THE EASTON GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXX, NO. 10. EASTON, MD., SATURDAY FEBRUARY 15, 1896. $1.50 PER YEAR.

SERVICES DURING LENT.

BEGINS THIS YEAR ON NEXT WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19.

The Programme of The Services to be Held In Easton Churches During The Six Weeks of Prayer.

Below will be found the corrected program of the Lenten services to be held in the several churches in Easton:

The following is the schedule of Lenten services at Trinity Cathedral:

Ash Wednesday.—Morning Prayer and sermon, 11 a. m.; Litany, 4.30 p. m.

Sundays.—Holy Communion at 11 a. m. first Sunday in month; on other Sundays at 7.30 a. m. Morning Prayer, 11 a. m. Evening Prayer, 7.30 p. m.

Mondays.—Evening Prayer, 4.30 p. m.

Tuesdays.—Evening Prayer, 4.30 p. m.

Wednesdays.—Litany, followed by Bible class, 4.00 p. m.

Thursdays.—Evening Prayer, 4.30 p. m.

Fridays.—Litany and Confirmation Lecture 7.30 p. m.

Saturdays.—Evening Prayer, 4.30 p. m.

The order of services for Holy Week will be published the week before.

Lenten Services at SS. Peter and Paul's Catholic Church, Rev. T. F. Waldron, pastor.

Week Days—Mass and instruction, 9 a. m.

Fridays—Stations of the Cross and Benediction, 7.30 p. m.

Sundays—Mass and sermon 11 a. m.; Vespers and Benediction, 7.30 p. m.

Ash Wednesday—High Mass, distribution of ashes and sermon, 11.30 a. m; sermon, distribution of ashes and benediction, 7.30 p. m.

Maundy Thursday—High Mass and procession, 6.30 a. m.

Palm Sunday—Blessing of Palms, reading of the Passion, distribution of Palms and Solemn High Mass, 11 a. m.; Solemn Vespers, sermon and Benediction, 7.30 p. m.

Good Friday—Services, 10 a. m., 3 p. m., 7.30 p. m.

Easter Saturday—Blessing of the Paschal candle, new fire, blessing of the baptismal font, and Mass, commencing at 7 a. m.

Easter Sunday—First Mass 5 a. m.; Solemn High Mass and procession 11 a. m; Solemn Vespers, sermon and Benediction, 7.30 p. m.

Services at Christ Church, Rev. L. B. Baldwin, Rector.

Ash Wednesday—Services . m. and 4.30 p. m,

Sundays—8 a. m., 11 a. m. p. m.

Week Days—Evening pr ly except Fridays, 4.30 p. m.; Evenin Fridays, 7.30 p. m.

Holy Commun n—A ay, 11 a.m, Sunday, except t month, 8 a. m.; First Sun , 11 a. m.; Holy Days and M 11 a. m. Holy Week—Da e, 11 a.m. Daily evening p Friday, 4.30 p. m; Good nd 7.30 p. m.

Easter Da 8 a. m., er, serm Holy Communion; Children service, 4 p. m. rvices—T rgy of Christ f the Cat have arranged vices at Church on the od Frida t the Cathedral g of Eas . Services will o'clock.

McNeal—De ader.

de Kinder daughter of Mr. h J. de Ki er, was united in Wednesday t the residence of 918 Arch str t, to Mr. J. Hector altimore. N t only the rooms nd second fl ors, but also the vere magni icently decorated arranged m st artistically.

ny was performed by the Rev. unison, Rector of St Timothy's piscopal Church, Roxborough. aids were Miss Jennie Myrick, of sin of the bride, and Miss Mer of the groom. The maid of iss Mable de Kinder, a sister of d the best man, Mr. Harry Mer of the groom. The bride was of a large number of magnifs. A reception followed the emony.

In My Dr ms.

irst Night o (y Illness.)

ns I see cle brooks flowing,
ld flowers h command;
weet birds k and bathe,
rop can I and.

ns I see fou ns sparkling,
ms with m hung;
ng for the ers flowing,
op to cool ongue.

s I see the hill spring,
ing willov ving by,
old tree eps for me
ar falls on s so dry.

s the rain trickle down,
vay to the
y for ther ne inside,
op comes .

s I see the old school pump,
the yard where the children

e Nellie with proffered cup
you have a drink Miss Nan?"
s I see the old fashioned well
overed bucket just coming up;
the nectar that Jupiter sips,
long for one tiny cup.

s I see and hear water, but
;
l these teasing dreams;
ink of Tantalus
unning streams.

