1943

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND DIRECTING THE PUBLICATION OF BILLS PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE.

WHEREAS, at the January session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1941, the following Acts were passed, providing for the submission of amendments to the Constitution of the State to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection, namely:

CHAPTER 337

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Amendments to the Constitution", relating to the advertisement or publication of amendments to the Constitution, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Amendments to the Constitution", the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

1. The General Assembly may propose Amendments to this Constitution; provided that each Amendment shall be embraced in a separate Bill, embodying the Article or Section, as the same will stand when amended and passed by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses, by yeas and nays, to be entered on the Journals with the proposed Amendment. The Bill or Bills proposing amendment or amendments shall be published by order of the Governor, in at least two newspapers, in each County, where so many may be published, and where not more than one may be published, then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, once a week for three weeks immediately preceding the next ensuing general election, at which the proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted, in a form to be prescribed by the General Assembly, to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection. Provided, however, the General Assembly may provide for publishing any proposed amendment or amendments in pamphlet form, and for making said pamphlets available to the registered voters of the State in addition to publication in the newspapers. The votes cast for and against said proposed amendment or amendments, severally, shall be returned to the Governor, in the manner prescribed in other cases, and if it shall appear to the Governor that a majority of the votes cast at said election on said amendment or amendments, severally, were cast in favor thereof, then the Governor shall, by his proclamation, declare the said amendment or amendments having received said majority of votes, to have been adopted by the people of Maryland as part of the Constitution thereof, and thenceforth said amendment or amendments shall be part of the said Constitution. When two or more amendments shall be submitted in manner aforesaid, to the voters of this State at the same election, they shall be so submitted as that each amendment shall be voted on separately.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That said aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the next general election for members of the General Assembly of Maryland in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment", and "Against the Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against the said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved: April 23, 1941.

CHAPTER 494

AN ACT to amend Section 21 of Article 4, title "Judiciary Department", subtitle "Part III—Circuit Courts", of the Constitution of this State, providing for the residential qualification and method of selection of Associate Judges in the Third Judicial Circuit and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That (three-fifths of all members elected to each of the two houses concurring) the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 21 of Article 4, of the Constitution of Maryland, title "Judiciary Department", sub-title "Part III—Circuit Courts", the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided to become Section 21 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

21. For each of the said circuits, excepting the eighth, the second, the third, the sixth and the seventh there shall be a chief judge and two associate judges, to be styled judges of the Circuit Court, to be selected or appointed as herein provided, and for the second circuit, the third circuit, the sixth circuit, and the seventh circuit, there shall be a chief judge and three associate judges to be styled judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected or appointed as herein provided. And no two of said associate judges, for any of the said circuits, except the third, sixth and seventh circuits shall, at the time of their election or appointment or during the terms for which they may have been elected or appointed, reside in the same county. If two or more persons shall be candidates for associate judge in the same county in any of the circuits, except the third, sixth and seventh circuits, that one only in said county shall be declared elected who has the highest number of votes in the circuit. In case any two candidates for associate judge in any of the circuits, except the third, sixth and seventh circuits, residing in the same county shall have an equal number of votes greater than any other candidates for associate judge in the circuit, it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for one associate judge; but the person residing in any other county of the circuit and who has the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. The said judges shall hold not less than two terms of the Circuit Court in each of the counties composing their respective circuits, at such times as are now or may hereafter be prescribed to which jurors shall be summoned; and in those counties where only two such terms are held, two other and intermediate terms, to which jurors shall not be summoned; they may alter or fix the times for holding any or all terms, until otherwise prescribed, and shall adopt rules to the end that all business not requiring the interposition of the jury shall be, as far as practicable, disposed of at such intermediate terms. One judge in each of the above circuits, including the second, the third, sixth and seventh circuits, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, and the said judges or any of them may hold special terms of their courts, whenever in their discretion the business of the several counties renders such terms necessary.

In the Third Circuit, two of said Associate Judges shall at all times be bona fide residents of Baltimore County and one of said Associate Judges or the Chief Judge be a bona fide resident of Harford County, and said Judges shall have been such residents six months prior to their appointment or election.

The additional associate judge for the second circuit herein provided for shall be a resident of Cecil County, shall be appointed by the Governor after the expiration of six (6) months after the adoption of this amendment and shall serve until the first general election for members of the General Assembly that shall be held in said circuit subsequent to the adoption of this amendment, at which election his successor shall be elected by the qualified voters of Caroline, Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's and Talbot Counties, constituting the second circuit. The judge so appointed shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the second circuit, and the judge so elected shall be subject to the same constitutional provision, hold his office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the second circuit.

