1942

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND DIRECTING THE PUBLICATION OF BILLS PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE.

WHEREAS, at the January session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1941, the following Acts were passed, providing for the submission of amendments to the Constitution of the State to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection, namely:

CHAPTER 337

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Amendments to the Constitution", relating to the advertisement or publication of amendments to the Constitution, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Amendments to the Constitution", the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

1. The General Assembly may propose Amendments to this Constitution; provided that each Amendment shall be embraced in a separate Bill, embodying the Article or Section, as the same will stand when amended and passed by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses, by yeas and nays, to be entered on the Journals with the proposed Amendment. The Bill or Bills proposing amendment or amendments shall be published by order of the Governor, in at least two newspapers, in each County, where so many may be published, and where not more than one may be published, then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, once a week for three weeks immediately preceding the next ensuing general election, at which the proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted, in a form to be prescribed by the General Assembly, to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection, Provided, however, the General Assembly may provide for publishing any proposed amendment or amendments in pamphlet form, and for making said pamphlets available to the registered voters of the State in addition to publication in the newspapers. The votes cast for and against said proposed amendment or amendments, severally, shall be returned to the Governor, in the manner prescribed in other cases, and if it shall appear to the Governor that a majority of the votes cast at said election on said amendment or amendments, severally, were cast in favor thereof, the Governor shall, by his proclamation, declare the said amendment or amendments having received said majority of votes, to have been adopted by the people of Maryland as part of the Constitution thereof, and thenceforth said amendment or amendments shall be part of the said Constitution. When two or more amendments shall be submitted in manner aforesaid, to the voters of this State at the same election, they shall be so submitted as that each amendment shall be voted on separately.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That said aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the next general election for members of the General Assembly of Maryland in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment", and "Against the Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against the said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.
Approved: April 23, 1941.

CHAPTER 494

AN ACT to amend Section 21 of Article 4, title "Judiciary Department", subtitle "Part III—Circuit Courts", of the Constitution of this State, providing for the residential qualification and method of selection of Associate Judges in the Third Judicial Circuit and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That (three-fifths of all members elected to each of the two houses concurring) the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 21 of Article 4, of the Constitution of Maryland, title "Judiciary Department", sub-title "Part III—Circuit Courts", the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided to become Section 21 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

21. For each of the said circuits, excepting the eighth, the second, the third, the sixth and the seventh there shall be a chief judge and two associate judges, to be styled judges of the Circuit Court, to be selected or appointed as herein provided, and for the second circuit, the third circuit, the sixth circuit, and the seventh circuit, there shall be a chief judge and three associate judges to be styled judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected or appointed as herein provided. And no two of said associate judges, for any of the said circuits, except the third, sixth and seventh circuits shall, at the time of their election or appointment or during the terms for which they may have been elected or appointed, reside in the same county. If two or more persons shall be candidates for associate judge in the same county in any of the circuits, except the third, sixth and seventh circuits, that one only in said county shall be declared elected who has the highest number of votes in the circuit. In case any two candidates for associate judge in any of the circuits, except the third, sixth and seventh circuits, residing in the same county shall have an equal number of votes greater than any other candidates for associate judge in the circuit, it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for one associate judge; but the person residing in any other county of the circuit and who has the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. The said judges shall hold not less than two terms of the Circuit Court in each of the counties composing their respective circuits, at such times as are now or may hereafter be prescribed to which jurors shall be summoned; and in those counties where only two such terms are held, two other and intermediate terms, to which jurors shall not be summoned; they may alter or fix the times for holding any or all terms, until otherwise prescribed, and shall adopt rules to the end that all business not requiring the interposition of the jury shall be, as far as practicable, disposed of at such intermediate terms. One judge in each of the above circuits, including the second, the third, sixth and seventh circuits, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, and the said judges or any of them may hold special terms of their courts, whenever in their discretion the business of the several counties renders such terms necessary.

In the Third Circuit, two of said Associate Judges shall at all times be bona fide residents of Baltimore County and one of said Associate Judges or the Chief Judge be a bona fide resident of Harford County, and said Judges shall have been such residents six months prior to their appointment or election.

The additional associate judge for the second circuit herein provided for shall be a resident of Cecil County, shall be appointed by the Governor after the expiration of six (6) months after the adoption of this amendment and shall serve until the first general election for members of the General Assembly that shall be held in said circuit subsequent to the adoption of this amendment, at which election his successor shall be elected by the qualified voters of Caroline, Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's and Talbot Counties, constituting the second circuit. The judge so appointed shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the second circuit, and the judge so elected shall be subject to the same constitutional provision, hold his office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the second circuit.

