The Easton Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY
WILSON M. TYLOR & BRO.,
Editors and Proprietors,
EASTON, MD.

☞ ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION AT THE OFFICE.

SATURDAY, - - - - AUGUST 6, 1892.

FOR PRESIDENT
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
WHITELAW REID,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

The Republican voters of Talbot County, Maryland, are requested to meet in Mass Meetings at the usual places of holding primaries at 3 o'clock p. m., on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 13th, 1892,

to elect delegates to a county convention, to be held in Easton, Md.,

TUESDAY, AUGUST 16th, 1892,

at 12 o'clock, m.

The county convention will consist of 35 members, apportioned as follows:

DISTRICT NO. 1.
1st and 2nd precincts, jointly. Easton. } 5 delegates.
3d precinct, Unionville—2 delegates.

DISTRICT NO. 2.
1st precinct, St. Michaels—4 delegates.
2nd precinct, Royal Oak—2 delegates.
3rd precinct, Bozman.—1 delegate.

DISTRICT NO. 3.
1st precinct, Trappe,—5 delegates.
2nd precinct, Oxford,—2 delegates.

DISTRICT NO. 4.
1st precinct, Cordova—7 delegates.

DISTRICT NO. 5.
1st precinct, Wittman,—5 delegates.
2nd precinct, Tilghman,—2 delegates.

The business of the County Convention will be, to elect four delegates and four alternates to represent Talbot County in the Republican First Congressional District Convention to be held at Ocean City, Md., on Thursday, August 18th next, at noon, to nominate a candidate for Congress.

M. M. HIGGINS, R. E. WELSH, GEO. H. TRAX, H. CLAY DODSON. } State Central Committee for Talbot County.



GRANDFATHER AND GRANDSON.

"I PITY the man who wants a coat so cheap that the man or woman who produces the cloth or shapes it into a garment shall starve in the process."—*Benjamin Harrison.*

THE rapid recovering of Superindent Frick, of Carnegie Steel Works, is as phenomenal as his wounds were miraculously non-fatal.

WE extend our fraternal symyathy to the Cambridge editors whose newspaper offices were destroyed by fire last week. May they come out of the ashes brighter and better than ever.

CERTA[illegible]Y there is nothing in the Homest[illegible] affair to encourage workingmen to regard strikes as efficient means for gaining their ends.—*Balto. American*

EDITOR ROGERS of the *Preston Times* is compelled to let the paper sink for lack of support. We hope brother Rogers will find some other channel for his wit and common sense to float in that will be more remuner-[illegible]

[illegible] body of parents do not [illegible] over a plan of education [illegible] dren. They send them [illegible] ols, and leave the rest to the educational authorities reserving a free right of criticism if anything is neglected or improperly done.

JERRY SIMPSON expressed gratification at the attempted assassination of H. C. Frick, and was disappointed because the wounds were not fatal. Jerry's friends and supporters who do not like to hear him called an anarchist should place his mouth under strict restraint.

THIRTY years ago, a woman in a business office would have been looked upon not only with suspicion but with positive disapproval. The fact that she was there would have been an argument for the worst, put whatever construction upon it one might. Now the office in which women are not employed is almost a novelty.

THE President has issued his proclamation designating Friday, October 21st, as a general holliday, in commemoration of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus. He recommends that divine services be held by the various churches, and that public demonstrations and other exercises be held by the schools.

THE one hundred and fifty thousand dollar horse of Senator Stanford of California, Palo Alto, died recently. This animal with others was paraded before the editors on their recent trip to California and to the celebrated stock farm and did not look much like departing this life then. It goes to show that Death is no respecter of valuable horse-flesh—valuable orly in the sense of filling the pockets of avaricious man.

THE Supreme Court of Michigan on July 28th handed down opinions declaring unconstitutional the two acts of the last Democratic Legislature reapportioning the Representative and Senate districts in the State. The Legislature of Michigan became Democratic by an accident, and passed a law changing the method of choosing President electors so as to have such electors chosen by districts instead of by the State at Large. That act stands. But the gerrymander accomplished in the re-districting above referred to was declared unconstitutional. With Wisconsin, this makes two States in which the Supreme Court has declared these Democratic steals to be unconstitutional, null and void.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

For Sale By J. S. GRIFFITH, and Leading Grocers of Easton.

THE *Talbot* behind *Times* again quotes in its editorial column some paper it is pleased to call "*Ex.*" (because, doubtless, its real name would carry no weight of argument,) as follows: "If the McKinley bill is not a tax but is a just measure to increase the workingman's wages, will any of the Republican orators or editors show to us where the wages of labor has been increased?"

