T. J. SMITHERS,
DENTIST, *EASTON, MD.*
Office corner Washington and Cabinet Sts.

MAJ. WM. E. STEWART,
Attorney-at-Law, *Easton, Md.*
Office at his residence on Washington street.

DRS. W. T. KELLEY & BRO.
DENTISTS, *Easton, Md.*
Office in the Shannahan Building, Dover St.

LEWIS BUFFETT, M. D., D. D.
DENTIST, *Easton, Md.*
Office in Masonic Temple.

R. RASTALL WALKER,
Attorney-at-Law, *Easton, Maryland.*
Office on Dover Street, formerly occupied by Dr. J. F. Nickerson.

J. C. & C. MULLIKIN,
Attorneys-at-Law, *Easton, Maryland.*
Office Cor. Dover and Washington Sts.

J. S. GARRISON, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIST,
Office—Dover Street, over Savings Bank.
Office Hours—8 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.
Residence on Dover Street, near Hanson.

MURRAY, the BARBER
MURRAY, the Barber, respectfully informs his customers and friends that he continues to prosecute this profession at his old stand, four doors east of European House.

ROBERT H. BLAIN,
Civil Engineer, Surveyor.
EASTON, MD.
Office with J. Frank Turner, Dover street, adjoining Farmers' & Merchants' National Bank.

G. M. TARR,
St. Michaels, - Md.
Livery . Stables.
First-Class Teams. Passengers conveyed to all parts of the Peninsula, at reduced rates.

O. H. BENSON,
Successor to Jas. Benson.
Insurance Agency
ST. MICHAELS, MD.

W. T. WRIGHT,
Contractor, Builder
AND LIGHTNING RODDER,
ESTIMATES Cheerfully Furnished.
EASTON, MD.

NOTICE.
The business formerly conducted by C. R. Leonard & Brother, will hereafter be continued by E. T. Leonard, member of the late firm. All desire a entrusted to my care will receipt prompt and careful attention.
EDMUND T. LEONARD,
Partner in Liquidation.

WAGNER'S GREEN HOUSE,
WEST PRATT STREET,
BALTO. MD.
J. & B. L. WAGNER, - Prop'rs.
This Restaurant is the old and most extensive in its accommodations of any in the city.
The crowds which dinner and dine daily at this restaurant attest the public approbation of its management.

ROBERT B. DIXON & CO.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lumber & Building Material,
North Carolina Locust Posts, Very Extra Cypress Shingles,
FENCING, Both Hemlock and North Carolina.
DEALERS IN
Anthracite and Cumberland Coals and Fertilizers.
We are selling the above at lowest prices to suit the times.

BALTIMORE & EASTERN SHORE RAILROAD.
Summer Time-Table in effect Monday, June 25th, 1894.

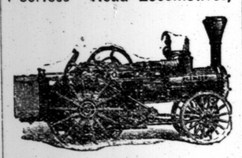
EAST BOUND.
(Read Down.)