The additional judge for the sixth circuit herein provided for and elected by the qualified voters of Frederick and Montgomery Counties at the 1938 election in accordance with the terms of the Constitutional Amendment heretofore submitted and adopted shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the sixth circuit and his successor shall be appointed and/or elected in accordance with the constitutional provisions relating to judges. The Chief Judge may be elected from either Frederick or Montgomery Counties, but when the Chief Judge is elected from Frederick County one of the associate judges shall be a resident of said county and the two remaining associate judges shall be residents of Montgomery County and when the Chief Judge is elected from Montgomery County one of the associate judges shall be a resident of said Montgomery County and the remaining two associate judges residents of Frederick County. In case any candidate or candidates for associate judge at any judicial election held in the third and sixth judicial circuits shall receive sufficient votes to cause such candidate or candidates to be declared elected, but the election of such candidate or candidates would cause more associate judges than herein permitted to reside in any county of said circuits, then and in that event only that candidate or those candidates, as the case may be, residing in said county in the order of the votes received shall be declared elected whose election would provide the permitted number of associate judges from said county and the candidate or candidates as the case may be, residing in the other county, and not similarly disqualified, who shall have the next highest number of votes in said election shall be declared elected. If by reason of such a condition or by reason of an equal vote for two or more candidates a sufficient number of associate judges duly qualified as to residence as above set out should not be elected at any election in said third and sixth judicial circuits, then it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for such unfilled office or offices.

The additional associate judge for the seventh circuit herein provided for shall be appointed by the Governor immediately after the adoption of this amendment and shall serve until the first general election for members of the General Assembly that shall be held in said circuit subsequent to the adoption of this amendment, at which election his successor shall be elected by the qualified voters of Prince George's, Charles, Calvert and St. Mary's Counties. No member of the General Assembly of 1939, otherwise qualified, shall be ineligible for appointment or election as such associate judge by reason of his membership in the General Assembly. The judge so appointed shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the seventh circuit, and the judge so elected and his successors shall, subject to the same constitutional provisions, hold office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the seventh circuit. No two of the associate judges for the seventh circuit shall at the time of their election or appointment or during the term for which they may have been elected or appointed reside in the same county, except in Prince George's County, in which county two of said associate judges for the said circuit shall reside at the time of their appointment or election and during the term for which they may have been appointed or elected unless the chief judge of said circuit shall already reside in said county, in which event only one of said associate judges shall reside in Prince George's County and Prince George's County shall at all time have two resident Judges and no more, such Judges to be either the Chief Judge of the Seventh Circuit and one associate Judge or two associate Judges of said Circuit. In case any candidate or candidates for associate judge at any judicial election held in the seventh judicial circuit shall receive sufficient votes to cause such candidate or candidates to be elected, but the election of such candidate or candidates would cause more associate judges than herein permitted to reside in any county of said circuit, then and in that event only that candidate or those candidates, as the case may be, residing in said county in the order of the votes received shall be declared elected whose election would provide the permitted number of associate judges from said county and the candidate or candidates, as the case may be, residing in some other county, and not similarly disqualified, who shall have the next highest number of votes in said election shall be declared elected. If, by reason of such a condition or by reason of an equal vote for two or more candidates a sufficient number of associate judges duly qualified as to residence as above set out should not be elected at any election in said seventh judicial circuit, then it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for such unfilled office or offices.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State in the year 1942, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election, the vote on the said proposed amendment shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment" as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election, due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by said Article 14 of the Constitution.
Approved: April 23, 1941.

CHAPTER 509

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 45 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", relating to the salary of Clerks of Courts and Registrars of Wills, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the Two Houses concurring), That the following amendment be and it is hereby proposed to Section 45 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 45 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland:

45. The General Assembly shall provide a simple and uniform system of charges in the offices of Clerks of Courts and Registrars of Wills, in the Counties of this State and the City of Baltimore, and for the collection thereof; provided, the amount of compensation to any of the said officers in the various Counties and in the City of Baltimore shall be such as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing Section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, shall, at the election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, upon each ballot there shall be printed the words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article 14.
Approved: April 28, 1941.

