THE BIBLE SPEAKS

International Uniform Sunday School Lessons

BY DR. KENNETH J. FOREMAN

SCRIPTURE: Luke 18:18-30; 19:1-10. DEVOTIONAL READING: Mark 10: 23-31.

Two Rich Men

Lesson for February 10, 1952

EVERYBODY knows that Jesus took an interest in the poor. But there is another side of the picture: Jesus took just as keen an interest in the rich. Some of his most famous and penetrating sayings were spoken in conversations with wealthy men. The truth is, Jesus was interested in people, as people. Whether they were rich or poor was, for him, a side issue. And still he knew that a man with money has both temptations to evil and opportunities for good that the poor man never has.

Dr. Foreman

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Two Rich Men

JESUS met two men of means who were quite different from each other.

One, who remains nameless, had much to recommend him. He was rich, but perhaps that was the last thing people thought about when they saw him. He was young and vigorous; when he came to Jesus for an interview he did not walk, he ran. He was a man of executive ability, for the story calls him a "ruler." He was good, at least he claimed to have kept all the Ten Commandments, and Jesus did not contradict him.

Furthermore, he was eager in the right direction. His principal ambition was not to have more money but to have eter- [illegible] On top of all this, You [illegible] could

[illegible] rich man [illegible] an, who comes out in the end with a higher rating than the "good" rich man.

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Money the Master

THE last thing we see of the good rich man is his turning his back on Goodness. He had a chance to follow Christ—the same chance that Peter and Matthew had, the same command. Follow Me!

What great service Christ had in mind for him we shall never know. All we know is that he made the great refusal. Perhaps he thought better of it and came back later on; but it is not likely. The last we see of him is his back, as he "went away sorrowful."

Jesus never said of him what he said of Zacchaeus. Salvation never came to his house. He never inherited the eternal life he wanted. When it came right down to a choice: money, or eternal life, he chose money. He was willing to be a Christian, but not a sacrificing Christian. He only wanted to be an inheriting Christian. He thought of himself (no doubt) as master of his money; instead, money was his master. His money talked so loud he could not hear well what Jesus said. His money talked so fast that it made what Jesus demanded sound like nonsense.

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Money the Servant

JESUS did not ask all his followers to get rid of every penny they possessed. Zacchaeus, for instance, did not renounce all he had. What he did was to give back all that did not belong to him, and give away a good deal that did. Jesus did not ask this man to do more.

A doctor does not always prescribe the same operation for every one. For some men, an appendix is a source of danger and must be removed at once, for others, an appendix may safely and most wisely be left where it is.

Jesus could see that the younger man was at the point where money was about to be his master; so indeed it was for the older man. But the first could not shake off the tyranny of his wealth, his own wealth; the other man could.

For the servant of Christ, money is not in itself a sin. It is a root of sin when its voice is louder than the voice of the Master. It is the means of sin when it stops the ears to a cry of need. No one can call himself a Christian when he refuses his money in the service of Christ.

WOMAN'S WORLD

Give Fresh Color to Faded Clothes Easily, Speedily

By Ertta Haley

FRONTIER wives had to have a smattering of chemistry and botany as well as time and energy to spend long hours over steaming kettles with muscle straining periods of dipping, and wringing when they wanted to dye fabrics.

Today's homemaker needs only to select appropriate colors, then easily and speedily finish the work of dyeing, be it clothing or drapes, spreads, rugs or blankets.

Once the nature of the material was a problem in dyeing, but there are now dyes available for all types of fabrics, with the exception of those made from glass or metal. Synthetic as well as natural materials can be dyed quickly and without worry over results if the simplest directions are followed.

Color is lovely, and it can make your life brighter if used with discretion. Why not check over wardrobe items some day soon, and at the same time take a look at some of the fabric furnishings in the home? Are they faded? Have you added something to the clothing or furnishings line which now makes the old color less attractive?

These are some of the reasons for dyeing, but economy is also an important factor. Some material which has been rendered useless can be put to good use if dyed.

Select the dye designed for the type of fabric to be dyed. If you are in doubt as to what the material contains, or if it is a mixture, play safe by using the all-purpose type.

Small articles can be dyed in something as simple as a wash basin or an enameled vessel, while larger articles can be placed in tub or washing machine.

[illegible] are simply fad[illegible] and you want to [illegible] the same color, or restore the color to something like it was when new, simply use the shade closest to the one you already have in the material.

If material is not unevenly faded or spotted, the color in a material can be dyed a deeper shade.

Can the dark colors be removed? It's not advisable to try to remove the color from a navy blue dress or coat, for example, and try to make it a pastel. Color can be removed and a lighter shade used successfully, but to have a pastel requires that the original material be almost white, or streaking may result.