11 Exp.	7 Lim.	15 Exp.	Mix	Acc.	2 Exp.	4 Exp.	Distance from Baltimore	STATIONS.	Distance from Baltimore	10 Exp.	2 Acc.	Mix	4 Exp.	Lim.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
2 00	2 00	5 40				4 00	7 00	Leave.....BALTIMORE.....Arrive. (Pier 9 Light Street.)	131.0	2 30	10 50		1 05	10 05
										P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
5 00	5 00	8 40				7 00	10 00	Arrive.....Claiborne.....Leave.	87.0	11 30	7 50		10 05	7 05
5 15	5 05	8 45	11 30	6 35		7 05	10 05	Leave.....McDaniel.....Arrive.	85.0	11 20	7 40	8 25	9 50	10 00
5 23	5 10	8 49	11 40	6 39	7 15	7 10	10 12		84.0	11 10	7 41	8 35	9 45	9 50
5 28		8 52	11 50	6 43	7 18	7 13	10 16	Harper	84.34	11 10	7 35	8 16	9 35	9 44
5 29	5 12	8 53	12 00	6 49		7 20	10 17	St. Michaels	82.34	11 00	7 25	8 06	9 25	9 34
5 35		9 01	12 05	6 53		7 25	10 21	Royal Oak	80.48	11 01	7 27	8 05	5 00	9 36
5 38	5 18	9 06	12 12	6 57	7 29	7 30	10 25	Bonfield	78.75	10 50	7 20	7 58	8 51	9 30
5 42		9 10	12 19	7 01	7 33	7 34	10 29	Kirkham	76.50	10 40	7 10	7 48	8 41	9 20
5 47		9 17	12 24	7 06	7 38	7 39	10 35	Bloomfield	74.50	10 30	7 14	7 37	8 41	9 30
		9 20					10 40	Arrive.....Easton.....Leave.	72.01	10 45	7 00	7 47	8 34	9 25
5 57	5 30	9 25	12 54	7 15		7 47	10 45	Leave.....Arrive.						
			1 00	7 21				Turner's	66.37			7 25	8 08	
6 12		9 39	1 19	7 29	8 02	8 02	10 59	Bethlehem	64.85	10 29	6 54	7 09	8 00	9 09
6 19	5 45	9 44	1 34	7 36	8 08	8 07	11 04	Preston	61.75	10 20	6 45	6 59	7 50	8 59
6 23		9 48	1 44	7 41	8 13	8 11	11 08	Ellwood	59.69	10 13	6 43	7 18	3 43	8 56
6 32	5 54	9 54	2 00	7 49	8 22	8 19	11 14	Hurlock	55.84	10 11	6 39	7 11	3 35	8 51
			2 06	7 55				Ennalls	53.84			7 05	3 29	8 45
6 39	6 00	10 00	2 15	7 57	8 29	8 26	11 20	Rhodesdale	51.62	10 02	6 32	7 02	3 20	8 42
6 41			2 18	7 59		8 27	11 23	Brookview	49.34	9 57		7 57	3 06	8 38
6 44			2 22	8 02		8 30	11 26	Reids Grove	47.34	9 52		7 52	2 56	8 33
6 50	6 08	10 10	2 35	8 10	8 40	8 40	11 30	Vienna	45.06	9 40	6 22	6 50	2 35	8 31
6 58	6 15	10 17	2 50	8 18	8 50	8 48	11 45	Barren Creek Springs	42.06	9 30	6 16	6 38	2 22	8 20
7 04	6 21	10 23	3 40	8 31	8 56	8 57	11 45	Hebron	38.40	9 15	6 06	6 30	2 05	8 12
7 09	6 24	10 28	3 50	8 35	8 59	9 01	11 48	Rock-a-Walkin	34.43	9 28	6 02	6 24	2 15	8 08
			4 05					Salisbury.....Leave.	30.06	9 00	5 45	6 15	1 50	8 01
7 20	6 34	10 38	5 00	8 47	9 10	9 12	12 00	Arrive.....Salisbury.....Leave.		8 55				
7 28		10 46	5 08	8 56	9 18	9 20	12 08	Walston's	25.11	8 05	5 42	5 50	9 46	7 47
7 36	6 48	10 55	5 27	9 05	9 26	9 32	12 16	Parsonsburg	21.04	7 55	5 32	5 40	9 36	7 37
7 39	6 51	10 58	5 35	9 08	9 29	9 35	12 19	Pittsville	19.07	7 50	5 27	5 35	9 31	7 32
7 47		11 07	6 16	9 19	9 37	9 42	12 24	New Hope	15.40	7 40	5 17	5 26	9 20	7 22
7 51	6 56	11 09	6 25	9 23	9 40	9 45	12 29	Whaleyville	11.97	7 30	5 07	5 16	9 10	7 12
7 58		11 16	6 35	9 30	9 47	9 52	12 36	St. Martin's	10.50	7 25	5 02	5 11	9 05	7 07
8 27	7 08	11 18	7 15	9 38	9 53	10 28	12 38	Berlin	7.24	6 34	4 34	4 43	8 21	6 23
8 40	7 20	11 30	7 28	9 50	10 05	10 40	12 50	Ocean City.....Leave.		6 20	4 20	4 30	8 05	6 10
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.

