...N. Y.

...urse for Dogs.

...only woman trained ...gs in New York is a ...r young woman employed ... hospital, where are treated ...ecious pets of the most fashion-...g people in New York.

She is an adept in the care of dogs, having raised them and been familiar with their care since childhood. She is devoted to the canine family and seems to possess intuitive knowledge regarding dog temperament.

She often has as many as 100 sick dogs to care for. It is her duty to give them their medicine and in other ways carry out the doctor's orders exactly as a trained nurse would do for human patients.

The "Handle Dog."

An Italian newspaper informs its readers that a new kind of lap dog has been manufactured in England and has been named the "Handle Dog." The end of the tail of a puppy is cut open and twisted into an open wound in the back of the animal, where it makes a second root. The tail thus forms a handle, and no fine lady in England who respects herself now appears without one of these dogs hanging to one of her fingers.—London Truth.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Tobacco Injures Soldiers.

Britain wants better marksmen in its armies, but many people claim that the increasing use of cigarettes among the soldiers is defeating this ambition. The duke of Wellington would not allow smoking in any form. His famous order ran as follows: "The commander in chief has been informed that the practice of smoking pipes and cigars and cheroots has become prevalent among the army, which is not only in itself a species of intoxication occasioned by the fumes of tobacco, but undoubtedly occasions drinking and tippling by those who acquire the habit." The order went on to beg officers to prevent smoking among the officers of junior ranks in their regiments.

Wood Stacked Years Ago.

There is a man living in Winterport, Maine, who has a tier of wood in his shed which was worked up and housed before the present owner was born, some forty years ago.

HOSPITALS CROWDED

MAJORITY OF PATIENTS WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Saves Many From this Sad and Costly Experience.

It is a sad but certain fact that every year brings an increase in the number of operations performed upon women in our hospitals. More than three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls who are awaiting or recovering from operations made necessary by neglect.

Every one of these patients had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the abdomen, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, pelvic catarrh, dizziness, flatulency, displacements or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the female organs, and if not heeded the trouble may make headway until the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation, and a lifetime of impaired usefulness at best, while in many cases the results are fatal.

Miss Luella Adams, of Seattle, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About two years ago I was a great sufferer from a severe female trouble, pains and headaches. The doctor prescribed for me and finally told me that I had a tumor and must undergo an operation if I wanted to get well. I felt that this was my death warrant, but I spent hundreds of dollars for medical help, but the tumor kept growing. Fortunately I corresponded with an aunt in the New England States, and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was a cure for tumors. I did so and immediately ...imy health, and I was entirely ...pearing entirely, with-... wish every suffering ...this great preparation."

...rely as Miss Adams was ...e troubles enumerated in ..., just so surely will Lydia E. ...m's Vegetable Compound cure ... women who suffer from female troubles, inflammation, kidney troubles, nervous excitability or nervous prostration.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

I PAY SPOT CASH

For Military Bounty Land Warrants issued to soldiers of any war. Write me at once. FRANK H. REGNIER, 614 17th St., DENVER, Colo.

BUY A FARM

IN PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY OR DELAWARE

The best States for profitable farming. Soil adapted to a great variety of crops. Near markets that pay best prices for our products. Farm lands in these States sell quickly—sold or not sought. Write for particulars.

RAYMOND G. FRICK, 1103 Real Estate Trust Bldg, Philada.

50 for 10c worth of leading 1905 novelties in Choice Garden Seeds, 25c worth of Universal Premium Concert free with every order. NOLLINGER'S SEED STORE, BALTIMORE, MD.

...KWORMS

...necessary. In Southern China ...nam' and 'Lusijut' are gener-...n. The cocoons of the for-... said to be larger and of better ... that the latter, but the latter ...oftener because hardier. The ...n Canton says that mulberry ...are spread over the seed to pro-...ood immediately the worms are ...ed, after which these leaves, ...y covered with worms, are placed ...mboo sticks and put on frames. ...In Nanking and the surrounding country, one of the principal silk-growing regions of China, the seed are hatched in a box or on paper, from which, after being fed for some three weeks, they are attached to straws and require no more feeding, but begin spinning their cocoons, which, when finished, are boiled, to soften and kill the worms (larva). If not killed, this worm gnaws through the cocoon, ruinously cutting the threads. Silk raisers allow many to do this in order to get eggs, as they are laid only by the liberated moth. The seed must be kept warm during winter. Occasionally they are carried in the pocket to receive the warmth of the body, sometimes in the bed, but generally in a box. Too much warmth hatches them.

