THE ELECTIONS.

Roosevelt Carries New York for the Republicans

BY A PLURALITY OF 21,286.

The Keystone State Elects the Entire Republican Ticket.

VOORHEES WINS IN NEW JERSEY

He Will Be Backed by a Legislature That Will Elect a Republican to Succeed James Smith in the National Senate—Delaware, Too, Will Elect a Republican Senator—Democrats Elect Two Congressmen in Maryland—Swallow's Small Vote in the Pennsylvania Contest—Both Sides Claim Victory in Nebraska.

New York, Nov. 9.—Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican nominee, has carried the state by a plurality over Augustus Van Wyck of 21,286 votes. The Republican vote shows a falling off as compared with that for Governor Black, in 1896, of about 14 per cent. In the municipality of New York the old time Democratic majority was approximated. Van Wyck's vote being about 80,000 greater than that of the Republican candidate. This latter result was helped in some measure by the result in the borough of Brooklyn (Kings county), which in 1896 gave Black a plurality of 23,682, but yesterday gave a Democratic plurality of about 16,830. Brooklyn is the home of Judge Van Wyck.

The returns from many counties up the state are incomplete, and in some cases are missing altogether. The indications, being computations upon the figures at hand, point to a Republican plurality in the counties above Harlem of about 100,000, to offset which the Democrats can produce only the 80,000 plurality of greater New York.

The soldier vote will not be counted until Dec. 1, but it is not likely that the ballot from the camps will materially alter the result. There would seem to be the greater probability that the majority for Roosevelt will be increased.

According to the returns, the senate will stand: Republicans, 27; Democrats, 23. This will give the Republicans a majority on joint ballot of 30, enabling them to elect a Republican successor to United States Senator Murphy, Democrat. The assembly is Republican by a plurality of at least 26. The Republicans claim 88 assemblymen against 62 Democratic.



GOVERNOR-ELECT ROOSEVELT.

Every condition was favorable to the polling of a full vote in all parts of the state. In this city there was no fulfillment of predictions of trouble at the polls. The state deputies, authorized by act of the last legislature, were most in evidence in the east side districts where the cheap lodging houses are located. The number of arrests made was below rather than beyond the usual record of a general election, and in many cases the occasion was found to be in the carelessness of registration clerks. Fights at the polls were few and easily quelled. There was no friction between deputies and police, one lending assistance to the other in the preservation of order.

All Colonel Roosevelt's associates on the Republican state ticket are elected with him. The returns both from greater New York and from the counties outside of this municiaplity are incomplete, but enough have been received to indicate a heavy falling off in the vote up the state, while the vote in the city was well sustained. The consequence is a falling off in the Republican plurality in the state from 12,000 to the approximated figures given above. Outside of greater New York the vote for Van Wyck is only about one-fifth of one per cent. above that of Porter in 1896. There appears to be a loss of four Republican congressmen in the Brooklyn district, the Second Fourth, Fifth and Sixth; and Congressman Quigg, who had a majority of about 9,000 at the election last year, has been defeated by William Astor Chanlor. In the Albany district, the Twentieth, Glynn, Dem., has been elected to succeed Southwick, Rep.

THE RESULT IN MARYLAND.

Democrats Succeed in Electing Two of the Congressmen.

Baltimore, Nov. 9.—Full and semi-official returns from the city of Baltimore and partial returns from the balance of the state make it reasonably certain that Maryland has returned four Republican and two Democratic congressmen, after an extraordinarily close but entirely listless election. This is a Democratic gain of two. The successful are: John Walter Smith, Dem., First district, by a majority of about 900; William B. Baker, Rep., Second district, by from 200 to 400; Frank C. Wachter, Rep., Third district, by 5? majority; James W. Denny, Dem. Fourth district, by about 600; Sydney E. Mudd, Rep., Fifth district, by about 600; George A. Pearre, Rep., Sixth district, by about 3,000. The Democrats succeeded in obtaining a majority of the popular vote in Baltimore city for the first time in six years, and there is but little doubt that they would have sent five congressmen to the next national legislature if an active and aggressive compaign had been made. The entire delegation, with the exception of Messrs. Mudd and Baker, are new timber, and all are looked upon as favoring a gold standard of currency.

DELAWARE REPUBLICAN.

A Successor to Senator Gray to Be Chosen, Who Will Certainly be a Republican.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 9.—Detailed returns from Kent and Sussex counties were not received until late this morning, but they were sufficient to show that the next legislature of this state is Republican on joint ballot. This effectually precludes the possibility of Senator George Gray being his own successor.

While some districts are so close that they may possibly change present estimates, one Democratic representative being elected by a plurality of only 2, and several by pluralities of less than 15, there is not a possibility of affecting the Republican majority on joint ballot.