—ANNA R. DENNY

ghter of Mr. Fred Web be, had a y bad cold and cou gh ble to cure with a ny nt bottle of Cham- says W. P. Holden r at West Brimfield, him he said it work- remedy is intended at and lung diseases t whooping cough. ures. There is not ldren for it contains le by Harry Roberts ichaels, J. F,

LITTLE NEWS NOTES.

The News of a Week Told in Brief Form. Local News Field.

M. B. Nichols is having built in his store a platform the entire length of the building on which he will display his line of bicycles.

Dr. Barber will introduce a bill in the Legislature in a day or so to empower the commissioners of any county to have killed all unlicensed dogs.

Wilfred Bateman bought at executor's sale on Saturday the Ashland farm of 81 acres on Tilghman's Island, belonging to the late Mrs. Emily Neavitt, for $1,025.

On Wednesday Governor Lowndes sent the name of Jos. S. Robson to the Senate for confirmation for Justice of the Peace for the 1st district of Talbot county.

The installation of the officers of Cordova Conclave, No. 2180, I. O. H., will take place on Tuesday evening, Feb. 18, at Sisk's Hall at 7.30 p. m. All brothers of the Order cordially invited.

A bill to protect the livery stable proprietors of Talbot county, giving them the right to hold horses for livery bills. This bill was prepared at the instance of Charles S. Dunham of Easton.

The annual report of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics has been made public. Relative to this county it shows that during 1890—5, 196 estates, valued at $700,448, were probated in the Orphans' Court for Talbot county.

Mr. Wm. Readie, ex-clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, has opened an office in the Mason Building in Market Space where he will conduct the general agency business, the sale of fertilizers, collection of claims, etc.

Mr. Dodson has introduced a bill to prohibit the the taking of oysters with dredge, scoop or scrape from the waters of Talbot county; also to prohibit the sale of cider in certain precincts of this county except by persons making the cider.

SIX DOLLARS PER TON.

This is What We Will Get or We Won't Contract.

There was a large meeting of prominent growers assembled at the Court House last Tuesday to protest against the $5 per ton rate for tomatoes contracted for by the canning companies.

They emphatically assert they must have $6 per ton or they will cultivate no tomatoes. They have also asserted that some few growers have been bought with fertilizer to contract for $5 per ton and that the other farmers were expected to follow them like sheep, but with no fertilizer thrown in by way of pacifier. It is evident that there is considerable difference of feeling between producer and canner.

Which one will yield his point first is a question yet undecided. The farmers say they cannot grow the article for $5 per ton, and the canners say they must close up if they have to pay $6, so there it goes.

This paper is in receipt of communications bearing on this subject, but nothing outside of what was embodied in the above.

The Literary Society Meeting.

The Literary Society met at 3 p. m. Saturday last in the Library rooms, as usual. In the absence of Mrs. Betts, Mr. Goldsborough, the secretary, presided, Miss Willie Hardcastle acting as secretary *pro tem*. This meeting was a particularly eventful one in the career of the Society, as it was assigned a name. After a number of names had been up for consideration, an entirely new one was suggested that immediately won approval and had a large majority when voted upon. It is Philokalian, a Greek word meaning friend of the beautiful, so the society will have the dignity of being designated as "The Philakalin Society." The business of the meeting completed, the program of entertainment began with Prof. Ingram reading an original paper on Cuba, which was very much enjoyed. J. Frank Turuer then gave a talk on Bimetallism that was not only interesting but very edifying.

The meeting then adjourned to meet again on Saturday, Feb. 29, when the committee on art and science will be on duty to entertain.

Light Company Officers.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Easton Gas and Electric Light Company was held on Thursday, when the following officers were reelected;

Directors—Walter H. Thompson, Robert B. Dixon, Gen. Richard Thomas, Edward H. Roe, Col. Oswald Tilghman, John T. Rathell James H. Covington, William E. Shannahan, James H. McNeal, Charles T. Wrightson.

President—Walter H. Thompson.

Vice President—John T. Rathell.

Treasurer—Robert B. Dixon.

Secretary and Manager—Charles T. Wrightson.

