ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The steamer Baltic has arrived bringing 160 passengers and Liverpool dates to the 15th instant.

ENGLAND.—The English Government had announced in both Houses that the English and French fleets were jointly despatched to the Dardanelles furnished with similar instructions and that the best understanding existed between France and England. It was not expected that any collision would occur. It was further stated that Kissolef, the Russian Minister of Justice, had arrived in Paris bringing pacific assurances from the Czar. It was however not unlikely that Russia would temporarily occupy the frontier of the Danubian provinces.

Mr. French moved for all the correspondence regarding the imprisonment of negroes in South Carolina. He was convinced if S. Carolina were properly pressed she would annul her Black Laws. The correspondence was therefore ordered. In the House of Lords, Lord Beaumont made a similar motion.

The City of Southamption gave a splendid entertainment to Com. Vanderbilt, at which 200 guests were present. The Commodore had taken a large company of Southamptonians on a cruise off the southern coast of England, in his steam Yatch.

The Emigrant ship Aurora, bound from Hull to New York, foundered on the 20th of May, taking down 29 of the crew and passengers. The captain and 12 others were saved

TURKEY.—Advices from Constantinople to the 30th state that Turkey had handed to the Ambassadors of the four great powers a note explaining the measures taken to maintain the integrity of her territories, and declaring firmly that any arrangement with Russia is out of the question while that power persists in her exorbitant demands. On the 28th the French Minister gave Redschid Pasha the formal assurance of the support of the French Government, and Lord Stratford de Redcliffe was to have an audience on the 2d of June for the purpose of giving a similar assurance on the part of England.

The military preparations of the Turks were carried on with great activity. A Turkish fleet of 22 sail was anchored at the entrance of the Black Sea on the 20th. At the Arsenal 12 corvettes and several frigates are being armed to be ready by the 2d of June. A hundred and forty boats were employed constantly in transporting artillery and ammunition to the fleet and citadel on the the Bosphorus. The militia were pouring in from all quarters and the troops were to be reviewed by the Sultan on the 30th.

The Russian fleet at Sebastopol consists of 13 ships of the line, 8 frigates and 12 smaller vessels.

Business at Constantinople was dull owing to the scarcity of vessels, but there was not much panic.

GREECE.—The Athens Observatorie announces officially that the statements respecting the demands of Mr. Marsh, the American Minister, are incorrect

PACIFIC ASSURANCES OF RUSSIA.—The Paris correspondent of the London Times, under date of the 14th inst., states that the Russian minister of Justice, who arrived in Paris, had had an interview with Louis Napoleon, relative to the Turkish question, which resulted perfectly satisfactory to both parties, Russia assuring France that she had no design to wage war upon Turkey. The correspondent also states that several new plots for overthrowing the Empire had been discovered.

English Fishermen driven off by a French Cruiser.—The Newfoundland papers make bitter complaints of the manner in which the French cutter drove the British Fishermen from St. George's Bay. They say that the English vessels were compelled to put to sea; leaving behind all their nets and fish; and when some vessels put back on account of the heavy sea, they were fired into by the French cutter. The Legislature will probably investigate the matter strictly.

THE TEA CULTURE.—The Rochester American says that a gentleman who has carried on both the cultivation of the tree and the manufacture of tea from their leaves for years, and some of the time employed 200 men at the work, has left that place after an extensive examination of the soil and climate of the South, for China, and the East Indies, expressly to import a stock of young plants superior in every respect to those cultivated by Dr. Smith, of Greenville, S C.

ANTICIPATED DUEL.—A duel was to have been fought on the day the last steamer left San Francisco between Senator Gwinn and J. W. McCorkle, M. C. from California. The weapons were to be rifles, and the distance thirty paces. The friends of the parties had been trying for the previous twenty-four hours to arrange the affairs amicably without avail. Mr. Marshall acts as friend to Mr. McCorkle, and Mr. Dameron, Naval Officer, as the friend of Senator Gwinn.

WAR BETWEEN BOLIVIA AND PERU.—The New York Journal of Commerce publishes the following extracts of letters from Peru, the latest of which is dated the 26th May.—They say that a war between Peru and Bolivia was inevitable; or perhaps we should say, was already begun. A Peruvian squadron was at Islay by the last accounts, and was to proceed in three or four days to attack the Bolivian port Cobija.

