THE EASTON GAZETTE.

VOL. 82, NO. 23. * EASTON, MD., SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1898 * PAGE THREE

We are not in the business to

Give Fresh Drugs Away

nor to sell them at or below cost. We must make a profit or have

To Quit ... Business

However, having such a large trade, we are able to buy cheaper and consequently we sell to you cheaper. It is the same way with toilet articles and everything else we sell. Come and see about it.

HUGHES, Druggist.

Talbot Savings .. Bank.

No. 16 Dover St. Eston, Md.

Deposits ...

Of twenty-five cents and upward are received on Book accounts.

Interest ..

Is allowed for every entire month the deposit may be continued, computing from the first day of the month succeeding the deposit.

Money deposited in this bank at 4 per cent. compound interest will pay you better in the long run than to attempt to loan it yourself at a higher rate unless you are thoroughly familiar with the business of loaning.

Guardians, Trustees, Holders of Trust Funds, Children, Associations Societies, Lodges, etc., may deposit in their own names and subject to their own order.

YOU ARE INVITED TO OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH US.

Accounts Strictly Confidential.

J. B. BENNETT, President. W. W. SPENCE, Cashier.

Professional Cards.

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Dentist, *Easton, Md.*
Office cor. Washington and Cabinet sts

DRS. W. T. KELLEY & BRO.
Dentists, *Easton, Md.*
Office in Shannahan Build'g Dover, st

LEWIS BUFFETT, M. D., D. D. S.,
Dentist, *Easton, Md.*
Office in Masonic Temple.

R. RASTALL WALKER,
Attorney-at-Law, *Easton, Md.*
Office on Dover street in Building formerly occupied by R. B. Dixon & Co.

J. C. & C. MULLIKIN,
Attorneys-at-Law, *Easton, Md.*
Office cor. Dover and Washington sts.

J. S. GARRISON, M. D.,
Homeopathist.
Office and residence corner Dover and Hanson streets. Office hours—8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4. 7 to 8 p. m.
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Wagner's Green House.

West Pratt St. Baltimore, Md.

J. & B. L. Wagner

This Restaurant is the old and most extensive in its accommodations of any in the city. The crowds which lunch and dine daily at this restaurant attest the public appreciation.

BOOTS, SHOES AND —GROCERIES—

A complete line of specialties. Call and be convinced. We have a stock that will surprise you for quantity and variety. Prices low.

E. H. FURNESS & CO.
No. 9 S. HARRISON ST

POWDER MILL BLOWS UP

And Six of the Workmen Met an Awful Death.

NOT A BUILDING LEFT STANDING.

Debris Carried in the Air Set Fire to One Building After Another, and All Were Destroyed, With Their Contents—Dead Bodies Terribly Mangled.

Easton, Pa., April 29.—The town of Dover, in Morris county, N. J., and the country within a radius of 20 miles, was startled yesterday afternoon by a series of terrific explosions. The explosions occurred in the Atlantic Powder company's works, and the plant is now a complete mass of ruins. Six workmen were killed and four others were seriously injured, some probably fatally.

The works are situated in an isolated spot seven miles out in a rough country from Dover. There were ten buildings in the group, and all have been destroyed. The first explosion occurred in one of the packing houses, caused, it is thought, by a spark from the pipe of a careless smoker. The concussion set off the explosives in another packing house nearby. Debris and burning timbers of the wrecked buildings were carried high into the air and fell in a shower over the remaining buildings, setting fire to the main factory and the other five packing houses and the two shell houses. In a brief time the explosives in these buildings were set off and left death and destruction in their wake. The works have been running night and day, turning out hurry orders for the United States government, and a large amount of ammunition ready for shipment was stored away in the packing houses. This, with all other explosives, was completely destroyed.

The scene presented at the place was most horrible. People who felt the shocks and saw the flames of the burning structures flocked there from miles around, but could render no aid to the injured. The people were terrified, and held back in constant fear of the explosions. A few men who were in the buildings managed to escape, and they ran about the country bewildered. When the wives and relatives of the employes of the factory approached the burning buildings the scene was most heartrending. The women tore their hair and ran about in a pitable manner. When one of the few fortunate survivors was met by his family the picture was almost indescribable.

The bodies of the dead were horribly mangled. The head was missing from some, while here and there lay legless and armless trunks. Many of the injured were cut and maimed so badly that some of them cannot recover. The dead are Alfred Rarick, William Stumpf, Casper Ray, David Scheer, William Haycock and Elias Abers. All the killed leave families.

Awful Butchery by Chinese Robbers.

