Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

For Sale By J. S. GRIFFITH, and Leading Grocers of Easton.

The Easton Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY

WILSON M. TYLOR & BRO.,

Editors and Proprietors,

EASTON, MD.

☞ ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION AT THE OFFICE.

SATURDAY, - - - - MARCH 19, 1892.

INDIVIDUAL character and conduct reflect their influences for good or evil on those around them. Bad men and women make a bad world; with the good in the ascendant, goodness prevails. When a spirit departs life, it leaves its impress behind; society is better or the worse for its sojourn among men.—*Selected.*

From the Gazette of March 5.

The Democrat glories in Gibson and Gorman, the Star twinkles brightly for Turner and Grover. The Ledger stands off with an eye squinted tightly and saves his trump card 'till the doubt is all over—then he'll scoop the pot.

THE teachers of Talbot county are now wrestling with 'apperceptive concepts.'

THE blizzard of the west arrived in time to give St. Patrick and his spouse a beautiful crystal service.

THE proposed Eastern Shore Senatorial law vanished as smoke last Tuesday in the House of Delegates.

THOSE who call the McKinley law "the worse than war Tariff" should be reminded that last year under it our customs revenues amounted to only $3.39 per capita, whereas in 1866 the Government collected $4.96 per capita from the same source.

THE legislature has passed bills enabling the School Commissioners of Talbot county to borrow funds, and authorizing the commissioners of Easton, to borrow money to pay a certain debt to meet the necessary expenses of the town. Authority is given to issue bonds for the payment of the indebtedness.

BREATHES there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said—
I'll pay before I go to bed
The debt I owe the printer.
If such there be go mark him well
For in his heart no raptures swell
And when he dies, he'll go to, well—
The place where there's no winter.

DID the New York Legislature elect Hill to the United States Senate with the understanding that he should be absent from his place of duty the entire time—either attending to State politics of the most questionable sort or "flying around the circle" in the South trying to create a Presidential boom?

But Mr. Hill will draw his salary all the same.

IF the Maryland Republicans would give State politics more concern and Federal politics less, the chances are the State would soon be safely Republican.

Many of the independent voters have been ready for years to kick from the traces of Democratic vassalage and servitude—which characterizes strict adherence to that party as now in the control of the State, just as soon as they can be reasonably sure that by so doing they will enlist where popular conviction prevails and not the express wish of a boss or faction.

Let us have harmony throughout the entire State. Then victory.

THE *Ledger* informs us that after the Republican nomination the Republicans of Talbot county will start a brand new campaign paper, and says some of them complain that the GAZETTE is more of a W. C. T. U. paper than it is a Republican paper.

This is as it should be. There is abundant room for more Republican papers in this section of Maryland.—Would that every county in the State were full of them and the citizens enlightened in wholesome Republican doctrine proportionately. We need more in Talbot and the GAZETTE will welcome them. So do the W. C. T. U. people need more journals which espouse their noble cause. We have not yet heard of any community yet being hurt by their labors, and though we do not run a W. C. T. U. paper we *give* that organization a column when they desire it. And further, our columns are too high to be *bought* against our principles, Republican or not. When another Republican journal is started here perhaps it will not be necessary for the party to *buy* columns in the democratic press of the town. The new paper might spite some others more than us, eh, brother?

THE Summer School question is being strongly pushed by the Talbot teachers. It is hoped they will not allow the project to lapse until thoroughly satisfied that it is impossible to carry out their plans, which are at present to employ specialists for not less than three weeks to lecture on topics within the science of pedagogics. These lecturers can be supported by a nominal tuition fee of not more than five dollars for each member of the school provided enough will join. It is estimated that there are enough teachers in the county to support a s hool of this character if all could be depended upon. But if properly made known, it is not doubtful that many teachers from adjoining counties would avail themselves of the opportunity of attending. It remains to select some delightful spot on the water, with enough advantages to attract a summer visitor and then proceed to solicit subscriptions to the class. Oxford or St. Michaels would in all probability possess advantages over Easton, owing to the water scope at those places.

