## ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER PACIFIC.

*Important from all Parts of Europe.*

NEW YORK, June 12.—The steamer Pacific arrived here to-day at 2 o'clock, P. M., bringing 123 passengers and Liverpool dates of the 1st inst.

Among the Pacific's passengers are H. J. Raymond, of the New York Times, and Lewis Cass, jr.

The Vanderbilt steamer North Star arrived at Southampton on the 1st inst.

*England.*—The British Government had refused in both Houses of Parliament to state whether or not the Mediterranean fleet had been ordered to assist Turkey.

An interesting discusion in the House of Lords had occurred concerning the conduct of the Captains-General of Cuba in regard to the slave trade. All the Captains are implicated except Concha and Waldes. Canedo is deeply guilty. Spain had been remonstrated with, and had promised amendment, but the British fleet off Cuba will be strengthened.

The steamer Laplata had arrived from Vera Cruz with Gen. Arista on board.

There had been considerable arrivals of gold from Australia, but no later news.

It is rumored but doubted, that Mr. Crampton will be removed from Washington to a better post. The report is doubted.

There is nothing regarding the Stowe family, except that they attended the Black Swan's concert at the Stafford House.

*Turkey—Speck of War.*—Prince Menzikoff left Constantinople on the 22d, and arrived at Odessa on the 23d. A Russian army of 100,000 was concentrating on the Turkish frontier. The Ministers of France, England, Austria and Prussia made a joint attempt to reconcile the parties, but Menzikoff and the Divan were equally inflexible, so the former left. The Turkish fleet had been sent for and a part of it despatched to Egypt for whatever troops Abbas Pascha has ready.—The Minister of War had sent couriers to every Ottoman province calling out the whole warlike resources of the Empire.

The whereabouts of the French fleet is not known and orders of the British fleet are kept a profound secret. Affairs look very critical, but may be settled quietly.

Judge Jones had presented his credentials to the Viceroy of Egypt.

*India.*—Affairs in Burmah look very bad for the British. They had been repulsed, and their troops cut off in skirmishes. A steamer had been sent express for more troops.

*China.*—The news from China is highly important. The latest reliable dates from Shanghai, to the 28th of April, state that Nankin being invested by the rebels on the 10th, the Imperial Commissioners hired a fleet of Portuguese to relieve the city by water, but they were captured by the rebels. Aid was then obtained from the Foreign Consuls, and the French, American and English fleets agreed to help. The British sent the Salamander, Lily and Hermet steamers; the French sent the steam frigate Cassini, and the American Commissioner Marshall undertook to place the Susquehanna frigate before Nankin. The result was not known, and several stories of Imperial victories in the interior were disbelieved.

A private letter from Manchester, containing dates to the 29th, being one day later, states that Nankin had fallen, and that the British commander refuses to permit British merchantmen to go up the river with stores or ammunition for either party. It was expected that the Americans would also back out. Capt. Perry, in the Mississippi, had arrived at Hong Kong on the 7th of April, and had despatched the Plymouth to Shanghai on the 9th.

*Switzerland.*—The government has ordered out all its forces to fight Austria if necessary.

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CINCINNATI, June 13.

*Important Arrest—Discovery of Stupendous Frauds, and an Extensive Band of Forgers*

A man named T. Craig was arrested at Newport to-day, and immediately brought to this city, on the charge of being implicated in extensive forgeries. The prisoner was arrested when in the act of writing a letter which is said to pointedly implicate himself. In his house were found a large trunk, a pair of saddle-bags, and several baskets full of letters, with blank deeds, certificates, &c., implicating a large number of persons in various parts of the Union. Notarial presses and seals were also found, and upon part of the deeds the notarial seal of Hamilton county had been found.

An examination of the mass of documents found brings to light a series of most bold and villainous transactions, and it appears that a wide-spread fraudulent real estate business has been carried on for years, some of the letters being dated as far back as 1849. Some of the letters pretend to be copies of letters to or from members of Congres. There is also blank certificates, doubtless stolen from the Recorders' offices in Illinois, Ohio and Georgia; parchments for drawing up land warrants; deeds signed and sealed, requiring only the insertion of names.