Additional trains between Berlin and Ocean City: Leave Berlin 7.00 a. m. Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays; 3.05 p. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Leave Ocean City 2.30 p. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; 10.30 p. m. Mondays, Wednesdays, Saturdays.
‡ Leave daily except Saturday or Sunday. † Leave daily except Sunday. § Leave Saturday only. * & ? Stops on flag for Baltimore passengers only.
‡ Leave daily except Saturday or Sunday. † Leave daily except Sunday. § Leave Sunday only. x Does not stop.
f Stops on flag to receive or discharge passengers or freight. k Stops on flag to receive or discharge passengers for other K stops, regular stops or Baltimore passengers. x Stops on flag to receive or discharge passengers for regular stops or Baltimore passengers. m Stops on flag for Baltimore, Ocean City or Easton passengers. p Stops on flag for Baltimore or Salisbury passengers. Parlor Car on Nos. 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9, except No. 6 Mondays

WILLARD THOMSON, General Manager. A. J. BENJAMIN, Supt and G. P. A.

PEERLESS
MACHINE and REPAIR SHOPS.
Peerless Steam Plowing Outfits.
Peerless Road Locomotives,



Balance Valve, Water Lined Smoke Box, mounted on springs, guaranteed to be the best on the market.

PEERLESS SEPARATORS
clean without riddles. Best and Fastest on the market. The CENTRIFUGAL STACKERS will put from 50 to 100 acres of straw in one stack without labor. Sold on its merits strictly.

The Repair Shops
furnish Boilers of all kinds and sizes, Canneries, complete Sewing Machine plants, Gold, Silver and Nickle Plating, Iron and Steel Roofing, Making and repairing Dies for can makers, Steam Heating, Gas Fitting, Sewer Piping and

Repairing of all Kinds in Metal.
WE GUARANTEE ALL WORK.
Repairing and Nickle Plating Bicycles, Sewing Machines and Guns. Write for estimates and Prices.
Peerless Machine and Repair Shops,
EASTON, MD.



PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS
COPYRIGHTS.
CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.
Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address
MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

HUMPHREYS'
Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.
They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

No.		Price.
1—	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2—	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3—	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4—	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7—	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8—	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9—	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10—	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11—	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12—	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13—	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14—	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Eruptions	.25
15—	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16—	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19—	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20—	Whooping Cough	.25
27—	Kidney Disease	.25
28—	Nervous Debility	1.00
30—	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
	HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL	
	"The Pile Ointment."—Trial Size, 25 Cts.	

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Dr. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (64 pages,) MAILED FREE.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

PATENTS
Obtained, and all *PATENT BUSINESS* attended to for *MODERATE FEES.* Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from Washington. Send *MODEL, DRAWING* or *PHOTO* of invention. We advise as to patentability free of charge, and make *NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.*
For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own State or County, write to
C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Charcoal is said to be the best fuel for producing intense heat.

Seashells murmur because the vibrations of the air are brought to a focus in them.

A telephone has been invented through which a voice may be heard in any part of room.

Boiled water tastes flat and insipid because the gases it contained have been driven off by heat.

A tree in a forest near the southern boundary of Japan attains a height of four feet in seven weeks.

Scientists are now able, by means of an ingenious machine, to count the particles of dust in the air.

Lieberkuhn estimates that the extent of respiratory surface in the human lungs is not less than 1400 square feet.

Of 67,000,000 rays of light and warmth radiated by the sun only 1,000,000 fall on the planets of the solar system.

Research shows that there is not a particle of vegetation in the eastern part of the North Sea. It is one great watery waste.

The earliest known attempt at an explanation of the rainbow was made by Aristotle. It was along the line of modern scientific investigation.

The most remarkable formations of frost known to the meteorologist are found on Mount Washington, where the crystals are often a foot long.

Charles Mellvaine, an American expert on fungi, claims to have eaten full meals of over 400 species of toadstools without ever having been poisoned.

Electrical weaving machines are in use in Germany. Seamless stockings, with double heels, are rattled out of each machine at the rate of eleven pairs an hour.

Muscles of the eyes, ears and nose show that several groups, which, in the lower animals are very highly developed, in man are in an almost rudimentary condition.

Professor Ball, the Astronomer Royal of Ireland, says that if the fixed star Sirius is inhabited its people cannot see our sun, which is 100,000,000,000 miles from them.

Animal magnetism is no new discovery, but was practiced by Father Hehl, at Vienna, about 1774, and had wonderful success for a while in France and England in 1788 and 1789.