There are those interested in education who would subscribe even though they had no prospect of attending, if asked. Once begun, there might develop a summer school in which Talbot could take just pride.

"He who fights and runs away,
May live to fight another day."

WE hope that may be the case with our clever neighbor of the *Ledger* who penned his column of "information" to the GAZETTE and immediately took to his heels. The morning the *Ledger* made its appearance on the street (Thursday last) the escaped editor was in Baltimore, and at this writing is perhaps on his knees before the editor of the *News* begging to be counted in on the winning side.

The snow drift on the Point Road that morning showed what difficulty and tribulation he had in making his exit the night before. He need not have troubled himself in getting away for we certainly would not intentionally hurt a hair of his honored head—not even the lone sentinel that adorns it. And when that lonely capillary *does* shrink to the "thousandth part of the diameter of a microbe's eyelash" we will still have the same respect for it and say, "*vive la senty.*"

SENATOR HILL is now on a tour through the Southern States. While some enthusiasm seems to greet him, yet his speeches are barren of any deep thought or expressions which concern the great national issues of the day. He leaves the tariff and free silver coinage subjects entirely alone. The Washington correspondent in one of our daily papers says: "The general comment on Mr. Hill's speeches is one of amazement. His remarks are so flat and childish that congressmen here are at a loss to imagine whereon his friends base their fulsome praise of the abilities and the statesmanship which they say he possesses." While a Southern Democratic Congressman says "Any gentleman has a right to adopt such a plan of discussing trifles, but the public also has a right of judging the motives of a man who will descend to these political practices." While Ex-Gov. Buckner, of Kentucky, pays his respects to Senator Hill as follows: "As for Hill, if he has any Democratic opinions, I don't know of them, and know nobody who does. If he has any policy, beyond his own advancement, I have been unable to discover it."

THE Bland free silver bill will come up for discussion in the House of Representatives next Tuesday. The struggle between the "silver men" and those opposed promises to make a serious break in the Democratic majority in the House. Even the selection of next Tuesday for the consideration of the bill was accompanied with manifestations of much bitterness of feeling between the Democrats. And some prominent anti-silver Republicans wickedly helped them on by voting to consider the bill on the 22d, evidently believing in the principle that the best thing for a minority to do is to help the enemy compromise itself.

The Democratic party—as a party, is committed to the ruinous policy of free silver, notwithstanding Mr. Cleveland's pronounced views against it, and the present House will be compelled to pass some kind of a bill in that direction, as the free silver Democrats in the House have votes enough to overcome the combined strength of the Republicans and anti-silver Democrats.

The passage of the Bland bill will make the silver question a definite issue in the coming National elections.

THERE is an interesting exchange of similes in the correspondence between our Government and that of Great Britain in the Behring Sea matter. Mr. Blaine wrote:

"Holding an arbitration as to the rightful mode of taking seals while their destruction goes forward, would be as if, while an arbitration to the title of timber land were in progress, one party would remove all the trees."

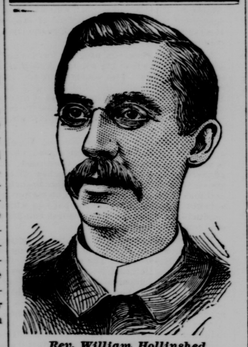
Lord Salisbury replied:

"The case is more like one of arbitration respecting the title to a meadow. While the arbitration goes on, we cut the grass: and quite rightly, for the grass will be reproduced next year, and so will the seals."

Then our government reminded Lord Salisbury that while the title to the meadow is in dispute he has no right to cut the grass without accounting for it to the owner; nor to say the true owner will have a full harvest next year, for last year's harvest was his also. Mr. Blaine also contends that the simile is inapt, because the "seals not taken this year may be taken next, while the grass must be taken in its season or lost."

The New York *Independent* says "the grass simile is not bad if it be slightly amended. As Great Britain's machine mows the grass so close that it uncovers and cuts the roots and winter kills the meadow."