Craig is in jail awaiting trial. A letter to Brown & Co., of Uniontown, Pa, opened by the postmaster of that place, who did not know of any such firm, and supposed the letter misdirected, led to the discovery.

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NEW ORLEANS, June 14th.

*Apprehended Servile Revolt!*—Some excitement was occasioned to-day by means of an intended rising of the slaves in this city.—The information was given to the police late last night by a free negro, who pointed out the ringleader. The latter was arrested and found to be heavily armed. He confessed that a plan had been organized by which 2,500 slaves were to attack the city at several points next day, including the powder magazine. The Mint and principal banks were to be set on fire, which would be the signal for the negroes in the surrounding counties to rise. The whole story is considered improbable. It is generally regarded as a hoax, but the police have thought it necessary to take all precautions, and have arrested some 20 negroes. Everything has been quiet since, and no others have been discovered as implicated.

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WASHINGTON, June 10.

*Georgia Appointments*—The following appointments have been made for Georgia:—Solomon Cohen, Postmaster at Savannah.—James M. Smyth, Postmaster at Augusta.—Mr. Forsyth, Postmaster at Columbus. Mr. Nesbitt, Postmaster at Macon. Mr. McIntosh and Mr. McKay have been appointed Appaisers for Savannah. All the above, except Mr. McIntosh, are what are denominated "fire eaters." Philip J. Punch, Esq., editor of the Georgian, was an applicant for the Post Office, but he is to be provided with a Chargeship, and a more profitable and desirable birth.

MONTREAL, June 10.

*Religious Riot at Montreal—Loss of Life.*—The lecture of Father Gavazzi against Romanism at the Zion Church last night was interrupted by an immense mob, who collected on the outside and commenced hostile demonstrations. In was found necessary to order out the military, and the mob refusing to give way, the troops fired twice killing and wounding some 16 or 20 persons. The mob was finally forced to retire, but further disturbance is apprehended, as the most intense excitement prevails.

THE GAVAZZI RIOTS IN CANADA.

*Particulars of the Sanguinary Conflict at Montreal.*—The Montreal Herald of the 9th inst. contains the following particulars of the riot and melancholy loss of life at Father Gavazzi's anti-Catholic lecture at Zion's church on the previous evening:

As ascertained, Signor Gavazzi met a numerous audience in Zion's church at half past six o'clock P. M. yesterday. Many of our most respectable citizens, with their families, were present. About half past seven o'clock we went to the door of the church, where we found Captain Ermatinger with a strong posse of police, some 20 or 30 men

At this time, and for about half an hour after, groups of wild, ragged looking men were assembled around the door of the church, and at different points between the church and McGill street. We mixed freely among those people, and conversed with more than one of those who are considered the leaders of the Irish Catholic party. We were assured by them that they only come to the ground to use their influence to prevent a disturbance, and that we might rest satisfied the lecture would pass off quietly.

We were not, however, satisfied with the aspect of affairs, and remained on the ground At about a quarter of eight o'clock, a band of ruffians, we learn, (for, although in sight, we were at too great a distance to see more than that a general melee had taken place,) attacked and overpowered the police—Capt. Ermatinger, received a severe wound on the head—and proceeded to force their way into the church, from which a body of 15 or 20 repulsed them—several shots from guns and pistols being fired from both sides.

The assauling party were effectually routed—two or three of their number were left dead or severely wounded on the ground, but were shortly afterwards removed in cars by their friends. Soon after this occurrence, a company of the twenty-sixth Cameronians marched from Craig street, and were drawn up between the engine-house and that street.

All seemed quiet, and remained so until about a quarter past eight o'clock, at about which time the lecture was concluded, and the audience inside the church had began to leave for home. At this time the troops were marched across Craig street, and took their position in two lines across Radeyonde street—one line nearly opposite Zion's Church, and the other some hundred paces nearer Craig street.

A good deal of hooting and noise prevailed at this time, and on the McGill street side of Craig street, some disturbance with the line of troops occurred, and two or three shots were fired. In other respects all seemed peaceable.