We take pleasure in quoting Mr. McKinley himself in his recent speech before the fifteen thousand people in Nebraska, and will be willing to stake his brains and reputation for truthfulness against that of the fellow which the behind *Times* calls "*Ex.*"

Mr. McKinley says: "Now, turning to wages, it appears from the report of the statistician that the fifteen general occupations selected by the committee, wages were three-quarters of one per cent. higher in Sept. 1891, than the three months selected as as a basis in 1889, and that the wages in special industries selected was thirty-one per cent. higher than at the beginning of the period in June, 1889, and that wages in the same occupations in the United States average 77 per cent. greater than in Great Britan, which is under a Democratic free trade revenue tariff."

If wages had not been materially increased by the addition of so many cents per day or hour, they have been increased by making prices such that the laborer can buy more for his labor than he could before the "infamous" bill went into effect. McKinley also says, which we quote for the benefit of the behind *Times* and ask the editor to furnish abler proof to the contrary, not accepting his brainy Mr. "*Ex.*" as abler:

The truth is, that the protective tariff has cheapened every manufactured product, not by cheapening labor, but by its high rewards, securing from labor its highest efficiency. Manufactured goods are cheaper to-day than they were under the revenue tariff policy inaugurated forty-six years ago, and which continued down to 1861. They are, for the most part cheaper than they were before the passage of the tariff law of 1890. A day's labor will buy more to-day than it ever bought before. The products of the farm will buy more of the every day necessities of life, more cloth and cotton, more iron and steel, more glass and pottery, more sugar and salt than the same quantity would ever buy before. Substantially everything which protection directly effects has been reduced in price, except labor. It alone has been able amid the most general reductions of prices, to maintain its own."

THE Homestead strike is in many respects typical. A large majority of men, through sympathy or pride or some sentiment that it would ge hard to define, threw up their employment because of the grievances of a few. According to the testimony of both sides before the Congressional Committee, only one-tenth of the employes at Homestead were effected by the dispute, and the majority of those who were effected received wages greater than the average income of the nine-tenths—it will be perfectly safe to say ninety-nine hundredths—of the business, professional or scientific men in the land. They received wages that if saved would have made independent, if not actually wealthy, in a few years. They had a right of course to resist a reduction of their wages, however small that reduction might be, but it does not seem that they acted wisely in compelling those to strike who were not embraced in the reduction made by the owners of the mill and especially those who were in no way connected with the association and who constituted the majority of persons employed by the firm.—*Balto. American.*

"PROTECTION is a positive benefit to the farmers of the country. There is no class of our fellow-citizens more certainly advantaged by the protective tariff than the farmers of the United States. It makes a home demand for his products, and home consumers are always better than foreign consumers, because they are nearer the field of production. They enable the farmer to dispose of perishable products at a profit, which it would be impracticable to ship abroad. It therefore increases to that extent the demand for the products of agriculture, and widens the uses of the farm. Millions of dollars annually of the products of the farm are sold in our industrial towns, which would not be raised at all but for the demand which they make. What the farmers want are consumers, and the more consumers and fewer competitors he has the larger will be his profits, and he wants these consumers steady and regular and at all times reliable. He has such in the 65,000,000 consumers in this country, who are the best and most profitable consumers to be found anywhere on the globe. He is sure of them, while his foreign market is fitful, far removed, less certain, and dependent upon agricultural conditions in the foreign countries, whether there is a short crop or a long crop. There he has competition here he has practically the field, with little or no competition except with his own fellow citizens.—*McKinley.*



Mrs. William Lohr

Of Freeport, Ill., began to fail rapidly, lost all appetite and got into a serious condition from **Dyspepsia** She could not eat vegetables or meat, and even toast distressed her. Had to give up housework. In a week after taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

She felt a little better. Could keep more food on her stomach and grew stronger. She took 3 bottles, has a good appetite, **gained 22 lbs.**, does her work easily, is now in perfect health.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills. They assist digestion and cure headache.

You send the dollar—we'll do the rest.

REPUBLICANS of Talbot do not neglect the primaries to-day.

EDITOR TODD has employed editor Rogers to take charge of the business department of the *Democrat*. Glad to note the prosperity of our young competitor.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., July 11, '92.

The democrats and assistant democrats (third party members) of the House are in a wrangle, owing to one of the latter—Watson, of Georgia, having charged in a campaign book he has written that the democratic members have reeled around the floor of the House, drunk, and made mandlin speeches on public business when they had to stop in the middle of a sentence and ask: "Mr. Speaker, where am I at?" The charge made the democrats very mad, and they at once passed a resolution for an immediate investigation of the charge by a special committee, and it didn't ease their lacerated feelings at all when Mr. Watson produced the following members of the House before the committee, and they unanimously sustained the charge: Otis, White, Halverson, Davis, Butler, Shell, Clover, Baker and Kerr. In addition to these Miss Bessie Dwyer testified to seeing one member drunk while making a speech on the floor. The committee has not reported, but democrats already regret that the investigation was started.