Dark [illegible] no longer [illegible] black, and [illegible]

[illegible] mixe[illegible]

by dyeing with lovely colors.

The prints on printed materials cannot be removed by color remover, but a dye-solution slightly darker than that used on the print will produce attractive and novel effects.

Decide whether you're going to tint or dye your garments. True dyeing produces a fast color, and is recommended for dark or deep colors. Tinting takes less time and is suggested for light colors where the desired color range is temporary; this will usually survive several launderings, but with each laundering the color may lighten.

Prepare Materials For Dyeing

If you've picked out a dress from the closet and have decided to dye it, make certain it's clean and well rinsed before doing the actual dyeing. This is especially true of either clothing or furnishings which have not been used for some time, as dirt or soap left in clothes may cause uneven dyeing.

All buttons, buckles and trimmings should be removed before dyeing, as you don't know how they're going to behave in the hot water used for a dye-bath. Hems, pleats and linings should also be removed so that the dye can penetrate the material more thoroughly and evenly.

Any materials which are unevenly faded or spotted should have their color removed thoroughly before dyeing is attempted. This is an extra step but it's very simple with a color remover.

Select agate ware, enameled pans or stainless steel ware for the dye-bath, as other metals may have a dulling effect on the color which you're using. The vessel used should be large enough to enable you to move the article to be dyed without crowding. This freedom of movement insures even color, too.

Arm yourself with a wooden spoon or stick so that you can stir the material around easily. This avoids hot water on the hands, and also stain which may be a little difficult to remove.

Dissolve Dye In Hot Water

Boiling water is not essential for dyeing at any time with current dyes available, but very hot water is desirable to give the deep colors desired.

It's best to use hot tap water in a quart jar for dissolving the dye thoroughly. In this way you can prevent much streaking. In the meantime, warm the vessel which you're going to use for the dye-bath, with more hot water.

The next step is to fill the vessel with cold water enough to cover the garment to be dyed as completely as possible. Pour the dye solution from the quart jar into the water in the large vessel. Now place the garment in the bath, unfolded, and the article will, of course, have been wet since it is washed and rinsed just before the dyeing.

Use Washing Machine For Balky Articles

Whenever you dye such items as spreads, drapes, slipcovers or blankets, it's a good idea to put the washing machine to use to avoid handling bulky pieces by hand.

The amount of dye is usually determined by the weight of the article.

Softness in Tweed

Tweed can look crisp, but it can also look soft as seen in this new fashion for the season. Gray and black bird's-eye weave fashioned by Jane Derby makes a slim skirt with a soft neckline jacket. White silk is used for the jacket lining and a slender belt of black patent harmonizes with fairly large buttons used for the closing.

Your Favorite Style Season After Season

YOUR favorite style season after season—carefully tailored shirtwaist dress that buttons down the front, has yoke and sleeves in one. Try a pretty, bold striped fabric.

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Pattern No. 8778 is a sew-rite perforated pattern in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20; 40, 42, 44, 46. Size 16, 4 yards of 35-inch.

SEWING CIRCLE PATTERN DEPT.
367 West Adams St., Chicago 6, Ill.
Enclose 30c in coin for each pattern. Add 5c for 1st Class Mail if desired.
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Name (Pl[illegible]
Street Address or [illegible]
City

KATHLEEN NORRIS

Unwilling Bachelor Girl Asks:

"I AM a successful business woman who wants to get married," writes Katherine Rich, of Portland, Oregon. "I'm 33, goodlooking in a lifeless sort of way, and independent. My mother, at 54, married again last year; I live with a co[illegible] her four littl[illegible] sister [illegible]

How have I missed the 'bus'? At what point along the road have [illegible] put myself into the category of [illegible] superfluous smart business wome[illegible] Help me. In 10 years I will have [illegible] reached an age when this sort o[illegible] [illegible] is often out of reach. I'[illegible]

[illegible] never went ou[illegible] other time, and I never had gardenias except on Fridays.

Angry Experience

Finally, I was the one who suggested marriage. I said that we might as well be married as dine together five times a week, and feel obliged to account to each other for any nights we missed. And to my lasting humiliation he was

". . . grab me in his arms . . ."

shocked beyond words. No, that would spoil everything, he said, he had been married years before, as I knew. He said he wouldn't ever marry again; simple comfortable friendship for him. Well, I was raging, and what I really raged at, I suppose, was that I wasn't in love with him in the least, and had felt that my suggestion was extremely generous. This experience influenced me in breaking up my apartment and joining the family.

"My cousin has been married twice, once widowed, once divorced. My other cousin is divorced, and has a heavy beau. Even Tam, the oldest girl, has serious beaus at 15. They don't know, I don't let them know, that I'd almost rather have an unsuccessful marriage than be the way I am!