The additional judge for the sixth circuit herein provided for and elected by the qualified voters of Frederick and Montgomery Counties at the 1938 election in accordance with the terms of the Constitutional Amendment heretofore submitted and adopted shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the sixth circuit and his successor shall be appointed and/or elected in accordance with the constitutional provisions relating to judges. The Chief Judge may be elected from either Frederick or Montgomery Counties, but when the Chief Judge is elected from Frederick County one of the associate judges shall be a resident of said county and the two remaining associate judges shall be residents of Montgomery County and when the Chief Judge is elected from Montgomery County one of the associate judges shall be a resident of said Montgomery County and the remaining two associate judges residents of Frederick County. In case any candidate or candidates for associate judge at any judicial election held in the third and sixth judicial circuits shall receive sufficient votes to cause such candidate or candidates to be declared elected, but the election of such candidate or candidates would cause more associate judges than herein permitted to reside in any county of said circuits, then and in that event only that candidate or those candidates, as the case may be, residing in said county in the order of the votes received shall be declared elected whose election would provide the permitted number of associate judges from said county and the candidate or candidates as the case may be, residing in the other county, and not similarly disqualified, who shall have the next highest number of votes in said election shall be declared elected. If by reason of such a condition or by reason of an equal vote for two or more candidates a sufficient number of associate judges duly qualified as to residence as above set out should not be elected at any election in said third and sixth judicial circuits, then it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for such unfilled office or offices.

The additional associate judge for the seventh circuit herein provided for shall be appointed by the Governor immediately after the adoption of this amendment and shall serve until the first general election for members of the General Assembly that shall be held in said circuit subsequent to the adoption of this amendment, at which election his successor shall be elected by the qualified voters of Prince George's, Charles, Calvert and St. Mary's Counties. No member of the General Assembly of 1939, otherwise qualified, shall be ineligible for appointment or election as such associate judge by reason of his membership in the General Assembly. The judge so appointed shall be subject to the same constitutional provisions, receive the same compensation and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the seventh circuit, and the judge so elected and his successors shall, subject to the same constitutional provisions, hold office for the same term of years, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are herein provided for the other associate judges in the seventh circuit. No two of the associate judges for the seventh circuit shall at the time of their election or appointment or during the term for which they may have been elected or appointed reside in the same county, except in Prince George's County, in which county two of said associate judges for the said circuit shall reside at the time of their appointment or election and during the term for which they may have been appointed or elected unless the chief judge of said circuit shall already reside in said county, in which event only one of said associate judges shall reside in Prince George's County and Prince George's County shall at all time have two resident Judges and no more, such Judges to be either the Chief Judge of the Seventh Circuit and one associate Judge or two associate Judges of said Circuit. In case any candidate or candidates for associate judge at any judicial election held in the seventh judicial circuit shall receive sufficient votes to cause such candidate or candidates to be elected, but the election of such candidate or candidates would cause more associate judges than herein permitted to reside in any county of said circuit, then and in that event only that candidate or those candidates, as the case may be, residing in said county in the order of the votes received shall be declared elected whose election would provide the permitted number of associate judges from said county and the candidate or candidates, as the case may be, residing in some other county, and not similarly disqualified, who shall have the next highest number of votes in said election shall be declared elected. If, by reason of such a condition or by reason of an equal vote for two or more candidates a sufficient number of associate judges duly qualified as to residence as above set out should not be elected at any election in said seventh judicial circuit, then it shall be the duty of the Governor to order a new election for such unfilled office or offices.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State in the year 1942, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election, the vote on the said proposed amendment shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment" as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election, due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by said Article 14 of the Constitution.

Approved: April 23, 1941.

CHAPTER 509

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 45 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", relating to the salary of Clerks of Courts and Registrars of Wills, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the Two Houses concurring), That the following amendment be and it is hereby proposed to Section 45 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 45 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland:

45. The General Assembly shall provide a simple and uniform system of charges in the offices of Clerks of Courts and Registrars of Wills, in the Counties of this State and the City of Baltimore, and for the collection thereof; provided, the amount of compensation to any of the said officers in the various Counties and in the City of Baltimore shall be such as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing Section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, shall, at the election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, upon each ballot there shall be printed the words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article 14.

Approved: April 28, 1941.

CHAPTER 607

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland title "Legislative Department" by adding a new section to be known as Section 40B, providing for the taking of property by the State Roads Commission under certain circumstances; and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses concurring), That the following new Section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Article III, title "Legislative Department" of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, the same to be inserted after Section 40A and to be numbered 40B, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, said section shall become a part of Article III of the Constitution of Maryland.