The democrats are still fillibustering against the World's Fair appropriation in the House, and, as last year's Sundry civil appropriation had only been extended to Saturday, the Government Printing Office shut down Saturday night at 12 o'clock, and no work can be done there until the new bill becomes a law or a joint resolution extending the old one is passed and signed by the President. the Senate passed a resolution Saturday extending the old appropriation to August 4th, but when it was attempted to get it through the House there was objection. Republican Senators are as firm as rocks on insisting that no adjournment shall take place until the Sundry civil bill, with the World's Fair appropriation amendment, shall pass the House, and it is expected that the fillibusters will be knocked out within the first half of this week.

Representative Oates of Alabama, and his democratic associates on the House sub-committee, which so precipitately rushed off to Homestead, acting under a House resolution adopted months before, expecting to obtain evidence that would crush the protective tariff, are now playing cowards. All of the evidence taken by the committee, having any bearing whatever on the tariff, having been decidedly favorable to protection the committee has decided not to make any report until the next session of Congress, on the professed ground of wishing to continue the investigatinon during the recess. It was known from the first that the committee proposed continuing its investigation during the recess; but its chairman, Mr. Oates, announced with a great flourish of trumpets, when he expected to make a big haul of democratic campaign material, that a preliminary report would be presented at once to the House, and the only reason the programme has been changed is that no honest report can be made without directly or indirectly endorsing protective tariff and condemning free trade.

Senator Proctor, says he regards strikes as an evidence of prosperity, because they would not occur if there was not a great demand for labor. The same Senator says that wages of all kinds would be reduced at least one half in this country if the democratic national platform's declaration for free trade is ever carried out.

Representative Funston, of Kansas made a telling hit in preparing the minority report of the House committee on agriculture, on the effect of the present tariff law upon agriculture, when he said that, "the fact that the democrats in the House, having a majority over the republicans of 153, are to adjourn without having made any effort to repeal the McKinley tariff law should settle the question as to whether or not in the opinion of the majority of the House, the law is wrong and oppressive. That the agriculturist is having a hard time no one will dispute, but we cannot, however, look back to any better times, nor to so good, excepting of course, war times." The report also directs attention to the decrease in the cost of living since the McKinley law went into effect, and asserts that there is not one single article on the list of American goods that is not cheaper to-day under a protective tariff than it was under the free trade of 1860.

Mr. Speaker Reed says the battle cry of the democrats this year is: "The Prophet and the ballot box—both stuffed." This epigramatic summary of the opposition has already caught the town, and it will probably catch the country during the rest of the campaign.

The President is suffering like every one else in Washington, from the heat of the past week, which exceeded that of any other week since an official record of the weather has been kept. As soon as Congress adjourns the President will join Mrs. Harrison on Loon Lake, remaining there until about the 1st of September, when he will take up his residence at his Cape May Point cottage, where his executive work will go on just the same as if he was at the White House.

☞ FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

Important Typewriter Decision.

Judge Lacombe, sitting in the U. S. Circuit Court, has, on the motion of the Remington Typewriter Company, granted an injunction against the agents of the Franklin, restraining the sale of that machine on account of infringement of Remington patents. The decision is an important one, as it proves the control of the fundamental patents, and may affect other makers of typewriters. The Remington people have heretofore been quite passive, but it is stated on good authority that they are now likely to proceed against all other typewriter manufacturing companies. In some cases purchasers of machines which infringe Remington patents may also be proceeded against for infringement.—*N. Y. Tribune.* tf

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

A Record Without a Flaw.

A remarkable feature of the campaign in which the country is now engaged is the general admission of the worthiness of the Republican candidate for president. Though he has already been president for nearly four years, and during the entire time has been the target for partisan malignity, no adverse criticism worthy of the name has been forthcoming. As a citizen and an official his record is without a flaw. Even in the instances where investigations have been set on foot by the opposite party with the purpose of smirching the administration, not the faintest trace of discredit has been brought home to the President, and the majority of the Democrats in the House have listened to the long-winded reports of the drag-net committees with impatience and weariness bordering on disgust, and have declined to submit to a repetition of the infliction, conscious that there is no political capital to be made by abuse of such an executive.

President Harrison's official record for patriotism, statesmanship and singleness of purpose has not been surpassed during the 116 years of the nation's existance. Whether we examine the foreign or domestic policy of the administration, the record is the same. No president has had to determine more embarrassing foreign controversies, many of them inherited from an incompetent predecessor and all have been settled with firmness and fairness. The rights of the nation and its citizens have been maintained with dignity and courage, while ample justice has been accorded to those who have been aggrieved by any wrong for which the government could be honestly held responsible. It is perfectly safe to say that the United States has never occupied such an exalted position in the estimation of foreign countries

In his appointments the president has displayed an extraordinary knowledge of men and a conscientious sense of prerogative conferred on him by the Constitution. He is the first executive within the memory of men now living who has had the courage to appoint a political opponent to a seat on the bench, and the reason for doing so, doubtless, appeared as natural and appropriate to him as any of the routine functions he daily performs. Genuine Civil Service reform has been quietly advanced by him, as a matter of course. He has seen no occasion to write voluminous letters on the subject abounding in high-sounding phrases to be repudiated when political exigencies required. He found the Civil Service laws on the statute books, and he enforced it, as he did all other laws.