Town Improvements.

At the last meeting of the Board of Town Commissioners it was decided to place signs at the street corners throught the town designating the names of the streets. This is a plan that has been advocated by this paper for some time, and it is gratifying that this improvement is to be made. The signs are now being made and painted and will be put up in a few days.

Services Tomorrow.

At Ebenezer M. E. Church:—Class meeting at 10 a. m.; preaching by Rev. T. E. Bell at 11 a. m.; preaching by Rev. C. F. Sheppard, of Marydel, at 7.30 p. m. All are welcome.

At Calvary M. P. Church:—Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject, "Revivals Then and Now"; evening subject, "The Fate of Fruitless Things". Sunday School, 2 p.m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6.30 p. m.

W. C. T. U. Mothers' Meeting.

A Mothers' Meeting of the Easton W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Saxton, East Railroad Avenue, on Wednesday, Feb. 26th, at 3 o'clock p. m. All are invited to attend.

Loyal Legion.

The Loyal Legion, under the care of Mrs. Savage, will meet every Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the W. C. T. U. room, over Hayward's drug store. All interested are invited.

Your Chance for a Bicycle.

M. B. Nichols has just received a large invoice of Gents' Bicycles for $75 which will be sold at $59 cash as long as they last. Cannot duplicate them.

WILL HAVE MODEL ROADS.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS ADOPT A NEW PLAN.

Commissioner Trax's Plan Approved. The Superintendents and Supervisors Named. Road League Protests.

For some weeks the Board of County Commissioners have heard under consideration different plans for the working of the public roads.

They have endeavored to secure better and more thorough work and at the same time at a more economical figure.

The Road League of Talbot county and several individuals have submitted plans to the Board and it is from these that a definite plan has been decided upon.

Commissioner George Trax submitted a plan a few weeks ago which was published in full in the GAZETTE and which the Board has adopted. Under this system a road superintendent for each district is appointed and he has entire control of the roads in his district.

The Commissioners also decided to experiment with the contract system and will let out about thirty miles of road in Chapel District and the same quantity in Trappe District.

The Board named the following superintendents and supervisors:

EASTON DISTRICT.

Superintendent—Joseph H. White.

Supervisors—Thomas E. Leaverton, J. Ed. Morgan, William T. Perry, H. M. Green, Jno. Copper, H. K. Brenneman, W. S. Voshell, George W. Kirk, W. A. Pratt, J.E. Price, Geo. T. Fluharty, S. C. Rittenhouse, James H. Patchett, John W. Yewell, Hugh T. Harris, Jeremiah McDonnell.

ST. MICHAELS DISTRICT.

Superintendent—Perry C. Benson.

Supervisors—Charles S. Blades, Wesley Gardner, Murray Williams, Philip A. Townsend, Samuel M. Valliant, T. C. Jones.

TRAPPE DISTRICT.

Superintendent—George A. Mullikin.

Supervisors—John Frampton, G. L. Jenkins L. G. Mullikin. Brainerd Carroll, George M. Frampton, James T. Mullikin, F. F. Rolle, Edward Streets, P. W. Stewart, David Smith, P. B. Spring, A. B. Adams, H. B. Ozman, Edward Streets, jr., T. T. Smith, Frank Hardin.

CHAPEL DISTRICT.

Superintendent—To be appointed.

Supervisors—Theodore M. Jones, George T. Roe, Henry Samis, W. E. Roe of John N. C. Fitzjarrell, William J. Seay, Wesley Perry, John S. Ross, Thomas P. Roe, Albert Samis, J. A. F. Neal, John Sharp, John L. Fisher, William C. Stevens.

BAY HUNDRED DISTRICT.

Superintendent—Hiram S. Hall.

Supervisors—Edwin Lowe, John O. Sewell, Hugh A. Haddaway, James E. Haddaway, B. C. Jones.

The executive committee of the Road League met on Saturday and prepared the following protest, which was presented to the County Commissioners on Tuesday:

EASTON, Feb. 8.—To the County Commissioners of Talbot county.—Gentlemen:—The Road League of this county have heard with regret that your honorable body have it in contemtation to appoint a supervisor of roads for each district in the county, five in all, giving the supervisors in each district complete control of all the roads in his district, to be sub-divided into as many separate working as he may determine, subject only to your control. We fail to see how this is any improvement on the present system, or indeed anything more than the creation of more minor offices and the useless intervention of another intermediary between the taxpayers and your board, where alone the aathority and the responsibility lies under the law.

