compromise between his recommendations and protestations.

The Philadelphia nominations are the Hon. Charles Brown, for Collector; Mr. Miller as Postmaster; Mr. Pettit as Superintendent of the Mint; Mr Eldred for Naval Officer; R. C. Hall as Surveyor, and Mr. Day as Navy Agent.

The New York appointments cause considerable talk and disappointment among the friends of the unsuccessful candidates. It was the President's own method of settling the complicated affair.

The appointments for Baltimore city have not yet been made, but it is presumed they will be sent in to-morrow. The effort is being made to compromise the difficulty between the contestants, but nothing positive as to the character of the appointments is yet known, even among the contestants themselves, all being confident of success. The most reliable rumor is that Ex-Governor P. Francis Thomas has been tendered the appointment of Consul to Havana, which, if accepted, will leave the Custom House clear for the appointment of Col. Jacob G. Davis.

REPORT ON THE PETITION OF Dr. THOMAS.—A report on the Petition of Dr. Allen Thomas, of Howard county, was made in the State Senate on the 24th, from the Committee on Judicial proceedings.—It will be remembered that a slave of Dr T. made his escape to New York in 1849 and was there committed to the penitentiary for two years; and that when Dr. T. applied for him about the time of the expiration of his sentence, he was informed that the negro had been pardoned, made his escape and he was never reclaimed.—Dr. Thomas now claims indemnification from the State of New York, on the ground that he was prevented by fraud and falsehood from recovering his property. The report sets forth fully the circumstances of the case, endorses the claim, and concludes by recommending the passage of a resolution requesting Governor Lowe to transmit the report to the Governor of N. York, to be laid before the Legislature of that State.

MR. KING.—A Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune, dating on the 27th, writes as follows:

I have conversed with a friend who spent last Saturday week with Hon. Wm. R. King at the plantation of Mr. Shorntrall, near Matanzas, Island of Cuba. Col. King, he represents, to be deplorably emaciated, and entertains no hope of recovering his health. He visits the sugar house on the estate daily, where the boiling operation is going on. His friends think the steam from the sugar kettle proves serviceable, but he is skeptical. He has a horror of dying in a foreign land, and expects to leave in the U. S. steamship Fulton, about the first of April for Mobile. His nieces, Mrs. Ellis and Miss King, and nephew, Mr. Beck, are with him. The proprietor of the estate is a Frenchman by birth, and is a most kind, hospitable and refined old gentleman. The Vice President has no appetite and lives upon butter milk.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20.

Return of Santa Anna to Mexico.—We learn by an arrival from Vera Cruz, that the Mexican Commissioners sent out to solicit the return of Gen. Santa Anna returned to Vera Cruz on the 4th inst.—They report that Gen. Santa Anna will accept the Presidency of the Republic.—He breathes vengeance against Gen Arista, and harbore a strong hostility to the U. States.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, APR. 2, 1853.

☞ WM. THOMSON S. E. corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "GAZETTE"

☞ V. B. PALMER is authorized to receive advertisements for the "EASTON GAZETTE," in the cities of New York, and Philadelphia.

WE are indebted to Wm. B. Willis, Esq., of the House of Delegates, for a copy of the report of the Committee on Education, in reference to an uniform public school system in this State. We have not seen a copy of the bill reported by the Committee, which is said to be very objectionable.

WE learn that the report that the owners of the steamers Hugh Jenkins and Champion, have made an engagement by which the latter is not to visit this shore, is correct. It will be better for those visiting Baltimore, but not, we think, for the travelling public generally. The project of another boat is much talked of in Cambridge, as well as this place, and we presume will be secured.

REDUCTION OF TAXES.—It will be seen by reference to the proceedings of the Legislature, that the Senate has passed the bill reducing the State Tax to 12½ cents on the $100. It has not been acted on by the House. The Governor recommended that the Taxes be reduced to 15 per cent., which was probably as low as he thought it safe to venture, but the Senate has exceeded his recommendation, with what wisdom will be seen hereafter, should the bill pass the House.

