RAPID PROGRESS.

Summary of New Enterprises Started in the South Last Week.

The weekly record of new enterprises established in the South, as shown by the *Manufacturer's Record*, of Baltimore, in its last issue, contains the following important items:

"A $300,000 lumber company at Westlake, La.; a $100,000 oil refining company at New Orleans, La., a $100,000 phosphate guano company at Blacksburg, S. C.; a $30,000 manufacturing company at Atlanta, Ga.; a $100,000 lumber company at Evans, Ark.; a $100,000 food conserving company at Wheeling, W. Va.; a $150,000 hominy mill at Henderson, Ky.; a $40,000 lumber company at Texarkana, Ark.; a $100,000 manufacturing company at Richmond, Va.; a $25,000 mining and smelting company at Baltimore, Md.; a $100,000 distilling company at Lexington, Ky; a $400,000 cotton mill company at Bamberg, S. C.; a $1,000,000 mining and manufacturing company at Gilmer, Texas; a $425,000 phosphate company at Floral City, Fla.; a $150,000 coal and coke company at Freeman's W. Va.; a $250,000 ice and brewing company at Houston, Texas; a $50,000 clothing factory at Durham, N. C.; a $100,000 cotton oil company at New Orleans, La.; a $25,000 quarrying company at Eureka Springs, Ark.; a $50,000 hardware company at Macon, Ga.; a $100,000 soap manufacturing company at Savannah, Ga.; an $80,000 manufacturing company at Lexington, Ky.; a $100,000 oil company at Newport, Ky.; a $50,000 electric company at Austin, Texas; a $100,000 oil company and a $250,000 stone company at Roanoke, Va., and a $100,000 coal and coke company in McDowell Co., W. Va."

John Good, engineer, and William Noble, fireman, saved an excursion train near Denver, Col., and the passengers gave him $750.

PACKET LINE.

The Schooners

Clara M. & Annie M. Leonard.

THE above boats are making weekly trips between Erston and Baltimore, and will do all kinds of freighting as cheap as any other line. Every effort will be made to give satisfaction. Our boats are NEW and built out of the very best material. Orders left with G. E. Bowdoin & Co., Commission Merchants, corner of Bowley's Wharf and Pratt St., Baltimore, will be promptly attended to. GRAIN bought or taken at Lowest Freight Rates. All Grain stored in our Warehouse, in case of fire will be at the owner's risk. Agricultural Lime delivered at the Lowest Cash Prices. Feeling thankful for past favors, we hope by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

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WAGNER'S GREEN HOUSE,

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PRICES MODERATE.

The crowds which lunch and dine daily at this restaurant attest the public approbation of its management. 3imbly

ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE.

Mr. John W. Bookwalter, of Ohio, is in France making an exhaustive study of French village life. He is also collecting while in Europe a library for the use of his tenants at the new town of Bookwalter, in Nebraska, which he is building on the small-holdings principle.

Baron Hirsh has been blackballed by the Jockey Club at Vienna in a manner quite as decided and as unpleasant as his blackballing by the Paris Circle. The Baron is the most generous of all the great financiers of his day, and has devoted millions upon millions of dollars to charitable purposes. But he is said to have "the evil eye"—in other words, he is a hoodoo.

Roscoe Conkling refused to attend his daughter's wedding because she chose to marry a railroad train hand. To-day that young man is at the head of one of the biggest railroad systems in the country. The daughter appears to have had a better eye for genius than the old gentleman.

Emperor William intends to pay a private visit to England at the end of July. His majesty will go direct to Cowes in his yacht, the Hohenzollern, and is to stay there during the squadron regatta week. The Emperor will be entertained by the Queen at Osborne during his visit. His Majesty intends to enter his racing yacht, the Meteor (better known as the Thistle), for the Queen's cup.

Professor Dana, the famous geologist, resigns his chair at Yale on account of advancing years, but he will still continue to deliver lectures on the science in which he has been such an expert. His mental activity is apparently unimpaired, and his step is as quick and light as ever. His successor, if the corporation ratifies President Dwight's action, will be H. L. Williams, who now holds the professorship of mineralogy at Cornell University.

The Countess d'Eu, only surviving daughter of the late Emperor of Brazil, is about to take up her residence definitely in England. She has just concluded an agreement with the republican government of Brazil whereby in return for her abandonment of her pretensions to the crown of Brazil the whole of her father's private estate and property are restored to her.

Miss Olea Bull, daughter of the Norwegian violinist, is a general favorite in the social circles of Cambridge, Mass. She has recently joined the dramatic profession as a member of Julia Marlowe's company. She is said to be an exceedingly agile and graceful skirt dancer, and poses and kicks in a remarkable manner. It is also stated that she is remarkably active in church work.