NEW ENGLISH TARIFF.—Several changes, at the recommendation of the Ministry, have been made in the English tariff, and the reduction of duties on various articles exported from this country is very material. Among these are books, butter, cheese, clocks, rice, eggs, etc. It is said the reduction will go into operation forthwith.

AN ISLAND PURCHASED BY MORMONS.—It is stated that General Villamel, Charge from Ecuador at Washington, has effected the sale of Charles Island, in Gallipagos group, to the Mormons. Charles Island is to be independent of Ecuador, and the Mormons are expected to make it their head quarters, and have their own exclusive government.

BOSTON, June 29.

Excitement Among the Fishermen.—There is great excitement among the fishing towns, consequent upon the Government delaying the despatch of vessels of war to the fishing grounds to protect the rights of the American fishermen.

CHARLESTON, June 28.

Shocking Murder.—Col. Telamon Cuyler, a lawyer at Adamsville, Georgia, and brother of R. R. Cuyler, of Savannah, was murdered near his residence on Saturday last. Four arrests have been made on suspicion.

OUR FOREIGN POLICY — CUBA — GREAT BRITAIN.—Under this head the Washington Union of Saturday has an article occupying a column, two-thirds of which are employed in an elaborate eulogium on the yet undeveloped foreign policy of President Pierce. That policy, we are told, was sketched in the inaugural address of the President and has been embodied in the selecting of such "tried statesmen as Marcy, Buchanan, Soule, Walker, Gadsden, not to mention others, for the management of our intercourse with the most important foreign powers." As so much of eulogium might prove nauseating without some compensating bitterness, the late administration is then assailed, and we are told that "the popular heart had tolerated, with some degree of impatience, the negative—not to say the feeble or timid—policy of our late foreign intercourse." Having accomplished its allotted task of praise and detraction, the Union then proceeds to the point that is involved in the latter part of the caption to its article, and says—

We have alluded lately to one of these questions, growing out of the rumored policy of Great Britain in regard to Cuba, which stands out at this time with imposing prominence. If the public rumors which attribute to Great Britain a design, in connexion with Spain, to convert Cuba into a government of free blacks, shall prove to be well founded, the high position taken by the Executive will be put to a severe trial. The proximity of this island to our southern coast—the facility of the intercourse—the character of the population—the position of the island in regard to the mouth of the Mississippi—these and other considerations of no less moment at once suggest themselves as constituting elements upon which our policy must be solved. If there was nothing in the past history of Great Britain to excite our watchfulness, we should be reluctant to give the slightest credence to the rumors alluded to. We are not prepared to believe that she has deliberately determined to provoke an issue which may be fraught with the most disastrous consequences.

But there is at least enough in her past policy towards us, in the distinguished honors she is paying to one of our citizens who owes all her prominence to her assaults upon the integrity of our Union, as well as in her known policy in regard to some of her own islands, to induce us not to disregard and dismiss these rumors too inconsiderately. It may not be the policy of our Government to take the initiative in regard to Cuba, although the considerations looking to its acquisition involve almost necessarily the question of our self-preservation; but it is unquestionably our duty, and we certainly hope our policy, to be prepared with one voice and with all our strength to prevent any interference in that quarter which threatens the happiness or permanence of our own Government The administration cannot be, and we are sure it is not, too vigilant in guarding this point of attack upon our institutions. With our knowledge of British diplomacy, and the spirit of aggression which has marked the career of that government, we may be excused for listening to rumors which are in consonance with her past conduct. If we listen to them too readily, Great Britain should remember that her own policy has been such as to make us readily suspicious. But, at all events, the administration has staked its character upon the maintenance of a purely American policy; and we are confident that the whole American people are prepared to see that policy maintained with the same energy, fidelity, and boldness with which they hailed its announcement on the fourth of March.

