GRAND FALL DISPLAY OF DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMING.

KNIT GOODS
—AND—
FLANNELS.

GENTS' WEAR
—OF—
EVERY DESCRIPTION

CARPETS, RUGS,
General Assortment
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

THE POPULAR RESORT
FOR SHOPPERS.

CHAFFINCH.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS
For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.
500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.
CURES: Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation A.A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever. B.B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism. C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges. D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms. E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia. F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Cellyache. G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages. H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases. I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange. J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.
Single Bottle (over 50 doses) - - .06
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00
Sold by Druggists or sent prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28
In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

1891 — 1891

Maryland S. B. Co.

SPRING SCHEDULE

BALTIMORE,
THIRD HAVEN
AND GREAT CHOPTANK RIVER ROUTE.

FOR BALTIMORE.

The magnificent side wheel steamers IDA and JOPPA will leave alternately daily except Saturday, as follows:

Denton, 1 P. M.	Oyster Shell Pt.,	4:00	p. m.
Lyford's, 1:30	p. m.	Cambridge,	5:30 p. m.
Potter's, 1:40	"	Corner's,	6:30 p. m.
Two Johns, 1:45	"	Oxford,	7 @ 8 10 p. m.
Dover Bridge, 2:30	p.m.	Double Mills,	7:20 p.m
Medford's, 3:15	p. m.	Easton,	9:00 p. m.

Arriving in Baltimore at 4 o'clock following morning

FROM BALTIMORE.

Returning, leave Baltimore from Pier 4, Light Street Wharf, daily, except Sunday, at 9 P. M., for the landings named.

Freight Taken at Low Rates and Carefully Handled.

HOWARD B. ENSIGN, President,
Office 302 Light street, Baltimore
ROBERT B. DIXON & Co., Agents at Easton

Choptank S. B. Co.
THE PEOPLE'S LINE

Representing the best interests of the people of the Eastern Shore of Maryland.
Opposed to any one line having a monopoly of the Choptank River Route

SCHEDULE.

Steamers leave Baltimore daily (Sundays excepted) at 9 P. M., from Pier 11 Light St. for Easton, Ferry Wharf, Oxford, Trappe, Cambridge, East New Market and Preston.

RETURNING TO BALTIMORE.

Leave Choptank Whf. near Preston daily at 1 P. M. (Saturday excepted). East New Market, 3 P. M., Cambridge, at 5 P. M., Trappe, 5.15 P. M., Ferry, at 7 P. M., Easton, at 9 P. M., and Oxford at 10 P. M. Freight and Passengers taken for all Stations on Delaware and Chesapeke and Cambridge and Seaford Railroads.

Handling of grain a specialty. Bags furnished on application to agents, and grain delivered at Elevators in Baltimore at sailing vessels rates. E. S. JOHNSON, President.

B. P. Cox, Agent, Easton. 26oct

WATCHES · CLOCKS AND FINE JEWELRY
BERNHARD · MARYLAND
A EASTON PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELER.

The Easton Gazette.

SATURDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 19, 1891.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

— IMPORTANT —
LOWEST PRICES ON
GROCERIES,
CHINA, LAMPS,
Wood and Willow Ware
CALL ON
S. LEE TUCKER,
EASTON, - - MD.
OPPOSITE BRICK HOTEL.

BREVITIES.

After all the best way to know the real merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, is to try it yourself. Be sure to get Hood's.

—**Harness** at Miller's.

—Magnificent weather this week.

—House cleaning will soon be in order.

—Eastin sports are enjoying duck shooting.

—Easton merchants are expecting a lively fall trade.

—There are nearly 6,000 pieces in a modern locomotive.

—Farmers are "making hay while the sun shines."

—**Buy** Miller's harness.

—Orders left at this office receive prompt and careful attention.

—The total forest area of the United States is estimated at 481,764,560 acres.

—About twice as much power is required to stop an express tram as to start one.

—Job work executed at this office will give satisfaction in quality and price or no charge will be made.

—Smith's dollar excursions to Ocean City have been popular. The last one was given Thursday.

Property occupied by B. R. Merrick on Railroad ave. now for sale. Apply to B. R. Merrick. 12septf

—The steamer City of Paris consumes on an average 280 tons of coal per day while on her voyage.

—**Practical** harness maker and the place to get honest goods for the honest dollar—Miller.

