POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 15.

Railroad Accident.—A collision occurred on the Hudson River Railroad, at 4½ o'clock this afternoon, between a single engine and the Poughkeepsie passenger train going south. A fireman and two brakesmen on the passenger train were killed.—Both engineer and fireman on the single engine were badly hurt. Engines entirely smashed.

ONEIDA, N. Y., Sept. 16.

Another Fatal Railroad Collision.—The express train on the Central railroad near this place, was run into last night by the freight train, which was going at full speed. The concussion was terrible, smashing the engines and several of the cars to atoms, throwing them off the track. Mr. Burkley Watcher, of Medina, Ohio, was instantly killed. Three or four others were, it is believed, fatally injured, and a large number more or less wounded. It is only surprising that greater destruction of human life had not ensued.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.

Terrible Murder.—An Irishman named John Chapman, murdered last night, at his residence in Sherburn, Mr. R. Cousins by striking him with an axe. Not satisfied with this, the inhuman fiend also attempted to kill Mrs. Cousins, inflicting several severe, and it is feared, fatal blows upon her. But little hope of her recovery. Another person in the house, name not ascertained, was also severely injured. The murderer escaped, and has not yet been arrested.

The Boston *Advertiser* contains Mr. Everett's letter in reply to Lord John Russell on the Tripartite Treaty, dated Sept. 17th, in which he regrets that Lord John's letter was not written before his (Mr. E.'s) retirement from the State Department, in order that he might have replied officially instead of personally as at present. He considers the letter sarcastic in tone, and not so conciliatory as might have been expected, and proceeds to answer in detail, in a very masterly manner. The letter makes two and half columns.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.

It is now said with much confidence that John Y. Mason of Virginia, will be appointed Minister for France, and ex-Senator Allen, of Ohio, Minister for China.

Messrs. Burr, O'Conor, and O'Sullivan are here. O'Conor had an interview with the President to-day, and offered, in view of the unharmonious condition of the party in New York, to return his commission.—The President was kind, and declined receiving it. O'Sullivan would exceedingly like the Sub-Treasury, but, alas! Dix is doomed to remain on this side of the Atlantic.

The Union contains an indignant, slashing article on the National Democrat. It speaks of its downright knavery, hypocritical profession of friendship for the President, and says its treachery is barefaced, &c. Editor Burr being here, can leisurely view political portraits, drawn by a master. In the same article the Herald and Albany Argus have not been neglected. There is an extensive demand for harmony in the political market, but the supply is short—very.—*Jour. Com.*

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]
WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.

The Democratic Party.—The Union of this morning contains an able article, headed "Democratic Principles and Party Organization—Factionists and their Motives." The tone is more than usually firm, and the allusions unmistakable. Unless the organ shall continue thus to rebuke defectionists, the Administration will be rendered powerless.

We, as an humble observer of events, recently suggested that the Administration acting upon the Christian principle that all who will may come to its support, discarding former heresies and subscribing to the prescribed faith. This view of the subject is sustained in the editorial to which we have alluded. The writer asks, "Is the Democratic party to proclaim, as a party, its creed, that it acknowleges no atonement of repentance, and admits of no spirit of communion like that in which the Constitution had its origin! It was not a difference in principle that for the first three or four days divided our friends at Baltimore; it is not a difference of opinion that foments assensions now. It was the personal prejudices, partialities, animosities, individual hopes, contests among the leaders and their friends for present supremacy.

The article thus bears down heavily on the defectionists: "It is time for the democratic masses to open their eyes to the fact that arrogant individuals, who, in great schemes involving heavy appropriations and Governmental patronage, make haste to make riches at *their* expense, are not content with this, but attempt at the same time to control their voice, and become the exponents of *their* judgment."

If such are the schemes of any set of men, the Union should have made the exposition long ago, and not waited until after the recent split at Syracuse. But the masses have suffered from some quarter, ever since the time of Moses, at least, and a good many of the "sovereigns" of the present day are engaged in making "bricks" for political taskmasters.