If the Union is sincere in its remarks it would seem to attach more importance to the rumor of the combined action of Spain, Britain and Mexico than that very apochryphal story has succeeded in resting in other and perhaps not less intelligent quarters. The rumor itself was so preposterous as scarcely to survive the *eclat* of its birth. Even the Journal of Commerce, which stood godfather to it, has deserted the suspicious bantling, and though it has excited the remark of the curious, it seems to have nowhere secured the belief of the discreet and considerate.—We doubt, however, whether the official organ places more reliance itself in the rumor than enables it to make it the text of an article which presents a popular aspect. "Buncombe" has been heard of before to-day, and every one is aware of the peculiar value of the inflated appeals which pass current with the constituents of that district. When England combines with Spain, with Mexico, or with any other power to effect objects that may threaten the rights and the dignity of our country, or the permanence of its republican institutions, the policy to be pursued will be national—the property of no President or Cabinet—but springing spontaneously from the popular heart, and belonging in its inception as much to the whole people as it must rely on them for the means which will give power and effect to its maintenance.—*Balt. Amer.*

MISSISSIPPI.—The journals of both parties chronicle the progress of what is termed the "Rebellion" among the Democracy of Mississippi. Nearly all the caucus candidates of locofocoism meet with violent opposition from the rank and file of the party. Mr. Burksdale, the Congressional nominee for the State at large, finds a doughty competitor in Col. Reuben Davis, and A. G. Brown, late disunionist, but at present caucus candidate for U. S. Senator, is opposed by Gen. Foot, who is canvassing the various counties with vast industry and prodigious effort. In the Northern district we perceive that the "faithful" nominated D. B. Wright for Congress.—The Hon. B. D. Nabers—late member—was on the ground, and after the adjournment of the Convention made a speech, in the course of which he bade it defiance and declared himself an independent candidate. The caucus nominees for Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, &c., are all compelled to encounter antagonists from among the ranks of their own party. This is rather a bad show for the "harmonious."—*New Orleans Bee.*

BISHOP WHITTINGHAM, of Maryland, passed through Genoa on the 2nd inst. for Turin, accompanied by a nephew, Mr. C. H. Condit, of New Jersey. A letter in the Newark Advertiser, dated Genoa, June 6th, states that the Bishop is in infirm health, though he is on the whole better than when he left home.—After reposing for a few days at Turin he proposed to proceed leisurely to Milan, Venice and Florence. He will scarcely venture so far South as Rome, since he proposes to take the Liverpool Steamer of the 15th of August for New York, in order to reach home by the 1st of September.

Gov. Seymour, of New York, has commuted the sentence of Thomas Neary, who was to have been hung on Friday for the murder of his wife, to imprisonment for life.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—The Eastern portion of the city was on Wednesday evening visited with a conflagration such as is seldom witnessed in our favored city. The flames were first discovered a little after 6 o'clock, in the large new four-story brick warehouse on the east side of Broadway, near Thames street, just erected by Messrs. Straus & Brothers for the prosecution of their business as grocers and liquor dealers. They were just moving a stock of goods into it, and had an amount on hand valued at about $4,000. The house with its entire contents was destroyed. On the goods there was no insurance. On the house there was a partial insurance in the Firemen's office.

The flames next communicated to a small three story brick house, kept as a tavern, by a German named Tzensky, who, we understood, owned it—it was entirely burnt but.—The fire next took two brick houses, owned by Arthur Prince, one of which was occupied by P. Schmidt, as a tavern, and the other by several German families. Mr. Prince was insured partially on both houses, which were totally destroyed. The furniture in these houses was mostly saved in a damaged condition.

In the meantime the flames communicated to the lower Broadway market house, which was entirely consumed from Thames to Lancaster street. That, of course, was the property of the city, though the stalls all belonged to the butchers. It will cost perhaps $10,000 to build a new one. The wind set heavily across to the west side of Broadway, and the fire caught in succession to a small old frame, occupied by Mr. Nellson as a lottery office. It was torn down by the Hook and Ladder Company. Next, the two story brick house occupied by Isaac Ramsay, as a dwelling and tobacco store, which was burnt out—insurance on house and stock to some extent; next, a two story frame dwelling, occupied as a shoe store by Mr. J Jefferson—burnt out. Many things in this row were removed in a damaged condition.

A large three-story brick house on the corner of Lancaster street and Broadway, caught fire, and a portion of the roof was burnt out. It was known as the "European House," occupied by Mr. Kroder as a tavern, and was owned by a Mr. Wilson, and was insured.—Kroder had no insurance on his furniture and stock of liquors At this point the flames were stopped, though several other houses slightly caught. It was impossible last night to ascertain an estimate of the entire loss, or the insurance. The firemen worked with their accustomed vigor, or a great deal more property would have been destroyed. The weather was exceedingly hot, the roofs dry, and a scarcity of water.—*Balt Sun.*