—Illinois, which was once regarded as the granary of the continent, has for several years produced less than enough to supply her own consumption.

—**Miller** keeps harness, and whips, and does all kinds of repair work. He has the largest assortment in Easton. Try him.

—On an average there are thirty-five more boys than girls born in New York City every week. On the average fifty more males than females die. So the female population grows more rapidly than the male.

—Lives of rich men oft remind us
We can make our lives like theirs.
And departing leave behind us
Lawsuits to engage our heirs.
—Chicago Tribune.

—A German engineer has devised a new method for fixing a foundation under water. By means of a powerful blast of compressed air he drives powdered cement down into the sand or mud at the bottom of a stream. The action of the water immediately fixes the cement, and it becomes like solid rock.

—Her spirit went a kiting—
She was just 17—
Yet folks will keep on lighting
Fires
with
kerosene.
—Brooklyn Life.

—The sand along the banks of the Columbia river, in Oregon, is an obstacle to railway traffic, almost as difficult to overcome as the snow blockades during the winter. Nearly every train is delayed on account of the ever-shifting sand hills covering the track.

—A well-known Irish judge is reported to have said of a personage who had an apparently congenial indisposition to deviate into veracity: "I only once knew him to speak the truth, and then I could tell it by the natural embarrassment of his manner."

—In the hippopotamus the eyes, ears and nostrils are set exactly on the same plane. This enables the animal to sink its body entirely below the surface of the water and yet be able to percieve the approach of foes by hearing, sight and scent.

—Much fun has been poked by the professional humorists at the dude and his huge cane, but the carrying of canes, especially good stout ones, is an extremely sensible practice in dog days. There is no better protection against a rabid canine than a serviceable stick. The universal carrying of revolvers would be about as dangerous to the community as hydrophobia.

—There are always people who must make a noise without knowing what the noise is about—and then others must make a noise because they hear one. One fool newspaper can make more trouble in a town or city than a runaway mule or a frantic Texas steer—and these two disturbers of nerve centers are proverbial for efficiency.

Phaeton For Sale.—Good make, nearly new, twelve months' credit. Apply at this office. 19s4t

Horse for Sale.—Fine worker, six years old, apply at once. WM. H. ADKINS.

Corn Harvesters.—The Shannahan & Wrightson Hardware Co. have just received a simple machine for Cutting down corn, 8 acres per day, Cheap. Come and see it. 2t

A Good Company.—The troup which played "Our Country Cousin" this week was one of rare merit and many regrets were entertained that they did not remain another night. The scenic effect was their own and wonderfully realistic. The railroad scene was intensely thrilling and the actors all understood their role.

Malignant Diphtheria.—Two weeks ago a malignant type of diphtheria attacked the the family of Jere McDonald, who lives on the Centreville road two and a-half miles from Easton. Three of the children aged respectively 5, 6, and 7½ years have died. The The infant has so far escaped and will not be likely to have the disease, though the mother had it severely. Another case at Mr. Magee's is convalescent. Drs. Smith and Johnson are in attendance and Dr. Smith thinks it will spread no further

Grain Drills.—We are headquarters on leading Grain Drills, among are the Buckeye, Missouri, Empire and Indiana. Come and see us before you buy.
SHANNAHAN & WRIGHTSON HARDWARE CO.

Personals.—Mrs. J. C. Davis, left Easton Wednesday for Memphis, Tenn., where she will spend the winter with her sister Mrs. S. D. Adams.

Mr. Fisher Kemp, catches fish and sells fish but his prices are not sel-fish.

Mr. Cook Davis so long employed by Mr. R. B. Dixon at the Point has removed to Cambridge where he will engage with Mr. I. N. Elston in business.

Mr. Henry Shreve is still confined to his bed from over exertion at the fire which destroyed the residence of C. W. Baker.

Mr. Chas. H. Leonard won the breech loader offered at the Fair by Shannahan & Wrightson Hardware Co., to the person guessing closest to the number of shot in a 1 oz bottle. His guess' was 933 while the actual count was 934 shot. Guesses ranged from 500 to 4000. The Hon. Henry Page making the last guess.

Mr. James Spence has been appointed leader of the M. E. Church choir in place of Mr. J. C. Davis, resigned. Mr. Spence is a thorough musician and members of the above church are expecting some good music.