FORGERY.—A case of deception and forgery was brought to light during the past week.—It appears that two men who were unable to write, were induced to sign by mark, a negotiable Note for $500, with the understanding that certain gentlemen named, should be procured as endorsers. The Note, with all the signatures, was discounted in Baltimore, and forwarded to this Bank for collection, when it was found that the endorsements were forgeries. A Boot and Shoe dealer, formerly of this town, and who left the State some weeks since, is charged with the forgery and deception.

DEATH OF MRS. FILLMORE.—It will be seen by a telegraphic despatch in to-day's paper, that Mrs. Fillmore, wife of the late President, died very suddenly at Washington, on Wednesday morning last. It was generally known that Mrs. F. had been ill for some time, and that the intended visit of her husband to the Southern States, where the people were eager to welcome him, had been deferred on that account, yet there had been no immediate apprehensions of a fatal result. Her recovery, indeed, was confidently looked for until her disease more latterly assumed the form of pneumonia, in the midst of which came suffocation. A marked degree of official respect was shown to her memory—President Pierce, on learning of her demise, causing all the public departments to be closed; and the Senate of the United States also adjourning immediately after assembling. There will be a ready sympathy extended on the part of the public generally to the highly esteemed ex-President in his bereavement. The remains, it is announced, are to be taken at once to Buffalo for interment.

FOUR years ago, when Gen. Taylor was equalizing the public offices, by appointing Whigs to *one-half* of them, in place of Locofocos, who before held all, the Locofoco press wept tears of blood, shed rivers of ink, and put forth the most piteous howls over the "ruthless proscription," the "murderous guillotine," that was then in operation. Now the "guillotine" is as rapidly and surely doing its work in displacing those Whigs, in order to place *all* the offices in the hands of Locofocos, yet we hear no howls of agony, no piteous cries, but only a chuckle of delight. Was it *hypocrisy* that caused them to so denounce Gen. Taylor, for giving the Whigs an equal share with the Locofocos in the offices of the land, or is it a grievous sin, a barbarous act, to remove a Locofoco, and a good deed to remove a Whig.—We rather think the only difference is, as to whose "bull is gored"—it being charming to "guillotine" a Whig, and horrible to perform the same act for a Locofoco. Some of them, however, seem to take absolute delight, notwithstanding their former distress, in applying that ruthless instrument to the political necks of their own party friends, when they are in the way of their own advancement. We are really sorry to see this disposition to shed the blood of members of their own political family—it is "horrible" indeed, but we do not know how we can prevent it; it might be dangerous to interfere, they are so *very* voracious. The Whigs, however, are, as in 1849, "as cool as cucumbers," waiting to see what will be the result of this "Kilkenny cat" fight, for the spoils. What will be their loss now, will probably be their gain hereafter, as there are *so many* of the "unterrified" to be disappointed and overslaughed.

REPORTER TO THE COURT OF APPEALS.—The Annapolis Republican states that Oliver Miller, Esq., of that city, has been appointed Reporter of the Court of Appeals, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Magruder. Mr. Miller is a talented and promising member of the Annapolis bar.