President Harrison sent the English Government a note on the 8th inst., insisting on a renewal of the *modus vivendi* pending a settlement of the controversy, but up to this date it has not pleased that Government to forward a reply. If, however, a response is not soon received it is understood that the President will call the attention of the British Minister at Washington to the fact that this Government is waiting Lord Salisbury's reply, and request that the matter be given prompt consideration.



Rev. William Hollinshed
Of Sparta, N. J., voluntarily says:
"To Whom it May Concern:
"Unasked I deem it my duty to a suffering humanity whose bodies and souls I would have healthy, to tell them of the value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. While living in Ohio one of my children was greatly

Afflicted With Boils

having 30 on her limbs, and being unable to walk. I had heard of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and bought a bottle, half of which cured entirely. Two years after, another child was afflicted as badly. I used the other half bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla with like results. About four years after, the child first afflicted was again tormented like Job, and I bought a bottle (on Sunday at that) and again a cure. I gave some of the medicine to a poor woman and two children; they were helped as were mine. Through a testimonial sent to C. I. Hood & Co., inquiries came from all the country, asking if it was a 'bona fide' testimonial, and of course I wrote all that it was, and have the knowledge of

Scores and Scores

Of persons helped or cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mild cases of rheumatism have yielded to it. Biliousness and bad liver have been corrected in my own family. This is the only patent medicine I have felt like praising. I speak not for C. I. Hood, but for the Jobs who are impatient and are tormented beyond endurance. Nothing I know of will cleanse the blood, stimulate the liver, or clean the stomach so perfectly as

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Any person wishing to know more, enclosing a stamp will be informed. Yours for the health, happiness and virtue of humanity."
WILLIAM HOLLINSHED, pastor of Presbyterian church, Sparta, N. J.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation.

Present and Former Foreign Tin Plate Prices.

A correspondent wants to know about the changes in tin-plate prices since the McKinley tin-plate Tariff took effect, July 1, 1891. Below is given a comparison in parallel columns between the New York prices of IC coke plates for the six months immediately succeeding that event:

New York prices of IC coke tin plates in 1891.

	Per box.		Per box.
January	$5.40	July	$5.35
February	5.45	August	5.35
March	5.35	September	5.45
April	5.25	October	5.35
May	5.30	November	5.30
June	5.35	December	5.30

Is will be observed that the price in July, the first month after the new duty was levied, shows no advance over the quotation from the month before, notwithstanding the advance of $1.29 a box in the Tariff. Who paid the increase? The following comparison of prices of tin plates in Liverpool during the same months answers the question:

Highest price paid per box of IC Bessemer Steel Coke tin plates delivered at Liverpool for each month of 1891, according to Ryland's Iron Trade Circular:

January	$4.14	July	$3.71
February	4.32	August	3.22
March	4.32	September	3.22
April	4.32	October	3.22
May	3.77	November	3.22
June	3.71	December	3.22

That is, the price to the foreigner was forced down after the increased duty was levied. Last December he was selling for $3.22 a box, plates upon which the duty was $2.37, whereas in April he had sold similar plates, upon which the duty was $1.08, for $4.32 a box. In other words, when the duty was raised $1.29 a box his price dropped $1.10—a way foreigners have of paying our Tariffs.

It was the Welsh tin-plate trust which sent prices up months before there was any change in the tin-plate Tariff. It members met in council and determined, according to the published reports of the proceedings, to make a box of tin plates "a rather costly commodity" to Americans. This determination was forthwith carried out, and we had to submit to the extortion. It was an old game of the Welsh tin-plate barons. Too long have we been at their mercy. A glance at the enormous prices we sometimes have had to pay for our tin plates in former years will be instructive in this connection.

The *Iron Trade Circular* (Ryland's) of Birmingham (Supplement, Jan. 16) gives the highest prices of tin plates in the years named as follows:

Foreign prices of charcoal IC tin plates.