That is the kind of a man the President is, and what is more to the point, the people know it. They have punctured all the smart devices of his opponents to belittle him with caricature and ridicule, and it is not too much to say that no man in public life during this generation has honestly won more credit, esteem and respect than President Harrison. To imagine that the country will deliberately repudiate him for a man that has been tried and found wanting, is to belittle popular judgnent and stultify the "plain people" who do the voting.—*Balto. American.*

Gerrymandering Is Unconstitutional

The latest conspicuous step of the courts in the direction of equity and common sense, as against the technicalties of written law, is a long step and one of the most important taken in the history of the interpretation of the law by the American bench. It is the anti-gerrymander decision of the Michigan Supreme Court, of which fuller particulars have come to hand. The Democratic Legislature's appointment of Assembly and Senatorial districts is declared unconstitutional, not on any technical point, but on the general presumption that it is the purpose of the constitution of a free commonwealth to make representation equal, and that the ratio of representation which it provides for shall govern the apportionment as far as practiable.

The question of what is practicable is not to be settled by the standard of "might makes right," applied by unscrupulous party power, but by the unavoidable limitations which county territory and populations put upon the realizations of the ideal of justice. The intent of the Michigan constitution in qualifying the ideal standard by the word "practicable," or such an equivalent as the words "as nearly as may be" in the New York Constitution, was to give the legislature no excuse for complaining that it had not the constitutional power to be fair. Such language is intended to enable legislatures to approach perfect honesty in apportionment, not to enable them to get away from it.

That laid down by the Supreme Court of Michigan ought to be just as readily recognized as the law of New York. A constitution is by its very nature based on the principle of the equal rights of citizens of the commonwealth constituted and the right of equal representation is necessarily intended and implied because that is the "right preservative of all rights." To strike at it is to strike at the very root of free government. It is no less than treason. If it cannot be punished as the crime that it is, it can certainly be outlawed and nullified by the highest court of the State. If the criminals cannot be put in prison they can at least be prevented from keeping themselves on the throne of power.—*N. Y. Press.*

The Great Tin Mines of Dakota.

During the last four years a small company of gentlemen have privately contributed means to secure and occupy all the available claims for tin mining in the vicinity of Harney Peak, Dakota. They have studiously avoided in the matter until their purchases, which have been very extensive, were complete. They have been greatly aided by the outcry and claptrap of the newspapers to the effect that there were no tin mines in this country worth having. Meanwhile they were going ahead with their explorations and searches, and their efforts have been crowned with success. Many rich claims have been secured. A large company has been financed. Some idea of the magnitude of this property and the abundance of the metal may be gathered from the following report of an interview with one of the officers of the company given recently in the New York *Press.*

Lord Thurlow, of London, who was paymaster-general in Gladstone's last cabinet, sailed June 13 on the City of New York. He has recently returned from a visit to the tin mine properties in South Dakota where the Harney Peak Consolidated Tin Mining and Milling Company, with a capital of $15,000,000, of which he is an officer, owns 1,100 claims.

"This country" said Lord Thurlow, "will not need to import any tin two years hence, for our mines will produce enough tin to last for centuries. The production will save $75,000,000 a year, which this country is paying for tin plate. This enormous sum will go into the hands of the people of this country.

"The company of which I am the chairman, and in which New York and American capitalists are equally interested, has already built two of the largest and most thoroughly equipped mills in the world. Each has the capacity to produce 500 tons of tin a day, and this will be increased to 3,000 tons daily should necessity demand it.

"Two or three mills of similar proportion have been planned. We expect to begin to work the two mills already constructed by October 1, and to put tin on the market in commercial quantities. I have inspected tinmining properties in various countries, but I never yet saw such resources as I found in Dakota."—*Scientific American.*

TURNIP AND RUTA BAGA.

We have just received New Crop BUIST'S TURNIP & RUTA BAGA SEED, from selected and transplanted roots. This improved method of selection and culture has made Buist's celebrated in every market for their purity and fine quality. For sale by

J. C. HENRY & BRO.

Peninsula Crumbs Collected.

Mr. Samuel Carter of Greensborough has sufficiently recovered from his recent attack of paralysis to go around again.

Fifty cords of wood belonging to T. J. Williams, near Houston Branch, was destroyed by fire last week. Some boys set fire to a hornet's nest, thus causing the loss.—Denton Union.