40B. The General Assembly shall enact no law authorizing private property to be taken for public use without just compensation, to be agreed upon between the parties or awarded by a jury, being first paid or tendered to the party entitled to such compensation, except that where such property in the judgment of the State Roads Commission is needed by the State for highway purposes, the General Assembly may provide that such property may be taken immediately upon payment therefor to the owner or owners thereof by said State Roads Commission, or into Court, such amount as said State Roads Commission shall estimate to be of the fair value of said property, provided such legislation also requires the payment of any further sum that may subsequently be awarded by a jury.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot and upon each ballot shall be printed the words "FOR CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT" and "AGAINST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by Article XIV of the Constitution and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article XIV.

Approved: April 28, 1941.

CHAPTER 695

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 15 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", regulating the period that the General Assembly may continue its session and the compensation of the members thereof, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 15 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department", the same, if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 15 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

15. The General Assembly may continue its session so long as in its judgment the public interest may require, for a period not longer than ninety days; and each member thereof shall receive a compensation of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) per annum, payable quarterly, with a deduction of fifteen dollars per diem for each day of unexcused absence from any session; and he shall also receive such mileage as may be allowed by law, not exceeding twenty cents per mile; and the presiding officer of each House shall receive an additional compensation of Two hundred and fifty ($250) dollars per annum. When the General Assembly shall be convened by Proclamation of the Governor, the session shall not continue longer than thirty days, but no additional compensation other than mileage and other allowances provided by law shall be paid members of the General Assembly for Special Sessions.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That said aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the next general election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment", and "Against the Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Govenor of the vote for and against the said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved: May 2, 1941.

CHAPTER 716

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Article 38 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, relating to gifts, devises and other transfers to or for certain preachers and religious sects, orders or denominations, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Article 38 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Article 38 of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

38. The Legislature may by law regulate, restrict or require its sanction for, gifts, devises or other transfer of property to or for the benefit of any minister, public teacher or preacher of the Gospel, as such, or any religious sect, order or denomination.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforegoing amendment to the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the election to be had in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, upon each ballot there shall be printed the words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article 14.

Approved: May 2, 1941.

CHAPTER 824

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, adding thereto a new section, to be known as Section 39A, to be under new sub-title "Part IV-A—Juvenile Courts", and to follow immediately after Section 39 of said Article, providing for the establishment of Juvenile Courts; and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following new section, to be known as Section 39A, to be under new sub-title "Part IV-A—Juvenile Courts", and to follow immediately after Section 39 of said Article, be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, the same, if adopted by the legal and qualified voters of the State as herein provided, to become a part of said Article IV of said Constitution and to be numbered and sub-titled as aforesaid:

PART IV-A—JUVENILE COURTS

39A. A Juvenile Court is hereby created for Baltimore City, and the General Assembly by law may establish a Juvenile Court for any other incorporated city or town or any county of the State. The court hereby created, and any other court established hereunder by law, shall be a court of record, and shall have exclusive jurisdiction within such city, town or county over all criminal offenses other than those punishable by death or life imprisonment committed by any person under eighteen years of age, and such additional jurisdiction as may be from time to time prescribed by the General Assembly by law. The General Assembly by law shall prescribe, and from time to time may alter.

1. The number, qualifications, tenure and method of selection of the judge or judges of such courts, and their powers, duties and compensation, but the salary or compensation of any judge of any such court shall not be reduced during his continuance in office;

2. The right of appeal from such court;

3. The number, qualifications, tenure, methods of selection, duties and compensation of all clerks, bailiffs, probation officers or other employees of such courts; and

4. Any other matters relating to such courts.

In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Section and any of the other provisions of this Constitution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail, and such other provisions shall be repealed or abrogated to the extent of such inconsistency, except Section 35-A of Article III. Until the General Assembly has established a Juvenile Court for any incorporated city or town or any county of the State, jurisdiction over juvenile causes shall be exercised in the same manner and to the same extent as authorized by the Constitution and laws of this State, in effect prior to the adoption of this Section.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the election to be held in November, 1942, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland and at the said General Election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot and upon each ballot there shall be printed the following synopsis of said amendment captioned as follows:

"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR JUVENILE COURTS"

Below said synopsis shall be printed the words "For Juvenile Courts Amendment" and "Against Juvenile Courts Amendment", as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by Article XIV of the Constitution and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article XIV.