Mr. Jno. P. Stelle is enjoying a vacation. The Lister Fertilizer Co. ordered him to stop making sales as they were unable to fill any more orders. Mr. Stelle will resume work shortly.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

For Sale By J. S. GRIFFITH, and Leading Grocers of Easton.

Seventeen Years of Usefulness.—The Friends' Select School is at present closed after seventeen years of active and useful work in this town. It was erected in '74 and has been the most popular private school here, but its mission is ended, for the time being, owing to the excellence of the free schools and the patronage being too small to sustain it. Perhaps at no distant day it will revive and still be an ornament of usefulness to the Society that erected it. It is well equipped and should be running even now at full blast.

The first principal was Miss Emma Satterthwaite two years, then W. M. Tylor five years, J. E. Tylor one year, Mrs Lizzie Lawrence two years, Miss Dollie Kelly one year, W. M. Tylor one year, Miss E. Lloyd four years, W. M. Tylor one year. The total number of different pupils who have been in attendance is 232 and there are several parrons of the school who have kept one or more children constantly in attendance during the whole seventeen years who now are compelled to send elsewhere. It is to be regretted that the school is allowed to be closed up.

Public Business.—Orphans' Court met Tuesday last.

Mattie J. Hayden, adm'x Jas. A. Hayden, presented account of sales. Passed.

Jno. E. Ball, adm'r Fred D. Johnson, presented account of sales. Passed.

Dr. Jas S. Chaplain, ex'tr Jas. M. Parrott, presented inventory; authorized to sell and to publish notice to creditors.

Sidney J. Cooper was appointed administ'r Ezekiel Cooper. Filed approved bond.

Sallie Carter was appointed adm'x d. b. n. of Fannie E. White.

The court passed an order authorizing Jno. T. Harrison, adm'r of M. O. Camper, deceased, who was admr. of Wm. Camper, dec'd, to draw from the Easton National Bank the sum of $863.87, the amount standing to the credit of the estate of Wm. Cooper.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

County Commissioners met on Tuesday.

Bills previously passed amounting to $2,139.74 were paid.

Receipts were:

J. S. Hambleton, collector, 1891,	$	210.09
T. A. Lloyd,	" "	120.00
W. T. H. Lee,	" "	1000.00
R. E. Welch,	" 1889,	85.00
John H. Holt, collector, 1891,		4,270.09
W. S. and S. B. Merrick for rent of wharf at Trappe landing, 1891,		5.00

W. T. H. Lee, collector, presented comptroller's receipts in full for payment of State taxes for 1890 and 1891.

J. S. Hambleton, collector, presented comptroller's receipt for $2,000 on State taxes paid for 1891.

A New Transfer Steamer.—The Balto. & Eastern Shore Railroad Company, Mr. Willard Thompson, receiver, is negotiating with the Iron Steamboat Company of New York to charter the Cirus to run between Claiborne and Bay Ridge, crossing the Chesapeake bay. The Sirus is said to be one of the fastest boats of the Iron Steamboat Company. It is the intention of the Baltimore & Eastern Shore Road to acquire a fast steamer in order to make quicker time than is made at present between Baltimore and the Eastern Shore. The Thames River, which is now used for the run across the bay, is too slow.—*Capitol.*

Drink Buttermilk.—There would be more buttermilk sold if people only knew the good qualities of the drink. There is nothing in the line of simple drinks which exercises a more beneficial influence on the general health. It is at once food and medicine. The lactic acid it contains acts on the whole digestive system, while as food it has already undergone a semi-digestion in the churning to which it has been subjected. Physicians are every day increasing the amount of it that they prescribe for their patients, and in case of liver and kidney diseases it is invaluable. Instances are numerous of persons afflicted with Bright's disease living for many years in comparative comfort with no other medicine than a daily supply of buttermilk.—Interview in St. Louis *Globe Democrat.*

Confirmed.

The favorable impression produced on the first appearance of the agreeable liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs a few years ago, has been more than confirmed by the pleasant experience of all who have used it, and the success of the proprietors and manufacturers the California Fig Syrup Company.