The universal employment of a single executive head by all private and corporate business enterprises makes it useless for us to argue its superiority over any divided responsibility, while it goes without saying that the salary sufficient to secure the services of one competent man will not suffice for five. The salary enough for one only will compel each one of five to seek private employment to earn his living, which is not compatible with efficient public service requiring the continual supervision that is necessary to obtain good roads.

We again strongly urge on your honorable body the employment of a single executive manager of roads, and the purchase of not less than three two-horse outfits (taking 3 as the least number affording power enough to work one road machine) as a means of proving, at least outlay, the great economy and efficiency of the county doing its own road work. It is a fact well known to all workmen and those employing labor that an accustomed hand can do 25 per cent more work than a green hand, however willing, with half the supervison and instruction.

We also recommend again that a considerable portion of our roads be put out on contract, that a comparison may be made between the two systems, apparent to every citizen.

We reprobate a continuation of the present system under any guise, and we deprecate any political expediency that is opposed to economy and efficiency. OWEN NORRIS.

The B. & A. R. R. Exemption.

M. Cheswell, of Allegany, who is a member of the reassessment committee, introduced an order, which was referred by Speaker Mudd to the committhe on rules, directing the committee on ways and means to prepare immediately a bill to repeal the act of 1886, whereby the Baltimore and Eastern Shore Railroad Company was granted exemption from taxes, which immunity the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company is now enjoying as the successor of the former company. It is said that several million dollars worth of property is thus escaping taxation.

Threw Away His Canes.

Mr. D. Wiley, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, and even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He says this liniment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by Harry Roberts, Easton A. D. Harrison, St. Michaels, J. F. Sisk, Cordova.

A VISIT TO THE REST.

The Fine Stock to be Seen at the Magnificent Home of Mr. Henderson.

Mr. Chas. E. Henderson, owner of The Rest on Miles River, this county, has spared no pains to introduce the finest stock the country can afford into Talbot.

His Poll Angus cattle are all beauties. This particular breed is noted for fine beef qualities, quick gentleness and easy keeping. No other breed of cattle stands the cold so well. The yearlings wean from twelve to fifteen hundred pounds in weight.

In hogs, Mr. Henderson has that noted strain of U. S. Poland Chinas, some of the sires selling as high as nine hundred dollars. Being quick growers, easy keepers, they make the best stock for farmers' use. The Shropshire sheep, whose wool is most prolific, and of the highest grade, bringing the top market price is seen at The Rest in perfection and purity, free from disease or weakness. Did our farmers ever have a better chance to improve their own stock than by taking advantage of the opportunities Mr. Henderson offers?

Mr. Fitzgerald, the manager, tells the reporter that there will be for sale from time to time a limited quantity of the superior stock on the farm, and also says he will take pleasure in showing it and answering questions. People go from all parts of the county to see that beautiful animal of the Poll Angus breed of cattle which tips the beam at 3,000 pounds. The manager is very proud of his place and proposes to keep it the most attractive farm on the river.

SOMEWHAT OF A PERSONAL NATURE.

Items of Interest About The Doings of You And Your Relatives And Friends.

Miss Elma Fleming, of Baltimore, is spending a few days with Miss Fannie Barton.

Miss Helen Austin and Mr. Ed Austin of Baltimore were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C Littleton this week.

Emerson Seward, who now lives in Newark N. J. visited friends in Easton this week.

Hamilton Roe will leave Easton next week for Rushville, Ill., where he will enter the law office of his cousin, Lewis A. Jarman.

Col. Hughlett, whose illness was reported in our last issue, is recovering slowly.

Thos L. Turner, for some time Asst. Agent at the Penn. R. R. station this town, but who accepted the Agency at Sanford Conn, with the New York, New Heaven and Hartford Railroad Co. January 1st, 1896 has resigned that position to accept a better one with the same Company at Mansfield Mass.

R. Harry Soulsby, of this town who has been clerrk in the Additon's office of the B. C. & A. Ry. Co. at Baltimore, hrs accepted a position with the New York New Heaven and Hartford R. R. Co, at South Framinghan Mass. He left for his New Field of labor last Thursday.

"A Bright Lad That Was."