The "bone and sinew" are of no account unless at election times! The contest over, successful men who "treated" their children to gingercakes, and the anti-tetotalers to "hard cider," (as marks of friendship, but really with motives to catch votes,) are the very first to withdraw the soft hand from the honest grasp of the working man. And yet, year by year we continue to see the people following the lead of such demagogues

We thank the Union for promulgating the above facts, and trust that it will, next time it takes up the subject for comment, descend to particulars, so that the people at large may know who are the "arrogant individuals" trying to rob the treasury and control the voice of the democracy, and the "rest of mankind."

BOLD ROBBERY.—Yesterday afternoon, whilst Mr. Samuel Joseph was sitting near the south-east corner of South and Baltimore streets, an unknown person passed by and struck him a violent blow in the breast, at the same time slipping a gold watch and chain, valued at $120, from his vest pocket. Mr. Joseph was so surprised and stunned by the blow that he did not miss his watch for some minutes, and the daring thief had then disappeared.—*Clipper of Tuesday.*

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]
ANNAPOLIS, Sept. 20.

A case of much interest occurred in this city this afternoon. The particulars are as follows:—The U. S. mail boat, Capt. John Philips, (mail contractor,) plying between Broad Creek, Queen Anne's county, and this place, arrived here to-day. About two hours after her arrival, a colored hand on board observed Wm. Gardner, the sworn mail carrier, with an unusual amount of money about him, and supposing all was not right, communicated his suspicions to Capt. Philips, who examined a carpet-bag belonging to Gardner, and discovered that it was replete with a large amount of mail matter; whereupon he sent for Mr. Kirby Goodhand, Postmaster at Broad Creek, (who had accidentally come over in the boat, some suspicions having previously arisen,) who, upon examining the carpet-bag, was convinced that the whole mail due here to-day from Kent Island had been purloined of its contents. Gardner was taken before Justice Owen Taylor, who, upon a hearing of the facts, committed Gardner to jail, there to await the requisition of the proper authorities at Washington. The Justice found the carpet-bag to contain a large quantity of letters, five or six showing to have enclosed in the aggregate about $130. The sum found upon the accused when arrested was about $10.

DESTRUCTION OF THE STEAMER CAMBRIDGE BY FIRE.—The well known and beautiful steamer Cambridge, of this port, belonging to the Maryland and Virginia Steamboat company, of which J. S. Shriver, Esq., is president, took fire in the forward hold on Friday afternoon, in Carter's Creek, near the mouth of the Rappahannock river, on her return from Fredericksburg to Baltimore, and, notwithstanding every exertion was promptly made to suppress the flames, they progressed with such alarming rapidity that it was deemed necessary for the safety of those on board to run her ashore, which was accomplished in as short a time as possible. All the passengers and crew were safely landed but such was the progress of the flames that nearly everything in the way of freight, &c., was lost. In a short time after the landing of the passengers and crew the boilers exploded, making a complete wreck of the noble steamer. Her cargo consisted of 150 bbls. of flour, and other produce, which, it is supposed, are totally lost. The Cambridge was purchased a few years ago from the Eastern Shore Steamboat Company, for the sum of $30,000, and, it is said, was not insured. She was one of the fastest and most popular steamers of this port. Had the accident occurred at a later hour, after she had reached the bay, the consequences, no doubt, would have been of a most serious nature.—*Sun.*

AN AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AND EXPERIMENTAL FARM.—A proposition is on foot, and in a fair way of being taken up and supported by the men of wealth, for the purchase of Mount Vernon, or some other suitable place, for an Experimental Farm, and the establishment of a United States Agricultural College thereon for the instruction of youths and other persons in the science of agriculture. Among those who have interested themselves to some extent in this enterprise, we understand, are the Messrs. Corcoran, Clement Hill, and Charles B. Calvert. These gentlemen intend being present at the meeting of the New York State Agricultural Society, and will exert themselves there to procure donations from the millionaires of that State for the immediate establishment of this enterprise on a firm basis. One gentleman of this city has already offered to subscribe one thousand dollars if this Agricultural College is established for the purchase of Mount Vernon. Let the millionaires of the country take an interest in the matter and subscribe liberally, and this proposition, which is now talked about, will be a fixed fact.—*Washington Star.*

INQUEST.—Coroner Benson held an inquest yesterday morning over the body of a man named James Jenkins, aged about 55 years, who was found by his wife to be dead in bed early in the morning at his residence in Hanover street, near Montgomery. About two o'clock he was awake, as well as usual, and conversed with his wife without complaining. Imagination may picture her surprise at finding him at dawn a corpse by her—words cannot. The jury rendered a verdict of death from general debility.—*Balt. Clipper.*