Preparing to Migrate.—Those curious migratory birds, the martins, have begun to flock preparatory to taking their departure Southward in anticipation of the approach of fall. There is something peculiar about mysterious in the migratory habits of the martin that is not observed in the other Southern birds that visit us to spend the summer months. They make their advent among us in their Northern migratory flight early in April, during the quiet hours of the night, when all nature is enveloped in darkness and silence, and as mysteriously take their departure about the beginning of September for the "Sunny South." No one has ever seen these birds arrive in daylight or take notice of the departure—when expected here in the spring they are discovered some fine morning to have already arrived and taken possession of the little boxes arranged for them on many of the houses, and so also when the time arrives for their departure they disappear in the same manner.

To Visit the Postoffices.—By a general request of the Postoffice Department, it is asked that the postmaster at each county-seat visit each and every postoffice in his respective county, for the purpose of gathering information in regard to the postal service in locality. This visit is for general inquiry only, and is no sense an inspection, but will materially aid in elevating and improving the service throughout the country. The visitations to the different offices must be made at the individual expense of the postmaster of the county seat. To meet the requirements of this request of Postmaster-General Wanamaker, postmasters will visit the various postoffices of the county in person. The report must be made by October 15, but that it be made as early as possible is requested.

What to Smoke.

Do you smoke? What a joke! Of course I do. If you had such fine cigars you'd smoke too. The kind I use is manufactured not far away, By Martin & Co., at Mechersytown, P—a. We make the best; try "Flor do Colombo," you'll see.
Or our "First Prize," which bears the name of "Henry Lee."
Our "Bon Tons" are tony; to make their minds steady
They take the "White Veil" or try "Rough and Ready."
Or should you chance a good old pipe to choose,
You'll find "Jumalusha" the best tobacco to use;
Or our choice Southern friend, our "Virginia Rose."
With "Billy Buck," has a pleasant odor for your nose.
Yet in cigars "Our Hustler" takes a "Cuban Puff."
And 'Our Imperials' think that good enough.
"Our Special" is a "Dandy Dot," and "The Easton Star"—
Well, just try them, and you'll see what they are.
The "Twins," our "Jolly Boys," in an orderly manner.
Have hung a "Black Bass" on the "Royal Banner."
The "J. M. W." is just what you need,
The "People's Choice" is always a fragrant weed;
Also the "Longfellows;" not quite six footers,
You'll want them. For sale by J. M. Woorers. 1e20 of MARTIN & Co.

Money Can Be Earned in spare time by good reliable men or women as Local Agents for the warranted Fruits, Flowers and Trees of J. EUGENE WHITNEY, Rochester, N. Y.—Yearly Salary is paid for steady work and a Permanent Honorable Business is quickly built up. septsmard

A Real Balsam is Kemp's Balsam.

The dictionary says: "A balsam is a thick, pure, aromatic substance flowing from trees." Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is the only cough medicine that is a real balsam. Many thin, watery cough medicines are called balsams, but such are not. Look through a bottle of Kemp's Balsam and notice what a pure, thick preparation it is. If you cough use Kemp's Balsam. At all druggists'. Large bottles 60c. and $1.

DENTISTRY.

T. J. Smithers, Washington St., Easton, Md.

Extracting teeth,	25 cts.
Filling teeth,	50 cts.
Artificial teeth.	$5.00.

Teeth extracted without pain.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Do you Cough?

Don't delay. Take Kemp's Balsam, the best cough cure. It will cure your coughs and colds. It will cure pains in the chest. It will cure influenza and bronchitis and all diseases pertaining to the lungs because it is a pure balsam. Hold it to the light and see how clear and thick it is. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large bottles 50c. and $1.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by his motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 *Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 25july

Birds Are Like Human Beings.

Canaries, like human beings, vary very much in character, some cocks being so indifferent and idle that they will let the hen do all the work of building and rearing, while they themselves sit and plume their feathers. Others, again, are perfect gentlemen in their manners, waiting on the hen with a quiet courtesy, and seeing that all she requires is at once brought to her. Again, the hens vary in disposition, some hens behaving in a quiet, modest way, attending to their young ones with regularity, while others are in a constant state of chatter with their husbands, pecking and arguing with them every time they go near. Thus we see that these little birds have their tiffs and domestic quarrels, not unlike ourselves.—Chambers' Journal.

Vegetarians in History.

It is evident from Arrian and Porphyry that vegetarian orders of men were well known in their time, and that they were found in India in the time of Alexandria. They existed in different orders long before the time of Jesus in Egypt, Syria, etc., and were known by the names of Essenians, Essenees, Esyans, Coenobites and Faithists, etc., and those on Mount Carmel, of whom Elijah, the prophet, was the chief rabbi, described by Filny, were known as Carmelites. What ever the name the principles were all the same—all were vegetarian.