CHAPTER 607

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland title "Legislative Department" by adding a new section to be known as Section 40B, providing for the taking of property by the State Roads Commission under certain circumstances; and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses concurring), That the following new Section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Article III, title "Legislative Department" of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, the same to be inserted after Section 40A and to be numbered 40B, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, said section shall become a part of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

40B. The General Assembly shall enact no law authorizing private property to be taken for public use without just compensation, to be agreed upon between the parties or awarded by a jury, being first paid or tendered to the party entitled to such compensation, except that where such property in the judgment of the State Roads Commission is needed by the State for highway purposes, the General Assembly may provide that such property may be taken immediately upon payment therefor to the owner or owners thereof by said State Roads Commission, or into Court, such amount as said State Roads Commission shall estimate to be of the fair value of said property, provided such legislation also requires the payment of any further sum that may subsequently be awarded by a jury.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot and upon each ballot shall be printed the words "FOR CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT" and "AGAINST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by Article XIV of the Constitution and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article XIV.
Approved: April 28, 1941.

CHAPTER 695

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 15 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", regulating the period that the General Assembly may continue its session and the compensation of the members thereof, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 15 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 15 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

15. The General Assembly may continue its session so long as in its judgment the public interest may require, for a period not longer than ninety days; and each member thereof shall receive a compensation of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) per annum, payable quarterly, with a deduction of fifteen dollars per diem for each day of unexcused absence from any session; and he shall also receive such mileage as may be allowed by law, not exceeding twenty cents per mile; and the presiding officer of each House shall receive an additional compensation of Two hundred and fifty ($250) dollars per annum. When the General Assembly shall be convened by Proclamation of the Governor, the session shall not continue longer than thirty days, but no additional compensation other than mileage and other allowances provided by law shall be paid members of the General Assembly for Special Sessions.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That said aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the next general election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment", and "Against the Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against the said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.
Approved: May 2, 1941.

CHAPTER 716

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Article 38 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, relating to gifts, devises and other transfers to or for certain preachers and religious sects, orders or denominations, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Article 38 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Article 38 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

38. The Legislature may by law regulate, restrict or require its sanction for, gifts, devises or other transfer of property to or for the benefit of any minister, public teacher or preacher of the Gospel, as such, or any religious sect, order or denomination.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing amendment to the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the election to be had in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, upon each ballot there shall be printed the words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article 14.
Approved: May 2, 1941.

CHAPTER 824

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, adding thereto a new section, to be known as Section 39A, to be under new sub-title "Part IV-A—Juvenile Courts", and to follow immediately after Section 39 of said Article, providing for the establishment of Juvenile Courts; and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following new section, to be known as Section 39A, to be under new sub-title "Part IV-A—Juvenile Courts", and to follow immediately after Section 39 of said Article, be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State as herein provided, to become a part of said Article IV of said Constitution and to be numbered and sub-titled as aforesaid:

PART IV-A—JUVENILE COURTS

39A. A Juvenile Court is hereby created for Baltimore City, and the General Assembly by law may establish a Juvenile Court for any other incorporated city or town or any county of the State. The court hereby created, and any other court established hereunder by law, shall be a court of record, and shall have exclusive jurisdiction within such city, town or county over all criminal offenses other than those punishable by death or life imprisonment committed by any person under eighteen years of age, and such additional jurisdiction as may be from time to time prescribed by the General Assembly by law. The General Assembly by law shall prescribe, and from time to time may alter.

1. The number, qualifications, tenure and method of selection of the judge or judges of such courts, and their powers, duties and compensation, but the salary or compensation of any judge of any such court shall not be reduced during his continuance in office;

2. The right of appeal from such court;

3. The number, qualifications, tenure, methods of selection, duties and compensation of all clerks, bailiffs, probation officers or other employees of such courts; and

4. Any other matters relating to such courts.

In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of this Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail, and such other provisions shall be repealed or abrogated to the extent of such inconsistency, except Section 35-A of Article III. Until the General Assembly has established a Juvenile Court for any incorporated city or town or any county of the State, jurisdiction over juvenile causes shall be exercised in the same manner and to the same extent as authorized by the Constitution and laws of this State, in effect prior to the adoption of this Section.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland and at the said General Election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot and upon each ballot there shall be printed the following synopsis of said amendment captioned as follows:

"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR JUVENILE COURTS"

Below said synopsis shall be printed the words "For Juvenile Courts Amendment" and "Against Juvenile Courts Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by Article XIV of the Constitution and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article XIV.
Approved: May 6, 1941.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT R. O'CONOR, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this proclamation containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapters 337, 494, 509, 607, 695, 716 and 824 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1941, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the general election to be held in the State of Maryland on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1942, at which election the said proposed amendments to the Constitution shall be submitted in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. DONE AT THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS THIS 15TH DAY OF JULY, IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND

By the Governor:
HERBERT R. O'CONOR

THOMAS ELMO JONES
Secretary of State.