PROBABLE SUICIDE.—On Saturday night, as the train running on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was passing through North Mountain Cut, a few miles above Martinsburg, the engineer discovered a man lying across the track, when too close to stop the engine, which passed over him, killing him instantly. The man proved to be a watchman of the company named John Smith, and it is conjectured that he intentionally committed suicide, as he had been detailed to watch the cut out of his turn that night at his particular request.—*American.*

SHOOTING IN SOUTH CARROLLTON, KY.—*A Lady Vindicator.*—We learn that rather a singular rencontre came off in South Carrollton, Muhlenburg county, one day last week, in which a young lady vindicated her high name and fame, armed with a revolver, and shot the calumniator, the ball taking effect in his throat, inflicting a terrible and perhaps fatal wound. The young lady is a daughter of Col. Wilson, and is of the highest respectability and character, and hearing that the young man in question had been slandering her, she, in company with her father, went in search of him. Upon being questioned, he could not, or did not deny his allegations, and the young lady shot him on the spot.

GAMBLING AND MURDER.—The Lewisburg (Va.) Era states that six men who went to Lick Creek Church, in that county, on Sunday, the 4th, instead of listening to the sermon, retired to a place near by, commenced gambling, and finally got into a terrible fight, which started the whole congregation. On several of those in church reaching the spot, they found three of them lying upon the ground insensible. One of them, Philip Boyer died in five minutes after having received several mortal stabs; another was fatally, and the third severely wounded. The other three had fled.

The Hon. John Y. Mason, of Virginia, is now reported to be the most probable recipient of the French Mission.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1853.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
HON. RICHARD J. BOWIE,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR COMPTROLLER,
Dr. J. HANSON THOMAS,
OF BALTIMORE CITY.

FOR LOTTERY COMMISSIONER,
JAMES B. RICAUD,
OF KENT COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS—1st DISTRICT,
JOHN R. FRANKLIN,
OF WORCESTER.

ARREST OF A RUNAWAY.—Constable Bennett on Wednesday arrested in Chapel District, a fugitive slave who escaped from his master, in Queen Anne's county, about seven years ago. He was lodged in Easton jail to await the action of his owner.

THE GUANO TRADE.—From a published statement it appears that there were at the Chincha Islands on the 1st August, loading with guano for the United States, forty-four vessels, with an aggregate of 31,328 tons. There had sailed from the Islands prior to Aug. 1, and not yet arrived, twenty-six vessels, with 15,415 tons of Guano on board. These vessels are all destined for the United States, and will touch at Hampton roads for orders from the agents at Baltimore, Messrs. Barreda & Bro.

THE rate of county tax this year has been fixed at 54 cents in the $100, by the Commissioners for Talbot county. The expenses of the county, which have been enormous for several years past, are but little less this year than last, the *decrease* in the rate of taxation being mostly caused by the *increase* of the taxable property of the county der the new assessment. Small favors, however, are thankfully received in these days of democratic county commissioners, and the tax-payers of Talbot will undoubtedly rejoice at even a small reduction in the expenses of the county. It is confidently anticipated that "there is a better time coming."

AWFUL TRAGEDY.—One of the most awful tragedies that ever happened in this county, occurred at "Plaindealing," the residence of T. R. Loockerman, near Royal Oak, on Thursday night, about 10 o'clock, which resulted in the death of John Loockerman, aged about 17 years. As near as we can ascertain, the following are the circumstances: It appears that for some time past, the inhabitants of "Plaindealing" have been troubled by the discharge of bricks and other missiles, at the house and the inhabitants. On the night stated, bricks were thrown, and Robert Hughey, overseer, and Wm. H. Kercheval, gardener, were on the watch with guns, accompanied by T. R. Loockerman. A brick was thrown, when Hughey fired but without effect. Kercheval then said he saw a man a short distance from them, when Loockerman told him to fire at him. He did so, and upon arriving at the spot, John Loockerman, a brother of T. R. L., who, it is said, had just come out of the house, was found dead, a rifle ball having pierced his head just above the temple. Kercheval immediately started for Easton, and upon his arrival gave himself up and was committed for examination. Loockerman was arrested yesterday morning by Sheriff Clark, and committed to jail in default of bail, for threatening the life of Kercheval.