UPON no questions have the administrations of Presidents Taylor and Fillmore been so much misrepresented and abused, as upon the payment of the Galphin and Gardiner claims.—The first was passed by a Democratic House of Representatives, and if the claim was unjust, upon that House rests the responsibility of its payment, and not on the administration of Gen. Taylor. Yet Gen. Taylor, and even Mr. Fillmore, who had nothing to do with it whatever, are denounced as dishonest and corrupt, because it was settled during Gen. Taylor's administration. Nothing can be more unjust to the late Whig Presidents than this censure, and it shows to what depths of meanness a venal press will stoop to find fault with political opponents. The denunciations of these administrations in consequence of the payment of the Gardiner claim, are equally unjust. A Board of Commissioners to decide upon the claims for losses in the Mexican war was appointed, and among the many claims presented to the Board was that of Dr. Gardiner, for being expelled from a silver mine which he claimed to have been working when the war broke out.—Nothing was wanting to substantiate the claim, all the affidavits, certificates, seals, &c., being full and complete. The claim was, therefore, awarded and paid. Doubts, however, having been raised of the legality of the claim, a large portion of the money was attached by President Fillmore, and the case presented to the legal authorities of the District of Columbia. Dr. Gardiner returned from Europe, where he had gone after the settlement of his claim, delivered himself up, and is now on trial for perjury, &c. No efforts have been spared by President Fillmore to arrive at the truth in regard to the matter, Commissioners, composed of Whigs and Democrats, having visited Mexico to make personal investigation into the affair. It is said, with what truth we know not, that the commissioners differ, some denying the existence of any such mine as Dr. Gardiner claimed, and others corroborating the affidavits as presented. The Court will probably soon decide the question. The Hon. George Evans, of Maine, one of the Board of Commissioners, in his evidence before the Court, stated that the claim was looked upon with suspicion owing to its magnitude, and the haste which it was attempted to be got through. No evidence, however, was wanting, although all their ingenuity was used to detect the fraud, if fraud it was. The Board even suggested to President Taylor the propriety to sending an agent to Mexico to investigate that and other claims, and Gen. Taylor recommended the measure to Congress. Congress, however, refused to authorize the appointment of an agent, and the President was denounced by the Locofocos, and charged with wanting to procure a place for a friend. Can any man find reasonable ground for denouncing the administrations of Presidents Taylor and Fillmore for their action in regard to this claim? They certainly cannot, yet garbled and false statements have been circulated, and these administrations, and all connected with them, have been denounced as worthy a place little better than the Penitentiary; as dishonest, corrupt, and unworthy the confidence and respect of the people. Could they have done more than they have done?—When the claim was fully proven, and awarded by the Board of Claims, could Gen. Taylor refuse to pay it, especially after a Locofoco Congress had refused to allow an agent to go to Mexico, to confirm or dispel his suspicions? Could more have been done than Mr. Fillmore has done, to test the legality of the claim, and punish the offender, if it should prove fraudulent? If President Pierce proves as watchful as has Presidents Taylor and Fillmore, the country need have little fear of frauds being committed upon the Treasury. This cry against the late Whig Presidents has been gotten up by a reckless and unprincipled partisan press in the absence of any real ground of objection to these administrations. Should the claim even prove fraudulent, which is by no means *certain*, Gen. Taylor and Mr. Fillmore will be acquitted by their grateful countrymen, of the base and infamous charge of dishonesty and corruption.

For the Easton Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—The public has been informed through the newspapers that the two steamboat companies, between whom there had been an opposition, have recently formed a coalition, to suit no doubt their own convenience.

The arrangement made by these companies, it appears to me, will not be for the benefit of the travelling public; and am satisfied the steamboat route from Baltimore to Cambridge and Easton is now fairly open to competition. With this view, the owners of steamboats are invited to look to this route, as I can assure them a new steamboat line on it would receive a liberal share of public patronage and be well supported. AN EASTERN SHOREMAN.

WASHINGTON, March 30

Death of Mrs Fillmore.—Mrs. Fillmore, wife of ex-President Fillmore, died at Willard's hotel at 9 o'clock this morning. She had been suffering with pneumonia for some time past, but no serious apprehensions were entertained until within a few days. The immediate cause of her death was suffocation, caused by an accumulation of water upon the lungs.

Mr. Fillmore, with his family, and a number of his friends, will leave with the remains early to-morrow morning for Buffalo.

A NEW COUNTY.—In the Frederick Examiner, of the 16th inst., we find a notice calling a meeting of all who are in favor of forming a new county out of those portions of Frederick, Washington and Carroll counties, contiguous to each other; said meeting to be held on the 26th inst., and a memorial to the Legislature relative thereto to be prepared.

WASHINGTON, March 31.

THE BALTIMORE APPOINTMENTS.

The President has sent in the following nominations for Baltimore:

Collector—Ex Governor P. F. Thomas,
Postmaster—Col. Jacob G. Davies.
Surveyor—James Polk.
Navy Agent—J. H. Briscoe.
Naval Officer—John Kettlewell.

Judge LeGrand will be appointed Solicitor of the Treasury.

The District Attorneyship is not yet settled, but Jarvis Spencer is prominently spoken of. It is reported that Messrs. McBlair and Poultney have been appointed appraisers.