"The silkworm's life is from forty five to fifty days—five spent in spinning, ten as a chrysalis in a cocoon and the remainder as a caterpillar. When first hatched, it is tiny and black; when ready to spin it is about two inches long. Hatching is in the morning and in a well-ventilated room. Often mulberry-leaf dust is sprinkled on the paper, so that the fragrance of the leaf may attract the young. They are then transferred to a pan and placed in a dry, warm place. The eggs remaining on the paper are daily treated in the same way until all are hatched. Flies should be carefully kept away from the worms; they also dislike strangers and loud talking. The ailments of silkworms are due mostly to sudden changes of temperature. The leaves should never be fed with the morning dew on them, and leaves picked in the afternoon dry rapidly and overheat the worms. The leaves should be picked in the morning, when the dew has been evaporated by the sun. The blossoms of the wild silver flower (a species of honeysuckle) and licorice root steeped in water are used to sprinkle over the mulberry leaves before they are given to the young worms. These are believed to be efficacious in preventing the ordinary ailments of the worms.

"Sometimes the eggs are sprinkled with pulverized lime, which, being dusted off, is followed by a covering of cold baked ... and a soaking for some ten days in cold tea. Afterwards clean water is slowly poured over them to remove the salt. They are then dried, folded between wadded clothing, and placed in boxes. After a week they are hatched either by artificial or natural heat. Unsalted eggs are more liable to disease, consume more leaves, grow larger, and spin cocoons less large and thick than the salted kind. One of the rules compiled by the gentry of Chien-Ping for the cultivation of the silkworm is as follows:

"'The eggs are hatched by heat, but the heat must not be too great. When the mulberry begins to bud, take the egg cloths down, fold them once or twice, according to size (if folded too thick the heat of the body will not penetrate them), and wrap them in paper; during the daytime place them in the chests or backs of persons not doing hard work, lest the perspiration destroy the eggs; during the night put them into the wadding of quilts, but do not lie on them. If the weather is warm they may also be kept in the quilts during the day. In six or seven days the eggs will be hatched. If the quilts are used, the wadding must be new (old wadding does not retain heat). Should the season be late, delay the hatching a few days. When the worms appear they are placed in a tray and covered with leaves. After eating for some days they take what is known as the first sleep. This over, they eat again for four or five days, and take a second sleep, all the while growing larger and consuming more. This continues until the fourth or final sleep, three days after which the worms, now about two inches long, are placed upon straw for spinning.'"

HORSE MEAT.

Germany Now Eating Large Quantities of This Type of Food.

The Consul-General of the United States at Berlin, Germany, is evidently getting used to foreign habits, for he says: "Apart from the very general sentiment of respect for the horse as an animal too noble and useful for the degradation of the slaughter-house, there is perhaps no good reason why its flesh is not as clean and nutritious as that of horned cattle, and the fact of its far greater cheapness in a country where all meat is so costly as it now is in Germany, makes the well-regulated system of horseflesh preparation and supply in Berlin a real boon to a large class of people."

Thus we learn that the choicest cuts of this class of food sell in Berlin at from eight to ten cents per pound. "Meat from the forequarters or from any part of poor, old or inferior horses sells as low as three or four cents. The liver is considered a delicate morsel and brings ten cents per pound.

"The inferior pieces go into the mill for the manufacture of those strongly spiced garlicky sausages that are the favorite food of many people in Germany. In the better grades of these sausages pork is mixed to give the requisite fatness. When sold for food in Berlin they must be plainly labeled horseflesh.

"But outside the municipality this regulation is not enforced, so that quantities of sausages made of horseflesh, with only a small percentage of pork, veal or other than meat from the horse in their composition, are sold to the country districts or exported to neighboring countries as ordinary pork sausages."

Solid Air the Latest Marvel.

The San Francisco Bulletin says that Professor A. L. Metz, of the Toulane University, has, through experiments with liquid air, succeeded in so solidifying air that a sledge hammer, in the hands of a strong man cannot crush a piece no bigger than a walnut! While the thing in itself is marvellous, the statement that its temperature will reach, by close estimate no less than 320 degrees below zero is even more so. Solid air is said to look like a block of ordinary ice. If this story is true, it opens up a field of scientific inquiry stupendous in its possibilities.

Quick Tunnel Work.

Improved machinery has greatly facilitated tunnel work. The Mt. Cenis tunnel in France, the first to be excavated, is nearly eight miles long, and was fourteen years in construction—the digging being completed on December 25, 1870. The St. Gothard tunnel, nine and a quarter miles long, was pierced through on February 29, 1880, after nine and a half years of work. The Arlberg, six and a half miles long, celebrated the end of its excavation on November 19, 1883, three and a half years after the work was begun. The Simplon, twelve and a half miles long, was pierced on May 4, 1904, after five and a half years of work, and it is expected to be ready for trains next April, or after six and a half years of tunneling.