OUTRAGEOUS PROCEEDINGS.—On Tuesday afternoon, Thomas J. Sutton was accosted by two brothers, named Jesse and James Murphy at the old post-office; and after conversation concerning a horse race at Canton, in which Sutton was a judge, he was assaulted in a most violent manner, having been struck a severe blow immediately over the left eye, and producing a wound which, it is probable, will cause the loss of the eye He was then kicked and beat very severely. Mr. S had not the least intimation of an assault. He immediately proceeded to the central station, and informed deputy high constable Wright of the fact. Wright obtained a State's warrant, and proceeded to the Empire House, Gay Street, in front of which he saw Jesse Murphy and arrested him. He had no sooner laid hands on him, however, when a number of fellows, numbering nearly twenty, closed in, and swearing he should not arrest him, pushed both in the house, where a sanguinary conflict took place, which lasted for nearly half an hour. Mr. Wright, whilst endeavoring to take his man, was repeatedly assaulted and choked, and among those who interfered with him in the discharge of his duty was a member of the police corps of Philadelphia, and a Baltimore city bailiff. He succeeded, however, in taking his man to the watch-house and locking him up for examination. Justice Bayzand released him on security for court—*Ib.*

PROBABLE MURDER.—A murderous assault was perpetrated about 9 o'clock on Saturday night, upon a most unoffending citizen, named John Dunn, aged about 28 years, and employed at the Mount Clare Depot. It appears he was returning home to his boarding house in Oregon street, and whilst at a short distance from the Lexington market, was stealthily approached by a cowardly assassin, who dealt him a violent blow with a slung shot, which took effect on the top of the head immediately above the forehead. Shortly afterwards he was conveyed to his residence, and the services of Dr. Crozier and other medical gentlemen secured, in order to relieve his sufferings. Up to yesterday he continued in a very dangerous condition, and his recovery was considered quite doubtful, a portion of brain having protruded through the skull. Efforts have been made to bring the outrageous offender to justice, but have not proved successful.—*Ib.*

INFAMOUS.—A relative of Gen. Harrison gives notice in a card, published in the Cincinnati Times that all persons assembling in the grave yard enclosure at North Bend, for the purpose of revelry, will be prosecuted as trespassers, and cites as a reason a disgraceful scene which occurred on the 30th ult, which is described as follows:

"A party of several hundred came from Cincinnati in three steamboats, a pioneer band having preceeded them the day before in an omnibus, and this pioneer band pitched their tent in the grave yard on Sunday for the sale of liquor, without leave or license from any one. Yesterday that grave yard was selected as the spot upon which the company danced all day, and the voices of the 'Professors,' in calling the figures, could be distinctly heard at the house, a quarter of a mile off, in the valley below. That moral recreation of card playing, so refining and elevating in its influence, was indulged in by many of the company upon the humble grave of the pioneers of this settlement, and drunkenness and revelry reigned supreme. The tombstones in our family inclosures have been defaced, and the names of those who sleep beneath them partly erased, so as to make them read differently, and even the names of the individuals committing these acts written upon the stone in pencil, an insult to the dead and a wanton outrage upon the feelings of the living. The depredations committed upon the beautiful mound where the remains of General Harrison repose are disgraceful in the extreme.—Every little shrub and flower planted there by the hand of affection are rudely destroyed by these sacreligious Vandals in their bacchanalian revelries."

Mr. Robt. Dunning fell from the top of the jail at Denton, Md., last week, and was considerably, but not dangerously, injured.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1853.

☞ WM. THOMSON S. E. corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "GAZETTE"

☞ V. B. PALMER is our only authorized Agent to receive advertisements and subscriptions for the "EASTON GAZETTE," in the cities of New York, and Philadelphia.

HENRY WINTER DAVIS, Esq., and Ex-Mayor John H. T. Jerome, of Baltimore, are spoken of as Whig candidates for Governor of Maryland at the ensuing election.

RETURNED.—Among the passengers in the Northern Light, which arrived at N. York on Friday last, was the Hon. John Bozman Kerr, late Charge to Nicaragua, wife and children, of this town. He is now in Washington.

THE Sunday Schools of the Methodist Episcopal and Methodist Protestant Churches, of Easton, will celebrate the fourth, the first by a pic nic at Lloyd's Springs, and the latter by a feast at the new Church, in this town.—May the little people have all the recreation and enjoyment their light and happy hearts are capable of.