The control of the state senate by the Democrats will prevent any partisan legislation by the Republican majority, even without respect to the veto power of Governor Tunnell, who is a Democrat.

According to complete returns from the state, with the exception of a few districts, the next legislature will stand as follows:

Senate.	Rep.	Dem.
New Castle county	4	3
Kent county	2	2
Sussex county	2	3
Totals	8	8

House.	Rep.	Dem.
New Castle county	9	6
Kent county	6	4
Sussex county	6	4
Totals	21	14

Joint ballot, 29 to 23.

Congressman Handy was defeated by John H. Hoffecker by a majority that will not be less than 2,000. By the same margin the Republicans elect Dr. L. Heisler Ball, state treasurer, and John A. Lingo, state auditor. They also elect their county tickets in each of the three counties. It was, in fact, a clean Republican sweep.

A Prohibitionist in Illinois.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Returns from every county in the state indicate the election of Whittemore, Republican, for state treasurer by a plurality of nearly 30,000. The majority for other Republican candiates will probably exceed that for Whittemore. Enough legislative returns have been received to show that the lower house will be Democratic by about six votes and the senate Republican by about 11 votes. In Cook county, aside from congressmen, the entire Republican ticket, with possibly one or two exceptions, was elected by pluralities ranging from 5,000 to 6,000. The county was carried for McKinley by nearly 70,000. In Winnebago county Frank S. Regan, Prohibitionist, was elected to the legislature, the first time in the history of the state that a Prohibitionist legislative candidate has won. The congressional delegation stands 11 Republicans and 11 Democrats.

Texas' Democratic Majority 200,000.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 9.—The foregone certainty of the election of the Democratic state ticket deprived yesterday's election of exciting interest. Outside of the Tenth and Twelfth congressional districts and in a few counties where the Populists were in control there was nothing to draw out a big vote. Probably 400,000 votes were polled, and of these Major Sayres, the Democratic nominee for governor, has a majority estimated by Chairman Bell, of the Democratic state committee, of at least 200,000. Every district returned a Democratic congressman with the exception of the Tenth, and an official count will be necessary to decide this district.

The Vote of New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 9.—Senator Jacob H. Gallinger, chairman of the Republican state committee, issued this statement at midnight: "The indications show the election of Rollins for governor by from 8,000 to 10,000 majority, and that the Republicans will have from 18 to 20 of the 24 state senators, and nearly the same majority in the house as two years ago. Both Republican congressmen are elected."

Kansas Safely Republican.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 10.—The latest returns indicate that the plurality of Stanley, Rep., for governor, will probably reach 13,000. Taylor Riddle, the Populist state chairman, practically concedes the defeat of Vincent for congress in the Fifth, and of Jerry Simpson in the Seventh. If the claims of Republicans shall prove correct Edwin Ridgely, of the Third district, will be the only Populist congressman from Kansas.

A Light Vote in Rhode Island.

Providence, Nov. 9.—The voting was light throughout the state, as the election of both Republican candidates for congress was a foregone conclusion. The revised constitution has probably been rejected. The country districts voted heavily against it, and unless the vote in the cities proves larger than expected it will not be approved.

The Vote in Utah.

Salt Lake, Nov. 9.—Tickets are badly scratched, and returns are slow. At 1 o'clock this morning returns from 24 precincts in city and state give Roberts, Dem., for congress 923; Eldredge, Rep., 767; Zane, Rep., for judge, 788; Baskin, Dem., 878. No reliable information on legislative tickets.

Not a Vote Against Joe Wheeler.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 9.—A solid Democratic congressional delegation was elected from Alabama. General Joe Wheeler was unanimously re-elected in the Eighth, not a vote being cast against him.

Democrats' Clean Sweep in Louisiana

New Orleans, Nov. 9.—The Democrats in Louisiana made a clean sweep yesterday, electing six congressmen, three railroad commissioners and three judges in the parish of Orleans.

NEW JERSEY'S ELECTION

Voorhees Wins for Governor by 5,000 Plurality—The Legislature Also Republican.

Trenton, Nov. 10.—The New Jersey legislature will stand exactly as it did last year. In Tuesday's election the Republicans lost the assemblyman from Salem, but gained one in Passaic county, where a year ago one of the four Democrats was elected. This year Passaic returned four Republicans. The house will stand 37 Republicans and 23 Democrats. This was as it stood in the present year. The senate will again stand 14 Republicans and 7 Democrats. Thus on joint ballot the Republicans will have 51 votes, against a total Democratic vote of 30. This insures the election of a Republican to succeed James Smith, Democrat, in the national senate. Ex-Congressman Kean is conceded to be the choice of the Republicans.

