Easton Gazette.

WILSON M. TYLOR & BRO.,
Editors and Proprietors.
EASTON, MD.

Saturday, Oct. 20th, 1894.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

To fill out the unexpired term of the late Robert F. Bratton in the 53d Congress of the United States.

JOSEPH MALLALIEU,
OF QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

For Representative in 54th Congress.

A. LINCOLN DRYDEN.
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

TALBOT COUNTY REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

The Republican State Central Committee for Talbot county announce a Mass Meeting to be held in

EASTON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23rd, 2 P. M.

HON. A. LINCOLN DRYDEN.

AND

HON. JOSEPH MALLALIEU,
Candidates for Congress:
HON. MILTON G. URNER,
GEORGE R. GAITHER, JR., ESQ.,

and other prominent speakers will address the meeting. The following meetings will also be held :

OXFORD, Wednesday night at 7 P.M.
St. MICHAELS, Thursday " " "
CORDOVA, Friday " " "

The candidates and other prominent speakers will be present and address these meetings.

BY refence to the top of this column it will be seen that on next Tuesday there will be a Republican Mass Meeting held in Easton and that on the three following nights other places in the county will be treated to the eloquence of noted orators on the political issues of the day.

It is beyond question that the faith of the populace is strongly tried in the management of governmental affairs; that something is to blame, and the something, whether right or wrong, which the people have to look to, is the administration. These facts face us. It is impossible to implant perpetual patience within the heart of the American citizen when he sees continually his advantages slip from his grasp. He argues if the administration is not responsible he will test the matter to his satisfaction and remove the administration, and if he has made a mistake things surely cannot get much worse until he reinstates the same administration. In the meantime he has learned his lesson and submits. So it seems plausible that with such an array of weapons and so many willing to enlist and vote down the low tarriff principles under which we are thrust, that the ticket at the head of this column, will represent the National victory this fall, if not the district victory for which it stands. There is naught between it and victory save ignorance, and it is to be hoped that the speeches and arguments used this next week in Talbot may overcome all such obstacles and that the light and truth of the value of protection to American industries may stand out strong enough to elect the ticket that supports such doctrine.

SNOW HILL has a site for a town clock and is trying to raise funds. Easton has the funds but no site. If Snow Hill will send up her site we will ornament it with a clock.

Two years ago the cry of the Democratic stump speaker was, "Vote for Cleveland and you will get $1.25 for your wheat." Many farmers did vote for Cleveland and he was elected, and instead of $1.25 for wheat we see it at 50 cents. What are the prospects for the future? We are no calamity howlers, but with the abrogation of the reciprocity treaties and the consequent loss of our market for farm produce in Germany, Spain, Cuba and the South and Central American countries, we see very little room for hope of improvement. The McKinley bill gave us these markets, the Democratic Gorman-Brice bill took them away. But the loss of these markets are a small matter compared to the injury done to the home market by the tariff tinkering of the Democratic Congress. The American workingmen and mechanics are the consumers of American farm products. With hundreds of thousands of these out of employment and with the wages of hundreds of thousands more reduced our mechanics must buy less and the farmer is again hurt. If next month the verdict of the country should be in favor the Democrats they would take it as an indication that the country approves of their course and we can confidently expect a continuation of the same policy which has brought such widespread ruin and distress to all classes except the monopolists and trusts. But our farmers are, as a class, thoughtful and intelligent, and we think many of them will follow the example of the Louisiana farmers and planters and cast their votes for the party which has protected their interests in the past and can be trusted to do so in the future.

Down With the Trusts!

The Gorman tariff bill is the law of the land. Let it be enforced. It will be remembered that immediately prior to its passage in the senate Senator Morgan introduced a series of resolutions determining the illegality of every combination, conspiracy, trust, agreement or contract between two or more persons that would restrain lawful trade or free competition or increase the price of any marketable commodity. The penalty is fixed at a fine ranging from $100 to $5,000 and imprisonment for a term varying from three to twelve months. The attorney general is directed to institute proceedings through the several district attorneys of the United States. Let him begin. Let him begin with the Sugar trust. Let him follow this up with the Whisky trust.

Dan Lamont's Economy.