A teacher told the pupils to make a sentence or "story" from the suggestive words "boys," "bees." "bear." Quick as flash up came one hand. "I have it." "What is it, Tommy?" inquired the teacher, "Boys bees bare when they go in swimming," was the astonishing reply! A better sentence would have been—"Boys will be interested in bees and other insects, bears and other animals as well as birds, flowers, etc., as described in *The Observer*, Portland, Conn. Sample 10 cts. One year $1.

Bay Side Items.

Mr. Wm. L. Wrightson is very unwell and confined to his room.

Mr. and Mrs. Josh. G. Wrightson visited Baltimore this week.

Mrs. Rouse, of Baltimore, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. A. B. Glasscock.

Major Littlefinger and troupe drew large crowds at Alliance Hall, Wittman, this week.

The fine weather has caused the fishermen to commence preparation for the spring fishing.

Capt. Jno. T. Lowe, who has been quite unwell at Bachelors' Retreat, Claiborne, is able to be out.

Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Seth entertained a number of their friends at a card party and dance on last Friday night.

Hon. H. S. Hall, our popular and efficient member of the Legislature, returned on Monday to Annapolis to his onerous duties, after spending Sunday with his family.

The stormy weather has prevented the tongers from work and the low prices have caused the packers to ship very little, thus giving a black eye to the oyster industry.

Mrs. Susie Crowell entertained a number of her lady friends at a quilting bee on last Wednesday afternoon at her home by the river. Among those present were Mrs. P. T. Hambleton and daughter Lelia, Mrs. Fannie Lowe and daughter, Mary Graham, Mrs. Ada Lowe and Miss Mattie Lowe.

There will be a tribe of Red Men instituted at Alliance Hall with a large membership. Prof. E. R. Jump, late teacher of Tilghman, is engineering the job and went to Baltimore on Tuesday to make all necessary arrangements for carrying out of the same. He has not yet succeeded in organizing a conclave of Heptasophs in this vicinity. Those who have signed the charter will be initiated by the Conclave at Tilghmans, preferring to do this rather than to wait for the requisite number to sign the charter.

If you would always be healthy, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier.

Is the Duty Added to the Price?

A controversy of national interest, bearing upon the question: "Is the duty added to the price?" appears in *Gunton's Magazine* for February, between Secretary North, of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, and Editor Gunton. Mr. North claims that the American price of wool under the McKinley tariff was higher than the foreign price, by the whole amount of the duty. Editor Gunton's proofs complete that is Mr. North's contention is correct, then the American (washed) wool of a given quality should have been from 20 to 22 cents a pound higher than the English wool, whereas the figures show that over the whole period, 1881 to 1891, it only ranged 2.04 cents a pound higher. American scoured wool only averaged 7.6 cents a pound higher than the foreign of like quality, whereas if the whole duty was added to the price, it should have been 30 cents higher. The entire article is a valuable contribution to the permanent tariff literature of the period.

ANCIENT SEATS OF JUSTICE

HISTORY OF THE COURTS AND COURT HOUSES OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Particulars of The Erection of The Present Building in 1794. The Whiskey Rebellion Participants Tried.

SKETCH V.

Another point is settled by the Acts of Assembly that have been quoted, namely, that the Commissioners were authorized to contract for the building of the Court House, upon a plan and according to specifications that should be determined upon by them. A pretty thorough search through the Clerk's office has failed to discover a draft of that contract and this plan. It may yet be discovered at the seat of government of the State. There is a tradition which has not been certainly verified, that the architect of the State House at Annapolis was also the architect of our Court House. The similarity of the two structures may have been the origin of the current belief, but the long interval of time between the erection of the State House (1760. chap. XIV) and that of the Court House (1789, chap. XXXVI) renders the tradition improbable. A Mr. Will Anderson was the architect of the State House, and may have been of our Court House. But it is very certain, from numerous records, that whoever was the designer of the building, Cornelius West was the contractor and builder. As there is no evidence that during the time of the erection of the Court House, he received or expected to receive anything more than five hundred dollars appropriated by the county and the twenty-five hundred pounds appropriated by the legislature, it is presumable the contract was made for building the house, as we now see it, for the sum of 3000 pounds, currency. This converted into Federal money at the ratio estimated by the Act of 1781, namely two dollars sixty-six and two-third cents per pound, Maryland currency, or seven and six pence to the dollar, made the cost of the Court House eight thousand dollars. As the value of money has very largely decreased since that time, by the increase of the production of gold and silver, and the employment, more generally than before, of paper currency, we may safely say the building cost a sum that could be equivalent to at least $20,000 of the money of the present