Professor John Stuart Blackie is said on one occasion to have chalked on the blackboard in the lecture room at the University of Edinburgh: "Professor Blackie will meet his classes to-day." An audacious student rubbed out the c in classes. Professor Blackie discovered the changes, and modified it further by the removal of the l. It should be said that Professor Blackie, who celebrates his golden wedding this month, has recently denied the authenticity of this anecdote.

The late E. A. Freeman was, it is said, an ill-bred cad, but he got as good as he sent at Yale College. When entertained there, one of the professors addressed him as Dr. Freeman. "Doctor! why doctor?" said the boorish historian. "I thought you were entitled to the doctorate," was the calm reply. "Suppose I am; so is Gladstone. Would you doctor him?" rudely replied the guest of the evening. "No, sir," said the now somewhat ruffled Yale man. "I certainly would not apply so an insignificant title to a man of Gladstone's eminence."

Mr. Justice Lamar's wretched health is said to be largely due to his great absorption in his books. He is almost unmanageable by his wife when once he gets into his library. He is passionately fond of reading.

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SEVEN MEN KILLED.

American Forcite Powder Works on Lake Hopatcong, N. J., Wrecked.

Terrified People Flee From the Vicinity to the Mountains for Safety—Explosion's Cause Unknown.

There was a terrific explosion at the American Forcite Powder Company's works on Lake Hopatcong, N. J., at 2:45 in the afternoon. Seven men were blown to atoms, while all the buildings were destroyed. To add to the horror, the buildings took fire and no one dared to approach for some time, fearing another explosion. The accident happened while the men were at work.

Two men were injured. One of them so terribly burned and mangled that he will probably die.

The works of the American Forcite Powder Company were located a short distance from the landing station at Lake Hopatcong, on the Morris & Essex Railway.

They consisted of a number of small buildings scattered at a distance of about 300 feet from each other. The nitro-glycerine mill was the first building to go up, and the shock of this explosion caused six other buildings to be rent asunder by their dangerous contents exploding. The report was terrific and was heard in the surrounding country for many miles.

FLYING FOR THEIR LIVES.

Buildings in the vicinity rocked as if on a stormy sea, and in some instances appeared as if about to topple over. The startled residents rushed from their houses and saw a cloud of dust and smoke flying through the air, near the lower part of the company's works. They knew instinctively what had happened and with a number of workmen from other buildings ran for the mountain side, fearful that some of the large storage houses of the company, in which there were tons of the highest and deadliest explosives, might go up at any moment.

When several minutes had passed without their fears being realized, the people cautiously advanced to the scene of the explosion. The wreckage was found to be on fire and burning fiercely. The most timid of those present, seeing in this new danger—there being a possibility that the flames might spread to the storage houses—again fled. The others, however, ran out the company's fire apparatus and water from the lake was used to fight the fire. In a short time the flames were under control and the the wreckage scattered about was overhauled for the purpose of finding the men who had been at work in the buildings.

SEARCHING FOR THE VICTIMS.

Within a few minutes two men were found, both badly injured. The roll of the company's employees was then called and it was found that seven men were missing. These men were undoubtedly dead and a search was begun for their bodies.

The searchers were mostly old employees of the company and knew that in a case like the present one it was useless to search among the ruins that still remained where the buildings had stood. They found pieces of flesh and bones scattered over several acres of ground.

After several hours work the searchers had succeeded in gathering about 150 pounds of mangled flesh and bone, which is all that remains of the dead men.

GENERAL STATE NEWS.

THE LATEST HAPPENINGS IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE STATE.

The commissioners of Allegheny county, Md., and Mineral county, W. Va., met at Keyser to consider the question of putting a bridge across the Potomac in the vicinity of Bull Neck. They will meet again in June to finally decide upon a site for the structure.

Capt. Graham Dukehart, Henry C. Larrabee, G. A. Eithel and George Cook, of Baltimore city, have instituted in Frederick city a council of Royal and Select Masons, a degree of the Masonic Order, to which a number of the Mascus of Frederick were admitted.

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A Queen Anne's farmer has inaugurated a novel method of ridding his premises of English sparrows. Says the Observer: "Whenever the English sparrows get too numerous on his farm he arms each man on his farm with a shingle or a piece of board and then they all proceed to the bird roost with a lantern on a dark night. The birds will fly towards the light, and as they do so the brigade of shingles and boards knock them down and kill them. He says his army killed fifty-six in one night recently."

Herring have become so plentiful in Kent that it is almost impossible to sell them at any price. M. W. R. Bennett caught 1,400 herring last week, all of which he gave away. Another gentleman sold one thousand for three dollars. Perch were reported so abundant along the bay shore last week that they could have been dipped up with a crab net, and in some cases herring are advertised for sale at $1.50 per thousand.