Clayton's town commissioners will on August 10th shoot all dogs on which taxes have not been paid.

The Morning *News* says in speaking of the Cambridge fire and the aid Wilmington gave, The train left Wilmington at 1:36 P. M. The first forty eight miles were made in fifty-two minutes and the remaining thirty-six miles in thirty-four minutes, a run of eighty-four miles in eighty-six minutes. When the train arrived at Seaford a telegram was received stating that the fire was under control and that Wilmington firemen were not needed. After a wait of forty-five minutes in Seaford the firemen and their apparatus were brought back to Wilmington.

Denton has two hotels for rent.

A resident of Kent Island, who had been a Methodist for many years, but who recently became infatuated with the doctrine of the Adventists, attempted to rebaptize himself in a well and was extricated with much difficulty by the members of the family.—*Call.*

The American Strawboard Company has commenced rebuilding its plant at Chestertown on an enlarged and improved scale.

Mr. W. H. Jackson of Wicomico thinks his Rockawalking farm good for 4,000 baskets of peaches.

An explosion of the boiler of a threshing engine on the farm of Cooper Davis, about 8 miles from Milford, on July 25th, resulted in the destruction of nearly the whole of Mr. Davis' wheat crop, besides burning the thresher. No one seriously hurt.

George W. Cruikshank, formerly editor of the *Cecil Democrat*, will soon start a new paper in Elkton, to be called the *Cecil Sentinel*. The *Sentinel* will be independent in local politics, but Democratic in national politics.

The authorities of Dover have sunk an artesian well to the depth of 125 feet to increase the supply of water to that town.

Clayton postoffice has been a money-order office since last Wednesday.

A stack yard on the Sussex county almshouse property near Georgetown was struck by lightning on Saturday. One cow was killed and six stacks of straw were destroyed.

A Sunset,

on Great Salt Lake is but one of the matchless spectacles to be seen in Utah. The new book "Utah, a peep into a mountain walled treasury of the Gods," is now issued an can be had postpaid by sending 25 cents to J. H. Bennett, Salt Lake City.

It is expected that the Knights Templar and others visiting Colorado the coming season will extend their trip to Utah via the Rio Grande Western Railway in both directions. That road affords choice of three distinct routes and the most magnificent scenery in the world. Equipment unequalled in the west. Two trains daily across the continent. 31dec

Meanings of the Word "Stove."

The word stove, as applied to a heater for a room, seems to be of about the same age as the article to which the name is now applied, as while the word as a name had an existence in early English, it was used in a different sense.

Both Lord Bacon and Woodward used it as referring to a house or room artificially warmed, and particularly a hothouse for plants. Bacon also used the word as a verb in the way of keeping warm in a house or room, as "to stove orange trees and myrtles," to quote from his writings. Pepys used the verb in a nautical sense, as heating for the purpose of making pliable, as "stove bolt ropes."

But all these definitions are obsolete now, such disuse dating from the time when Dr. Franklin made his discoveries and applications. The French word etuve it may be added, describes a hothouse or bathing room, and hence is parallel in meaning with the early English word.—Philadelphia Press.

Facts About Black Ink.

No chemical black ink has yet been made which will write black immediately on exposure. The common black ink is made of nutgalls, and is by all odds the best ink ever made. Manuscripts written in this black ink 500 and 600 years ago are just as legible today as when first written. The chemical inks of the present are of too recent invention to determine whether they will last, but it is quite probable that most of them will be as legible at the end of fifty or seventy-five years as they are today. There is, however, a fortune in store for the man who will invent a chemical black ink which will write black at the first and remain so.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Peculiar Showers.

There have been several peculiar showers in the United States during the last quarter of a century, among others a shower of "quivering flesh" in Kentucky, a shower of edible mushrooms in South Carolina, a shower of small seeds in Statesburg, S. C., in 1882, and a shower of sulphur in the Indian Territory in the spring of 1883.—American Notes and Queries.

Three Kinds of Lighthouses.

There are three classes of lighthouses—the primary seacoast lights, which mariners make for in coming from across the waters; the secondary seacoast and lakecoast lights, by which vessels find their way by night along our coasts, and the sound, bay and harbor lights. Each of these lights consists of a lamp set in a lens inside of a lantern which crowns a tower.—Harper's Young People.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. H. FURNESS. T. M. ARRINGDALE.

E. H. FURNESS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OIL, GLASS

—AND—

WALL-PAPER.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES & CONFECTIONS.

Having enlarged our Storeroom on Harrison street, we are better prepared than ever before to please our friends and customers.

CONTRACTS MADE FOR

Painting, Papering and Decorating.

The long experience of the senior member of the above firm places him above the average contractor for such work.