The Masonic order had its origin in these ancient brotherhoods without doubt. All the Masonic emblems of today were known to these brotherhoods, so also their passwords.—Dr. Tanner in Kansas City Times.

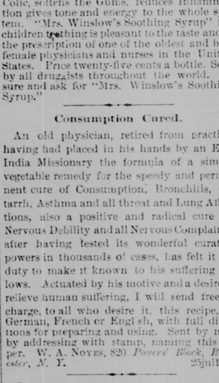
Baby Speaks.

Bjones—Our baby said his first word today. Mrs. De Gush came in, and the minute she saw him exclaimed, "What a perfect image of his papa!"

Bjinks—What did the baby say?

Bjones—"Chestnut!"—Harper's Bazar.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

PROHIBITION STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR:
EDWIN HIGGINS.

FOR COMPTROLLER
JOSHUA LEVERING.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
HOSEA B. MOULTON.

FOR CLERK COURT APPEALS:
LEVIN S. MELSON.

NOTICE.

All persons opposed to high license and in favor of the prohibition of the liquor traffic, are earnestly requested to meet at Easton on Saturday, Sept. 26, for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend a convention to be held in Easton the following Saturday, Oct. 3d, to nominate candidates for the State and County Prohibition Ticket. The convention will be held over J. T. Rathell's shoe store at 11 o'clock. I hope that the Temperance people in every district in the county will turn out in force at this meeting, and that you may send delegates to the convention of your choice. JOHN W. JUMP, Chairman.

GOOD NEWS FROM BOZMAN.

The first Prohibition meeting held in the county this fall will be at Bozman, among a class of people who are always ready and willing to accept honest moral and economic reforms. There is no reform that will meet all of these as effectively and directly as the prohibition of the liquor traffic. Agriculturists and oystermen remember these facts. In your meetings and at all other times and places, don't forget the Convention on Saturday, Sept. 26, to elect delegates to nominate a Prohibition ticket on the following Saturday, October 3rd.

PROHIBITIONISTS REJOICE.

Many Votes Gained by Dropping the High-License Clause.

"So the Republicans have concluded to drop the high license clause from their plat form, have they?" said E. J. Wheeler, the political editor of *The Voice*, the organ of the Prohibitionists.

"Well the effect of it will be to help the cause of Prohibition. I expect that we will pole a heavier vote this fall than ever before. I am not a good prophet, but I confidently look for 50,000 votes at the coming election. I do not think there will be any great transfer of Republican votes to use on account of the suppression of the high license clause, but it will shake the faith of thousands who have believed heretofore that the Republican party would in time make a stand for temperance. They reasoned that high license was a step in the right direction, and that when that position had once been conquered the party would occupy higher ground.

"Now they will see that the farce is over, that the Republican party dare no more touch the liquor interest than the Democrats. There are still many thousands who believe that the Republican party is the party of God and morality. This ought to open their eyes. The campaign of Warner Miller and his stand for high license prevented the growth of the Prohibition party. There will be a vastly different one so far as temperance principles are concerned. Gov. Hill is not now a Gubernatorial candidate. Many people of Prohibition tendencies have voted the Republican ticket because they desired to do all they could to defeat a man so thoroughly identified with the saloon interest. I don't know anything about Fassett, except that he is a machine politician, and I hence not at all desirous of taking any stand on the temperance question.

"For my own part I fail to see how any decent man can seriously advocate high license. If the liquor business be a legitimate business it ought not to be taxed or in any way interfered with any more than shoemaking or shoe selling. If it be a wicked and dangerous thing to the community then it should be stopped and made an offense punishable as other crimes are. For the community to take money from saloons and distilleries is either the plundering of a legitimate business or the compounding of a felony."—*World.*

PROHIBITION PARTY PLATFORM.

The Prohibition Party of Maryland, in convention assembled, recognizing Almighty God as the true source of all power in government and reaffirming its allegiance to the National Prohibition Party, submits to the citizens of Maryland, the following declaration of its purposes:

1. That the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages, is a public nuisance, a producer of pauperism, poverty and political corruption, and should therefore be prohibited by appropriate National and State Legislation, *thoroughly enforced by officials in harmony with such laws.*

2. That tax and license legislation by legalizing the traffic in alcoholic beverages only intensify its evil results and augment the difficulties of its overthrow, and should therefore be opposed by all good citizens who acknowledge it to be hurtful to good government.