Two dogs attacked the flock of sheep of Mr. Wm. Hendrix, near Chester bridge, in Kent county, and killed eight fine ewes.

Samuel H. B. Brewer, a livery stable keeper, of Hagerstown, committed suicide by shooting himself with a 32-calibre pistol, the ball entering his right temple and passing entirely through his head.

It is estimated that about $50,000 of the securities of the Western Farm Mortgage and Trust Company, of Denver, Col., for which a receiver was recently appointed by the Denver Courts, are held by investors in Frederick and vicinity.

John A. Glaze, a brakeman on the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on jumping from a moving train in Cumberland fell and the wheels passed over one of his legs and cut it off.

Two young men who were returning from a drive narrowly escaped being killed at Brunswick. When they reached the railroad crossing in the town two freight trains were approaching, one going west, the other east. The horse became unmanageable and the young men leaped from the buggy. They both seized the animal by the bridal, but he tore away from them and dashed on the tracks between the two trains. The animal's head was severed from his body and the vehicle was smashed to pieces. The team belonged to a Brunswick liveryman.

The Orient Hotel, in Salisbury, was sold under a decree of the court for $1,850.

M. Deibler, the executioner of France, has expressed the official opinion that the murderers whom he executes now-days are a much more elevated class intellectually than those on whom he practiced at the beginning of his career.

A PEARL KING FROM TAHITI.

An American Who Formed a Lucky Partnership with a Cannibal Potentate.

A slender young man, with a Jewish cast of countenance, stepped up to the Palace Hotel register and signed himself "Samuel Harris, Tahiti." He is an American and was born and reared in this city, though his home is in the Permodous Islands, in the Society group. He is only 23 years of age.

Harris was educated in the grammar schools of San Francisco and on being graduated went to work at one thing and another without much success. Finally he saved a few hundred dollars and went to Tahiti. A variety of misfortunes left him penniless there. On one occasion his boat was capsized and on another he was thrown ashore and lost his goods in the surf. Trading was flatly a failure with him and he told his friends so. This was nearly four and a half years ago. Presently he sunk out of sight and the people who knew him in Tahiti saw him no more for two years. When they saw him again he was on the high road to prosperity.

When he went away from Tahiti he took passage to the Permodus Islands. Most of the natives there were cannibals—at least they had that reputation. He settled on the islands, which are celebrated as the chief pearl fisheries of the South Seas, and made friends with one of the principal chiefs. An American of experience, such as that of Harris, could not fail to become soon a power in the islands. In a year after he had gone to live there he had induced the head chief to take him into partnership in the pearl fishery profits. Then he began to make his trips regularly to Otaheite to dispose of his pearls, which he did at prices that satisfied the chief that he had a treasure for a partner.

Life on the savage reefs of the Permodus, alternating with the almost as savage life of the Tahitians, was pleasant enough for awhile, but a year ago Harris grew weary of the existence and sighed for a change. The chief would not consent to his departure, however, and Harris has been for twelve months trying to induce the old fellow to let him go. But the chief knew what a good thing was when he had it. Harris, however, determined to pay a visit to San Francisco despite the chief, and at last the ex-cannibal consented to let the partnership continue even if Harris should remain away six months.

In the meantime the chief's fame has been waning, and Harris is known all through the South Seas as the Pearl King, and most of the traders there think he is the chief of the islands, as the real chief has the astuteness to stay in the background and let Harris conduct his business for him. When Harris left the islands to take ship for San Francisco he was attended part of the way by quite an escort of boats.—San Francisco Report.

Capturing a Sea Cow.

A live manatee or sea cow was caught in Biscayne Bay a few days ago, reports the Eustis Lake, Fla., Region. It gave its captors a lively time and some hard work to get it across the bay. Sometimes it came along as quiet as a lamb after being exhausted by its efforts to escape. Then, when somewhat rested, it would break away, and, to prevent swamping their little boat, they would have to give it hope and let it run awhile.



Mr. Warren D. Wentz
of Geneva, N. Y.,

Is given the highest endorsement for honesty and integrity by all who know him. For years he has worked for Mr D P. Wilson, the harness maker and member of the Geneva Board of Health. Read the following statement of his terrible sufferings from

Dyspepsia

And his cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I was taken sick last October with gastric fever, and my recovery was considered almost hopeless. After 7 weeks the fever slowly left me, but I could not eat the simplest food without

Terrible Distress

It seemed that I had recovered from the fever to **die of starvation.** I took pepsin compounds, bismuth, charcoal, cod liver oil and malt until my physician confessed that he did not know what else to try. Everything I took seemed

Like Pouring Melted Lead

into my stomach. I happened to think I had part of a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla that had been in the house for two or three years, that I found had benefited me previously for dyspepsia. I began taking it and soon began to feel better. I have now taken a little over two bottles and can truthfully say **I feel well again** and can eat anything without distressing me, even to

Pie and Cheese

which I have been unable to touch for years. The English language does not contain words enough to permit me to express **the praise** I would like to give to Hood's Sarsaparilla." W. D. Wentz, 18½ Castle Street, Geneva, N. Y.