Wanted "Glory Divine."

"I want four cents' worth of glory divine," said a flaxen-haired tot, looking intently at the clerk of a drug store. Everybody within hearing of the infantile voice either laughed or smiled, while Mr. Grey, the druggist, looked serious, and appeared to be thinking. "Are you sure it is glory divine you want?" he asked the little one. "Yes, sir," was the prompt response. "For what does mamma want it?" was the next question. "To throw it around the room and in the back yard," said the little tot, innocently. "Isn't it chloride of lime she wants?" asked the drug man. The little girl nodded her assent, and soon she was on her way home to mother.

The Man on the Steps.

They were going to the matinee. She was up in the boudoir putting on finishing touches and he was sitting impatiently on the front steps.

"George," she called down, sweetly, "just one minute more until I find my gloves."

Fifteen minutes passed.

"George," came from above, "wait another second. I've lost my pin."

Twenty minutes slipped by.

"George," she continued, "don't go. One moment. A button jumped off my shoe."

Long silence. Then George calls wearily:

"Hurry, little, Ethel. If you get down in another five minutes we can make the evening performance. Matinee's over long ago."—Chicago News.

Farm Topics

INVEST IN FERTILIZERS.

Every farmer should invest largely in fertilizers. They cost something, but they also greatly increase the yield of the crops. Water is necessary to dissolve fertilizers, for which reason they should be applied on the land early, in order that the plentiful rains of spring may prepare the ingredients for the use of plants. The failures that have occurred with fertilizers usually are due to lack of moisture, and manure from the barnyard may be equally as useless if there is an insufficient supply of moisture.

TIMOTHY HAY FOR COWS.

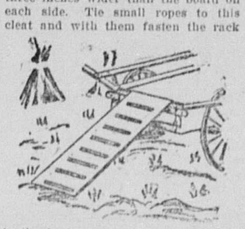
The man with a good crop of first-class timothy hay and a good herd of milch cows is to be envied, for he can sell the hay at a price which will enable him to buy almost anything his cows need to give the best results. With a crop of oats hay or oats straw, as it is generally known, on hand, the sale of the timothy to horsemen will enable him to buy all of the grain needed to make, with the oats straw, a splendid balanced ration. The timothy hay is first-class for horses, but very poor feeding for cows that are being milked.—Indianapolis News.

BEST COVER CROP FOR NORTH.

The results from various experiments with cover crops at both the Michigan Experiment Stations are given in recent bulletins. Of the leguminous crops which are of especial value for supplying nitrogen, winter vetch, mammoth clover and crimson clover have been valuable in the order named. Cowpeas and soy beans are of no value unless they can be sown as early as the first of July under favorable conditions. Considered only as cover crops, barley has been most satisfactory, having larger leaves and stouter stalks than oats. Field peas have been used with both of these crops with good success.—American Cultivator.

LOADING CORN FODDER.

Loading corn fodder may not be very hard work to the small farmer, but when one has the product of many acres to load, it becomes a formidable operation. The work can be much more easily done if the following device is used: Make a loader by using a two-inch plank ten feet long with cleats of inch stuff nailed on one side at short intervals. At one end nail a cleat on the under side, which will be three inches wider than the board on each side. Tie small ropes to this cleat and with them fasten the rack



to the back part of the wagon rack, the lower end of the plank-rack resting on the ground.

This makes a stepladder up which it is easy to walk and if strongly made a man can readily carry up all he can get his arms around. With this plan one man can do the work of loading a wagon easily without spending the time necessary to bind the bundles. The illustration shows how easily the ladder can be made.—Indianapolis News.

LIME, SULPHUR AND SALT.

The success that has attended the use of this California mixture in keeping the San Jose scale and other insects in check has created an interest in the process. It also has been used successfully in California in the destruction of the peach worm. We take the following from Bulletin No. 144 of the California station. The formula as successfully used is as follows:

Lime	40 pounds
Sulphur	20 pounds
Salt	15 pounds
Water to make	60 pounds

Boil ten pounds of the lime and twenty pounds of sulphur in twenty gallons of water for from one and a half to two hours, or until the mixture is a deep amber color, which will indicate that the sulphur is dissolved. The balance of the lime, thirty pounds, should then be slacked in another vessel and the salt added to this latter mixture. This should be stirred until the salt is dissolved and then added to the original mixture of lime and sulphur, and the whole boiled for from thirty to forty-five minutes longer. Then strain the mixture into the spray tank and apply to the trees hot. Do not let the mixture get cold, for a portion of the ingredients will then crystallize and precipitate out of the liquid, and its effectiveness is much reduced. The boiling is done in a large cauldron that can either be suspended or set in brickwork. The important part is to cover every part of the tree with the mixture. The work is done while the trees are leafless. It has been found that this mixture, while not killing all the scale insects at once, will keep up its work and finally get them.—Weekly Witness.