Year.	Foreign price per box.
1877	$5.36
1878	4.87
1879	6.69
1880	8.28
1881	5.23
1882	5.23
1883	5.11
1884	5.11
1885	4.50
1886	3.83
1887	4.01
1888	4.01
1889	4.38
1890	4.20
1891, under the McKinley duty,	3.04

How the Welshmen must sigh for a return of the good old times when they could run their prices up to $8 a box at their pleasure—whenever their dividends threatened to fall below the customary 25 per cent. Now they must content themselves with a paltry $3.04 a box for the same class of plates. Is it any wonder that they join their American supporters in wild warfare on the McKinley law? In the meantime, every right-minded citizen rejoices at our deliverance from the rapacity of the insolent foreigner, which has been accomplished by the firm establishment of an American tin-plate making industry.

The Tariff Decisions.

The United States Supreme Court has suppressed an immense volume of Democratic clap-trap by its decisions in relations to the Tariff and Worsted acts. For nearly two years the leaders and press of the Opposition have confidentally asserted that both the procedure and the tariff legislation of the last Republican Congress were unconstitutional, and would be invalidated by the Supreme bench. Democratic Senators have repeatedly staked their reputation as constitutional lawyers upon the fulfilment of this prediction, and all the Free Trade journals have published elaborate arguments to demonstrate the unconstitutionality of Speaker Reed's rulings and of the sugar-bounty provisions and the Reciprocity clause of the Tariff Act. All the questions at issue have been presented to the United States Supreme Court by the ablest lawyers whose services could be secured by the importers and their Democratic backers. The result is an unequivocal and final decision affirming the constitutionality of Speaker Reed's method of counting a quorum and also of the Tariff Act with the bounty and Reciprocity clauses.

Justice Brewer, in declaring the united opinion of the Supreme bench on the validity of the House ule providing for the counting of non-voters present during the proceedings analyzes it as purely a question of power. The constitution has empowered the House to make its own rules for the regulation of legislative business; and consequently the validity of a measure enacted in accordance with a rule authorizing the Speaker to count a quorum cannot be questioned. This is the opinion of the court reduced to the simplest terms. The Constitution provides that a majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business. Rule XV of the Republican House prescribed a method of ascertaining the presence of a majority. The Speaker enforced a regulation which the House had a clear and unequivocal right to establish. Accordingly, any measure passed by a majority of votes when the quorum had been ascertained in this way was legally enacted. With three Democrats on the Supreme bench this decision has been reached unanimously. All the partisan declamation about 'the Republican Czar' and revolutionary methods of gagging the minority passes as the wind roaring in a broken chimney-pot.

The constitutionality of the Tariff Act is affirmed with equal unanimity except on a single point, the Reciprocity clause. The Chief-Justice and Justice Lamar have taken the ground that the Aldrich amendment involves a delegation of legislative power to the Executive, and is therefore unconstitutional. The majority of the Justices have not sustained this view, but have interpreted the amendment as constituting the President an agent of the lawmaking power. Congress prescribed the conditions under which he was to act, and authorized him to execute its will whenever he should perceive that these conditions existed. This was the view taken by Senators Aldrich and Spooner when the clause was adopted, and their judgment has been fully sustained by the Supreme Court. The objections based upon the sugar bounties and the tobacco section omitted in the enrolment of the bill after its passage by the House are overruled by the full bench. The constitutionality of the Tariff Act has been affirmed with substantial unanimity, and Democratic panic-mongers who have been assuming for many months that it would be invalidated are left in a state of utter demoralization and collapse.

Republican legislators know how to make the Nation's laws. In the longest and busiest session of Congress which has ever been held since the adoption of the Constitution a great number of measures were enacted, but even in the turmoil of political excitement caused by a factious and obstructive opposition the legislative work was so carefully and thoroughly done that it passes successfully the rigid scrutiny of the court of last resart. The Sumpreme Court has established in an unanswerable way the capacity and intelligence of the last Republican Congress, and its unswerving respect for constitutional law.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Extracted From Exchanges.