CURIOUS FACTS.

A heavy dew is the precursor of rain.

A tax was levied on cats in Persia until a few years ago.

There is a graveyard of royal dogs connected with Windsor Castle.

Hieroglyphic style of writing was probably in use 4000 years B. C.

In 1775 hailstones said to weigh twenty ounces fell at Murcia, in Spain.

Many species of beetles have two eyes on each side of the head, one superior and one inferior.

At the close of the Napoleonic wars the English field artillery was considered the finest in the world.

The first bakers who followed their craft in Rome were slaves captured during the expedition against Philip, 171 B. C.

A Baltimore fruit grower claims to have an apple tree, every apple of which is sweet on one side and sour on the other.

During the early days of the Roman Empire a painter was hired by the day and valued according to the amount of surface he could cover.

The Greek statues of marble were generally painted in gorgeous colors, and frequently covered with a profusion of tawdry ornaments.

A novel mowing machine is being built for use on the Erie Canal, New York. It is to run over the bottom of the canal bed and cut the long grass which grows there.

San Francisco has a man who earns an existence by gathering old horseshoe nails on the street. The nails, being of the best steel, are useful to gunsmiths and blacksmiths.

It is said that a man at Heming's Corners, Tenn., shrinks once a month from 180 to 110 pounds, and remains in that condition for a week, after which he regains his original weight.

The translation of Quintus Curtius by Vaugelas occupied thirty years. The translator rendered every sentence five or ten different ways and finally chose that which pleased him best.

An astonishing feature of a brilliant Newport (R. I.) reception was the milking of a gorgeously decorated cow on the lawn in full view of the assembled guests. The milk was distributed in glasses by girls appropriately dressed.

It is said that glacial action has in places on the Union Pacific Road moved the mountains down on the narrow right of way along the Columbia River, where the cliff rises often 400 feet above the track, leaving now hardly a footing for the track.

The will of the late John J. McGill, of Mexico, Mo., contains this clause: "I remember my son, Richard Gill, and his many filial acts with gratitude and affection, but I have not heard of, or from, him, three years, and don't know whether he is alive or dead."

The British Museum has books written on bricks, tiles, oyster shells, bones and flat stones, together with manuscripts on bark, on ivory, leather, parchment, papyrus, lead, iron, copper and wood. It has three copies of the Bible written on the leaves of the fan palm.

Among the large variety of birds which are to be found in the islands to the south of New Zealand is a species of parroquet, which is very plentiful. The islanders do not contain a single stick of bush of any description, and the birds build their nests in the grass. They are not to be found in any other part of the world.

A Rabbit Miner.

The famous silver mines of Potosi in South America were discovered by an Indian who was in pursuit of an antelope. He was climbing the steep slope of a hill, and seized a bush to help himself up. The plant gave way and he started to fall backward, but by a desperate effort saved himself, and falling forward cut his nose against a projecting ledge of stone.

Stopping to staunch the flow of blood, he chanced to look at the stone which had done the damage, when, to his astonishment, he perceived it was almost pure silver.

This story may be apocryphyal, but a tale which from Mexico is tolerably well authenticated. According to this narrative, one of the richest mines in that land of mineral wealth was found by a rabbit. An Indian was hunting rabbits, and his dog chased one to a hole in a hillside. The Indian hesitated for a moment whether to dig out the rabbit he had seen enter or go in pursuit of another. Determining finally that one rabbit in a hole was worth more than half a dozen on a rocky hillside, he got a spade and went to work.

Before he had turned over half a dozen spadefuls of earth he had forgotten all about the rabbit, for he made the thrilling discovery that he was hitting almost solid silver. The man dropped and ran to his employer with the intelligence, the latter returning with him to the spot to see for himself and verify the discovery. The rabbit escaped, at least it is supposed it, for it enters no more into the story, but its memory is preserved in the name of the mine, which being translated into English signifies the "Rabbit's Den."

It would have been well for the Indian if he had escaped when the rabbit did, for, according to the story, the poor fellow was murdered by the Spaniard, who desired to keep the secret of the mine, and was afraid that the Indian might reveal it, and the Government might step in and claim either the whole or part of the proceeds.—New York Journal.

He Flicked the Robber's Gun.