Notwithstanding all we have heard about the economy in the war department, Secretary Lamont managed to spend $5,000,000 more money in 1894 than his predecessor did during the previous fiscal year.

SENATORS SPEAK.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS AS SEEN BY REPUBLICANS IN CONGRESS.

Obstacles to Be Faced by the American Producer and Manufacturer—No Indulgence In Luxuries For the Laborer. American Goods Must Be Displaced.

There can be no reasonable doubt what the effect of the new tariff law will be upon both the production and the purchasing power of the American people. While there may be a temporary revival of business and an apparent increase of production, the level will soon be reached, and then the evil effects of the legislation will become apparent. The American producer is to face the problem of free wool and free lumber and a tremendous cut on agricultural products and manufactured goods of almost every description. It will not take long for the American sheep raiser to discover that he cannot compete with the climatic advantages and cheap labor of Australia and South America, and wool growing in the United States will practically cease. The men engaged in the lumber business will transfer their capital to Canada, and that country will get the benefit of free lumber. Our farmers and manufacturers will be compelled to engage in sharper competition than ever before with the Dominion of Canada and the countries of Europe and Asia.

Reduced duties on foreign goods will inevitably result in increased importations and a lessening of the product of American mills and American workshops. As a consequence wages will be reduced in the endeavor to compete with foreign cheap labor, and the purchasing capacity of our people will be correspondingly curtailed.

The workingman who has been receiving $2 per day and indulging in some of the luxuries of life will on $1.50 per day be able to only buy the commonest necessaries for his family, and thus merchant and manufacturer both will feel the effects of reduced wages in the inability of the masses to purchase as heretofore.

It seems to me that this will be the inevitable result, and that all classes of our people, whether connected with protected or nonprotected industries, will be made to suffer through the enactment of this act of "perfidy" and "dishonor." It cannot result otherwise than detrimentally to American interests, and in due time the Wilson-Gorman bill will be overthrown by the aroused indignation and awakened conscience of the American people. Faithfully yours,

J. H. GALLINGER,
United States Senator From New Hampshire.

The theory of the tariff reformers and of the free traders, whose views are but partially carried out in the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill, is that American production must be decreased. The barons robbers and manufacturers who have been putting their hands in the pockets of the people must be stricken down, which means that the production of American manufactures must be decreased by the admission through lower duties of foreign goods.

The many millions of dollars' worth of such goods in the custom house are awaiting such lower rates. It may be, under the ruling of Secretary Carlisle in the construction of this bill, that such goods will have to be re-exported and reimported in order to secure the lower rate, but to whatever extent these lower duties permit of larger importations to the same extent will American production be displaced. Two bodies cannot occupy the same space at the same time. Every foreign product will displace an equivalent American product, and the foreign wage earner will to that extent displace the American wage earner. To the same extent will the purchasing power of the American people be decreased; to that extent will our general welfare and our power of purchasing be decreased.

It remains to be seen how much our foreign markets will be enlarged by this bill. The theory of the free trader that we can be admitted to the foreign market by lower duties can only be realized by an absolutely English free trade policy, and not by the half and half bill which has been enacted. Moreover, the theory is a delusion.

ANTHONY HIGGINS,
United States Senator From Delaware.

Result of "Free" Coffee.

During the five years of 1868-72 there was an import duty of 5 and 3 cents a pound on coffee. There were imported 1,231,432,081 pounds at a cost of $126,294,643. On this the government collected a revenue of $52,018,331. At the clamorous demands of the Democratic party this "robber tariff," which taxed the poor man's breakfast table, was repealed and coffee put on the free list. During the next five years—1873-7—there were imported 1,675,097,330 pounds of coffee at a cost of $273,993,877, from which the government derived no revenue. The average price of coffee for the five years of tariff tax was 10 cents and 1 mill per pound. That for the five years of free trade was 16 cents and 6 mills. Repealing the tariff on coffee cost the government in five years $53,018,331 in loss of revenue and cost the people $107,206,229 in increased price of coffee. And such is the price of Democratic statesmanship! But you ask, How could this be? When we repealed our tariff, Brazil levied an export tax and transferred the $53,000,000 to her coffers, and the importers formed a "syndicate" and transferred the $107,000,000 to their pockets. No wonder New York importers want free trade. See Evans, Export Duties, 1867 to 1882, page 127.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
— OF —
PERSONAL PROPRETY