We were at this time at the corner of St James street and McGill street, and had a clear and distinct view of the troops, and of the people in their immediate vicinity. There we saw no violence on the part of the mob Nothing, indeed, but the people hurrying from the church, when, to our utter astonishment, we heard and saw the troops fire two distinct running volleys, among those who seemed to us peaceable citizens.

Thinking it high time to attend to our own safety, we beat a rapid retreat from this apparent scene of wanton and uncalled for slaughter. This, we feel is not the time to express indignation with which we saw British troops deliberately shoot down our peaceful and unoffending fellow citizens.

We were too far off to speak personally of the conduct of the Mayor and of the officers by whose orders they were fired; but if we are correctly informed by those who were on the spot, there was nothing to justify so rash and cowardly a proceeding. We must not, however, pre judge their conduct on the occasion; but the blood of those who fell calls loudly for a prompt investigation into every circumstance connected with the melancholy affair, and apparently, at least, wanton massacre.

MONTREAL, Saturday, June 11.—Almost every hour records some new victim, whose corpse or maimed body has been found by friends.

So far as we can learn, after careful inquiry, the number of persons shot is about fifty, and those killed outright or mortally wounded from ten to twelve.

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WASHINGTON, June 15.

*Infidelity and Attempted Murder.* Andrew J. Morrison shot his wife, Fanny, and a dry goods clerk, named Wm. H. Hester, this afternoon under peculiar circumstances. There are various conflicting reports of the affair, but the most reliable account is, that Morrison, who had been married about six months, suspected his wife, a very young and handsome woman, of improper familiarity. He told her that he should leave town this afternoon, whereupon she notified Hester of his supposed absence, who subsequently called on her at the lodgings, on Pennsylvania avenue.—Morrison in the meanwhile having watched their movements sprang upon them suddenly and finding the pair together in the chamber, both in *dishabille*, he instantly drew a revolver and fired three or four shots, one of which took effect upon Hester, the ball passed through the arm and side of his wife, wounding her seriously but not dangerously. Morrison immediately gave himself up to the authorities and was committed. Hester having been informed by the physicians that he might not survive but a few minutes made a statement to Capt. Goddard to the effect that he had no criminal intention, but failed to account for the predicament in which he was caught.

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ALMOST A SERIOUS AFFAIR.—On Saturday evening last a camphine lamp fell from where it was hanging, in the Lexington market, to the pavement, breaking into pieces. The fluid of course took fire, and spreading with great rapidity ignited the clothes of a young lady and two black women, burning them severely, but not dangerously. Officer Logue, fortunately being but a few paces distant, rushed forward and seizing the screaming and frightened lady in his arms, with great presence of mind and considerable exertion, succeeded in smothering the flames. The young lady at the time was completely enveloped in the flames of her burning dress, and in the great confusion that prevailed would in all probability have been burnt to death, but for the timely rescue extended by Mr. Logue.—*Balt. Clipper.*

## EXECUTION OF ARTHUR SPRING.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10th.—Arthur Spring, the murderer, was executed this morning in the jail yard at a quarter past eleven o'clock. He died apparently without a struggle.

A few moments before the execution took place, the Rev. Dr. Street, who was in attendance, put the following question to the prisoner:

"Is young Arthur, your son, guilty of the murder of Mrs. Shaw and Mrs. Lynch?"—To this the culprit made the following answer:

"He is no more guilty of their murder than I am"

The last words of Spring were: "I went to bed that night—I mean the night of the murder—at seven o'clock, and did not rise until breakfast time the next morning. I knew nothing of the murder until the officers arrested me."

Spring denied most positively and earnestly his having committed the murder for which he had been convicted He also protested his innocence of the murder of Rink, with which he had been charged. Of these he alleged, just before passing into eternity, that he was wholly guiltless

He passed the night with apparent composure, and this morning eat a hearty breakfast, remarking while he ate it, that it was the last breakfast he would ever have.

Whilst on the gallows he stood up firm, not the slightest tremor was visible. Quite a large number of persons witnessed the execution, which has created a great sensation throughout the city.

Before ascending the scaffold, Spring asked for some liquor, which the Sheriff refused to give him.