"There is quite a difference between staging in the early days of the State and now," said William Miller, the owner of the stage line running from Cazadero to Ukiah.

"When I came here from Boston in 1854, I drifted about a bit, and finally went into the service of Charles McLaughlin, the man who was afterward killed by Jerome Cox. He was the owner of the longest stage line in California at that time. It ran with relays from San Jose to Los Angeles.

"I remember once, in a lonely coast range canyon, through which the road wound, we had a little experience that was thrilling for the moment. It was about 10 o'clock and a moonlight night. I was just putting the horses through. The stage was full of passengers, and there was a heavy treasure box.

"Just as I got around a bend in the road I saw a figure of a man on horseback standing by the side of the road. He yelled to stop, and I saw a gun barrel gleam in the moonlight. The horses were going at a speed that might be called breakneck, and I just made up my mind to take the chance of getting through. I saw the gun rised to the fellow's shoulder as we approached. I had my long whip in my hand, and with a desperation born of peril of the moment I made a vicious swipe at him.

"I don't know how it occurred, but the lash wound itself around the gun, and as we dashed by the whip was drawn taut, and I knew it had caught, so held fast. I was nearly pulled out of my seat, but the gun was dragged from the robber's hand and fell to the ground, at the same time it was discharged by the shock. It rattled along the road for quite a distance before the whiplash unwound itself. I don't know what the highwayman thought, but I'll bet he was surprised."—San Francisco Call.

HUMPHREYS'
Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.
They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

No.		Price.
1—	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2—	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3—	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4—	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7—	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8—	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9—	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10—	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11—	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12—	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13—	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14—	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Eruptions	.25
15—	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16—	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19—	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20—	Whooping Cough	.25
27—	Kidney Disease	.25
28—	Nervous Debility	1.00
30—	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
	HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL	
	"The Pile Ointment."—Trial Size, 25 Cts.	

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Dr. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (64 pages,) MAILED FREE.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

Flour Brands Discarded.

In times gone by the XXX brand of flour was known throughout the length and breadth of the land to be excellent, and was good enough for anybody. The XX was not so good, and the single X was common stuff. Within the past few years the millers have discarded all those brands. Inspection and the roller process have caused them change. Now there are only four grades, which are officially known as patent, extra fancy, fancy and choice. The patent is a superfine flour, while the choice is a common article. Of course, millers still have their trademarks, but this is in addition to grade, the latter being determined by the flour inspectors of the different cities.

Leaves and Rain.

E. Stahl has been making a study of leaf forms in relation to the rainfall, chiefly in the botanic gardens of Buitenzorg, and he says that while a large leaf surface partly provides for the removal of water by transpiration, there are other distinct methods by which plants are helped to dispose of any excess of water accumulating upon them as speedily as possible. One of these is the adoption of the sleeping position by leaves, such as those of the sensitive plant, so that when the horizontal leaves bend upward the raindrops run off by the base of the leaf. Most frequently, however, excessive moisture is drained off by long points to the leaves. These points occur on the lobes of dividend leaves, but are most remarkable on long ovate leaves.

In some plants the prolonged midrib has the form of a wide channel, but generally it is that of a tapering and narrow point, slightly curved at the end. As the water trickles down the inclined narrow it passes from the upper to the under surface before dropping from the leaf and the bent tip accelerates this action. Stahl tested this theory by experiments and found that the leaves of justicia picta, which he carefully rounded, retained moisture for an hour, while those with the dropping points left on were dry in twenty minutes or less. This rapid removal of water from the leaf hastens its weight, helps transpiration and cleanses the surface. In verification of this we are reminded that after a shower the pointed leaves of the ash, willow, etc., have had the dust quite washed out, while rounded leaves, like those of the oak, are still dirty.—Garden and Forest.

The True Laxative Principle
Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well informed, you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

"Barkley is taking a great interest in music these days." "Is he studying the piano?" "No; the baby."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

One of the hardest lessons to learn is that we are made out of the same kind of clay as other folks.

A Good Appetite
Is essential to good health, and when the natural desire for food is gone strength will soon fail. For loss of appetite, indigestion, sick headache, and other troubles of a dyspeptic nature, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy which most certainly cures. It quickly tones the stomach and makes one "real hungry." Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

HAPPINESS COMES AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING.