WE have had a continuation of the hot weather of last week during the past few days. Sometimes the thermometer would stand at 101° in the store doors under an awning. In our office yesterday, the thermometer ranged as follows: at 6 o'clock A M. at 81°; at 9 o'clock 85°; at 12 M 90°; at 3 o'clock P. M. 94°; and at 6 o'clock at 85°.

COMMITTED.—A free negro man named Perry Clayton was arrested and committed to jail on Monday morning last, for having on the previous day struck a slave belonging to Thomas Arringdale, Esq., on the back of his head with part of a fence rail. A few words had passed between them when the blow was struck. The slave was in a dangerous condition for several days, but is now recovering

THE CHOIR of the M. P. Church, of Easton, under the direction of Mr. J. R. MORTIMER, will give a concert at Centreville on the evening of the 4th of July, for the benefit of the Sunday School of the M. P. Church, of that place. Lovers of sacred music will enjoy a rich treat on the occasion, the choir performs its pieces in a manner equalled by few choirs in the country.

THE Democrats of this county are stirring for the ensuing political campaign. A meeting of the Democracy is called by the Central Committee to meet in Easton on Tuesday, the 19th of July, to appoint delegates to the State Convention, which meets in Baltimore on the 10th of August, to nominate candidates for Governor, Comptroller and Lottery Commissioner.

WE learn from the Star that an Irishman named McDuffie, in the employ of Wm. R Hughlett, Esq, in Trappe District, died very suddenly on Thursday week, from a rush of blood to the head, caused by the excessive heat of the weather. A negro man named Joshua Nichols, died in the harvest field of Dr. Muse, near Cambridge, on Thursday, from sun stroke.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Friday morning last, a negro man named Jim Miller, slave of Wm. Goldsborough, Esq., seven miles from Easton, had his leg entangled in a wheat cutter, and before it could be extricated, was nearly severed just below the knee. When the physician, Dr. Cox, arrived, he was found so much exhausted from loss of blood and nervous excitement, that it was impossible to amputate the leg, and he died on Friday night.

SAD ACCIDENT AND DEATH. On Monday last, two young men named Frederick and Lorenzo Larrimore, of Bay Hundred District, of this county, while engaged in scraping the masts of their schooner, the halliards by which the scaffold, on which they were engaged, was supported, gave way, and they were both brought to the deck with great violence, causing instant death to the former, and the latter had both his legs badly broken.

DROUGHT.—It is now several weeks since we have had any rain of importance, and the corn, vegetables, grass, &c, are nearly burnt up by the hot sun.. Unless we have rain soon, the stock of vegetables and crop of corn will be small indeed. A slight shower on Thursday night, and also last evening, were probably of much benefit, as it dampened the ground, and may save vegetation from entire destruction.

ABSCONDED.—An Englishman who glories in the euphonious title of Chas. A. C. Wade, and a professed graduate of Dublin University, left here on Saturday morning, forgetting to liquidate something over five hundred dollars of debts, which he had contracetd with our merchants and mechanics during the past six months, during which time he has been teaching a Primary School near Easton. He is a genteel looking man, and has a wife and child.

The Governor of Delaware has extended the time for the execution of Capt. John Windsor, convicted of killing his wife, until March 17, 1855.

THE Democratic party have for a number of years advocated a policy which inures to the advantage of England, and the consequent disadvantage of our own country, by refusing to protect home manufactures, yet it is but recently that any so-called democratic paper has publicly avowed that Englishmen and Irishmen are superior in point of honesty and integrity, and preferable as citizens to our own countrymen. An American who would make such a declaration probably judges the rest of his countrymen by himself, and it would be well for him to go to England and join in the fulsome laudations of Mrs. Stowe, for painting our countrymen in such *dark* colors.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—The Centreville Times agrees with our proposition to hold the Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in this, the first Congressional District, at Cambridge, on the 24th of August The Snow Hill Shield agrees to the place, but proposes the 31st of August, so that any persons who may desire to attend the State Convention on the 2d September may visit both on one trip. The State Convention meets on the *first* of September, and there is no way to get to Baltimore from Cambridge after the 31st, so we think the Shield, upon further reflection, will agree to the 24th. The Cambridge Chronicle, of Saturday, has not been received, and we do not, therefore, know what its opinion in regard to the matter is. The Princess Ann Eastern Shoreman will probably give its vote next week.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—The Democratic Convention for this District, composed of the 1st eleven wards of Baltimore city, met on Monday night to nominate a candidate for Congress. In the 9th ward a row occurred during the election of delegates and the ballot box was tipped over, but the Convention decided that the May delegates were entitled to their seats. In the 13th ward two sets of delegates were elected, and in this case also the May delegates were declared entitled to their seats. Upon the announcement of the decision Dr. Barry rose and said that he would take his leave, which was received with hisses. He then said that he supposed those who hissed him did not desire him and others to act with the Democratic party, when he was again greeted with hisses, and retired from within the bar. The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Congress, when Henry May received 44 votes; and Robt. M. McLane 14 votes.—A motion to make the nomination unanimous received several negative votes.