Kercheval is an old man, a native of England, and is very fond of the Loockermans, and is greatly distressed at the occurrence. It was very dark where the affair occurred. He is not, we believe, censured by the community. Young Loockerman was very much liked by his acquaintances, and was a quiet, peaceable youth, and pleasant companion. Loockerman is evidently much affected at the loss of his brother under such heart-rending circumstances.

The jury of inquest rendered the following verdict: that Mr. John Loockerman came to his death accidentally, by a ball or slug fired from a gun or rifle, supposed to be in the hands of Wm. H. Kercheval.

THE GUBERNATORIAL CANVASS.—The Hon. Richard J. Bowie, the Whig nominee for Governor of Maryland, has invited the Hon. Thos. Watkins Ligon, the Democratic nominee, to accompany him through the several counties and address the people publicly. Mr. L. has accepted the invitation, and the following meetings have been mutually agreed upon, at which the candidates for Comptroller and Lottery Commissioner are also expected to be present:—At Princess Anne, Somerset county, Wednesday, 5th October; Cockeysville, Baltimore county, Monday, 10th October; Frederick city, Wednesday, 12th October; Bel-Air, Harford county, Saturday, 15th October; Easton, Talbot county, Tuesday, 18th October; Charlotte Hall, St. Mary's county, Wednesday, 25th October; Baltimore city, Saturday, 29th October.

A FAVORITE theme of the democratic press for some time past, has been the supposed, or desired, death of the Whig party; but from the late split in the democratic party in N. York, it is evident that the throat of that party has been cut, and the body is losing its best blood. Those who have always stood by the rights of the South have been caught once by uniting with free soilers on Gen. Pierce, and have determined to keep clear of them hereafter. Instead of thanks, they receive nothing but denunciation and abuse from Southern democratic papers. Truly we have fallen upon strange times, when Southern democrats commend Senator Dix and John Van Buren as National men, and denounce Mr. Dickinson as a free soiler. If Mr. Dickinson is is not true to the South, certainly no Northern Democrat is.

THE CAMPAIGN.

The work of detraction and vituperation has commenced. Having nothing to say in favor of their own candidates, the democratic press has been driven by the necessity of saying something, to the denunciation and misrepresentation of the Whig candidates. Of such a character is the article published in the Baltimore Argus over the signature of "Cincinnatus," the writer hailing from Dorchester county. The article is of course copied into the country press and generally circulated, the opportunity for indulging in their favorite mode of warfare being too good to be lost. In this article Mr. Bowie is assailed, and denounced as the enemy of the poor man, and as having no sympathies and no affection for the poor man, and it is asserted that his object is to oppress rather than elevate them, &c., &c. Verily the poor man is of great consequence to the democratic party just before an election, but more reliance could be placed in their professions of esteem and affection, if these same democrats did not forget the poor man as soon as the election is over. But what, reader, do you suppose brought out this terrible rodomontade against Mr. Bowie? What is relied upon to sustain the charge of "vindictive and malignant opposition to the poor and to the social and political elevation of the masses?" Why, his vote against Andrew Johnson's bill "to encourage agriculture, commerce, manufactures, and all other branches of industry," familiarly known as the "Homestead law," giving to any citizen of the United States who would settle thereon, one hundred and sixty acres of the public lands. No portion of Mr. Bowie's speech is quoted to show hostility to the poor man, his vote against a particular bill only is relied upon. In his speech Mr. Bowie distinctly states that if "the bill in his judgment, would effect *half* it proposed to do—if it *tended* in fact, to encourage commerce, agriculture and manufactures, *he* would not be found to *oppose* it." He thought it would paralyse and retard these interests—he regarded it as a proposition to cede the lands to the States in which they lie. He opposed it as unjust to the older States, and also to those citizens who had fought and bled in the wars of the country. To them had been given a bounty of 40 or 80 acres for their services, and this bill proposed to give the lands away, making the land warrants utterly worthless, for who would buy when the same lands could be had gratis? The public lands are sold at a nominal price, and there is scarcely a man who is able to emigrate to the West, stock his farm, and build a house, even though it be a log one, but is also able to pay this price for as much land as he requires for cultivation.