Seven of the senators elected Tuesday will hold office until 1901, and have a vote for the successor of United States Senator William J. Sewell. Of the seven six are Republicans. The Democrat is Allan McDermott, of Hudson. The election of the six Republican senators on Tuesday makes it almost impossible that the Republicans should lose control of that body for at least two years, and makes it reasonably sure that the Republicans will have a majority in the senate for the next four years, unless in the elections next November strong Republican counties should fail. Thus Governor-elect Voorhees is reasonably sure of having the senate Republican throughout his term.

Regarding the plurality of Governor-elect Voorhees there is considerable difference of opinion, some Republicans claiming that it will reach 12,000, while Mr. Voorhees himself believes that it will count up 10,000 at least. A conservative estimate, however, would indicate that it will be little over 5,000.

Soldier Vote at Camp Meade.

Middletown, Pa., Nov. 9.—The soldier vote at Camp Meade was: Fourth regiment: Stone, 226; Jenks, 124; Swallow, 10. Fifth regiment: Stone, 151; Jenks, 147; Swallow, 55. Fourteenth regiment: Stone, 226; Jenks, 124; Swallow, 10. Fifteenth regiment: Stone, 151; Jenks, 157; Swallow, 55. Eighth regiment: Stone, 350; Jenks, 190; Swallow, 100; Gobin, 375; Sowden, 225. Thirteenth regiment: Stone, 209; Jenks, 103; Swallow, 138; Gobin, 341; Sowden, 71. Company I, Fourth Pennsylvania regiment, voted at its armory in Harrisburg, with the following result: Stone, 20; Jenks, 18; Swallow, 3.

Colorado Fusionists Victorious.

Denver, Nov. 9.—The entire fusion state ticket, headed by Charles S. Thomas, Democrat, for governor, is elected by a majority approximating about 50,000. This is by far the largest majority ever given a candidate for governor in Colorado, but is less than half of Bryan's majority for president. The Republicans won in only one county in the eastern part of the state. Of 17 holdover senators it appears the Republicans have secured two, and in three districts the result is doubtful. The fusionists have an overwhelming majority in the legislature.

Missouri's Democratic by 30,000.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—Returns from all over Missouri are coming in very slowly, and though far from complete everything received points to the election of the entire Democratic state ticket by at least 30,000 majority and the selection of a majority of members of the legislature, insuring the re-election of United States Senator Cockrell. Three Republican congressmen in St. Louis have been re-elected, and it is probable that all the 12 congressional districts outside the city will be represented by Democrats.

Two West Virginia Republicans.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 10.—The Republicans have elected two congressmen in West Virginia sure, Dovener in the First and Freer in the Fourth district. Both parties claim the Second and Third. Chairman Dawson, of the Republican state committee, claims a legislative majority on joint ballot of 13, insuring the election of a Republican United States senator as successor to Faulkner, Democrat. Chairman Ohley, of the Democratic committee, claims the legislature on joint ballot.

The Defeat of Charles A. Towne.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 10.—One of the hardest fights of the campaign was in the Sixth congressional district, where Congressman Page Morris, Rep., was pitted for a second time against his predecessor, Charles A. Towne, Silver Republican, secretary of the national Silver Republican party, and it seems to have resulted in the defeat of Mr. Towne. Returns from all parts of the district give Morris a plurality of over 1,100, with the Towne strongholds yet to come.

Close Claims in South Dakota.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 10.—Chairman Kidd, of the Populist state committee, claims the election of Lee, fusion, for governor by 1,200. Chairman Herreid, of the Republican committee, says that Phillips, Republican, is elected by at least 1,800. Turke and Gamble, Republicans, are surely elected to congress. The Republican state ticket, except governor, is elected. Both sides persistently claim the governorship.

North Dakota's Republican Majority.

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 10.—Today's figures from the largest counties, although far from complete, make Republican majority certain on almost the entire state ticket from 4,200 to 4,800. It is estimated that the Republicans have a majority in the legislature on joint ballot of 30. Spalding, Republican nominee for congress, leads the ticket by 500 to 800.

Wyoming Goes Republican.

Cheyenne, Nov. 9.—Wyoming has gone Republican on the state and congressional tickets in majorities ranging from 1,000 to 18,000 votes. The legislature is also undoubtedly Republican, and will elect a Republican senator to succeed C. D. Clark.

Quiet Election in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Nov. 9.—The congressional election in Arkansas was the quietest held in many years, only 300 votes being polled, and that is about the ratio throughout the state. All of the old congressmen were re-elected.

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICAN.

Majorities For the State Candidates Will Average Fully 15,000.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 9.—The result of the election in this state yesterday was a general victory for the Republican ticket. Complete returns from 165 towns of the 168 in the state give Lounsbury, Rep., 75,057; Morgan, Dem., 58,406. The same towns in 1896 gave Cooke, Rep., 100,999; Sargent, Dem., 51,296. The majorities average fully 15,000.