Approved: May 6, 1941.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT R. O'CONOR, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this proclamation containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapters 337, 494, 509, 607, 695, 716 and 824 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1941, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the general election to be held in the State of Maryland on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1942, at which election the said proposed amendments to the Constitution shall be submitted in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. DONE AT THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS THIS 15TH DAY OF JULY, IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND

By the Governor:
HERBERT R. O'CONOR

THOMAS ELMO JONES
Secretary of State.

Helpful to U. S.

The experience of the British has been of value to the U. S. A. not only in the designing and use of war weapons, but also in tackling civilian defense, blackout, rationing, evacuation and other war-time problems.

British Saving

The British people have gone in for war savings in a big way. Over $15,000,000,000 have already been raised—an average of $318 per head. Over a third of the total sum has been raised in "small savings."

Erosion Waste Gigantic

Erosion has laid waste more farm land in the United States than the total arable land in all Japan, according to government statistics. More than 21 million acres have been destroyed.

Giant's Skeleton

A skeleton of a man seven feet tall and apparently hundreds of years old was found during quarrying operations near Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Leicestershire, England.

Honey Has Many Uses

Only about half the honey crop in this country gets to the table as honey. Millions of candy bars contain honey; it sweetens and flavors ice cream and soft drinks.

Asbestos Deposits

Some of the most important asbestos deposits on the North American continent lie 65 miles south of Quebec City, in the Eastern Townships of Quebec province.

Pluto Four Billion Miles Away

Astronomical computations show that the planet Pluto, discovered in 1930 is 4,400,000,000 miles from the earth, about 30 times farther away than Mercury.

Largest Continent

The largest continent is Asia, 17,000,000 miles. Africa has 11,500,000; North America, 8,000,000; South America, 6,800,000; Europe, 3,750,000.

PATTERNS
SEWING CIRCLE

WEAR the jumper with your favorite blouses and sweaters and you have a dress for classroom, office or home. Add the jacket and you complete a suit which will be smartness itself and which will be warm enough to wear into late fall. The jumper is cut on slimming princess lines—the jacket is an adaptable cardigan style with which you can wear all types of accessories.

• • •

Pattern No. 9243 is in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20. Size 14 jumper takes 2⅞ yards 39-inch material, short or long sleeve jacket 1⅞ yards. Ensemble with long sleeve jacket, 3¼ yards 54-inch material.

Send your order to:

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106 Seventh Ave. New York

Enclose 20 cents in coins for each pattern desired.

Pattern No. ..... Size.....

Name.....

Address.....

Hero's Pay

Enlisted men in the United States army, navy and marine corps receive $2 monthly additional pay upon being awarded a Medal of Honor, a Distinguished Service medal, a Distinguished Service cross or a Navy cross. For being awarded a Medal of Honor, army officers receive $10 monthly which is applied to a pension fund.

One on the Reporter

A story is told of a new reporter on a New York newspaper who had instructions directing him to confine his article to a column. The reporter protested that the story was too big to be compressed into so small a space.

"Get a copy of the Bible and read the first chapter of Genesis," said his chief. "You'll be surprised to find that the whole story of the creation of the world can be told in six hundred words."

Don't Wait for Constipation to Hit!

What do you do when constipation comes? Do you rush to the medicine cabinet for an emergency cathartic? And then—have to do it all over again next time.

If yours is the common kind of constipation due to lack of "bulk" in the diet, here's wonderful news! There's a better way of treating your constipation. A way that *prevents* it—by *correcting* the cause! Start eating KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN regularly. ALL-BRAN corrects the *cause* by supplying the "bulk food" you need. Enjoy this crisp, crunchy cereal daily, drink plenty of water, and hit constipation before it hits you! ALL-BRAN is made by Kellogg's in Battle Creek. If your condition is not helped by this simple treatment, see a doctor.

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Baking Powder

• TODAY, results in home baking count more than ever before . . . That's why more and more women are turning to the baking powder that has been a baking day favorite in millions of homes for years and years.

HULMAN & CO. — TERRE HAUTE, IND.
Founded in 1848

"GRASSHOPPER GIRL"

She flies Uncle Sam's "grasshopping" liaison planes from factory to Army flying line—shares the Army man's preference for Camel cigarettes.

EASY ON MY THROAT—THAT'S ONE REASON I SMOKE CAMELS. AND THEY HAVE SUCH A GRAND FLAVOR

Ferry Pilot Betty Weaver, Piper Aircraft Corp.

AND NOTE THIS:
The smoke of slow-burning
CAMELS
contains
LESS NICOTINE

than that of the 4 other largest-selling brands tested—less than any of them—according to independent scientific tests *of the smoke itself!*