Thousands of persons witnessed the execution. An immense heterogeneous mob, or concourse of persons, all colors and sexes, surrounded the prison.

The neck of the culprit was broken instantly upon the trap falling, which is the reason of his not struggling. He was allowed to hang 27 minutes, and then cut down and the body taken by Doctors Kirkbridge and McClentock for examination of the brain after which it will be handed over to the Rev John Street for burial. Everything passed off orderly.

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PHILADELPHIA, June 12th.

*Launch of Steamers—Fatal result.*—The steamers Hickory and Locust Point were launched yesterday, completing Capt. Loper's orignal contract with the Parker Vein Coal Company. Additional contracts have been made for 10 others, making 20 in all The balance are to be furnished in December or November next.

Robt Coates died last night from the effects of a blow on his head with a board, inflicted by Owen Shuffler in a quarrel. Shuffler has been committed to jail.

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MONUMENT TO HENRY CLAY.—The proposition to erect a monument worthy of the country and the man, over the remains of the illustrious Clay, at Ashland, should be gladly and liberally responded to, not only by every political admirer of his, but by every patriot. The following advertisement will show what steps have been taken towards it.

"The undersigned a Committee appointed by the General Committee of Maryland, to aid in raising funds to carry out the noble object of the Kentucky Association—which is to erect over the remains of this illustrious patriot and statesman, at Ashland, a monument of colossal proportions—take this occasion to appeal to the citizens of Maryland for contributions.

Committees have been appointed in all the States for the same purpose, and their efforts have been warmly responded to.

Agents will call on the citizens of Maryland, and we doubt not that here where Henry Clay was so much honored and beloved, will be now a liberal contribution to do homage to his memory."

Signed by Z. Collins Lee, Brantz Mayer, Mark Jenkins, Thomas Swann, John G. Proud, Coleman Yellott.

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OUTRAGEOUS PROCEEDINGS.—On Monday last a party of Germans from our city, to the amount of several hundred, including women and children, proceeded to the farm of Mr. Siegeris, situate some distance east of Greenmount Cemetery, for the purpose of spending the day in a beautiful grove on the estate.—They had made every arrangement for passing a pleasant day, which was only interrupted by the outrageous proceedings of a band of rowdies, who appeared on the grounds and intruded their unwelcome presence where every thing was happy and joyous, about six o'clock in the evening. From some trival cause, which they seem to have sought, they commenced an attack upon the unoffending Germans, and the melee now became general. Pistols were freely used by the rowdies, and stones flew about the heads of the objects of their attack at a terrible rate—not even, in their fiendish fury, were the women and children allowed to pass unmolested. Mr Siegeris, the keeper of the place, Mr Peter Lohman, and two young Germans named Heinzerling and Schem, were badly injured, some of them with stones and clubs, and others by pistol shots. In addition to these a number of Germans whose names we were unable to learn, were severely wounded —*Balt. Clipper.*

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FATAL DISEASE.—We learn from Leonard town, Md, that a disease of the character of violent dysentery has been raging for a week or two in the Chaptico district with great violence and fatality, causing death to almost every one whom it has attacked. One gentleman, Mr. L. E. Turner has lost four of his family. It is also spreading along the course of the Wicomico river, and is prevailing to an alarming extent in Leonardtown, and is represented as being contagious.

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COL. HUGHES, of Maryland, who lately returned from his visit to Europe on behalf of the Crystal Palace Exhibition, visited London, Paris, the Hague, Berlin, Vienna and Munich, and obtained from all their governments promises of aid, which promises, in many cases, have been already performed.

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The body of a respectable young woman of New York, named Ann McElory, was recently found in the East River, bearing unmistakeable evidences of brutal outrage and murder. The city has offered a reward of $1000 for the detection of the murderers, to which $500 has been added by several gentlemen in whose families she had resided.

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FATAL AFFRAY BETWEEN FEMALES.—Mrs. Marion Bunch and Miss Brown had an affray lately, near Bowling Green, Ky., which resulted in the death of the latter. A sister of Miss Brown also received several dangerous wounds.