A Good Voucher

"I have known Mr. Warren D. Wentz for many years and can vouch for him as **a man of veracity** and one well known about here. I have sold him several bottles of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

during the past few months." M. H. Partridge, Druggist, Geneva, N. Y.

Hood's Pills Cure **Liver Ills**

B N U 16

"It is for the cure of dyspepsia and its attendants, sick-headache, constipation and piles, that **Tutt's Tiny Pills** have become so famous. They act gently, without griping or nausea."

DR. KILMER'S

SWAMP ROOT



Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,
Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,
Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache. SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,
Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



WOMEN'S RIGHTS.

The "rights of women," what are they?
The right to labor and to pray;
The right to watch while others sleep;
The right o'er others' woes to weep;
The right to succor in reverse;
The right to weep while others curse;
The right to love whom others scorn;
The right to comfort all that mourn;
The right to shed a joy on earth;
The right to feel the soul's high worth;
The right to lead the soul to God
Along the path the saints have trod—
The path of meekness and of love,
The path of patience under wrong,
The path in which the weak grow strong
—Housekeeper's Weekly.

COMBUSTIBLE BUTTONS.

A woman standing near an open fire in England the other day burst into flames. It appears that a decorative button which she wore was made of gun cotton combined with sulphur. They are said to be common, imitating ivory and tortoise shell. The heat from a fireplace at the distance folks usually stand outside a fender will easily suffice to set them off. To test them you rub them smartly on a bit of cloth, and if they then emit the scent of sulphur, avoid.—New York Sun.

THE NEW VEIL.

The latest phase of iniquitous development in veils is a kind of follow-my-leader attachment in the back quite as distractingly inviting as is the effect of the insidious meshes over bright eyes and delicately rouged cheeks in front. This new veil, which is distinctly Parisian in sentiment, is of fine mesh net, sprayed at wide intervals with a floral pattern, finished on the lower edge with a deep border, and fastened at the back with a flash of diamonds to hang in two bordered streamers quite down to the waist. The veil pin is growing in size as well as popularity.—St. Louis Republic.

MARIA MITCHELL.

Maria Mitchell, the celebrated astronomer, was the daughter of William Mitchell, a well-known astronomer of Nantucket, Mass. She was born on August 1, 1818, and when only eleven years old began to assist her father in his astronomical work. Night after night she spent in study of the stars. She soon surpassed her father in the energy and zeal with which she prosecuted her work, and especially her search for comets. In 1847 her efforts were rewarded, and she at once became famous. For her discovery of a comet the King of Denmark sent her a gold medal.

In 1865 she became Professor of Astronomy at Vassar College and retained the position for twenty-four years, at the end of which she died, leaving her department the best of its kind in the country.—Detroit Free Press.

NEW YORK NORMAL COLLEGE ALUMNÆ.

The associate alumnæ of the New York Normal College is the most active organization of its kind in the United States. Its principal aim is to promote the activity of its members, and the many enterprises into which it has entered provide a field for the exercise of beneficence, an element which has been a part of the atmosphere of the Normal College since its foundation. Every young woman who graduates from this institution and becomes a member of the associate alumnæ becomes in a measure a patron of the college within whose walls four pleasant years have been passed. She graduates to a higher plane than that of individual responsibility, and her loyalty to her alma mater may be expressed by her renewed allegiance to its interests and by the placing of her strong young shoulder to the wheel that shall turn for the many who come after her.—Chicago Post.

THE NEW DEAN OF THE WOMEN'S COLLEGE.

Miss Julia E. Bulkley, who is to be the Dean of the Women's College of the Chicago University, is a New England bred woman. She was born in Stamford, Conn., about forty years ago, was educated at Mount Holyoke Seminary and went to Plainfield, N. J., in 1872. She was made teacher of the senior class and taught the languages and the higher mathematics. This position she occupied for many years. Upon the death of John P. Gross in 1882 she was made principal. She has under her care over three thousand children and is a woman of remarkable executive ability. The schools have made rapid progress under her guidance and the scholars graduated from it are admitted to most of the leading colleges in the country without subsequent examination. In stature Miss Bulkley is of a medium height. She has keen black eyes and a very expressive face. She has been an extensive traveler, and has visited every portion of the United States and Canada. A year or so ago she spent eighteen months in traveling through Europe and Asia. She has been an extensive writer upon educational topics and is one of the leading educators in the country.