From Montgomery Press.

The action of the Methodist Conference denying the admission of women, was extremely ungallant to say the least, and we wouldn't blame the women if they'd proceed to get even with the parsons and deacons.

There is a difference of opinion as to the tariff being a tax, but there is no doubt about the county roads in their present condition being a great tax on the farmers. Who are responsible for these roads?

From Dorchester Era.

There is considerable complaint about the condition of the county roads as well as the streets of the town. Something ought to be done to improve them. It is the general belief that the people pay enough taxes to have good roads and streets.

The Post Office Department has consented to establish a post office at Mount Holly. Mr. Geo. A. Mace will be postmaster. The office will open about April 1st. This office will receive its mail from Aireys, giving that locality the benefit of an early daily mail.

Preaching vs. Practice.

A. B. Farquhar, manufacturer of agricultural implements, York, Pa., and author of a treatise violently abusive of Protection and Protectionists, does not distain to avail himself of the opportunities for extending his export trade thrown open to him by the drawback provision of the Tariff act which it is his delight to assail. We find the following decision by the Treasury Department, under date of January 29, 1892:

SIR: In accordance with the recommendation contained in your letter of the 22d inst., you are hereby authorized to allow drawback on the plows manufactured by A. B. Farquhar & Co., and heretofore exported under proper entries, on the basis of quantities of imported steel used in the manufacture, as ascertained by Special Agent L. G. Martin—viz., for No. 75 plow, steel coulters, 8½ pounds each; for No. 3 plow, steel coulters, 12 pounds each; for No. 2 plow, steel molds, 23 pounds each; for No. 3 plow, steel shares, 8 pounds each.

Will Mr. Farquhar be kind enough to inform a curious public how many extra plows he has been, or will be, able to find a market for because of the liberal manner in which he is being treated by the McKinley law?—*American Economist.*

Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints.

Why is the Democratic Party so Opposed to a Protective Tariff?

All men and even animals fear and hate whatever they do not understand. A horse not broken to the presence of a grist mill, a buzz saw, a threshing machine or a locomotive fears and hates it. He will smash everything to which he is attached to get away from it. He does not know that each of these things is doing more rapid and effective work toward feeding and sheltering him and his owner than he can possibly do himself. The buzz saw cuts out the boards which make his stable, the locomotive draws to distant markets the crops which he draws only to the depot, the threshing machine separates the grain he eats from the straw, and the grist mill furnishes bread to those who feed him. All are as beneficent to him as his master's most kind caresses and far more efficiently serviceable. He hates them simply because he does not understand them and thinks fanciful dangers or cruelties are connected with them. The restive horse wants the locomotive, the buzz saw, the grist mill and the threshing machine all repealed, because he hears their clatter, but his reason is too single and simple to to comprehend their utility. As the Democratic party gets broke to the Tariff it dislikes it less. The cure is to hold its nose right to the Tariff until it quiets down.—*Economist.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dr. BULL'S facilitates *Teething* and BABY SYRUP regulates the Bowels. At all druggists. Price 25 cts.

25¢ A BOTTLE
SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN

BULL'S Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Incipient Consumption, and relieves Consumptive Persons. 25 cents. COUGH SYRUP

SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh. Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

PUBLIC SALE.
OF
Valuable Personal Property,
IN
FERRY NECK.

Mr. Spedden O. Harris having discontinued farming, the undersigned, his attorneys, will offer at public sale at his farm in Ferry Neck, Talbot County, whereon he now resides, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 31,

all of the following personal property:

2 pair young mules, 4 horses, 3 cows, 1 mule, 1 new Plano Binder, 2 Champion Binders, 1 Buckeye Drill, 1 Empire Drill, 2 disc harrows, 1 roller, 1 corn planter, 1 sulky cultivator, 1 mower, 1 hay rake, 5 carts, lot of plows, harrows, cultivators, shoyels, etc. 1 top buggy, 1 family carriage, 1 dearborn, 2 farm wagons, 80 bbls. corn (in ear) 15,000l bs blades, lot of mixed hay, 2000 lbs bacon. The growing crop of wheat, 160 bushels seeded, 1 scow—9 tons, 1 schooner (bateau) 7 tons with sails tackle, etc. 1 canoe, 2 skiffs with sails, etc. Also household and kitchen furniture, consisting of beds and bedding, stoves, chairs, tables, carpets, bed linen, a library of 200 valuable books. One Aultman and Taylor engine and mill with saws, belting, etc. complete. 1 Frick engine, 1 Fitz Mill with saws, belting, etc, 2 Steam Threshers—1 nearly new, 2 Reese Stackers, and a lot of other articles too numerous to enumerate.

TERMS OF SALE.

Cash for all sums of and under $10. For all sums over that amount a credit of six months will be given, purchaser to give his note with approved security, bearing interest. Property cannot be removed until terms are complied with.

WM. R. MARTIN,
ALFRED L. THARP,
Attorneys.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of

EMORY MACKEY, Col'd,

late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same properly authenticated to the subscriber, on or before the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER A. D. 1892,

otherwise they may be by law excluded from all benefits of the said deceased's estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

THEODORE MACKEY,
3-12-4t Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Personal Property.

The undersigned administrator of Jno. M. Mason, late of Talbot county, deceased, will offer at Public Sale at his late residence on South Washington Street, Easton, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 29th.

All the Household Goods, including Parlor and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Kitchen Utensils, Stoves, etc.

The sale will also include ONE GOOD COW.

TERMS OF SALE.

Cash on all sums of and under $10, over that amount a credit of 6 months with approved security.

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock.

JOHN MASON,
Administrator

Age. Experience. Ability.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED 1843.

SETTLED MORE CLAIMS THAN ANY OTHER CO.

Over $159,000,000
SECURELY INVESTED FOR POLICY HOLDERS.

Oldest Policy in America.

Mr. Hezron A Johnson died at Newport, R. I., on Saturday, September 5, 1891, in the seventyfourth year of his age.

Mr. Johnson was the holder of the oldest policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, having taken out Policy No 3 for $5,000 the day the Company began business in 1843.

He very naturally took a great interest and pride in the Mutual Life, and watched its growth from nothing to the largest Insurance Company in the world. It did not have one dollar of assets when he signed his application, yet he lived to see a fund accumulated exceeding $147,000,000.

He outlived more than thirty six thousand policy holders in the Company. He paid more premium than any man in it, and contributed his share to the payment of every death claim that arose for forty-nine years. His policy and the result of his insurance are matters, consequently, of rare interest to the policy-holder and all who are in any way interested in the subject of Life Insurance. He was

A PERSISTENT POLICY HOLDER,

and his example in maintaining his insurance after it became self-sustaining many years ago has been of excellent effect.

Below is a statement of Mr. Johnson's investment.

Policy No 3.
Date, February 2, 1843.
Amount $5,000. Kind, Life
Annual Premium, $102

Original Insurance	$5,000
Additions of Profits,	9,686
Total of Claim Paid,	14,686
Total Premiums Paid	4,998
Amount of claims over all Premiums Paid,	$9,688

Thus it will be seen that all the premiums were returned with

4 PER CT. COMPOUND INTEREST.

The Mutual Life being the oldest regular Life Insurance Company in America, and Mr. Johnson the oldest policy holder in it up to the time of his death, it is evident that he paid more single premiums upon one policy than any man insured in an American office, hence the payment of his policy enables one to ascertain the result of what many men fear—"living to pay so many premiums." They think they will lose something. The exceptional long period of premium payments in this case shows that this fear is without foundation when insured in the Mutual Life —For further information call on or addres

W. M. CONEY,
Special Agent.
Easton Gazette Building. tf

TRUCK FARMS sold on $5 to $10 monthly payments. On salt water; fish and oysters plenty; near city markets & R. R.; free call & ultimate. Books & plats FREE. Apply to GEORGE T. MELVIN, Annapolis, Md.