Vancouver, B. C., April 29.—Oriental advices received by steamer tell of a shocking massacre which occurred early on the morning of March 31 at a hamlet some 20 miles south of Taipen, at the house of Yang Kin Shang. A party of over 20 robbers entered the house and murdered Yang, his wife, his mother and children and servants, 15 persons in all, who resisted them in their attempt to loot the house and attack the daughters. When the robbers had butchered all the inmates they set the house on fire.

The Weather.

For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and District of Columbia: Threatening weather and showers; warmer; north to west winds.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, April 28.—Flour firm; winter superfine, $3.60@3.85; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $4.65@4.80; city mills, extra, $3.95@4.20. Rye flour dull at $3.10 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat strong; No. 2 red, spot, $1.13¼@1.14; No. 2 Pennsylvania and No. 2 Delaware red, $1.15¼@1.16. Corn strong; No. 2 mixed, April, 39½@40c.; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 42c. Oats quiet, but firm; No. 2 white, 36@36½c.; No. 2 white, clipped, 36@36½c. Hay steady; choice timothy, $12.50@13 for large bales. Beef firm; beef hams, $22.50@23. Pork firm; family, $13@13.50. Lard easy; western steamed, $5.92½. Butter steady; western creamery, 15@17c.; do. factory, 12¼@15c.; Elgins, 17c.; imitation creamery, 14½@16c.; New York dairy, 14@16½c.; do. creamery, 15@17c.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 20@23c.; do. wholesale, 19c. Cheese steady; large, white, 8½c.; small do., 8¾@9c.; light skims, 5¾@6c.; part skims, 4@6c.; full skims, 2@3c. Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 11¼@11½c.; western, fresh, 11½c.; southern, 10½c. Potatoes steady; New York, $2.37½@2.50; sweets, $3@4.50. Tallow dull; city, 3⅝c.; country, 3 9-16@3⅝c., as to quality. Turpentine firm at 32½@33c. Cabbage quiet; southern, $1.50@1.75.

Baltimore, April 28.—Flour firm and higher; western superfine, $3.50@3.75; do. extra, $4.15@4.75; do. family, $5@5.30; winter wheat, patent, $5.50@5.80; spring do., $6.10@6.50; spring wheat, straight, $5.85@6. Wheat steady at a decline; spot, month and May, $1.14; July, $1.01½; steamer No. 2 red, $1.12; southern, by sample, $1.10@1.15; do. on grade, $1.11@1.14½. Corn firm; spot and month, 39¾@40c.; May, 39⅝@39½c.; June, 39¾@40c.; July, 40c.; steamer mixed, 38¾@39c.; southern, white, 41@42c.; do. yellow, 41@43c. Oats firm and higher; No. 2 white, 37½@38c.; No. 2 mixed, 34@35c. Rye firmer; No. 2 nearby, 64¼@64½c.; No. 2 western, 66c. Hay firm; choice timothy, $13. Lettuce, $1.50@1.75 per basket.

Lumber, Shingles, Flooring, siding, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Laths, Hair, Lime anything in the building material line kept for sale by

R. B. DIXON & Co.

LIGHTHOUSES TO CLOSE UP.

Scheme For Wrecking Hostile Ships at the Entrance to Long Island Sound.

The possibility of a vessel of a hostile nation creeping into Long Island sound through the Race is attracting much attention in the cities along the north shore. It is held by some experts that a hostile vessel might in thick weather pass the fortifications now being prepared to guard the Race. To prevent this, it is said, the lighthouse board for the Watch Hill district has arranged for the extinguishing of all the lights in the different lighthouse stations in this section, a measure that would make it almost impossible for any strange craft to make her way into the waters of the sound.

It is said that a code of signals has been prepared by the board for the keepers of these lighthouses so that the lights in their towers can be extinguished in short order and their fog whistles and voices rendered voiceless. Few of the nerviest of the regular sound navigators today would care to undertake to bring a vessel of importance into this sheet of water through either the Race, Plum Gut or Fisher's Island sound in thick or dark weather without the guidance furnished by the lighthouses. The risk would be altogether too great, it is believed, for any foreign warship to undertake. The principal lights affected are understood to be Watch Hill, Race Rock, Montauk, Plum Island, Little Gull Island, Bartlett's Reef and Horton's Point.—New York Sun.

VALUABLE SOLUTION.

By Which Frederick Moss Believes He Can Make Wood Impenetrable.