NEW YORK, March 30.

Health of Vice President King.—Late advices from Havana represent the health of Vice President King to be without improvement, and that he continues very feeble. He is looking forward with much anxiety to his departure for Mobile, wishing to breathe his last among his friends and neighbors. It is thought he has derived no benefit from his residence in Cuba, unless it be that the climate has prevented an increase of his complaint.

The perusal of sentiments so just and kind as are expressed in the annexed resolutions of the patriotic Legislature of Louisiana, creates a deeper regret at the mutual disappointment which the prevention of Ex-President Fillmore's visit to the South will occasion, as well as at the painful cause of it:

JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.—Whereas it is understood to be the intention of Mr FILLMORE shortly to visit the South; and whereas he has during his administration, at the sacrifice of personal and home friendships, faithfully executed the laws of Congress, and nobly guarded the rights and interests of the South against the recklessness of fanaticism, thereby evincing the true patriot, the wise statesman, and the impartial and just Executive; and whereas the State of Louisiana, ever foremost in her patriotic devotion to the Union of these States, is grateful to those who, in the hour of peril, stand nobly up for its defence: therefore,

1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened*, That should MILLARD FILLMORE visit the South during the sitting of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, he is hereby cordially invited and requested to visit Baton Rouge to partake of the hospitalities of our State and receive the salutations of his numerous friends, without distinction of party.

2. *Resolved*, That the Governor be and he is hereby requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to Mr. Fillmore, and to ascertain, if possible, at what time it will suit its convenience to visit our capital.

THREATENED ABDUCTION OF MCCREARY.—The Elkton Democrat states that information reached that place a few days since, from a highly respectable source, entitled to the fullest credit that certain persons in Chester co., Pa., despairing of getting McCreary in their clutches by means of a requisition, have determined to seize him by violence, and throw him into West Chester prison. The Democrat remarks that such an undertaking would be fatal to all those engaged in it; the citizens of Elkton will defend McCreary to the last extremity against all such incursions, and there are those who would rejoice at such an opportunity to avenge the death of Kennedy and Gorsuch, and the outrage upon Mitchel, one of their own citizens, as well as the more recent outrage upon Lamb, the agent of Capt. Mayo, at Chester.

A SLAVE CASE AT TRENTON.—A few days ago, an attempt was made at Trenton, N. J., to arrest Robert Thomas, an alleged fugitive slave from Virginia, who has resided in that city for the last 25 years, and accumulated about $2.000 worth of property. Two gentlemen from Virginia called upon James Ewing, Esq., who had been appointed U. S. Commissioner, for his aid, but he declined to act, on the ground that he had not accepted the office.

DOCT. L. D. HANDY, says of STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT, "I have administered it in several cases of Bronchial Affections, with the most happy results, and from a knowledge of its *admirable* effects, I can with the greatest confidence recommended it," &c. See advertisement in another column.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, March 31.

GRAIN.—The receipts and supply of all kinds of Grain are small—but little doing in wheat. Some small sales of red at $1 03a$1 07; white do. $1 08a1 12 per bushel. Rye 75a80 cents per bushel. White Corn 52a54 cts., yellow do. 56a58 cents per bushel. Oats 35a38 cents per bushel.

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO BOY, between 15 and 16 years old, a slave for life. He is sold for no fault, and will not be sold out of the State.—To a resident of the county will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars apply at the Gazette Office. [apr 2—3t

LOST AND FOUND.

WAS found and handed over to the subscriber on Monday, 28th ult., a package of MONEY, in Bank Notes, which the owner can have by proper identification, subject to cost of advertisements. Apply to

apr 2—3t S G. C. MACKEY.

Post Office Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned for Letter or Newspaper postage, are requested to settle their bills immediately.—Newspaper postage must be paid in advance, otherwise double the regular rates are chargeable. G. C. GRAHAM, P. M.

apr 2

Agricultural Notice.

THE Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at the residence of Samuel Hambleton, Esq., in Easton, on Thursday, the 10th inst. By order,

M. T. GOLDSBOROUGH, Sec'y.

apr 2 S 1t

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