For his vote against this bill, the utility of which he doubted, for his desire to protect the old States and the really poor soldiers who have served in the Mexican and other wars, Mr. Bowie is denounced as an enemy of the poor man! If this be conceded, how many democrats will be found in the same category! It failed entirely to pass the Senate, which is strongly democratic, & we believe some democrats in the House voted against it, though its supposed popularity with the masses undoubtedly got it many votes from the demagogues who watch every popular breeze, and take advantage of it to waft them into place and power. This charge will fall harmless at the feet of Mr. Bowie—he is not the enemy of the poor man, and the voters of Montgomery, who have known him intimately from his youth, will hurl back the charge in thunder tones of indignation and scorn. Where he is best known, there is he best beloved and most respected, and there will he receive the largest vote His neighbors will vindicate him from the malignant misrepresentations of an unscrupulous and desperate opposition. This is not a simple assertion as is proved by the election returns of 1851, when Mr. R. J. Bowie, and the popular and talented Whig, Gen. Thomas F. Bowie, were the oppposing candidates for Congress, the vote in Montgomery county stood as folws:

	R. J. Bowie.	Thos. F. Bowie.
Cracklin District	165	49
Clarkburg "	149	42
Medley's "	165	14
Rockville "	261*	14
Berry's "	173	20
	913	139
	139	
Majority,	774	

*His own residence.

We have, perhaps, given to this anonymous scribbler, who is evidently well qualified to do the dirty work of the Argus, more attention than he deserved, but this attack being the first of the season, must be our apology.

OUR CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.—The National Intelligencer publishes the correspondence between the President of the late Whig State Convention and Mr. Bowie, our candidate for Governor, which will be found on the first page of to-day's Gazette, and appends to it the following just remarks:

All of our readers in this city and the surrounding country who have had the advantage of a personal acquaintance with the Hon. Richard J. Bowie, as well as those from all parts of the Union who have been associated with him in Congress, will deem it fortunate that the Whig Party of Maryland have selected that gentleman as their candidate for Governor of the State. His gentlemanly bearing, his experience in public affairs, the steadfastness of his political faith, and, above all, the entire soundness of his principles, as evidenced in his public career and confirmed by his letter of acceptance, strongly recommend him to the cordial and united support of the people of Maryland for the high station in connexion with which his name has been placed before them. The compliment bestowed on the political character of Mr. Bowie in the second paragraph of the letter of the President of the late State Convention, informing him of his nomination, is both felicitous and just.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE AND CONSTABLES.—The following is a synopsis of the law passed May 26, 1852, relating to the election of Justices of the Peace and Constables in Baltimore city and the several counties of this State:

Section 1, Relates exclusively to Baltimore city, and is not necessary to publish.

Sec. 2, *And be it enacted*, That at the next general election for delegates, and at each general election for delegates in every second year thereafter, there shall be elected for the several election districts, in each county, in this State, by the legal and qualified voters thereof, respectively, the following number of justices of the peace and constables; that is to say: [Here are enumerated the several counties and districts, with the number for each, which are omitted.] In Talbot county, for election district number one, two justices of the peace and two constables; for election district number two, two justices of the peace and two constables; for election district number three, two justices of the peace and two constables; for election district number four, two justices of the peace and two constables.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That for each new election district that may hereafter be formed and established in the several counties of this State, and for each additional ward that may hereafter be created in the city of Baltimore, there shall be elected, by the legal and qualified voters thereof, at the time for electing justices and constables in the other districts and wards, two justices of the peace and two constables, unless a different number be specifically provided for by law.

IMPORTANT.—Under this caption the Washington Intelligencer of yesterday, refers to the recent despatch from our Washington correspondent, in which it was stated that the Russian, Prussian and Austrian Ministers had filed in the Department of State a protest against the conduct of Captain Ingraham. That journal says it knows not on what authority the announcement relative to the "protest" was made, but adds, that it is corroborated by what has been circulating among political circles at the national capital for a day or two past, though it does not go as far as the current rumor.

The report now prevalent in Washington is said to be that the Ministers of England and France also declared to our government, concurrently with the representatives of the other three Powers named, the dissent, protest, or whatever it was, of their several governments in reference to the Koszta affair.