# EASTON GAZETTE.

**EASTON, Md.**

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1853.


☞ WM. THOMSON S. E. corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "GAZETTE"

☞ V. B. PALMER is our only authorized Agent to receive advertisements and subscriptions for the "EASTON GAZETTE," in the cities of New York, and Philadelphia.

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JOHN R. FRANKLIN, Esq, of Worcester, is announced in the Shield as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the Whig nominating Convention.

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THE adjourned session of the Circuit Court for Caroline County, commenced on Monday last. The case of T. R Loockerman, which was to have been tried, was postponed until the October term, owing to the absence of several important witnesses.

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THE Memphis Commercial Convention adjourned on the 9th instant, to meet in April next at Charleston. Wm. Prescott Smith, Esq, of Baltimore, was one of the secretaries of the Convention. Governor Foote was present as one of the delegates from Mississippi.

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WE are glad to see by an advertisement in another column, that the project of a new school house, in the town of Easton, has not been abandoned, as we had feared. As soon as the proposals are all in, and the plan and bid definitely decided upon, we presume the building will be commenced, and completed at an early day.

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WE are indebted to the Hon. James A Pearce, of the U. S Senate, for a map indicating the proposed course of Steam Navigation between San Francisco and Shanghae. The distance is 5775 miles. When the Pacific Railroad is constructed, as it probably will be in a few years, we shall be within a comparatively few days' ride of China, which is now so distant.

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TALBOT COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—We are requested to state that at a meeting of the Directors of this Company last week, the rates of Insurance on outbuildings, &c, were very materially reduced, so that Insurance can now be effected on all descriptions of property, as low as in any other Company in the State. The company is in a very flourishing condition, and is doing a safe and profitable business.

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SALE OF MOUNT VERNON.—The National Intelligencer confirms a report previously current, that Mr. John A. Washington, the proprietor of Mount Vernon, has disposed of that venerated mansion, with two hundred acres of the landed estate, to a company comprising Northern and Southern men, for the sum of two hundred thousand dollars. The terms of sale, however, are that Congress shall first have the privilege of buying the property, (although the company offered a largely increased price to have the sale made absolute,) and on no condition are the remains of General Washington to be removed from their present resting place.

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THE CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—The Cambridge Chronicle recommends that the Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in this, the first Congressional District, be held in Cambridge, that being the most central place in the District as now constituted. We presume there will be no objection made by the Whigs of any of the counties of the District, to the Convention being held in Cambridge, as it is not only central but easy of access from all quarters. We would suggest, therefore, that the Congressional Convention be held in Cambridge, on the 24th of August next. If the suggestion is agreeable to our Whig friends, in the other counties, it would be well to call the Convention accordingly.

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THE Locofoco convention of Baltimore County, on Saturday elected seven delegates to the Gubernatorial convention, and unanimously passed resolutions recommending the Hon. T. Watkins Ligon, of Howard county, for Governor. It is yet uncertain whether Baltimore city will go for Mitchell, the favorite candidate of Governor Lowe, or for Mr. Key, Col. Hughes, Mr. Ligon, or some other favorite of Ex Gov. Thomas.—The Custom House party (opponents of Mr. Mitchell) secured the President of the Democratic city Convention, which looks rather bad for the Lowe faction. The Mitchell men, however, boldly claim to have a majority of the Democracy of the city, and assert that the other side is composed of "corrupt," "log-rolling," "wire-pulling," "dishonest political gamblers," who carry their ends by "fraud" and "bribery." The Custom House men retort in pretty much the same strain, which gives a very delightful picture of the purity of the Baltimore Democracy. We presume that both sides tell the truth for once, as they are political brothers and should know each other. We have been thinking for some time that the truth would come to light at last, as "murder will out."

The election of ward delegates to the city Convention took place on Thursday evening, but it was not known certainly when the Sun went to press, who had triumphed. It was supposed, however, that the Mitchell men had a small majority.

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"THE WEEKLY BUDGET" is the title of a new paper just started in New York, and edited by Seba Smith. Mrs. E. Oakes Smith, also contributes to each number. The first number presents a very handsome appearance, and gives promise of becoming a very interesting sheet. Terms only 50 cents a year. Address Hinsdale & Co., publishers, 40 Ann St. New York.