SUCH A ROMANTIC AFFAIR.

She was a convalescent from la grippe and as she leaned back in the depths of her easy chair she played with the roses in her lap which had been brought her by the first caller she had been able to receive, and smiled over some stories he was telling her of his last summer at—well, we'll only say at a certain fashionable watering place on Narragansett Bay. "One of the beauties whom I used to see at the Casino," said he, "was a young married belle about twenty-three or twenty-four, I should think, and her husband was about sixty, and it was great fun watching them. There was such a good story—bona fide truth it was, too—about their engagement. He called at her home one evening and offered his heart, hand, and fortune (which was large enough to glid almost any pill) in correct style. Pretty Miss Bud said she 'must ask mamma,' and coyly tripped upstairs to mamma, who told her that every girl did not get such a chance as that, and of course she was to accept him. Down she went, picturing the ardent lover awaiting her return with anxious, throbbing heart, and found the old gentleman comfortably asleep in the biggest arm-chair, while an occasional snore attested to the depth of his slumbers." "I hope she didn't wake the poor old thing up," said the convalescent when she had got her breath again after her laugh. "Oh, yes. she did. Catch her losing that chance! She woke him up and told him it was all right, and she'd have him. She'd never have been at the Casino in diamonds and laces if she hadn't."—Boston Saturday Gazette.

SPRING MILLINERY.

Spring millinery is a trifle eccentric, and, therefore, not quite as attractive to the majority of persons as when it showed more conservative styles. Very few people like marked departures in millinery, and it is only to the very few that they are becoming. Once in a while there is a radical novelty that looks well, but for the most part, millinery is as circumscribed as propriety, and when one goes outside of certain lines, there is sure to be trouble.

Small bonnets are admissible for ladies of all ages. They are snug and close-fitting, and have less trimming than usual; but this trimming should be very handsome, and must be arranged in a very artistic fashion. The frames of some of the new bonnets are in modified toque shape, and not so stylish or becoming as many of the models shown on former occasions. The bonnet of the present sits too squarely across the top of the head to be pretty. The becoming bonnet should extend down the sides, or be finished with an arch in front. The perfectly flat, round shape is trying, and while many of these will be worn, most women will accept them with a few grains of reluctance.

Some of the new shapes are covered with velvet, others are a mass of gauze in puffs, folds and plaitings; others are lace-covered, and some exceedingly pretty material in the way of lace braids and old-fashioned fancy Neapolitan and Tuscan are shown.

There are some flat bonnets that are perched high upon the head over the hair. In silhouette they bear a very striking resemblance to an old-fashioned flat saddle. They are very elaborately filled in under the front and back edges with plaitings, puffs, ruchings and tiny plumes. There are velvet strings which tie under the chin in a bow. Some of the velvet strings have the effect of stirrup straps, and are not, as a rule, becomingly arranged.

It must not, however, be imagined that ladies are under obligations to wear these eccentric bonnets.

There are pretty, close-fitting shapes which have scarcely been out of market for a score of years. One style, especially, has been seen so often that the remark has frequently been made that it must be old enough to vote, even if its wearer could not. It curves down over the sides of the head, is slightly rounded up in the back, and has a brim turning out a very little at the top and sides. The trimming is of loops of velvet, small plumes, rolls or bows of ribbon, and as the season advances, will be of flowers and foliage.

There are some very pretty hats with moderately high crowns, rather narrow brims rolled up at one side. A spray of flowers or plumes is set under the upturned edge of the brim, and the hat is trimmed with loops of ribbon, flowers or knots of velvet or lace, and sometimes all of these materials massed together. Round hats will be popular. The brims may be bent in, curled over, and tucked up in all sorts of fanciful fashions, or they may be left straight and flapping. Young ladies will wear hats in preference to bonnets for all ordinary occasions, and in many cases for dressy wear.

Children's hats are wide-brimmed, round and very simply trimmed with flowers and ribbons.—New York Ledger.

FASHION NOTES.

The skirt with only one seam is the newest fad.

For mourning the most elegant material is silk crepon.

Crepon and crepe etamine are two of the fashionable fabrics.

A lace season is predicted, and the admixture of lace with woolen fabrics is much employed.

Fawn gray, tan, celery green, coral red and bright shades of heliotrope are favorites in colors.

The newest straw for hats resembles the cane seats of chairs. Paille a la chaise it, in fact, is called.

The new moss trimmings are not serviceable. The threads pull out, and the trimming catches the dust.

Startling effects are seen in the new silks. A field of azure silk, strewn with stars, suggests a heavenly costume.

Feathers incrusted with gold and silver are worn in the hair. The enamel is very thin, and shows the natural tints beneath.