High Maintenance Cost

The maintenance of nearly 5,000,000 commercial vehicles in this country is costing nearly a billion dollars in labor and vital materials annually. Better operating practices will result in a decrease in the demand for new parts and materials, thereby diverting labor and materials directly into war production and increasing the number of vehicles available for service on the highways. Improved operating practices also will serve to expedite the rapid flow of goods through a reduction in road breakdowns, in the accident rate and in the truck owners' costs for labor and materials.

Leads Sugar Beet Production

The first successful American sugar beet factory was established in Alvarado, Calif., by E. H. Dyer in 1879. Nine years later Claus Spreckels built the second successfully operated beet sugar factory, which, in that year, manufactured 1,000 tons of sugar. Today California leads in the production of beet sugar. In 1941 the state produced 6,182,431 100-pound bags of beet sugar.

Gophers Gone

Hunters have killed 30,000 gophers in Powell county, Montana, in the last three years, county officials have announced. Contests were sponsored by local authorities to exterminate the pests, who annually do great damage to farm crops and stocks. Melvin McDowell, Deer Lodge, was credited with killing the largest number this season. There have been 9,345 destroyed this year.

More Workers Needed

Our war industries must be expanded again and again to produce the tools needed for victory. In the next two years shipbuilding and ordnance working forces must be tripled, aircraft employment must increase nearly fourfold and work in navy yards, army arsenals and air depots may jump five times. That means a lot of jobs for workers with patriotism, skill and brains.

ON THE HOME FRONT
with RUTH WYETH SPEARS

THESE orange crate bedside tables are useful and easy to make; they are very decorative, too, when fitted out as illustrated. These were lined with green oil cloth cut, fitted and pasted as shown. The full skirt pieces were tacked to the top of the sides and lapped a few inches around the back. A top cover with a three-inch frill all around was then added. The bedspread is trimmed with five-inch frills of the muslin and one-inch straight bands over seams and for the monograms.

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NOTE: These bedside tables are from BOOK 7 of the series of 32-page booklets that Mrs. Spears has prepared for readers. BOOK 2 contains a complete alphabet for making monograms similar to the one on the bedspread. Books are 10 cents each. A hot iron transfer pattern for eight cornflower and poppy designs suitable for linens or for trousseau will be included with each order for two books. Address:

MRS. RUTH WYETH SPEARS
Bedford Hills New York
Drawer 10

Enclose 10 cents for each book desired.
Name.....
Address.....

Little Worries

It is the little worries more than the big sorrows which make life dark, partly because we do not arm ourselves against them. On the other hand, we do not treasure as we should the little blessings. We have so many of them that they are stupendous in total amount. They are each so beautiful as to mirror in a wonderful fashion the glory and love of the Father.

Whoever thinks about them as he should will have little time or inclination to think about the little or the big worries.

Concerts—No Audiences

In Naubat Hall in Bidar, India, a group of hereditary musicians still play five concerts daily, following a 400-year-old custom of their ancestors, despite the fact that they have no audience and that the fortress has been deserted and in ruins for a number of years.

The gaily enameled unit insignia you see on a soldier's lapels and overseas cap are reproductions of his regimental shield displayed in the center of the eagle on his regimental flag. It's a part of U. S. Army tradition. Traditional, too, is the Army man's preference for Camel Cigarettes. (Based on actual sales records from Post Exchanges and Sales Commissaries.) It's the gift he rates first from the folks back home. Local dealers are featuring cartons of Camels to send to service men.—Adv.

"Big-time" designer at 13!

SHE'S A "SELF-STARTER"

BARBARA ANN THORNDIKE of Silvermine, Conn., only thirteen, is already a full-fledged designer specializing in school and sports clothes for girls her own age. Barbara says: "My favorite breakfast is the 'Self-Starter Breakfast'*. It tastes marvelous, but Mom says it's mighty good for me, too."

WOMEN AT WAR

SHIRLEY OSBORN,
Aircraft Worker of San Diego, California, says:

AND NOTE THIS:
The *smoke* of slow-burning
CAMELS
contains LESS NICOTINE
than that of the 4 other largest-selling brands tested — less than any of them — according to independent scientific tests of the smoke itself!