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GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE, for July, is the first No. of the second volume for 1853. It has one full page steel engraving and numerous beautiful illustrations of the letter press, of which there are 112 pages of the best quality Terms $3 a year, or three copies for $6.—Address George R. Graham, Philadelphia.

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THE LAYDS' BOOK, for July, commences the 24th year of the publication of that excellent Magazine. This No. contains one large steel engraving, a magnificent colored fashion plate, and numerous illustrations.—The reading matter is excellent, and as this is the only Magazine devoted exclusively to the fair sex, no lady should be without it.—Terms for six months, $1.50; two copies $2 50; five copies, $5. L A. Godey, publisher, Philadelphia.

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THE ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE OF ART," for June, completed the first volume of that excellent periodical. It has attained a great popularity during the six months of its publication, and the publisher promises that no pains shall be spared to continue it in public favor. It is much like the London Penny Magazine, old volumes of which are read with so much avidity, and is fully equal to that celebrated work, and in many respects superior. Each No. contains 30 large illustrations, many of them full page, engraved and printed in the best manner The literary contents of the work are interesting and instructive. Price $3 a year, or 25 cts. a No. Alex. Montgomery, 17 Spruce Street, New York, publisher.

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"THE POPULAR EDUCATOR," Part 2, by the same publisher, is also on our table, and is fully equal to its predecessor.

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AN ACCIDENT, says a correspondent, occurred at Elkton, on Sunday afternoon last, which had well nigh been fatal to Alfred and Henry Goldsborough, two sons of Rev. R. Lloyd Goldsborough. He was preparing to ride to his missionary station, when the servant, contrary to his order, allowed the little boys to drive by themselves from the stable to the front door, and the horse starting at once, soon ran off and dashed the carriage with great violence against a pile of boards, the children also being thrown against them.—Henry was taken up senseless, and seemed, at first, to be dreadfully wounded Dr. Emory, however, soon pronounced that there was no fracture or injury to the brain—but a severe blow near the eye and cheek Alfred escaped with several bruises on his legs and arms. The carriage was very much broken up. The children thus saved from a violent death are up and doing quite as well as could be expected.—*Balt Sun*

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SUDDEN DEATH.—An old colored woman named Leah Light, after eating a quantity of crabs, on Saturday last, walked from Church Creek to Cambridge, a distance of eight miles, and died soon after she reached here. It is well to state that she drank a large supply of cold water before she died.—*Cambridge Dem.*

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COUNTERFEITS ON THE CITIZENS' BANK.—Two counterfeit $20 bills on the Citizens' Bank of Baltimore were passed at Parkersburg Va. last week. It is said the notes are very well executed, and calculated to deceive the best of judges.—Vignette, a female figure holding a cornucopia. On left end a ship under sail.

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GOOD MEDICINES!! A celebrated Physician of Baltimore says it gives him "great pleasure to add his testimony to that of others, in favor of the *extraordinary efficacy*" of Stabler's DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, and the same eminent Physician writes with regard to their ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT, that he "has no hesitation in recommending it to the confidence and patronage of the public, as a *most valuable medicine.*" See advertisement in another column

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## PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, June 16.

GRAIN.—The receipts of all kinds of Grain are light, and prices exhibit but little change.—We quote red Wheat at 1 a $1 05, white do., good to prime, at 1 06 a $1 12 to $1 14 per bushel. About 12,000 bushels of Corn was offered on 'change this morning, and mostly all sold at 52a54 cents for white, and 57 a 58 cents per bushel for yellow. Maryland and Virginia Oats 31 a 38 cts, and Penna. do. 41 a 42 cents per bushel. Rye 87 a 88 cents per bushel.

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## DIED,

In Broad Creek Neck, on the 9th inst., after a lingering illness of consumption, which he bore with christian resignation, JOSHUA EDGAR, aged 51 years.