There is a fancy in millinery for old, faded tints, lightened by bright, effective tints, such as geranium pink, cherry, pistache green.

Black bonnets, trimmed with a little palm green ribbon, are in good taste. Cream and fern green are regarded as a harmonious contrast of tints.

Black silk dresses for evening wear are coming in. Ribbed satin stripes, bold artistic designs, moire effects in black, indicate this as they appear in the new silks.

A novelty in Paris is the Crispin belt. It is a ribbon of heavy ribbed silk, often ten inches wide, passed through a tall buckle of chased silver. These buckles are often eleven inches in height, and are slightly curved so that they can be adapted to the form.

Black silks of lighter weight, with narrow stripes of pink, mauve, green, blue, yellow, are worn for demi-toilet. They are made with a corselet and guimpe of some soft silk the color of the stripe, or with a coat effect and wide revers faced with velvet of the tint of the stripe. All laces used with such toilets should be black.

Origin of the Rattlesnake Flag.

One of the most common devices used on the American flags during the early part of the Revolutionary struggle was an embroidered rattlesnake above or below the legend: "Don't Tread on Me!"

The origin of this design has been traced to a remark made by Ben Franklin. At the time the flag was adopted, or immediately before, England was shipping her criminals to America and turning them loose on the defenceless colonists. After several murders had been committed by these unwelcome immigrant, Ben Franklin (some say in a joking spirit) suggested that the colonists retaliate by sending a cargo of rattlesnakes to the mother country and turning them out in the garden of the nobles. After the snake had actually been adopted as an emblem, and had appeared on the flags of several of the colonies, Franklin defended the device on the grounds that the rattlesnake is found only in America; that all serpents' emblems were considered by the ancients to be symbols of wisdom; that his bright, lidless eyes signify vigilance; that he never attacks without first giving fair warning of his presence; that his rattles, while distinct, are so firmly joined that they cannot be separated without being ruined forever, and that as he grows older the rattles increase in number, as it was to be hoped the colonies would. Indeed, this idea was made use of in a flag device, which represented a rattlesnake with nine joints, each joint lettered with red silk. The head was marked "N. E." (New England); the remaining sections "N. Y.," "N. J.," "Pa.," "Md.," "Va.," "N. C.," "S. C." and "Ga." This curious standard was discarded for the one made by Mrs. Ross, in Philadelphia, in 1777, a flag similar to the United States flag of to-day, only with fewer stars.—St. Louis Republic.

The annual census of carrier pigeons prescribed by the French military law of 1887 has just been taken in Paris, where there are nearly 14,000 of those birds, belongin to 697 owners. Of that total more than half—that is to say, 7012 birds—are already trained. Last year the total number of carrier pigeons in Paris was 12,227.

At this year's battle of flowers at Nice, Italy, it is estimated that 7000 bouquets were thrown.

Oregon as a Fruit State.

Fruit-growers in the West are enthusiastic over the possibilities of Oregon as a fruit-growing region, and especially for prune culture. One fruit expert says that Italian prunes grown in the Williamette Valley are superior to those grown in Italy. The climate, he says, is like the great fruit region of Asia Minor. One grower has planted about fifteen thousand prune trees on 150 acres in the Williamette, and it is said that prunes and other fruits are being planted in thousands of other farms. That part of the State promises to be a vast fruit orchard in the near future.

Russian Eaters.

The Russian eats on an average, once every two hours. The climate and custom require such frequent meals, the digestion of which is aided by frequent draughts of vodki and tea. Vodki is the Russian whisky, made from potatoes and rye. It is fiery and colorless, and is generally flavored with some extract like vanilla or orange. It is drunk from small cups that hold perhaps half a gill. Vodki and tea are the inseparable accompaniments of friendly, as well as of business, intercourse in the country of the Czar.

Did it ever occur to you that a swan's up-side is never down?

Sanitary Walls and Ceilings.

Q. Does the Bible have anything to say regarding sanitary walls?

A. Read Leviticus, 14th Chapter, 33-41 verses.

Q. What do modern sanitarians say.

A. That wall paper and glue kalsomines are directly responsible for much of the sickness, ignorantly attributed to other causes. The Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, in an article on papering walls, under the caption of "Nasty Practice," has this to say. "Our Health Officer, Dr. DeWolfe, says the free passage of air through walls of living rooms is an important element in proper ventilation. The practice of repapering rooms by layer upon layer of wall paper, made adhesive by glue or paste, which adds a decomposing material to the nasty practice, can receive nothing but condemnation from the sanitarian. The perfect wall for domestic habitation is of material which resists decomposition in every form, and which permits the free passage of air. It seems to me that Alabastine is admirably adapted for the purpose."