Frederick R. Moss of Binghamton believes he has discovered a process that will practically supplant iron sheathing for war vessels. He is the possessor of a secret solution that will after a few hours' treatment turn timber as hard as a piece of iron—in fact, those who have witnessed tests say it will stand more than the best tempered steel. A piece of 2 by 4 pine, 3 feet long, soaked in the solution for six days, presents a grayish brown color and weighs 78 pounds to the foot. A board treated in this manner withstood the penetrating powers of a rifle bullet fired at a distance of six feet, the bullet leaving only a scratchlike mark.

Mr. Moss says the discovery was an accident, and that the solution can be cheaply made, pine proving the best wood to work with, but hemlock, cedar or any lumber with an absorbent grain can be used. Mr. Moss believes his discovery will revolutionize the construction of battleships, as impenetrable armor plate can be made at an almost trifling cost. He has submitted samples to the navy department and expects to give a test before a board in a short time. He is reticent regarding the composition of his solution, but his friends believe he has found a fortune.—New York Press.

MODERN BATTLESHIP.

Electrician Dahlman Says It Is a Regular Bundle of Electric Nerves.

"The modern battleship," said Mr. W. E. Dahlman, a well known New York electrician, in Washington the other day, "is a regular bundle of electric nerves, through which circulates the current performing various offices for the comfort, safety and convenience of the crew. It lights the ship in every part; it brings up ammunition from the magazines; it helps to load the guns, and when they are loaded it fires them. It aids in steering the ship; by its agency the officer on the bridge directs the engineers and the man at the wheel; it sends torpedoes on their deadly errands, and it furnishes the power for the great searchlights by which signals are sent at night and by which the sea is patrolled.

"Our war with Spain will be largely a war of electrical machinery, and one of our great advantages lies in the fact that we are a nation of machinists, our specialty being in the domain of electricity. In that we excel the rest of the world, and our mastery of the subtle force will be one of the greatest factors in the struggle that will end in the humiliating defeat of the Spanish nation."—Washington Post.

The Law of Blockade.

There are complexities in the law of blockade, but its essentials are simple enough.

A blockade must be proclaimed so that ships of all nationalities may be notified of its existence.

Ships already at sea when proclamation is made must upon arrest be notified and permitted to depart for some other than the blockaded port. Until such notice the ship is not liable to capture.

Ships so notified and all ships sailing after proclamation of blockade has been made are liable to capture upon attempting to pass the blockade.

In case of capture they and their cargoes are confiscate, but neither their officers nor seamen, if the ship carries a neutral flag, are subject to any other penalty. They are guilty of no crime.

No neutral nation is bound to respect any blockade till it has been made effective. If it is not so, neutrals resent and resist the seizure of their ships attempting to trade with "paper" blockaded ports.

Ships of the enemy are subject to capture anywhere at sea, without reference to the ports from or to which they are going. Neutral ships are subject to capture only when trying to break the blockade.

This for information.—New York World.

The Yellow Fever Bugaboo.

The lessons taught by General Butler in New Orleans in 1862 may be applied in Cuba in 1898. Yellow fever is no match for energy and common sense.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

ON WATCH FOR THE ENEMY.

All Night Long Sandy Hook Searchlight Keeps Close Guard Over the Ocean.

The great searchlight on Sandy Hook, now that war has begun, watches from dark to daylight for the coming of the enemy.

The searchlight is like an eye of the nation, sleepless and ever bright. Until half dawn brightened into daylight the other morning the great eye, turning slowly, swept the ocean, sending a shaft of blinding white light over the waves for miles. While New York slept the eye watched.

No Spanish warship or fleet can steal up under cover of darkness. It is to detect the approach of the enemy that the eye stares ceaselessly out over the Atlantic.—New York Evening Journal.

Anglo-Saxon Against the World.

The Toronto World says that in its war with Spain the United States stands for Anglo-Saxon civilization. "The line of cleavage," it declares, "between the two opposing forces of civilization was apparent the moment the European powers proposed to interfere in the Spanish-American trouble. Great Britain instinctively recoiled from such a proposal, as she knew well that the joint interference of the powers meant the sacrifice of the principle on behalf of which the war has been undertaken by the United States. The chances are that the combatants will be left to themselves, but there is at the same time a possibility that the powers may be forced into the struggle. In that event it will be the Anglo-Saxon against the world."

AN "IGNORANCE CLUB."

A Rochester Society Where Members May Show Their Lack of Knowledge.

Mrs. Jane Marsh Parker has the distinction of being the founder of the only ignorance club in the United States. Instead of starting out with the assumption that the members have an abundance of knowledge upon every known subject the chief plank in its platform is, "We know nothing, but seek knowledge."

The Fortnightly Ignorance club is the title, Rochester is its home, and, starting with half a dozen members meeting in Judge Parker's office, it soon grew to several hundred members, with the chamber of commerce for its headquarters. Mrs. Parker is the secretary and Dr. Sarah R. A. Dolley, one of the first women in this country to study medicine, is the president. Miss Susan B. Anthony is an honorary member.