Under an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, the undersigned will sell at public auction at TUCKAHOE FARM, the late residence of Joseph Bowdle, deceased on

Wednesday, Oct. 31

1894, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY,

of the said Joseph Bowdle, including

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE

Wagons, Harness, Mowers, Plows Drill, Disc and Spring Tooth Harrows, Drags, Clover Seeder, Wheat Fan, Corn Sheller,

and all kinds of Farming Implements usually found on a large and well cultivated farm. Also a

Stallion, 4 years old, by Dictator out of a Morgan mare.
4 pair of young and well broken Mules.
5 Mares, suitable for driving, work or brood mares.
2 Horses.
3 young Colts and 2 Colts 1 and 2 years old.
1 Holstein Bull.
4 Cows.
50 Sheep.
20 Lambs.
15 Pen Hogs.
1 Boar.
3 Brood Sows.
2 Pigs.
Lot of Timothy Hay.
Lot mixed Clover and Timothy Hay.

And other articles too numerous to mention

Terms of Sale.

On all sums of Ten Dollars and under cash will be required. On all sums over Ten Dollars a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving his note with approved security, bearing interest from date, payable at the Talbot County Bank, Easton, Md. Title reserved until all notes are paid. Also, at the same time and place, will be sold the interest of the estate of Joseph Bowdle, deceased, in

A WONDERFUL ACHIEVEMENT

FOR 19.50

WE WILL SEND YOU

THE EASTON GAZETTE

FOR ONE YEAR, AND

The Best High Grade

LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINE,

WITH ALL ATTACHMENTS.

$19.50



The advantages of the Demorest machine are: The materials and workmanship are of the highest order, it is noiseless and easy running, has a high arm, the driving wheel is self belting, the shuttle is self threading the needle self setting, the machine is self threading, loose wheel for winding the bobbins, and all the bearings are of hardened steel. There are also full attachments with each machine including five hemmers (quilter, tucker, ruffler, binder, braider, and in addition twelve needles, six bobbins, oil can and book of full and complete instructions, and in order to secure entire confidence, a guarantee to refund the money if not satisfactory. We are thus offering at an unparalleled low price, a sewing machine with decided improvements over all others and free from all objections.

We guarantee the "DEMOREST" to be equal to any high-priced machine in the market, and the purchaser shall be the judge.

Call on some of the many that have purchased these machines through the GAZETTE during the past eight years and hear what they have got to say. If there has been one word of complaint, we are not aware of it.

Mrs. Thos. H. Coburn, Easton,
" H. H. Langsdale, Easton,
" Parrott, Trappe,
" W. E. Ross, Cordova,
" H. C. Speakman, Easton,
" —— Jones, Easton,
" Ney Dodson, St. Michaels,
" Henry A. Nichols, Easton,
" E. B. Morton, Trappe,
" A. Retallack, Oxford,
" H. Avery Tuthill, Easton,
" Leander T. Hooper, Easton,
" Edod Woodall, Royal Oak,
" Harry M. Mason, Easton,
" Geo. H. Trax, Cordova,
" Guion Miller, Woodside, Md.
Miss Mary Scott, Easton,
" Fannie R. Adams, Trappe,
" Addie H. Trippe, Easton,
Mrs. Henry Nichols, Easton,
" E. B. Morton, Trappe,
" L. Swartz, Easton,
" Frank Garey, Easton,
" Michael McHale, Easton,
" J. W. Perry, Cordova,
" L. S. Fleckenstine, Easton
" W. T. Lynch, near Easton
Dr. Chas Lowndes, Easton

The Machine is perfect in mechanism, and can be bought in any wood or finish desired with slight additional cost. The Drop Desk Cabinet style only $40.00 when agents for other machines are asking $100.00 for the same thing.

This machine does not pass through an agent. The purchaser gets benefit of factory price and pays freight from factory which amounts to 45 cts. to Easton.

Order only through the GAZETTE, Easton, Md

HOOD'S

Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared by experienced pharmacists from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known vegetable remedies. The Combination, Proportion and Process are Peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power Peculiar to Itself, not possessed by other medicines. Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Sores, Boils, Pimples and all other affections caused by impure blood; Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints. It is Not What we Say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla Does, that Tells the Story—Hood's Sarsaparilla

CURES.