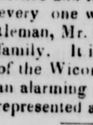
At Otwell, the residence of Col. N. Goldsborough, on the 15th inst., JOHN CHARLES, only son of Dr. J. C. Earle, of Centreville, aged one year, ten months and eight days.

"The gentle Saviour calls
Our children to his breast;
He folds him in his gracious arms,
Himself declares them blest."

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**NOTICE.**—All persons are hereby forwarned from trespassing on my Farm, near Easton, with dog or gun.

june 18—4t WM. M. HOLLYDAY.



**WOOL WANTED.**—For which the highest market prices will be allowed in merchandise.

ju 14 CHEEZUM & EMORY.

**HARVEST GOODS.**

THE subscribers have in store a full supply of Groceries &c., suited to Harvest, to which they would call the attention of the farming community. [june 18] S. MACKEY & SON.

**FARMERS' BANK OF MARYLAND,**

ANNAPOLIS, 9th June, 1853.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Stockholders of this Institution advertized to take place on Thursday, the 23d inst., is *Postponed* until further notice. By order

june 18—1t S TH. FRANKLIN, Cash.

**WILLIAM S. PAWSON,**

*Commission Merchant, 95 Smith's Wharf,*
*BALTIMORE,*

OFFERS his services to the farmers generally, and will, as usual, give particular attention to the sale of grain. [june 18—4t*

**Austin's Patent Cream Freezer!**—An extraordinary and astonishing improvement in Cream freezing: will freeze in *six minutes* without labor, by a simple and elegant application of well known principles, producing this desirable and surprising result. A child of ten years can manage it without difficulty. A few received per steamer of last evening, and for sale by

june 18 S. MACKEY & SON

**MORE NEW GOODS.**

CHEEZUM & EMORY, have just received from Philadelphia and have now opened, a handsome and cheap assortment of *SUMMER GOODS*, consisting in part of

Figured and plain Barèges;
Barege De Laines, 12½ to 37½;
Colored Debaze, 25 to 50 cents;
Plain and Dotted Swiss Muslins, 12½ to 50;
Plaid Cambric and Swiss Muslins, 12½ to 50;
Black and colored Lawns, 12½ to 25;
Black and Colored Ginghams, 12½ to 25;
Calicoes, &c. &c., which they most respectfully invite their friends and the public to call and examine.

june 18 y

**Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or MEDICATED COMPOUND,**

FOR Beautifying, Curling, Preserving, Restoring, and Strengthening the Hair, relieving diseases of the Skin, curing rheumatic pains and healing external wounds. Bounded by no geographical lines, the reputation of Barry's Tricopherous pervades the Union. The sales of the article of late years have increased in a ratio that almost exceeds belief. Professor Barry, after a careful examination of his sales book, finds that the number of bottles delivered to order, in quantities of from half a gross upward, during the year 1852, was within a trifle of 950,000.

It is unnecessary to present at length the evidences of the wonderful properties of the Tricopherous when the public have furnished such an endorsement as this. The cheapness of the article, and the explanations given of its chemical action upon the hair, the scalp, and in all cases of superficial irritation, first recommended it to the attention of the people. This was all that the inventor desired. Every bottle advertised itself.—The effects of the fluid exceeded expectation. It acted like a charm. The ladies would not be without it. Country dealers in every section of the United States found they must have it; and thus was built up a wholesale trade of an extent hitherto unheard of as regards articles of this kind. The highest point has not yet been reached, and it is believed that the sales this year will be a million and a half of bottles.

Depot and Manufactory, No. 137 Broadway, New York. Retail price, 25 cents a large bottle.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity. Sold by the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, Mexico, West Indies, Great Britain, France, &c., and by Messrs. DAWSON & BRO., Easton.

june 18—6m*

**WANTED.**

**Proposals to Build a School House.**

THE Trustees of Primary School District No. 2, Election District No. 1, of Talbot county, will receive proposals up to the 1st day of July next, for building a new Primary School House in the town of Easton. The contract will be awarded to the bidder offering the most desirable proposals; and the contractor will be required to enter into a contract under a penalty, for the faithful execution of the contract by the 1st day of November next.