The Terrible Experience of a Well Known Official's Wife—A Story That Appeals to Every Mother in the Land.

From the Chattanooga, Tenn., Press.

No county official in East Tennessee is better known and more highly esteemed than Mr. J. C. Wilson, Circuit Court Clerk of Rhea County, at Dayton, the home of Mr. Wilson. He enjoys the confidence and respect of all classes, and in the business community his word is as good as his bond. Just how Mr. Wilson is receiving heartiest congratulations from his numerous friends because of the restoration to robust health of his estimable wife, who has for years been a helpless invalid. Mrs. Wilson's high standing in society, and her many lovable traits of character have won her a host of friends, and her wonderful recovery has attracted widespread attention.

As the *Press* was the medium of bringing to the invalid lady's attention the remedy that has effected her remarkable cure, a reporter was sent to Dayton to interview Mrs. Wilson, in order that the general public might have the benefit of the sufferer's experience and be made aware of the treatment that wrought such a marvelous change in her condition. The reporter was welcomed at the Wilson home, and the enthusiastic lady with becoming reluctance gave the history of her affliction and the manner in which she was relieved:

"Yes," said Mrs. Wilson, "I was for 8 years an invalid with one of the most distressing afflictions woman can suffer. For 8 years I moped around, dragging myself with difficulty and pain out of bed. My little ones went untrained and were greatly neglected, while I looked listlessly and helplessly at the cheerless prospect before me and them. I suffered the most intense pains in the small of my back, and these seemed even greater in the region of the stomach, extending down to the groins. I suffered agony sleeping or awake. Despair is no word for the feeling caused by that dreadful sensation of weakness and helplessness I constantly experienced.

"I was treated for my trouble by several local physicians, but they were able to give me only temporary relief by the use of sedatives and narcotics. I had almost given up all hope of ever securing permanent relief when I saw an account in the *Press* of a cure which Dr. Williams Pink Pills had effected. I decided to try them, as I knew the lady who had been cured and had great confidence in her statement. I began to take the pills in October, 1893, and in two months I was doing light housework and attending to the children without any bad effects or weakness, such as I had formerly experienced. Hitherto, I had been unable to retain any food, but now my appetite grew stronger, and with it came back that old, healthy and hearty tone of the stomach. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me, and I assure you the cure has brought a great change in our home. I can now rejoice in my husband's success, for I feel that I have something to live for. Who has a better right to feel this than a mother? One thing more, I have recommended these pills to others, and many of the women of Dayton have taken them with good results, and it is my greatest pleasure to recommend it to every suffering woman a remedy that has done so much for me."

An analysis proves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or Pale People contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

The Eminent Brooklyn Divine's Sunday Sermon.

Subject: "Th Rescue."

TEXT: "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved."—Acts xvi., 31.

Jails are dark, dull, damp, loathsome places even now, but they were worse in the apostolic times. I imagine to-day we are standing in the Philippian dungeon. Do you not feel the chill? Do you not hear the groans of those incarcerated ones who for ten years have not seen the sunlight and the deep sigh of women who remember their father's house and mourn over their wasted estates? Listen again. It is the cough of a consumptive or the struggle of one in the nightmare of a great horror. You listen again and hear a culprit, his chains rattling as he rolls over in his dreams, and you say, "God, pity the prisoner!" But there is another sound in that prison. It is the song of joy and gladness. What a place to sing in! The music comes winding through the corridors of the prison, and in all the dark wards the whisper is heard: "What's that? What's that?"

It is the song of Paul and Silas. They cannot sleep. They have been whipped—very badly whipped. The long gashes on their backs are bleeding yet. They lie flat on the cold ground, their feet fast in wooden pockets, and of course they cannot sleep. But they can sing. Jailer, what are you doing with these people? Why have they been put in here? Oh, they have been trying to make the world better. Is that all? That is all. A pit for Joseph. A lion's cave for Daniel. A blazing furnace for Shadrach. Clubs for John Wesley. An anathema for Philipp Melanchthon. A dungeon for Paul and Silas.