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.—1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages have been settled

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the offices where they are directed, they are responsible until they have ordered them discontinued, and settle their bill.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5 The Courts have decided that refusing to take a paper or periodical from the office, or removing and leaving it uncalled for, while in arrears to the publisher, is prima facia evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ever ordered it sent or not, is held by law to be a "subscriber."

SICKNESS AT WILLIAMSPORT.—The Boonsboro' Odd Fellow, of Tuesday, says: Although efforts were made to deny the existence of the Cholera, it is now a fixed and undeniable fact that it is there, and there in its most malignant form. We have had a number of messages, letters have been received here, and a young man from this place was up and returned, fully confirming the previous reports. In all there have now been over 30 deaths.—Our informant, an eye witness, says the cabinet makers are working night and day to fill the demand for coffins. On Monday there was 5 deaths and 13 new cases. Business is almost entirely suspended and a general gloom pervades the place.

The Hagerstown Mail says: We are pleased to learn that from Monday last up to yesterday (Thursday) there had been no new cases of the fatal epidemic with which our neighboring town has been visited The remaining cases, according to the "Times," appear to be convalescing.

MACON, June 24th.

Georgia Whig State Convention.—The Whig State Convention of Georgia nominated the Hon Chas. J. Jenkins, of Richmond county, for Governor, upon the first ballot; and David A. Reese, for Congress, in the Third District. The convention was fully attended, and was exceedingly harmonious and enthusiastic. Gen Sandford, Union democrat, presided. Hon. H. V. Johnson is the Democratic candidate.

THE EXECUTION OF THOMAS CONNOR.—This unfortunate lad is to be hung on Friday next, the 8th of July, for the murder of Capt. Wm. Hutchinson. He is regularly attended by Rev. Mr. Foley, and appears contrite and repentant, averring his readiness to meet his doom. The gallows will, as usual, be erected high enough to admit a full view of the execution from the outside of the jail walls.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon, a lad named Christopher Euber, aged about thirteen years, was accidentally killed in the yard of the President street depot of the Philadelphia Railroad. It appears he was under a car partly laden with pig iron and drew a bolt which let down the weight upon his neck, killing him instantly.—*Balt. Sun.*

SINGULAR CAUSE OF DEATH.—Nathan Holmes, Jr, aged 22 years, died in Plymouth, Mass., a few days ago, from bleeding at the gums, in consequence of the extraction of a tooth two years since.

Mrs. Foote, wife of the Hon. T. M. Foote, late charge d'affaires to Austria, who arrived in the steamer Baltic on Sunday, died in New York on Tuesday.

THE CROUP—*How to Prevent it.*—A correspondent of the New York Mirror, a medical practitioner, in an article on this subject, says:

"The premonitory smyptom of a croup is a shrill sonorous cough. The patient is not sick—has no fever, as often in a common cold—is lively, perhaps even gayer than usual, his hands are cool, his face not flush, possibly a shade paler than usual. This solitary symptom may last a few days, with no material increase or abatement, and without attracting any notice; suddenly, however, the disease hitherto latent, bursts forth in all its fatal fury, and too often continues its ravages unchecked, to the dreadful consummation.—The remedies for this symptom of croup are simple and in most instances perfectly efficient. They are a mustard poultice, or a strip of flannel dipped in oil of turpentine or spirits of hartshorn, applied to the throat, and nauseating doses of Hive's syrup to be continued as long as the cough remains. By this timely employment of these mild agents, I unhesitatingly assert that a multitude of lives might be saved every week, that are now lost through negligence and delay."

CUMBERLAND COAL TRADE.—It is stated that the coal trade over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has increased recently at least one-third, and coasting vessels are now in great demand to carry it off. The company has had a large number of new cars put on the road, whose capacity is much greater than the old ones, and with an equal number of cars at least one-third more coal is brought over the road.