Secretary Marcy's manifesto in reply to the exception which Austria has taken to the action of Capt. Ingraham in the matter, is looked for by the country with increasing curiosity. While nothing less could properly be expected under the circumstances than a distinct and manly iteration of the just and elevated views of American policy in our intercourse with foreign nations, so nobly expressed by Mr. Webster in his celebrated Hulsemann letter, yet it is to be hoped that Mr. Marcy will also imitate his predecessor in the clear and vigorous conciseness of that model state paper.

THE LATE ELECTIONS.—Vermont foots up for the Legislature, as nearly as we can gather from the returns received, as follows: Whigs 95, democrats 87 and free-soilers 32. The free-soilers hold the balance of power numerically. A Governor, several State officers and a U. S. Senator are to be elected. In Maine we have returns of 127 members, leaving 24 to be heard from, as follows: Whigs 59, democrats 58 and free-soilers 10. Last year, whigs 62, democrats 84 and free-soilers 5. The whigs and Morrill democrats are thought to be triumphant, and Morrill, many say, will be Governor, and Wm. Pitt Fessenden (whig,) Senator.

FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.—Wm. Spriggs, a fugitive slave, claimed by Dr. John Whitridge, of Baltimore, was arrested in Philadelphia on the 15th inst., by a young man, son of the notorious George F. Alberti.—He had a hearing before Commissioner Ingraham, acknowledged himself a slave, and refused to have counsel. He was remanded to his master, and left that afternoon. There was no excitement, and no negroes present at the hearing.

AMERICAN AUTHORSHIP.—It will be recollected that Mr. Wm. Minifie, professor of drawing a short time since published a valuable work on Mechanical Drawing. Yesterday he received a letter from the authorities of the National School of Design at London, stating that the work had been examined, and adopted as a text-book, and ordering the number of copies required.—*Sun of Tuesday.*

A piece of outrageous cruelty was lately committed upon two noble horses in Oramel, Alleghany county, N. Y. They were raced eighty miles for a stake of $400, the winning horse making the distance in *eight hours and eight minutes*, including stoppages, and the other dying in less than an hour after the race.

BALTIMOREANS RETURNING HOME.—Besides Zenos Barnum and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Brune, Robert M. McLane, and James M. Buchanan and son, of Baltimore, arrived at New York on Sunday, from Europe in the steamship Arctic.

The Washington Star learns that the sureties of Mr. Collier, have recently paid over an aggregate of about $118,000 on account of the balance due the United States from that gentleman.

MORE HARMONY.—There has been a split in the Democratic party in Massachusetts similar to that in N. Y. The "adamantines" and "softs" each present a State ticket.

For Magistrate.

WE are authorized to announce THOMAS C. NICOLS as an independent candidate for *Justice of the Peace* for District No. 1 of Talbot county. [sep 17—te

For Supervisor.

I MOST respectfully announce myself to the Voters of Election District No. 2, of Talbot county, as an independent Candidate for *Supervisor of the Roads*, in said district. I have heretofore acted with the Whig party, and shall so continue to do whenever called on to exercise the elective franchise.

THOMAS BRIDGES of Thomas.
Broad Creek Neck, Aug. 30 sep 10—te

To the Voters of District No. 2, of Talbot County:

I BEG leave most respectfully to offer myself as an independent candidate for *Overseer of the Roads* in District No. 2 of Talbot County. I have served first and last thirty-two years as Overseer under the old road system. I served twenty-two years without intermission, and am now in commission. I think I may say this service for public good with the small pay heretofore attached to the office, gives me some small claim to your support now that the office will pay a moderate remuneration. Your obedient servant,

MORDECAI OXENHAM.
Ferry Neck, Sept. 9, 1853. sep 10—te S

STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT and DIARRHŒA CORDIAL being recommended so highly by many Physicians, Apothecaries and Pharmaceutists of high standing in the City of Baltimore, there can be no doubt of their superior virtues. Those suffering with *Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness*, &c., or *Diarrhœa*, should give them a trial.

☞ WM. THOMSON S. E. corner of Baltimore & Calvert Streets, Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for the "GAZETTE"

☞ V. B. PALMER is our only authorized Agent to receive advertisements and subscriptions for the "EASTON GAZETTE," in the cities of New York, and Philadelphia.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, September 22.