The plan of the building determined on by the Trustees is as follows:—a two story frame house, 40 feet long and 28 feet wide—each story to be not less than 10 feet in the clear—the lower room to have a false ceiling of about two feet, to be filled with saw dust, to prevent the noise from above; the frame to be exclusively white oak; the studding to be 4 inches square—the balance of the frame to be of proportionate size; the weatherboarding to be of select cullings one inch white pine, dressed and rabbited; the roof to be of the best quality of cypress shingles; the floors on the first and second stories, to be of the best North Carolina yellow pine plank, tongue and grooved; a rough white pine plank floor in the garret; box window frames, and the sash to be hung with weights—19 windows, 24 lights each—glass 12 by 18; 5 pannel doors;—a six feet passage to be taken off one end of the building, in which is to be a stairway, to form front entrance to second story; two chimneys, one on each side, about midway the house; the building to be underpined flush all around; to be lathed and finished with two coats of plastering; to be painted inside and out with three coats—the doors to be grained oak. The rooms above and below, are to be completely furnished with writing desks for the scholars and suitable desks for the Teachers—each room to be fitted up to seat 75 or 80 scholars—a room on the second story over the passage to be fitted up for a repository of shawls, bonnets, &c. &c.

In short, the contractor will be expected to find all the materials, which are to be of the best quality, including lumber, brick, lime, sand, glass, &c., and to do all the work, and complete the job, including steps to the doors, in a workmanlike manner.

The above plan has been determined on; but if those who make proposals can suggest any other plan for a school house that will possess more architectural beauty, and cost less money and seat the same number of scholars, such suggestion is respectfully solicited to accompany the proposals and will receive due consideration

By order of the Board,

june 18—3t THOS. K. ROBSON, Cl'k.

**Commissioner's Sale.**

THE Circuit Court for Talbot County having decreed a new county road, to be made in Election District No. 4, as laid down by John Baggs and Charles Jump, Esqrs., Commissioners, and agreed upon by William Johnson and Jacob Wright Esqs., on the part of the petitioners for said road, beginning at "Forest Landing," the property of William Johnson, and running through the lands of the said Johnson, Jacob Wright, Joshua Burns, Thomas Hopkins, jr., Jesse Lednum, John W. Arringdale, Henry P. Leaverton, William Corkrall, Robert Goldsborough, Thos. Pierson, and the heirs of John Goldsborough, to the Chapel Meeting house, according to the courses, bounds, courses and distances, as laid down in the plat and certificate of Jas. Fitzgerald, Surveyor, subject to the following variations and alterations agreed upon by the said William Johnson and Jacob Wright; viz: commencing at the Chapel Meeting house, as laid down in said plat, and running so as to connect with the road that leads from McQuay's smith shop to the farm of John W. Arringdale; from thence as originally laid down until it reaches the point (a few yards from the Easton and Centreville road) where it deviates from the fence dividing the land of Jacob Wright from that of Joshua Burns; from that point of deviation, the said road shall run with the fence until it intersects the main road leading from Easton to Centreville, thence with said county road northwardly, to the line which divides Jacob Wright's land from the land of Wm. Johnson; thence with the line between the said Johnson and Wright westwardly to the north-west corner of Jacob Wright's land; thence in a straight line till it intersects (at or near the buildings on the Forest Farm) the road leading down to William Johnson's landing; thence with said road as originally laid down by the Commissioners aforesaid, being about five miles in length; therefore,

*Ordered*, by the Commissioners for Talbot county, that in pursuance of the above decree, the said road will be sold at public auction in front of the Court House in Easton, to the lowest bidder, on

*TUESDAY, the 12th day of July.*

The purchaser will be required to enter into bond with approved security for the punctual and faithful completion of the said road, according to contract, within twelve months from the day of sale, in a manner to be approved by Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose; the said road to be put in good travelling condition, cleared of all stumps, and ditched and bridged wherever necessary. The width of the road is 30 feet.

By order of the Board,

june 18—4t THOS. K. ROBSON, Cl'k.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—The PERSONS who gave Notes at the sale of the personal property of Nathaniel Dodson, dec'd, are notified that their notes became due the 24th of May, and immediately will be required to be closed