3. That the increasing extreme poverty, the accumulation of the Nation's wealth in the hands of the few, the oppression of the poor, the grinding down of wages and the depression of agricultural and industrial interests have become matters of great moral and political importance. These evils are mainly the result of the liquor traffic, special or class legislation, unjust taxation, despotic combinations, dishonest speculation and unrestricted immigration. We pledge ourselves to remedy these evils through legislation that will secure to every citizen, rich or poor, equal rights and equal opportunities.

4. That all unearned grants of land to railroad companies or other corporations should be reclaimed, and no further portion of the National domain should be thus granted.

5. That tariff should be levied as a revenue measure, and only to an amount sufficient to provide for the expenses of the Government economically administered; and when so levied should be applied as far as possible to imports from such countries as levy tariff upon or prohibit exports from this country.

6. That we favor a graduated and equitably arranged income tax for the collection of both State and National revenue, as being the best method, by which each citizen can bear his proper proportion of the expenses of Government.

7. That the circulating medium of the country may rightly consist of gold, silver and paper. It should all be of full legal tender, and sufficient in quantity to meet the demands of business and give full opportunity for the employment of labor.

8. That the portion of the Internal Revenue system of the Government which collects a tax on intoxicating liquors, and thereby makes the government a partner in the business, should be abolished.

9. That we condemn the action of the State Department of the Government in its efforts to extend the liquor products of this country into foreign countries, and the United States Senate for its failure to ratify the Brussels treaty relating to the importation of intoxicating liquors into the Congo free State.

10. That unrestricted immigration is one of the conspicuous perils of the day. We demand the strict enforcement of existing laws, and while welcoming all immigrants of good character, who come to us with the purpose of becoming law-abiding industrious American Citizens, we favor the enactment of such additional legislation as shall exclude from our shores all diseased, criminal and pauper classes.

11. We also favor the extension of the required time of residence for naturalization, and that no naturalized person should vote within one year after naturalization papers are issued, to the end that all citizens of foreign birth, before acquiring or exercising the rights of full citizenship, shall have an intelligent apprehension of our system of government and its institutions.

12. That we extend our sympathy to the Agricultural interests of the State and country in their struggle for relief from the results of legislation enacted under Democratic and Republican administration, and claim that in order to realize and make that relief in any wise practical or permanent, it is their first duty to destroy the legalized liquor traffic of the country which is the conceded source of "fully one-half of all the State, County and Municipal taxation." That until this is done the unequal, unjust and discriminating conditions under which the farming interests are now languishing and perishing, will continue, and the startling fact remain that the farmer, while owning only about one-fourth of the wealth of the country, pays nearly three-fourths of its taxes.

13. That Municipal Governments, the public school system and the oyster industry should be speedily and absolutely removed from partisan politics.

14. That all men should be protected by law in their right to one day of rest in seven.

15. That all official fees should be covered into the public treasury and officials be paid reasonable salaries.

16. That the right of suffrage rests on no mere circumstance of race, color, sex or nationality, and where from any cause it has been withheld from citizens of suitable age, and mentally and morally qualified for the exercise of an intelligent ballot, it should be restored by the people through the legislatures of the several States, on such educational basis as they may deem wise.

17. That we heartily endorse the Australian system of voting as a helpful measure towards protecting the weak and venal voter from the direct influence of the professional corruptionist, and insist that its provisions be applied to the whole State, including all primary meetings.

How Canaries Build a Nest.

Many of us some time in our lives have taken an old bird's nest in our hands and admired the wonderful structure, the neatness and care with which the inside has been finished, whether it be the nest of a thrush, so carefully lined with manure and smoothed off with the art of a well taught modeler, or maybe the lovely lining which we find in a robin's nest or some of the finches. But we have few actual chances of seeing these miniature homes put together, unless they are built in captivity, under which circumstances the art of nest building becomes most interesting to a careful watcher.

Let us take, for instance, canaries. A pair of these birds in their second season's building—by which time they have perfected thoroughly the art, supposing they are supplied with a suitable box and materials for the purpose—commence first of all by filling the box with the rougher pieces of moss, after which the hen hops into the middle of it, and sitting down begins to turn round and round by this process the inside of the nest is formed. If they find it not full enough, more moss is brought and the process repeated until it is to the satisfaction of the hen.