The Republican candidates appear to have suffered most from the general decrease in the vote, but no particular disaffection can be said to be shown by the general result. The only real contest was in the Second district where Congressman N. D. Sperry, the Republican nominee, and James H. Webb, Dem., were the opposing candidates. Sperry's majority was 3,325. The returns indicate that the Republicans will have a majority of at least 50 in the general assembly.

Woman Suffrage and Single Tax Lose.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 10.—Returns from the state of Washington are yet incomplete, but enough are at hand to make it certain that the Republicans have overcome the fusion majority of 12,000 two years ago, elected both congressmen and two supreme court justices by a majority of at least 3,000. The legislature, which will elect a United States senator, will be Republican on joint ballot by at least 40 out of a membership of 112. The two amendments to the state constitution—woman suffrage and local option in municipal taxation—are overwhelmingly defeated. The Republicans attribute their victory largely to the latter amendment, which they made a direct issue, claiming that it was "single tax."

California's Republican Landslide.

San Francisco, Nov. 10.—Less than half the vote of California has been counted, but returns thus far counted show that Gage, Republican, for governor, will have 20,000 in excess of Maguire. It is reasonably sure, also, that the Republicans have carried the rest of the state ticket, with the exception perhaps of secretary of state and two judges of the supreme court. The vote on these are close, with the chances in favor of the Democratic candidate. It is certain that the Republicans have elected six congressmen, with one in doubt. The Democrats have one sure. The legislature will be Republican.

The Nebraska Election Very Close.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 10.—Returns by counties last night make the state ticket in doubt and so close that the official count may be required. The legislature is probably Republican on joint ballot. Secretary Thompson, of the fusion committee, conceded the election of Republican congressmen in the First and Second districts, but claimed the other four, admitting the Fourth and Fifth close. The Republicans concede the election of Greene, fusion, in the Sixth district and the probable election of Robinson, fusion, in the Third. The Fourth is so close as to require the official count.

Iowa's Republican Majority.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 9.—It is estimated that the Republican plurality on the state ticket will be about 45,000. Chairman Hancock, of the Republican state congressional committee, is confident the count will show 60,000. Returns do not show a single Democratic congressman elected, but Chairman Townsend, of the Democratic committee, refuses to recede from the following statement made very early this morning: "We confidently claim the election of General Weaver in the Sixth district and believe that full returns will show the election of other Democratic congressmen from Iowa."

The Vote of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 10.—The total vote for governor in Tuesday's election was: Wolcott, Rep., 190,246; Bruce, Dem., 106,898; Republican plurality, 83,348. The senate of 1899 will stand: Republicans 33; Democrats, 7. The house will stand: Republicans, 165; Democrats, 67; independents, 2; Social Democrats, 2; Prohibitionists, 1; non-partisan, 1. There are two ties to be decided either by a recount or another election. The Democrats made a substantial gain in the house.

North Carolina's Congressmen.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 10.—It looked today like the Democrats have made a clean sweep of congressmen. They have certainly carried the First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Ninth. Fountain (Populist, indorsed by Democrats,) has 1,300 majority in the Second, with two counties to hear from. His election is conceded by some Republicans. In the Eighth district Linney, Rep., is probably elected by a small majority.

Wisconsin Republicans' Big Claim.

Milwaukee, Nov. 9.—Election returns though far from being complete, indicate that Governor Edward Scofield Republican, is sure of election by at least 20,000 plurality. Republicans elect congressmen in every district except the Second, which is still in doubt. The legislature is overwhelmingly Republican, the senate consisting of 31 Republicans and 2 Democrats, and the assembly 77 Republicans and 23 Democrats, a Republican majority on joint ballot of 83.

Indiana's Republican Plurality.

Indianapolis, Nov. 10.—The Republicans have carried Indiana by a majority of between 15,000 and 20,000. Chairman Martin, of the Democratic state committee, concedes a Republican plurality of 14,500. A Republican will succeed Turpie in the United States senate.

Fusionist Lind Wins Alone.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 10.—John Lind, Silver Republican, with Democratic and Populist endorsement, will have not less than 10,000 plurality in the state over Eustis, Republican, but Lind is the only fusion candidate to win. All seven Republican congressmen have been elected.

Pingree's Great Plurality.

Detroit, Nov. 10.—According to more complete returns Governor Pingree's plurality will reach about 70,000. The Republicans have elected a solid representation of 12 congressmen.

Fusion Wins in Idaho.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 10.—The fusion ticket is all elected by pluralities ranging from 5,000 to 8,000. The legislature will be controlled by the fusionists.

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