HARFORD COUNTY AND THE GOVERNORSHIP.—We learn that at the Democratic primary elections in Harford county the result showed pretty nearly equal division of the delegates between Colonel Hughes and Mr Key as the candidates for Governor. These delegates meet in county convention in August to choose the delegates to the State Gubernatorial Convention.

DEFEAT OF THE MAINE LAW IN CONNECTICUT.—The Maine Liquor Law was defeated in the House of Delegates, on the 23d ult., by a large majority, by striking out the enacting clause and inserting a bill guaranteeing license for the sale of liquors.

A FRACAS.—A fight recently occurred on a steamboat at Memphis, between Jerome Watson and Judge Underwood, of Missouri, which resulted in the former being stabbed (fatally it is supposed) with a bowie knife.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, June 30.

GRAIN.—The supply and receipts of all kinds of Grain are very small. We note some sales of red Wheat at $1 a 1 05, inclusive; white do. 1 08 a $1 12 per bushel. Corn has improved, supply very light. About 5,000 bushels sold on 'change this morning at 56 a 57 cents for white, and 60 cents for yellow; mixed Corn 54 a 55 cents per bushel. Sales of Pennsylvania Rye at 82 cents per bushel. Virginia Oats 35 a 37, Maryland do. 38 a 40, and Pennsylvania do 40 a 42 cents.

DIED,

In this town, on Friday evening, the 24th, after a short illness, MARGARET A., infant daughter of John and Evelina M. Donovan, aged 3 months and 20 days.

In this county, of consumption, on the 20th ult., at the residence of her father, Francis Baker, Sr., Mrs. CAROLINE STEVENSON, of Baltimore city, in the 32d year of her age. Balt. Sun and Worcester Shield please copy.

MACHINE OIL, of various qualities; on hand and for sale by DAWSON & BRO. july 2

RUTABAGA and *White flat Turnip Seed*, just received and for sale by DAWSON & BRO. july 2

PIANO FOR SALE.—I have a good second-hand Piano which I will sell very low. RD: THOMAS. july 2—3t

ICE CREAM FEEZERS—Just received a lot of Austin's Patent Freezer's. For sale by St. Michaels, July 2—tf W. JONES.

LEMON SYRUP—A superior and cheap article for the instantaneous production of Lemonade, for sale by DAWSON & BRO. july 2

MINERAL WATER—The subscriber, having had his Fountain set up, is now prepared to furnish this refreshing beverage in good order. St. Michaels, July 2—tf S W. JONES.

CLERK WANTED.—Wanted immediately, a young man to make himself useful both as salesman and book-keeper in a store in Easton. For further information inquire at this office. [july 2—S tf

Branch Bank at Easton,

July 1st, 1853.

MONDAY NEXT being the 4th of July, this Bank will be closed. It is expected that bills and notes maturing on that day, will be paid on Saturday, the 2d inst. RD: THOMAS, july 2—1t Cashier.

KERSEYS.

I HAVE made arrangements to receive *direct* from the Manufactories, a complete assortment of Kerseys, all wool, and cotton and wool, 3-4 & 6-4, and shall have them early and will sell them at small advances—the attention of Farmers is invited. (july 2) J. H. GRACE.

SILKS.

I HAVE a large assortment of Col'd Silks on hand which will be sold low, to make room for Fall Goods. Also, a very nice assortment of Berages, Berage DeLaines and other dress goods, to which the attention of the people is invited. july 2 J. H. GRACE.

Farmers' Bank of Maryland,

Branch Bank, at Easton.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank, that an election will be held at the Banking House in Easton, on the first Monday (the 1st) of August next, for the purpose of selecting from among the Stock holders, twelve Directors to manage the affairs of this Institution for the ensuing year. RD. THOMAS, july 2—3t Cashier.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, I will sell, on

WEDNESDAY, the 13th INSTANT,

at the late residence of Joseph Turner, all the personal property of said deceased's, (negroes excepted)—consisting of

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE,

FARMING UTENSILS,

About 25 Barrels of Old Corn in the Ear, the Crop of Corn now Growing,

together with some good



Milch Cows & Calves, Horses, SHEEP & HOGS.

A CREDIT of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required—no property to be removed till the terms are complied with.

THOS. J. CLARK, Ex'tr of Joseph Turner, dec'd. july 2—ts

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