GRAIN.—The receipts of all kinds of Grain are small, and the market firm. About 7,000 bushels of Wheat offered, and mostly sold at 1 15 a $1 18 for red to not strict ly prime; white Wheat, good to prime, 1 23 a $1 28, and choice white Wheat, for family flour, $1 30 per bushel. Sales of inferior lots at 3 to 10 cents per bushel below the above figures. About 8,000 bushels corn offered, and mostly sold at 71 a 72 cents for white, and 75 cents per bushel for yellow. Maryland and Virginia Rye 72 a 75 cts. per bushel. Maryland and Virginia Oats, good to prime, at 38 a 40 cents, very bright lots do. 41 a 42 cents, and inferior Oats 30 a 36 cents per bushel.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.

GRAIN.—There is not much wheat offering today, but buyers are holding off; some 6000 or 7000 bushels sold at 1,20 a $1,22 for good southern red, and 1,30 a $1,33 for Pennsylvania white, the latter for a choice lot; poor lots are unsaleable; the bulk of the transactions were at our lowest figures. Rye is in steady demand at 85 cents. Corn is not plenty but the demand is moderate, and further sales of 2000 or 3000 bushels southern yellow are reported at 79 cents. Oats 40 cents per bushel.

MARRIED,

At the Trappe, on the 20th inst., by Rev. J. H. Lightbourn, HENRY HORTER to MARY E. SMART, both of this county.

In Baltimore, on the 14th instant, by the Rev. Isaac P. Cook, THOMAS H. LAMBDIN, to SARAH ADAMS, both of that city.

DIED,

At his residence, "Springfields," near Easton, on the 20th inst., WILLIAM LOVEDAY, Esq., widely known in the community in which he lived, as a gentleman of generous feelings, warm and of a true heart in his attachments, liberal and affectionate in his public, kind and benevolent in his private relationship. A numerous circle of friends and acquaintances sincerely sympathize with his afflicted family.

In this county, on the 23d ult., MARY, wife of Capt. Severn Mister, in the 53d year of her age.

On Friday, the 9th inst., CHARLES COOPER, son of Mary E. and Thos. H. Blake, aged 11 months and 9 days.

Near Trappe, on the 15th inst., WILLIAM A., youngest son of John and the late Mary Jane Martin, aged 5 months and 28 days.

At the residence of her son, Rev. T. J. Quigley, near Denton, on the 8th inst., Mrs. MARTHA QUIGLEY, in the 70th year of her age.

LIVER PILLS—5 gross Selleis' Liver Pills, direct from the proprietor, for sale wholesale and retail by (sep 24) DAWSON & BRO.

YEAST POWDERS—A superior article in tin boxes; also Essence of Coffee in metalic packs—for sale by DAWSON & BRO. sep 24

THE BEST REMEDY FOR AGUE & FEVER is Smith & Atkinson's Tonic—price 75 cts. For sale by DAWSON & BRO. sep 24

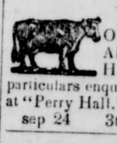
SMUT! SMUT!!—The success which attended the use of Sulphate of Soda, or Glauber Salts, last Fall, as a *preventive of Smut in Wheat*, will no doubt induce every farmer to give it a trial at the present season. It may be had in quantities to suit, at very low prices, of sep 24 DAWSON & BRO.

HARDWARE.—Just opened, a large assortment of *Spades, Shovels, Forks, Planes, Saws, Hinges, Bolts*, Screws, Chisels, Files, Cap Augers, and Cutlery of all kinds and new patterns. Also, a new and superior article of *Barn Door Locks*. The public are invited to call and examine. (sep. 24) J. H. GRACE.

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned from trespassing on my farm with dog or gun, or crossing my fields, as the law will be enforced against all offenders. M. ROGERS.
"Perry Hall," Sept. 24 3t

FOR SALE.



FOR SALE LOW, a yoke of fine OXEN, well broken and gentle.—Also, a good WORK HORSE. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber at "Perry Hall." M. ROGERS.



sep 24 3t

FOR SALE.



THE undersigned has on hand and for sale, several good MULES and HORSES, and CARRIAGES.—Persons desiring to purchase any of the above articles, will apply to

A. J. LOVEDAY,
sep 24—3t S Agent.

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