The Doctor agrees with the *Inter-Ocean*, that a special law should be passed to prevent the practice of pasting repeated layers of paper on the walls.

Write the Alabastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich., for supplement from the report of the Michigan State Board of Health, entitled "Sanitary Walls and Ceilings."

Remember the name, Alabastine, made from alabaster rock.

"Excuse the liberty I take," as the convict remarked when he escaped from the state prison.

People Know a Good Thing.

THAT'S WHY REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS ARE IN DEMAND.

Some idea of the present wonderful growth of the typewriter business may be gained from the fact that the sales of Remington typewriters for January and February, 1892, exceeded those of the corresponding months of 1891 by $160,000. The great and constantly gaining popularity of the Remington is clearly shown by the fact that the business has more than doubled within three years. The Remington factory at Ilion, N. Y., employs 700 men to fill the demand created by the sales agents, Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, who dispose of machines at the astonishing rate of one every five minutes.

Engagement cups and saucers are a new fad, but engagement jars are old stand-bys.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A man may be considered lacking in hospitality when he will not even entertain an idea.

Malaria cured and eradicated from the system by Brown's Iron Bitters, which enriches the blood, tones the nerves, aids digestion. Acts like a charm on persons in general ill health, giving new energy and strength.

Of two women choose the one that will have you.

The pleasant coating of Beecham's Pills completely disguises the taste without impairing their efficiency. 25 cents a box.

The man who has no business of his own to attend to always goes to bed tired.

The worst cases of female weakness readily yield to Dr. Swan's Pastiles. Samples free. Dr. Swan, Beaver Dam, Wis.

The only way to get a hen out of the garden is to go slow but shoo'er.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle

"It's all up" with the landlubber when he takes his first sea voyage.

A REMARKABLE SUCCESS.

What Ability and Research Accomplishes.

There is the widest difference in the world between the study of a profession and its practice. Experience, practical knowledge from real cases, is the most essential material in building up any profession. Physicians frequently disguise



H. C. McCormick, M. D., Ph. G.

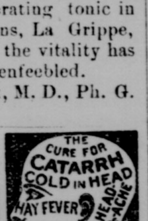
from patients their true condition, because of their inability to provide a successful remedy. With twenty-one years' experience as a practitioner, I can conscientiously say that I have never used a preparation with such uniform good results as that attained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is a veritable discovery and as such is an inestimable acquisition to medical science. I have prescribed this remedy in many of the worst kidney and bladder disorders, both in acute and chronic cases where the patients presented the most complicated and alarming symptoms, and have noted with great interest its effect. The results have been most satisfactory. Its action on the affected kidneys and bladder and consequent disordered liver and digestion has been gentle yet immediate, the relief speedy and the cures permanent. I have found it a most invigorating tonic in broken-down constitutions, La Grippe, and in other cases where the vitality has been greatly wasted and enfeebled.

H. C. McCormick, M. D., Ph. G.
Penn Argyle, Pa.

Ely's Cream Balm WILL CURE CATARRH

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.



THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER HEADACHE DEAFNESS ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

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To Young Mothers



Makes Child Birth Easy. Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain,

Endorsed by the Leading Physicians.

Book to "Mothers" mailed FREE.

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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The Skill and Knowledge

Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

There are 208 students from North America at the Berlin (Germany) University.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

It often requires crooked work to get out of straitened circumstances.

Brown's Iron Bitters cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Biliousness and General Debility. Gives Strength, aids Digestion, tones the nerves—creates appetite. The best tonic for Nursing Mothers, weak women and children.

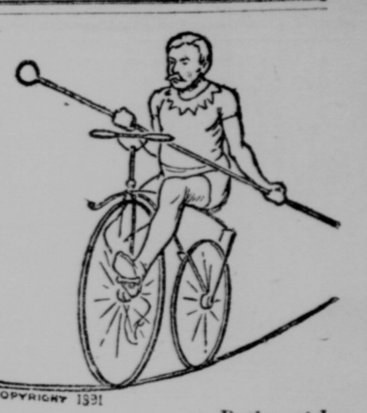
"There goes a man to be trusted," said Jagson, as Dudeson entered the tailor shop.

Is it sensible? Is it reasonable? Is it economy to suffer yourself and worry others with a headache when Bradycrotine will relieve you in fifteen minutes? It costs only fifty cents a bottle, at drug stores.

The dexterous wrestler gets down to business when he drops on his friends.

For strengthening and clearing the voice, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches."—I have commended them to friends who were public speakers, and they have proved extremely serviceable."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.*

The leap-year girl might try him delicately with a little pop-corn.



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Rather risky
—the offer that's made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Risky for *them.* For *you*, if you have Catarrh, it's a certainty. You're certain to be cured of it, or to be paid $500. That's what they offer, and in good faith—they cure you, or pay you, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing.