Mr. Arringdale, for years in the mercantile business of Easton, is good authority in his special department. 6augly

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

WM. R. MARTIN, Assignee,
vs.
JNO. W. DUNCAN and WIFE.
In the Circuit Court for Talbot County.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the Auditor will proceed to maken an audit in the above entitled cause, on

AUGUST 23, 1892,

at his office in Easton. Persons having claims against the fund are hereby notified to file the same, properly authenticated, with the clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, on or before said day; otherwise they may be excluded from all benefits of the fund.

OSWALD TILGHMAN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

WM. R. MARTIN, Assignee,
vs.
FRANK H. NICKERSON.
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OSWALD TILGHMAN, Auditor.
6aug2t

A. L. THARP, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Trustee's Sale

—OF—

Real Estate

NEAR ST. MICHAELS.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, in equity, passed on the 25th day of July, 1892, in a cause wherein J. Frank Rolle, Guy Rolle and others are plaintiffs, and Mary E. Rolle and others are defendants, the undersigned, Trustee appointed by said decree, will offer at public auction, in front of the Court House door, in the town of Easton, on

TUESDAY,

The 23rd day of August, 1892,

Between 2 and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, all that

FARM AND PREMISES

situated about 1½ miles from the town of St. Michaels, in Talbot county, Maryland, on the head waters of Broad Creek, adjoining the lands of Wm. Ball, Mary Baggs and others, called

"Dorthy's Enlargment"

—OR—

'ROLLE'S RANGE,'

whereon Mary E. Rolle formerly resided, containing the quantity of

173 Acres of Land,

MORE OR LESS.

This farm, one of the best known farms in Talbot County, is situated immediately upon Rolle's Creek, one of the finest bodies of water for bedding oysters in the State, and the soil is peculiarly adapted to growing large crops of wheat and corn.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

CONSIST OF A

BRICK

Dwelling House,

and Outbuildings for use of the farm.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by the decree, are one-third cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments, to be paid in six and twelve months respectively, from day of sale, deferred payments to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustee and to bear interest until paid, or the purchaser may pay all cash at his option. Purchaser to pay for all title papers. The growing corn crop is reserved.

ALFRED L. THARP, Trustee.
JAS. A. ROE, Auctioneer. 4t

NOTICE.

On and after August 1st, 1892, milk bought by the Easton Creamery Company will be paid for in accordance with the per cent. of butter fat contained therein, the Babcock Tester being used. By order of the
30jul3t STOCKHOLDERS.

Established 1808,

DAWSON & JENKINS,

FINE PERFUMES.

A bottle of Fine Extract FREE to everyone purchasing ONE OUNCE of Sweet Chimes Extract. Our perfumes are used by the fashionable world and are unequalled in quality.

LIST OF ODORS.

White Lilac Blossoms, Jockey Club, White Rose, Jasmine, Sweet Chimes, White Clover, Florida Breezes, Lily of the Valley, Violet, Heliotrope, Trailing Arbutus, May Queen, French,s Lavender Water, " Heliotrope Water, " Lilac Blossom Water, " Violet Water.

Compound Talcum Powder, Sweet Chimes Toilet Powder, Sweet Chimes Toilet Soap Farina German Cologne.

DAWSON & JENKINS.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—IN—

TALBOT COUNTY

Under and by virtue of authority contained in a mortgage from Dan Cram and wife to Edward A. Powell, Trustee of Hetty A. Hopkins, I will offer for sale in front of the Court House door in Easton, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock on

TUESDAY,

The 23d day Of August, 1892.

All that tract of land in Chapel district known as

"POPLAR LEVEL,"

containing the quantity of

164 ACRES,



more or less, being that tract or parcel which was conveyed to the said Dan Cram and also to J. B. Cram as tennants in common from E. H. Roe by deed bearing date March 26, 1883, and duly of record, and more fully described in deed from J. B. Cram to Dan Cram, recorded in liber T. H., No. 99, folio 444.

THIS PROPERTY

is under a high state of cultivation, is convenient to schools and churches and within a short distance to railroad station. The buildings are in excellent condition. A large young peach orchard with other fruits in bearing.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale will be one third cash on day of sale, balance in 6 and 12 months, with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale Or such other terms as may be agreed upon between the trustee and purchaser. Title papers at expense of purchaser.

E. A. POWELL,
7 30 4t Trustee of Hetty A. Hopkins.
JNO. S. SULLIVAN, Auctioneer.

WANTED in every city, town and country place, Lady or Gent to do writing and have circulars distributed, $2 to $10 per day, steady work the year around. Send stamp for price list and terms. Address, AGENTS' LEAGUE,
*tl6oct Box 118, Easton Md.

EXAMINATIONS.

TEACHERS,
NORMAL SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIP,
And COMPETITIVE For
ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE Scholarship.