Each member of the Ignorance club is privileged to display all the ignorance at her command. A paper is read, questions follow, and the subject chosen for the next meeting is one of which the members know little but wish to know much.—New York Sun.

New Mustache Cut From London.

The new London mustache, observable in Piccadilly, is butterfly shaped, the solidly compact arrangement in the center representing the body and the ends the wings. These are brushed out in a fringe, each hair of which is distinct, and this fringe takes an upward direction and rests on the cheek.—New York World.

It Has Cost Too Much Already.

Commercial experts estimate that the present war in Cuba has already cost the United States more than $350,000,000. Yet the Spaniards say we have no right to stop it!—New York Mail and Express.

Live Stock Markets.

New York, April 28.—Beeves firm; cables quote American steers lower at 10@11c., dressed weight; live sheep steady at 9½@10¾c., dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 9@9½c. per lb. Calves firmer at $4@6 for common to choice veals. Sheep and heavy lambs slow; light lambs firm; spring lambs weak; four cars unsold; unshorn sheep, $3.50@4.85; clipped do., $3@4.20; unshorn lambs, $5.75@6.35; clipped do., $4.75@5.35; spring lambs, $2@4.50 each. Hogs weak at $4.20@4.45; western pigs, $4.25.

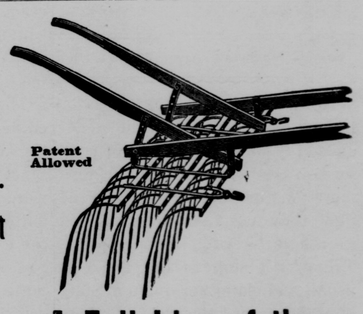
East Liberty, Pa., April 28.—Cattle steady; prime, $5.15@5.20; prime, $5.05@5.10; common, $3.90@4.15. Hogs lower; prime medium, $4.15@4.25; best heavy Yorkers, $4.10@4.15; light Yorkers, $4@4.05; heavy hogs, $4.10@4.20; pigs, $3.80@3.95; roughs, $2.50@3.60. Sheep steady; choice clipped, $4.20@4.25; common, $3.15@3.65; choice clipped lambs, $4.85@5; common to good, $4.25@4.80; spring lambs, $5@5.75.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at Dr. Councell's Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle.

HALLOCK'S Anti-Clog Weeder and Cultivator.

Guaranteed the Best in the World.





A Full Line of the Famous Imperial Plows Harrows, Cultivators, Planet Jr. Tools, Burpee's Garden Seed

NEVIUS & FRAMPTON.

Cor. Washington and Goldsborough Streets.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

Builders : Supplies.

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mantels and full line of Mill Work kept in stock always. Flooring, Siding, Shingles, Framing and Finishing Lumber of all kinds.

WRIGHTSVILLE LAND LIME

TEXAS ALUM LIME FOR BUILDING AND WHITEWASHING PURPOSES. GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING.

ESTIMATES PROMPTLY FURNISHED.

Robt. B. Dixon & Co.

THAT PROGRESSIVE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

The Provident Life Savings Assurance Society,

OF NEW YORK.

Has opened an office in Easton in GAZETTE BUILDING and has appointed as its General Agent for Eastern Shore

PRENTISS INGRAHAM.

Ordinary Life, Limited Payment, 10, 15 and 20 Year Policies,

Pure Assurance, Instalment Assurance, Endowment and Other Safe Policies

can be had to meet all requirements. Call and get information, for all men should insure.

KLNODIKE GOLD FOR EVERYBODY.

You Can Stay at Home and Make a Sure Hit, Or You Can Go to the Fields and Chance It.

When the balance of 5000 shares of stock are sold to residents of Talbot county, several thousand have already been sold, the Company will send to the Alaska fields a representative of said county to be maintained there at Company's expense for one year to work on shares and report progress and current operations direct to said residents. For further particulars address the undersigned.

The season will open about April 1 to operate the same, and we will need some moneys for these purposes, and for this reason we are selling stock still at the ground-floor price, 50 cents per share, par value $1.00. The price will be largely advanced in April. You can invest $5.00 and upward. This is your last chance to get in at low rates—on a sure thing—where, according to reliable expert report, each $1 invested now will, in a reasonable time, return from 25 to 50 fold.

Remember, we are the leading company in all that goes to make up a desirable investment. Further particulars by mail or at office.

THOS. F. HANLON, Special Attorney, Hotel Avon, Easton.

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