When a Doctor Was Good Company.

A certain country minister was the owner of a swift and spirited horse. On one occasion, while he was driving through the village, he overtook the local physician on foot.

"Jump in, doctor," he said, pulling up. "I've got a horse here that goes pretty well."

The doctor jumped in and the parson drove off. The horse did go well, in the sense of speed, but in a little while it began to behave badly, and ended by tipping over the carriage and spilling out both the occupants. The doctor jumped to his feet and felt himself all over to see if he were injured. The parson also got to his feet.

"Look here," exclaimed the doctor, "what do you mean by inviting me to ride behind a horse like that?"

"Well, you see," gasped the parson, "luckily this time there are no bones broken, but I always like to have a doctor with me when I drive that animal."

Albumen in Food.

The amount of albumen necessary in man's food has been proven by French physiologists to be much less than has been supposed. From three to five ounces daily was once thought to be required, but later investigators found that two and a half and even one and a half ounces would suffice. In the new experiments, continued for thirty-eight days, the real need was shown to be less than an ounce per day.

The longevity of parrots, ravens and certain other birds has been remarked for many centuries.

ARMENIAN DIED HERO'S DEATH.

Made Splendid Defense of His Residence at Baku.

Adamoff was an Armenian hero of Baku. The author of a recent volume on that city has this to say of him. "Adamoff was the crack rifle shot in Baku, one of the wealthiest Armenians engaged in the oil business, and his residence in Arnianskia street was one of the palaces of the city, so far as the magnificence of the oriental decoration was concerned. He stood a three days' siege and shot no fewer than forty Tartars, who, on the last day, formed a heap of dead at the corner of the street. Adamoff was kept supplied with cartridges by his young son, who got shot in that service. And then Adamoff himself was hit on the balcony of his house, whence he had so long defended it. Receiving a shot in the shoulder, the deadly marksman dropped his rifle on to the railing of a balcony, but, nerved with the courage of despair and determined to sell his life still more dearly, he continued shooting. His movements became slow, the Tartars become more aggressive, and he finally received a fatal wound which laid him low on the balcony."

The Chinese Clerk.

Chinese merchants and clerks are in evidence wherever trade is carried on in Hongkong, writes Edwin Wildman in the Chautauquan for February. The great banking houses employ Chinese money changers, interest clerks and schroffs. No white man can compete in methods of lightning calculation with the Oriental. The long, slim fingers of the Chinaman, gliding over the beads of the abacus, is a sight to inspire admiration. With the agility and accuracy of a piano player the Chinese occountant will perform problems of arithmetic that are astounding. The most complicated sums in banking are computed with the ease a professional pianist might render the simplest melody. Counterfeit money is the order, rather than the unusual, in China; the whole country is full of it. But the Chinese schroff will detect by touch a spurious coin or bill, as it passes through his fingers or glides across his palm. He can count a pile of dollars, running them over his hand with such rapidity that the eye of the onlooker is unable to distinguish anything but an uninterrupted stream of silver. The integrity of the Chinese clerk is well known. He is the accountant, cashier and middle man.

Stringent German Food Law.

"After I had finished my beer, still feeling thirsty, I called for some fruit," said the tourist. "But the waiter shook his head.

"'You won't get fruit and beer together in Berlin, Herr,' he said.

"'Why not?' said I.

"'It is against the law, Herr,' the waiter replied. 'There is a law here in Germany that no one is to be served beer and fruit together. If a restaurateur breaks this law he loses his license.

"'It is a good law,' the waiter added. 'It is based on good sound sense. Beer and fruit don't mix. They are bad for the stomach. Sometimes they cause death.'

"Since that time," the tourist ended, "I have never mixed beer and fruit. It is a strange idea, isn't it, to have food laws like that? Suppose President Roosevelt should pass a law forbidding the eating at the same meal of ice cream and lobster or mince pie and plum pudding. What a howl would go up, eh?"

Married Beside a Coffin.