But it would seem that Cornelius West either gave more and better work and materials than he should have done, or he made a false estimate of the probable cost, for in the "Maryland Herald and Eastern Shore General Advertiser"—the first paper ever published upon this Shore—contains in its issue of Sept. 20, 1794, the following advertisement:

"The subscriber gives notice that he means "to petition the next General Assembly of "the State, praying that compensation may "be made him for what he actually lost in "building a Court House for the county of "Talbot, in the State of Maryland, by the un"expected and rapid rise for everything re"quisite for carrying on the said building, "besides journeymen's wages, provisions, "&c., which by a statement of the expendi"tures accompanied by the original estimate "presented last session, is made to appear to "be at least four hundred pounds."

CORNELIUS WEST

Mr. West's petition was laid before the legislature, and received from that body favorable consideration, and as it seemed to be a fair and equitable claim, an Act was passed (1794, chap. LXIII) for his relief, entitled "An Act for the relief of Cornelius West of Talbot County" of which this is a copy:

"Whereas it appears by the petition of Cor"nelius West that he contracted with the "commissioners for building a new Court "House in Easton, in Talbot county, for the "accommodation of the General Court for "the Eastern Shore, and the County of Tal"bot; and whereas it appears that after mak"ing the said contract, the prices of mater"ials, provisions and labor took a sudden "rise, by which the money contracted for "did not pay more than the materials and "workmen, leaving nothing for his own la"bour and expense for near three years: and "whereas it is just and reasonable that the "said Cornelius West should have a compen"sation for his labour and expenses:

"*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of* "Maryland that the justices of Talbot Coun"ty be authorized and empowered to levy on "the assessable property of said County, a "sum not exceeding one hundred and fifty "pounds, current money, to be paid to the "said Cornelius West, or his order."

The amount stated in the bill, not nearly so much as was asked, was accordingly levied, as appears by the records of the Levy court, and doubtless paid to the contractor. This did not save him from bankruptcy, for he is said to have been pecuniarily ruined by the faithful job performed by him for our county. Some of the sub-contractors are said to have suffered also.

The building appears to have been completed early in 1794, for among the minutes of the county court held the second Monday in June, of the same year, appears this record of its formal acceptance by the Justices:

"Whereas, by an Act of Assembly, passed "by a session of the General Assembly of "Maryland begun and held in the city of An"napolis on Monday, the seventh day of No"vember, and ended the thirtieth day of De"cember, in the year 1791, it was enacted that "the Justices of Talbot County Court be au"thorized and requested to contract and "agree for a convenient house in the town "of Easton to hold the Courts for the county "aforesaid, and from and after the first day "of January, in the year 1792, the several "courts and elections for the county afore"said shall be held at such house as aforesaid "provided by the Justices aforesaid, and that "the said house shall be considered as the "Court house of the said county to all intents "and purposes whatever, until the new Court "House shall be finished for that purpose, and "that the several courts and elections, as "soon as conveniently may be shall be held "in the new Court House, and not elsewhere; "and whereas the Commissioners for build"ing the said new Court House have signified "to the court, that the said new Court House "is finished, and has been delivered to the "builder thereof, for the purposes for which "it was erected, it is therefore ordered by the "Court that the said new building is receiv"ed and shall be considered henceforth as "the Court House of Talbot County to all in"tents and purposes whatsoever.

"Ordered that public notice be given of the "above at the Court House door."

It is probable this court, held in accordance with the law of 1790 on the second Monday in June, was the first ever held within the new building, but the various officers had taken possession of the rooms assigned to them a little before this time, say in April, as appears by several advertisements inserted in the "Herald."