H. B. SMITH & CO.,
ARTISTS.
OIL, PASTEL,
INDIA INK AND
CRAYON PORTRAITS.
601 AND 603 MASS. AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.
—:o:—
☞ ORDERS BY MAIL SOLICITED AND SHIPPED ON APPROVAL.
—:o:—
EXPRESS CHARGES PAID BY US.

PEACH TREES.
Over 150 000 Peach Trees For Sale.

I make a specialty of Peach Trees and grow no other kind of nursery stock. Location of Nurseries 1½ mile East of new Tuckahoe Bridge which is now being built on direct and shortest road between Easton and Denton. G. W. RAUGHLEY,
P. O. Denton, Md. Tuckahoe Neck,
19sep6m Caroline Co., Md,

BALTIMORE & EASTERN SHORE R. R.

TIME TABLE.

To take effect Monday, January 4th, 1892.

STATIONS.	GOING EAST. Ex. P. M.	Mix. A. M.	Mix. P. M.
Baltimore, Lv. (*Per 10 Light st.*)	§4 30		Tues and Friday
Claiborne	7 40	§6 50	
McDaniel	*7 45	6 55	
Harper	*7 48	7 00	
St. Michaels	7 55	7 10	
Riverside	*8 00	7 18	
Royal Oak	*8 05	7 27	
Kirkham	*8 10	7 35	
Bloomfield	*8 15	7 44	
Easton	8 19	8 10	
Turner	*8 27	8 25	
Bethlehem	*8 35	8 42	
Preston	8 42	8 50	
Ellwood	*8 46	9 05	
Hurlock	8 55	9 22	
Ennals	*9 01	9 33	
Rhodesdale	*9 04	9 40	
Vienna	9 18	10 10	
Barren Creek Spri.	9 26	10 27	
Hebron	*9 37	10 47	
Rock a-Walking	*9 41	10 57	
Salisbury	9 50	3 00	
N. Y. P. & N. Cros			
Walston	*10 00	3 18	
Parsonburg	*10 05	3 25	
Pittsville	*10 12	3 35	
New Hope	*10 22	3 51	
Whaleyville	*10 25	3 56	
St. Martin's	*10 33	4 08	
Berlin	10 40	4 20	§4 20
Ocean City Ar.			4 50
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Ex. A. M.	Mix. A. M.	Mix. A. M.
Ocean City Lv.			*8 00
Berlin	§5 40	§8 20	8 26
St. Martin's	*5 46	8 36	A. M.
Whaleyville	*5 54	8 48	
New Hope	*5 58	8 53	Wed
Pittsville	*6 07	9 08	and
Parsonburg	*6 14	9 20	Satr'y
Walston	*6 19	9 27	
N. Y. P. & N. Cros			
Salisbury	6 30	2 30	
Rock-a-Walking	*6 38	2 47	
Hebron	*6 43	2 56	
Barren Creek Spri.	6 53	3 16	
Vienna	7 00	3 33	
Rhodesdale	*7 15	4 00	
Ennals	*7 19	4 05	
Hurlock	7 24	4 15	
Ellwood	*7 33	4 31	
Preston	7 38	4 40	
Bethlehem	*7 45	4 51	
Turner	*7 53	5 05	
Easton	8 00	5 40	
Bloomfield	*8 05	5 51	
Kirkham	*8 10	6 00	
Royal Oak	*8 15	6 07	
Riverside	*8 20	6 16	
St. Michaels	8 25	6 22	
Harper	*8 32	6 30	
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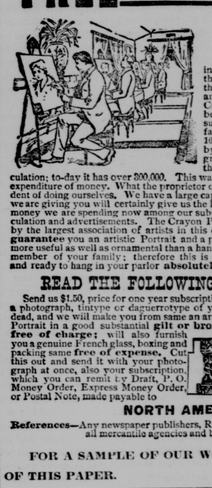
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