After this the delicate part of lining the nest is commenced, the hen sitting in the nest while the cock supplies her with hair, which he first prepares in the following manner: After picking up a small bunch of hair, which he holds across the middle, he flies upon the perch and knocks it from side to side against the perch, to shake all loose pieces out; after which he holds the wisp or bunch of hair on the perch with his foot, at the same time drawing his beak up it with a twisting motion.

This is repeated until it becomes somewhat woven together, and is then presented to the hen, which she carefully takes and places in the moss, one piece after another, until a smooth lining is the result. At this point she allows her husband to enter the nest, which they keep doing in turns, with a great deal of excitement and soft twittering, continually turning round and round to finish it off in a workmanlike manner.—Chambers' Journal.

The Colors of Letters.

In my youth I always associated the idea of color with the letters of the alphabet. In later years the discovery that other people recognized no such coloration came to me as a surprise. The letter R, for example, always calls up the idea of greenness. It is impossible for me to think of R without the thought that it is green. In like manner S is yellow and X scarlet. The coloration does not seem to lie in the letter itself, as printed or written, but to coexist with the conception which the letter represents.

As the letter R comes into my mind, it seems to go, with grass and leaves, into the category of green things. The sound has nothing to do with its apparent coloration, for C soft and C hard are recognized as the same letter and therefore colored alike. The coloration is not affected by the character of the type. It is in the letter itself, regardless of the way in which it may be printed, or of whether it is printed or written at all. The idea has no connection with the lettering in any colored picture books, nor does it arise from any association of that sort.

Words seem to me also more or less definitely colored, but the association of coloration with me arises solely from the letters of which the words are compposed. The dominant letters, especially the initial letter, or the letters most conspicuous in pronunciation, give color to the word. Thus Rosalind, though containing but two green letters, has a dominant shade of green, as salvia or silica have of yellow. A pleasing variety in the colors of the letters tends to render a word attractive. Thus the words Vernon Severn and Exeter, with contrasted colors, are more attractive than such words as Patton, Hammond or Armenia, in which the colors are few or not contrasted.—President David Starr Jordan in Popular Science Monthly.

Dividing a Long Sermon.

Dr. Samuel Buell, of the last half of the last century, who used to preach two or three hours, like Isaac Barrows, was ingenious in detaining his congregation. On one occasion, after preaching nearly two hours—as long as he could feel secure in the presence of all his hearers—he remarked that he was done preaching to sinners, and that they were at liberty to go. The rest of his discourse would be addressed to good people.

A gentleman who once went to hear him stated that when the hourglass was nearly ready to be turned a second time from the commencement of his sermon he said, much to the relief of the person who related it, "Once more." After going on some eight or ten minutes longer he said, "To conclude," and after another about equal interval he said, "Lastly." The gentleman added that he expected every moment to hear him say, "Everlastingly."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Popping a Question.

"Can you cook?" he asked tenderly, after he had suggested the probability that he would marry soon.

"No," she answered, removing her chair a degree or two north of his, "I neither cook nor am given in cooking. You will find what you need at the intelligence office."

And he went his way quickly, a wiser and a madder man.—Detroit Free Press.

The Parrot's Laugh.

Some years ago I possessed a parrot which, among its other accomplishments, could mimic perfectly the cook's call for Kitty, the household cat.

Polly's cage hung usually in the kitchen, and Kitty's favorite mode of exit in the summer was through the adjoining window and along the wooden partition fence which ran up to it.

No sooner would Polly observe Kitty sunning herself at the end of the fence or in the yard than up would go the cry: "Here, Kitty, Kitty! Here, Kitty, Kitty!" and the deluded quadruped hardly ever failed to respond by dashing rapidly toward the window.

Then that mischievous parrot would chuckle and flap its wings and yell, "Ho, ho, ho!"—thereby clearly demonstrating its intense enjoyment of the practical joke played upon the credulous cat.

Do you think that Polly did not laugh? If so, I don't know what a laugh is.—New York Telegram.

LOCATING THE QUEEN.

A MAN FROM AWAY BACK FALLS IN WITH A THREE CARD SHARP.

But He Was Not the Green Countryman That He Looked, and He Taught the Professional Swindler a Lesson That the Latter Will Not Soon Forget.