The School Board will meet at the Court Room, Easton, on

Tuesday, August 9th, 1892,

and an examination for candidates for Teachers' Certificates will be held, beginning promptly at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Examination for candidates for scholarships in the State Normal School will be held on

Thursday, August 11, 1892,

beginning promptly at 9 o'clock in morning.

Examination competitive, for Scholarships in St. John's College will be held on

Wednesday, August 17, 1892,

beginning promptly at 9 o'clock in morning.

By order of the Board,
ALEXANDER CHAPLAIN,
30jul2t Secretary and Examiner.

FINE STATIONERY.

FOR FASHIONABLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Old English Vellum Linen Paper,
Damask Linen Paper,
London Court Linen Paper.

Sanford's Inks, the best ink on the market.

For sale by DAWSON & JENKINS.

NEW CROP

TURNIP SEED.

ALL THE LEADING VARIETIES SUITABLE FOR THIS CLIMATE, BOTH FOR TABLE USE AND FOR STOCK FEEDING.

For sale by

DAWSON & JENKINS.

A SPECIAL BARGAIN

—IN—

TOOTH BRUSHES

THE BEST EVER SOLD IN EASTON FOR 10 AND 15 CENTS.

We would like you to see them.

For sale by DAWSON & JENKINS.

Attorney's Sale

OF VALUABLE

HOTEL PROPERTY

In the Town of Easton, Maryland.

Under and by virtue of power and authority contained in a mortgage from The Hotel Avon Company of Talbot County to Jno. C. Earle, J. Frank Turner, M. M. Dawson, J. M. H. Bateman, Thomas Hughlett, J. E. M. Chamberlaine, Wm. L. Hubbard, Robert B. Dixon, Ed. H. Roe, Wm. H. Adkins, John Mason, Wm. T. H. Lee, T. Tunis, John S. Griffith, M. B. Nichols and J. H. White, bearing date on the 16th day of March, Eighteen Hundred and Ninety-one, and duly of record in Liber T. H., No. 114, folio 369, one of the Land Record Books of Talbot connty, I will offer at public sale at the court house door in the town of Easton on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1892,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day,

All and singular that lot of ground situated at the Northeast corner of Dover and Harrison streets in the town of Easton, containing about one acre, more or less, improved by a handsome Hotel building, called and known as Hotel Avon. The property is further improved by a stable and carriage house.

This is a handsome property and cost the Company in purchase of the grounds and the erection of the Hotel building, some two years ago, over forty thousand dollars.

TERMS OF SALE.—The terms are one-half on the day of sale and the balance in six months thereafter, to be secured by the interest bearing Bond of the purchaser with approved security. This property is sold subject to Mechanic Liens now of record.

J. FRANK TURNER.
Attorney named in the mortgage.

ORDER NISI.

James C. Mullikin and John F. Mullikin, Mortgagees, vs. James Dickinson. } In the Circuit Court for Talbot County. In Chancery.

Ordered this 14th day of July, A. D. 1892, that the sale of the real estate made and reported by James C. Mullikin and John F. Mullikin, mortgagees and trustees in the proceedings in the above mentioned cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 9th day of September next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Talbot county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 8th day of August, next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $385.

THOMAS HUGHLETT, Clerk.
True copy—Test.
16jul4t THOMAS HUGHLETT, Clerk.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE,

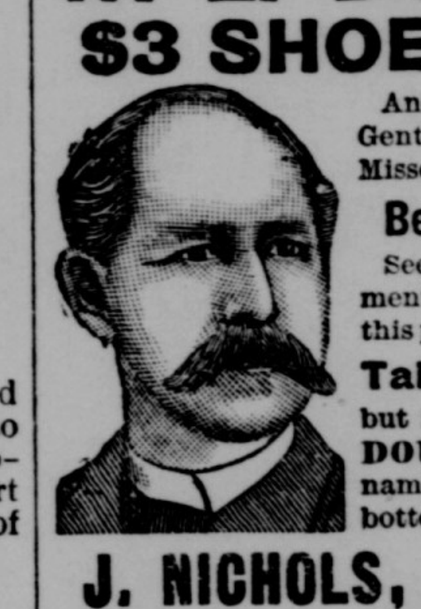
WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

T. H. LEWIS, D. D., PRESIDENT.

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*jul16t1oct

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$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.

Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

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Scientifically treated by an aurist of world-wide reputation. Deafness eradicated and entirely cured, of from 20 to 30 years' standing, after all other treatments have failed. How the difficulty is reached and the cause removed, fully explained in circulars, with affidavits and testimonials of cures from prominent people, mailed free. 2jul92-1y

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The Maryland Steamboat Co.

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DENTON AND RETURN,

Daily, except Saturday and Monday. Round Trip Tickets will be sold for 50 Cents. Children between 5 and 12 years, half price.