"You don't know how I long for a man. Doesn't that sound ridiculous, doesn't that sound like the frilled and feminine ladies of 100 years ago? But it's true. I want a man's companionship, I want to sit opposite him at breakfast, in my prettiest house dress, with sunshine coming in on the silver coffeepot. I want him to love me, grab me in his arms when he comes in at night, tell me his troubles, plan holidays with me. I want to hear him say 'my wife,' when he introduces me to his friends. I want some day to tell my family that there's going to be a baby.

Missed the Bus

"The years are rushing by me. [illegible] heard [illegible] baby, girls who have made [illegible] failures before, who have sho[illegible] affection for their families—[illegible] it that they have that Kate [illegible]

ONCE OVER

True Metal of Love is Proved

By H. I. Phillips

SERGEANT R. E. REESE, an American prisoner of the Chinese, in a letter to his mother asked for a photo of his auto. "I kind of want a picture of that old car, if you still have it around," he wrote. He will get it. And if the car could write a letter to accompany the picture, it would say:

Dear Pal:

Well, it sure was great to hear from you and to know you feel that way about me. My picture . . . gee! . . . what a kick I got! I ain't had any thrill like it since I came off the assembly line. It's the first time I was asked for my photo and I guess it has happened to few jalopies in history. I feel pretty distinctive and almost like I had also been asked for my autograph.

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I hope you like this photo of me which your mom took right away. She scared hell out of me on account of it was a new experience and at first I figured she was carrying on some correspondence with a second-hand car dealer. Well, I am no beauty. I have been around a lot and taken quite a beating. All my wrinkles show up and while your folks did a lot of polishing on me the nicks, scratches and patches still show. I have not grown fat. It is just that the new cars are more streamlined, I guess.

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My morale shot away up at the news you really cared so much, and that away over in a Chinese prison camp you wanted my picture. Like the girls always say, "This is so sudden." You used to drive sometimes like you wasn't too fond of me. There were moments when you handled me in a way to make me think that if anybody wanted a photo of me it would be the police department or the junkyard man. But you should see what your request has done to me. I am like a new car. My radiator ornament which looked pretty sour has perked up and the windshield wiper which was extra sluggish is like a new man. My battery fizzes like wine, my headlights blaze, there is a sweeter note in my horn and even my clock has started keeping correct time, which is something that happens to very few auto clocks.

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My body squeaks are fewer and I have snapped out of a thousand ratties. You should see how your request for my photo has affected the tires. (They are retreads but they look like new and one of 'em has managed to develop a white wall.) A rear bumper had come loose and was hanging on the starboard side, but it got tight and, so help me, not a human hand touched it. Even the door handles work and my cigar lighter gets hot, although it has not worked in years.

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SUCCESS RECIPE

Work, be prompt,
Alert, alive . . .
And skip martinis
Three, four, five!

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A new chain restaurant to be opened in the heart of New York boasts of its country cooking and proclaims that it will "spray the surrounding streets with the perfumes of the farm kitchen." This will be most confusing to New Yorkers accustomed to locating their lunchrooms solely by the odor of catsup.

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"WILL SWOP my motorcycle run 672 miles for a chain saw or small tractor. 7622 N.H."—Yankee Magazine. Clean the sparkplugs and maybe things will look better on the open road.

Non-Voters Give Untrue Reasons

Lack of Knowledge Of Issues Is Cause

NEW HAVEN, Conn—A Yale University psychologist said recently that habitual non-voters "rationalize" their failure to go to the polls.

"The same people failed to vote in one election after another," said Harold H. Kelley, assistant professor of psychology. "Therefore, it seems unlikely that the excuses people give for not voting are actually true."

Included in the reasons eligible voters give for not voting, Mr. Kelley said, are "inconvenience," and lack of interest in the issues involved.

"I doubt that the same people, year after year, find it inconvenient to reach the polls," Mr. Kelley said. "It is often thought that non-voters also feel there is little choice between candidates but evidence indicates rather a lack of knowledge of the issues involved.

"The non-voter is probably preoccupied with his own life and with the problem of making a living. Consequently, he or she feels little interest in the election and little concern over its outcome," the psychologist stated.

Mr. Kelley, in discussing the psychology of voting, said that a voter is faced with two pressing questions at the start of any election: one, whether or not to vote at all, and two, if he decides to vote, which candidate to support.

The question of whether to vote or not is important, Mr. Kelley pointed out, when considering that in recent presidential elections, 40 per cent of the eligible voters failed to vote. He said that a typical member of this percentage is a woman, under 40, living in a rural area, and of a lower income bracket having less education than a typical voter.

"The main factor in non-voting," Mr. Kelley emphasized, "is really lack of interest. Also, some people feel that their individual vote is unimportant."

A Pro[illegible]

You [illegible] have CO[illegible]
...DUE TO CO[illegible]

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