But—*is* it so much of a risk? They have a medicine that cures Catarrh, not for a time, but for all time. They've watched it for years, curing the most hopeless cases. They know that in your case there's every chance of success, almost no chance of failure.

Wouldn't any one take such a risk with such a medicine?

The only question is—are you willing to make the test, if the makers are willing to take the risk?

If so, the rest is easy. You pay your druggist fifty cents and the trial begins.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

My little girl suffered for three years from a large Abscess on her hip, the result of a fall and dislocation. The Abscess was large, with six openings, all of which discharged puss. I was induced by friends to give her S. S. S., and by the time the fifth bottle was finished the Abscess was entirely healed, and the child was well and happy.—Mrs. J. A. Wiegner, *Slatington, Pa.*

I had three little girls who were attacked with obstinate ECZEMA or Blood Trouble, which at first resembled heat, but soon grew to yellow blisters, some of them quite large. One of the children died from the effects of it, but we got Swift's Specific and gave to the other two, and they soon got well. S. S. S. forced out the poison promptly. The cure was wonderful.—J. D. Rains, *Marthaville, La.*

S. S. S. has no equal for Children. It relieves the system promptly, and assists nature in developing the child's health. Our Treatise mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

"August Flower"

"I have been afflicted with biliousness and constipation for fifteen years and first one and then another preparation was suggested to me and tried, but to no purpose. A friend recommended August Flower and words cannot describe the admiration in which I hold it. It has given me a new lease of life, which before was a burden. Its good qualities and wonderful merits should be made known to everyone suffering with dyspepsia and biliousness." Jesse Barker, Printer, Humboldt, Kas.

Consumption carries off many of its victims needlessly. It can be stopped sometimes; sometimes it cannot.

It is as cruel to raise false hopes as it is weak to yield to false fears.

There is a way to help within the reach of most who are threatened—careful living and Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil.

Let us send you a book on the subject; free.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1. 32

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DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.



Sir Henry Thompson, the most noted physician of England, says that more than half of all diseases come from errors in diet. Send for Free Sample of Garfield Tea to 319 West 45th Street, New York City.

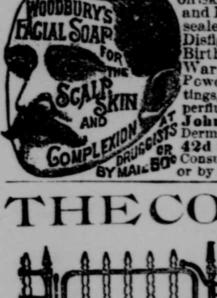
GARFIELD TEA Overcomes results of bad eating; cures Sick Headache; restores Complexion; cures Constipation.

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Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. CATARRH Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

$50.00 A WEEK

A bright, energetic man or woman wanted to take the sole agency for an article that is needed in every home and indispensable in every office. SELLS AT SIGHT, in town or country. $700 in 90 days and a steady income afterward. A "Bonanza" for the right person. Good jobs are scarce and soon taken. Write at once. J. W. Jones, Manager, Springfield, Ohio.



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THE COST IS THE SAME.



WOOD PICKETS. AFTER 20 YEARS. AFTER 2 YEARS.

The Hartman Steel Picket Fence

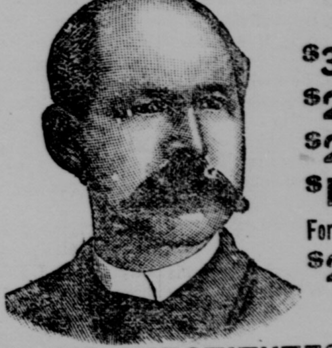
Costs no more than an ordinary clumsy wood picket affair that obstructs the view and will rot or fall apart in a short time. The Hartman Fence is artistic in design, protects the grounds without concealing them and is practically everlasting. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE WITH PRICES AND TESTIMONIALS MAILED FREE. HARTMAN MFG. CO., Beaver Falls, Pa.

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W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE

For gentlemen is a fine Calf Shoe, made seamless, of the best leather produced in this country. There are no tacks or wax threads to hurt the feet, and is made as smooth inside as a hand-sewed shoe. It is as stylish, easy fitting and durable as custom-made shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00, and acknowledged to be the

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For GENTLEMEN.		For LADIES.	
$5.00	Genuine Hand-Sewed.	$3.00	Hand-Sewed.
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$2.50	Extra Value Calf Shoe.	$1.75	For Misses.
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TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.

IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your foot-wear if you purchase W. L. Douglas' Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

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If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage free. AGENTS WANTED. Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers where I have no agent and advertise them free in local paper.

Money in Chickens.

MONEY IN CHICKENS —IF YOU— KNOW HOW



To keep them, but it is wrong to let the poor things Suffer and Die of the various Maladies which afflict them when in a majority of cases a Cure could have been effected had the owner possessed a little knowledge, such as can be procured from the

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