The performance in Forepaugh's circus tent had just ended. Within the sides show tents the band organs set up their loudest and liveliest music and the loud-voiced fakir outside redoubled his oratorical exertions as the great crowd surged past his grand aggregation of wonders. At the southern end of the lake front, away from the noise and hurly burly of the big show, sat two tired looking individuals, whose every appearance indicated that they had left their work upon the farm to enjoy a day with Forepaugh, and had done it so thoroughly that they were half dead with fatigue. A three card monte sharp's eagle eye caught the rustics and he swooped down upon his prey like a young rooster after a potato bug.

"Pretty hot, isn't it?" he began. "You haven't seen a man around here, have you, with a long white linen duster on, tall white hat and plaid suit? No? Well, I'm looking for him. Friend of mine. Left me about an hour ago. He's going to have some fellows arrested down there in one of the little tents. Darned fool, I tell him. You see, he was swindled by a couple of men—three card men—what is it? Oh, yes, three card Monte Carlo. Taken into camp just as slick as grease. Lost a couple of hundred on it in less than a minute. Robbery, nothing else; but a man's a blamed fool to bet his money on another fellow's game. Served him right, I say."

"Cleaned him out, eh?" drawled one of the rustics. "Well, that game is as old as the hills, and a feller that hasn't more sense than to try to beat it ought to be turned out to pasture for a while."

PRETTY GOOD BAIT.

"Looks simple enough," continued the fakir. "I saw the whole thing. Of course I wouldn't bet—not a cent—but blamed if I wouldn't have put my money just where my friend did. Darned sharp, these show fellows. Sleight-of-hand trick, I guess. They mix up the cards some way when they throw them down. That is the only explanation of it I can give."

The farmers laughed. "Well, you've guessed it," said one of them after a hearty burst of merriment.

"Oh, laugh away—seems funny enough now; but it isn't so darned funny to the poor fool who loses his money. It isn't an easy thing to do, let me tell you. I can't throw the cards just as those fellows did, but they took three cards, just like this, and threw them down, like that, and then bet that my friend couldn't pick out the queen."

"Straight three card monte, as sure as you're born," said one of the rural visitors. "I've read all about it a hundred times. Never saw the thing done though."

"Well, this is all there is to it—the showman did nothing more than this. See? Simple enough, ain't it?"

"Why, I should say so! I don't see how your friend lost his money."

"He picked out the wrong card, that's all."

"Couldn't have been watching very sharp, I guess."

"Well, don't you fool yourself. It ain't such an easy trick to pick out the right card. Do you think you can do it?"

"I could if the other fellow didn't do better work than you do."

"Bet you a quarter you can't pick out the queen, just as the cards lie there now."

For an answer the farmer turned over one of the cards, showing the smiling face of the queen.

THE SWINDLER CAUGHT.

"Well, by jingo, you did it the first time. There's your money. Now, then, watch the cards closely. There! Pick out the queen. I'll bet you a dollar you can't do it, or $5 or $10 or $25 or $100."

"Well, put up your money if you want to walk home with your fool friend. I've just $100 left and it's going to win $100 more for me right here and now."

A moment later one of the grangers held in his hand $200, while the other bent over the cards preparatory to picking out the royal winner.

"Hurry up! Locate the queen and the money's yours; if not, it's mine." And the professional hungrily eyed the staker. But his victim was inclined to move rather leisurely.

"Let's see," he said meditatively, "you shoot here just like this, and you held the three cards in your hand like this, with the queen on top. Then you gave your arm a swing like this and"——

"Well!"

"Palmed the queen, dropped the nine spot in its place, and shoved the queen up your right coat sleeve, where it is now. A very bad job, too, partner, because it's dead crooked and so easy that any schoolboy might catch you dead to rights and shoot you full of holes before you could square yourself.

"I shall always remember the last time I worked that lay myself," he continued, as he stowed away the roll of bills. "It was in the summer of 1886. I was doing outside work with Barnum's show that season, and when we struck Louisville I caught a sleepy young fellow with more money than brains and tried to work the 'switch' on him—just as you do it, precisely. I had not finished the experiment before I made a rather startling discovery.

"I found that my left lung was inhaling air through a large hole near the fifth rib. For the next two seasons I did not take an active interest in the circus business. But I eventually took to the