But while we are standing in the gloom of the Philippian dungeon, and we hear the mingling voices of sob and groan and blasphemy and hallelujah, suddenly an earthquake! The iron bars of the prison twist, the pillars crack off, the solid masonry begins to heave, and all the doors swing open. The jailer, feeling himself responsible for these prisoners and believing, in his pagan ignorance, suicide to be honorable—since Brutus killed himself, and Cato killed himself, and Cassius killed himself—put his sword to his own heart, proposing with one stroke, keen thrust to put an end to his excitement and agitation. But Paul cried out: "Stop, stop! Do thyself no harm! We are all here!"

Then I see the jailer running through the dust and amid the ruin of that prison, and I see him throwing himself down at the feet of these prisoners, crying out: "What shall I do? What shall I do?" Did Paul answer: "Get out of this place before there is another earthquake. Put handcuffs and bobbles on those other prisoners lest they get away?" No word of that kind. His compact, thrilling, tremendous answer memorable all through earth and heaven, was, "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved."

Well, we have all had of the earthquake in Lisbon, in Lima, in Naples and in Caracas, but we are in a latitude where in all our memory there has not been one severe volcanic disturbance. And yet we have seen fifty earthquakes. Here is a man who has been built up a large fortune. His bid on the money market was felt in all the cities. He thinks he has got beyond all annoying rivalries in trade, and he says to himself, "Now I am free and safe from all possible perturbation." But in 1837 or in 1873 a national panic strikes the foundation of the commercial world, and crash goes all that magnificent business establishment.

Here is a man who has built up a very beautiful home. His daughters have just come home from the seminary with diplomas of graduation. His sons have started in life, honest, temperate and pure. When the evening lights are struck, there is a happiness and unbroken family circle. But there has been an accident down at Long Branch. The young man ventured too far out in the surf. The telegraph hurled the terror up to the city. An earthquake struck under the foundation of that beautiful home.

The piano closed; the curtains dropped; the laughter hushed. Grass go all those domestic hopes and prospects and expectations. So, my friends, we have all felt the shaking down of some great trouble, and there was a time when we were as much excited as I am at this moment, and as you are as he did. "What shall I do? What shall I do?" The same reply that the apostle made to him is appropriate to us. "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved."

There are some documents of so little importance that you do not care to put any more than your last name under them, or even your initials, but there are some documents of so great importance that you write out your full name. So the Saviour in some parts of the Bible is called "Lord," and in other parts of the Bible He is called "Jesus," and in other parts of the Bible He is called "Christ," but that there might be no mistake about this passage all three names come together—"the Lord Jesus Christ."

Now, who is this being that you want me to trust in and believe in? Man sometimes comes to me with credentials and testimonials of good character, but I cannot trust them. There is some dishonesty in their looks that makes me know that I will be cheated if I confide in them. Sometimes I read in your heart's confidence in a man until you know what stuff he is made of, and am I unreasonable when I stop to ask you who this is that you want me to trust in? No man would think of venturing his life on a vessel going out to sea that had never been inspected.

No, you must have the certificate hung amidships, telling how many tons it carries, and how long ago it was built, and who built it, and all about it. And you cannot expect me to risk the cargo of my immortal interests on board any craft till you tell me what it is made of, and where it was made, and what it is.

When, then, I ask you who this is you want me to trust in, you tell me He is a very attractive person. Contemporary writers describe His whole appearance as being resplendent. There was no need for Christ to tell the children to come to Him. "Suffer little children to come unto Me" was not spoken to the children. It was spoken to the disciples. The children came readily to Him without any invitation. No sooner did Jesus appear than the little ones jumped from their mothers' arms as avalanches of beauty and love, into His lap. Even John could not help but put his head there. I suppose a look at Christ was just to love Him. How attractive His nursery! Why, when they saw Christ coming along the street, they ran into their houses, and they wrapped up their invalids as quick as they could and brought them that they might look at them. Oh, there was something so pleasant, so inviting, so cheering in everything He did, in His very look! When these sick ones were brought out all His word was to bring before Matthew sores. Do not trouble Mark with those leprosies?" No, no; there was a kind look; there was a gentle word, there was a hand to touch. They could not keep away from Him.

"I think there are many under the influence of the Spirit of God who are saying, "I will trust Him if you will only tell me how." And the great question to-day is only those, "How, how?" And I will answer your question. I look up and utter the prayer which Rowland Hill so often gives in the Philadelph