Steamers leave Easton at 5:30 a. m., Oxford 6:30 a. m., Cambridge 8 a. m., Dover Bridge 10 a.m. Returning leave Dover Bridge 3 p.m.

JAMES E. BYRD,
jul2tf Sec. and Treas.

FIVE two-cent stamps will get you a sample of ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE, Phila.—Agents wanted.

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TRADE MARK.

FISH BRAND

Oil Clothing

is warranted the Best in the World! Is more WATERPROOF, Is STRONGER, and will WEAR LONGER than any other goods manufactured.

Ask for the "FISH BRAND;" take no other.

L. C. ZIRCKEL & BRO., Sole Agents, Baltimore, Md.

PIK-RON.

Just received, Pik Ron, for Glass and Wood, 10 colors for decorating Glass and for Wood, Willow and Wicker cane, most perfect imitation of Stained glass known. For rose jars, vases, plain pressed glass can be made to look like the finest colored glass. 10 cent bottle will paint strip 100 feet long. For sale by

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DR. W. H. HARDCASTLE HOLBROOK

Will visit patients in town and immediate vicinity and treat patients at office both in town and from the country. Having had 24 years experience in city and country practice, he hopes by strict attention to his profession to merit a share of public patronage. Diseases of women and children and all chronic diseases treated with special care

Office East St., 2nd door north of Dover St., Easton. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M. and 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M. Call or write. 18je3m.

PERFUMERY.—All kinds of perfumery at the drug store of W. C. HUGHES.

MI -SUMMER THOUGHTS.

We hear, yo ere thinking about making some purchases, and money to be saved is the thought "on top in your mind. We won't be officious, but if you will let us, we will lend our assistance, in your effort to buy at bottom figures. We have just taken from their cases

FINELY FINISHED ROAD CARTS AND NDSOME CARRIAGES.

They are made by the le manufacturers in this country and are offered on their merit. They are full Leat hen you examine them you will find the price both captivating and catching. ived the largest stock of

FINE CARRI ARNESS, LE R FLY NETS, D LAP DUSTERS,

ever brought to Easton by this house at e. If you ask the price, and really want,—you will be captured,—but released with some ng saved. Try it. We are selling a

TWO HORSE, FULL CHILLED PLOW

Complete for $7.00—the work of which can't be t. Large numbers sold. See it. We lay claim to the best

GRAIN DRILL

On the market. You can be the judge, after examining all the points. Don't buy a

FARM WAGON,

Because of its cheapness. It will finally make wrinkles on your face, spoil your disposition, and make you a kicker. Buy the other kind. We have them, and they satisfy. More of them on the road than all others combined. Why? We still sell

OBER'S STANDARD & HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS.

Have customers that have found nothing better on the market, and they continue to plant cash in that "gold dust." Come and see us.

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SHANNAHAN & WRIGHTSON HARDWARE COMPANY,

EASTON, MD.

B. P. COX.

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Full to Overflow ng.

Carpet and Matting Department

Rich and I ng.

Clothing D tment

Far too full of Styl Qualities to enum

Grocery De

Ever Fresh an

CHINA, GLASS, BA WARE, &c.

Always o

Prices As Usual—The Lowest P nt With Fairness.

B. P. X.

HARDWARE S ALTIES

—AND—

FARM MAC ERY.

DEERFIELD SPRING T HARROWS,

HAMILTON ADJUSTABLE S C HARROWS,

AKRON SULKY CULTIV TORS,

All three of these implements are new in this section and are most complete tools of their kind.

UTICA SPRING TOOTH H RROWS,

VERY STRONG AND CHEA

CORN PLANTERS. DIS HARROWS.

SEVERAL STYLES OF THE MOST LAR

CHILLEL PL WS.

GARDEN SEEDS A SPECIALTY. E CULTIVATORS.

WHITELEY BINDERS AND MOWERS, MAS LAWN MOWERS.

AUBURN STEEL AX AGONS.

A FULL SUPPLY OF BINDER C AT BOTTOM PRICES.

It will pay you to see me before ordering your C , for I have qualities and prices that cannot fail to please.

☞ Also a full supply of Repairs of Cha ers and Mowers. ☜

E. T. N S.

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We give special attention to cases rejected other hands, also to interferences, appeals, issues, trade marks, the preparation of opini as to infringement, scope and validity of paten and the prosecution and defense of suits for fringement. Our book of instructions, terr references, etc., sent free.

EDSON BROTHERS, Equitable Buildi 1003 F St., Washington, D. C.

[MENTION THIS PAPER.]

1892

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Cambridge, 6.00 p. m.
xford, 7.00&10.00 p.m.
Corner's, 10.30 p. m.

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Slug Shot destroys insects injurio and Garden Plants, Shrubs, Trees tatoes, Melons, Cabbage, Currant tables and Fruits of all kinds. does not harm man, beast or fow

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