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild and effective.

BEFORE USING THE BUNION | AND RED STAR | AFTER CORN AND PLASTERS

Manufactured By
W. H. TUTTLE & CO.
304 N. Howard Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Mailed to any address on receipt of 12 cents.
For Sale by all Druggists.

ORDER NISI.

James C. Mullikin, Trustee,
vs
Thomas L. Yewell.
In the Circuit Court for Talbot County.
In Equity.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Talbot County in Equity. That the sales made and reported by James C. Mullikin, Trustee, as aforesaid be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 20th day of November next. Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Talbot County once a week for two successive weeks before the 27th day of October next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $832.65.

THOMAS HUGHLETT,
Clerk.

True Copy, Test:
THOMAS HUGHLETT,
Clerk.

IF YOU NEED BONDSMEN,
AS
TRUSTEES, EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS, GUARDIAN OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSES.

Do not annoy your neighbors and friends by asking them to go your bond, but apply to the Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland. This Company has had a million dollars capital and surplus, and will go on your bond, or any part thereof, cost from one day to four years. Apply for rates, &c., at

OSWALD TILGHMAN, Attn.,
7-21-y Easton, Md.

STOCKS

If you desire to invest in stocks in a safe and legitimate manner without care and worry, subscribe for our discretionary accounts, which will pay you from 2 to 5 per cent. weekly in any active market. It will pay you more than double the average rate of interest in any other legitimate investment. Deposits of any sum from $200 to $100,000.

We will be pleased to furnish you references in your own state in the bank, and what we are doing for others. If you are situated where you cannot call on us in person, address your communications to the

Metropolitan News Co.,
18 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

We result profits once a week and principal on three days' notice. Parties preferring to do their own investing, are advised to subscribe to our Daily Market Letters, which give you important information on active stocks, and will enable you to make money if you do your own speculating. Rates $1.00 per month, or with telegrams of important changes $2.00 per month. Address

Metropolitan News Co.,
488 CONGRESS ST.,
Lock Box 2263. Boston Mass.

St. Michaels Millinery Display.

Miss Estella Smithman, Artistic Designer, Milliner and Dressmaker, has returned from the city and will display her fall and winter stock of

Fine Millinery Goods,

which are worthy the attention of the public, consisting of

IMPORTED HATS and BONNETS
FEATHERS, WINGS, STAMPED LINEN

and everything pertaining to a first class millinery establishment.

Dividend Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of the Peoples Building and Loan Association of Talbot County have declared a dividend of Three Per Cent. on the Stock of the Association, payable on and after the 1st day of November next. Stockholders will please call for their dividends at the office of the Association.

WALTER H. THOMPSON,
Secretary.

Do You Cough?

If so shop at the store of Dawson & Jenkins'

Brown Mixture, Amoniated

30 cents per bottle.

Western Maryland Railroad.

Taking effect Sept. 30th, 1894. Trains leave Hillen Station as follows:

[Extremely dense table of departure times for Baltimore, East Mail, Main Line, N. A. & W. B., Hanover, Md. Express, Frederick, Md. Express, Hagerstown, Md. Express, Emmitsburg, Md. Express, Gettysburg, Md. Express, Union Bridge, Md. Express, Manchester, Md. Express, Mt. Airy, Md. Express, Myersville, Md. Express, Braddock Heights, Md. Express, Middletown, Md. Express, Boonsboro, Md. Express, Williamsport, Md. Express, Greencastle, Pa. Express, Chambersburg, Pa. Express, Shippensburg, Pa. Express, Carlisle, Pa. Express, Mercersburg, Pa. Express, Waynesboro, Pa. Express, Shenandoah Valley Express, Martinsburg, W. Va. Express, Cumberland, Md. Express, Grafton, W. Va. Express, Fairmont, W. Va. Express, Pittsburgh Express, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Indianapolis Express, Chicago Express, Metropolitan Special, Metropolitan Express, Washington, Annapolis, Frederick, Md. Express, Annapolis, Annapolis Express, Washington, Annapolis, Washington, Annapolis, Washington, Annapolis