It would seem that at this date the hours of business commenced with sun-rise and closed with sun-set. It is likely that from the first, the Clerk and Register occupied the rooms now used by them, in the N. E. and S. E. corners of the building. The Register of the land office at first had a desk in the office of the Register of Wills. Subsequently the room in the rear of the Clerk's office—that is in the N. W. corner—was used by him. The Sheriff had the room now occupied by the Board of School Commissioners, and here was also the clerk of the Court of Appeals, in the last years of the sittings of that court upon the E. Shore, though the original office of this Clerk was in the N. E. corner room, on the second floor. There were two grand halls of justice occupying the center of the building above and below. Upon the first floor sat the County court, but subsequently it sat above stairs during the Fall term. There was then no partition across the lower hall, and the whole space was open. In the large hall above sat the Court of Appeals, the room having a partition across it, so as to diminish its size, and enable it to be warmed. Here also sat the County Court in autumn, as stated above.—The judges occupied what was termed the "seat of justice,"—the recess in the western end of the halls,—not as now, the eastern end. The General Court made use of one of these halls; which, is not known, as that court has been so long abolished no one now living can remember when it held a term in Easton. Probably, however, it sat in the same room that was subsequently used by the Court of Appeals. Besides these courts, it is certain that occasionally the United States Circuit Court held its sessions in the new Court House. In the "Herald" of Nov. 18, 1794, there is printed a most remarkable charge of Mr. Justice Blair to the Grand Jury, at a term of this court. The striking feature of the charge was its political character. The Judge being an ardent Federalist, he took occasion to belabor severely and without stint not only those who were engaged in the Whiskey Rebellion, but their apologists, the Republicans of the day; nor did he spare those who were then in sympathy with the French, a nation that was then carrying things with a high hand, at home and abroad.

The following are the names of the Judges and Justices of the Peace, who held courts in our Court House, when it was first thrown open, and the several officers, connected with the civil affairs of the State upon this Shore and the county.

Judges of the General Court for the Eastern Shore:

Samuel Chase, Chief Judge.

Nicholas Thomas, Jeremiah Townley Chase, } Associate Judges.

Judges of the County Court:

Hon. James Tilghman, Chief Judge of Q. A.

James Tilghman, jr., John Stevens, } Associate Judges.

Justices of the Peace.

John Bracco, John Roberts.
Will Dawson, Dan'l P. Cox.
Woolman Gibson, Will Hambleton, jr.
Hugh Sherwood, James Price.
Peter Webb, Henry Johnson.

Judges of the Orphans' Court.

John Bracco, William Dawson, David Kerr.

Clerk of Gen. Court, E. S.—Benj. Stevens.
Clerk of the County Court—Will. S. Bond.
Attorney General for State—Luther Martin.
Deputy Attorney General—John L. Bozman.
Register of Wills—James Price.
Sheriff—Richard Johns.
County Surveyor—David D. Barrow.

For the sake of brevity, the writer must forego the privilege of referring to the many distinguished Judges, eloquent Lawyers and efficient public officers that have appeared within the walls of this Court House; nor of there be reference to the many remarkable trials that there have had their hearing and their determination.

Each of these subjects would afford matter for most interesting chapters in our County annals, which may, perhaps, be hereafter written. But here must terminate this account, already become intolerably long and tedious of the Court Houses of Talbot County.

A Prominent Physician Tells of His Experience With One of the most Noted Medicines of the Day.

To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that Mr. Charles Shockley, of Milford, Del., a patient of mine, forty-one years old, suffered from dyspepsia for two years. He tried several physicians without receiving any benefit. His weight was reduced from 155 to 96 pounds. The physicians he had before me pronunced his disease cancer of the stomach, and with that idea he failed rapidly. When I was called into this case, the only thing that gave him any relief was in washing out his stomach several times a day, and this was only temporary. His pains would radiate over the entire abdomen. On palpitation I found a sensitive spot over the pyloric end of the stomach. I could not discover any evidence of a tumor. He had frequent sour eructations. He had pains in and around the heart, considerable dyspoena, or difficulty of breathing.

Bowels constipated; complexion sallow and yellow; considerable fluttering at the heart, urine scanty, high colored, and full of sediment; mouth parched and dry; complete insomnia, showing from color of skin and condition of urine that both the liver and kidneys were affected. There was a total loss of appetite. He also developed dropsical tendencies. His limbs at times were badly swollen. In a practice of over thirty years I never met with as bad a case of dyspepsia.

This was his condition when he commenced taking Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills. After four months' use of the pills a complete recovery was made. To their use entirely is due this, one of the most remarkable cures I know of. Yours truly.

DR. ROBERT FRAME,

How To Cure All Skin Diseases.

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetters eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. 6-22-1y