A young couple were recently married at Melbourne, Australia, beside the coffin containing the body of the bridegroom's mother. The bride went to live with the bridegroom's mother some time ago in order to look after her as she was an invalid. The latter became very much attached to her, and said that it was her dearest wish to see her son and the girl married. Feeling sure that she would not live long, she urged them to obtain a license and be married in her presence. The license was procured, and the wedding fixed for the next day. But in the morning the mother died of heart disease. The wedding was postponed until the day of the funeral and immediately after the service for the dead had been read the young couple were married beside the coffin.

Want Birds to Return.

German farmers are trying to induce the smaller birds to return to their old haunts about the fields, and for this purpose are setting out boxes and other artificial devices to serve the birds for homes. The farmers need the birds to destroy the insects, but the birds are disappearing not only because of their direct slaughter, but also because the old trees, in the decayed hollows of which they built their nests, the old copses which they haunted, and both of which were prolific in insects, together with the stagnant pools which yielded them food in abundance, are all disappearing before the closer cultivation of the present time.

GRAND TO LIVE

and the Last Laugh is Always the Best.

"Six months ago I would have laughed at the idea that there could be anything better for a table beverage than coffee," writes an Ohio woman—"now I laugh to know there is.

"Since childhood I drank coffee as freely as any other member of the family. The result was a puny, sickly girl, and as I grew into womanhood I did not gain in health, but was afflicted with heart trouble, a weak and disordered stomach, wrecked nerves and a general breaking down, till last winter at the age of 38 I seemed to be on the verge of consumption. My friends greeted me with 'How bad you look! What a terrible color!' and this was not very comforting.

"The doctors and patent medicines did me absolutely no good. I was thoroughly discouraged.

"Then I gave up coffee and commenced Postum Food Coffee. At first I didn't like it, but after a few trials and following the directions exactly, it was grand. It was refreshing and satisfying. In a couple of weeks I noticed a great change. I became stronger, my brain grew clearer, I was not troubled with forgetfulness as in coffee times, my power of endurance was more than doubled. The heart trouble and indigestion disappeared and my nerves became steady and strong.

"I began to take an interest in things about me. Housework and home-making became a pleasure. My friends have marveled at the change and when they enquire what brought it about, I answer 'Postum Food Coffee, and nothing else in the world.'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SYRUP OF FIGS

To sweeten,
To refresh,
To cleanse the system,
Effectually and Gently;

Dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated;
For men, women and children;

There is only one Genuine Syrup of Figs; to get its beneficial effects

Acts best on the kidneys and liver, stomach and bowels;

Always buy the genuine—Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

The genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale by all first-class druggists. The full name of the company—**California Fig Syrup Co.**—is always printed on the front of every package. Price Fifty Cents per bottle.

During his service of 50 years as sexton of Cullompton Church, Devon, England, Samuel Voisey, who just died, attended every funeral held in the churchyard and saw eight vicars come and go.

Stringent German Food Law.

Cures Cancer, Blood Poison and Rheumatism.

If you have blood poison producing eruptions, pimples, ulcers, swollen glands, lumps and risings, burning, itching skin, copper-colored spots or rash on the skin, mucous patches in mouth or throat, falling hair, bone pains, old rheumatism or foul catarrh, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) It kills the poison in the blood; soon all sores, eruptions heal, hard swellings sub side, aches and pains stop and a perfect cure is made of the worst cases of Blood Poison.

For cancer, tumors, swellings, eating sores, ugly ulcers, persistent pimples of all kinds, take B. B. B. It destroys the cancer poison in the blood, heals cancer of all kinds, cures the worst humors or suppurating swellings. Thousands cured by B. B. B. after all else fails. B. B. B. composed of pure botanic ingredients. Improves the digestion, makes the blood pure and rich, stops the awful itching and all sharp, shooting pains. Thoroughly tested for thirty years. Druggists, $1 per large bottle, with complete directions for home cure. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advise also sent in sealed letter.

The year 1905 broke the Patent Office record.

WORST FORM OF ECZEMA

Black Splotches All Over Face—Affected Parts Now Clear as Ever—Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black splotches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of annoyance and suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of my town. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in its worst form. They treated me for the same for the length of one year, but the treatment did me no good. Finally my husband purchased a set of the Cuticura Remedies, and after using the contents of the first bottle of Cuticura Resolvent in connection with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, the breaking out entirely stopped. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every splotch was entirely gone and the affected parts were left as clear as ever. The Cuticura Remedies not only cured me of that dreadful disease, eczema, but other complicated troubles as well. Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala. Oct. 28, 1905."

Locks No Longer There.

Mr. Sibley of Pennsylvania was making a speech in the house about the rate bill when Ollie James of Kentucky broke in with a fierce interruption. Mr. James is the baldest man in the house, excepting Mr. Sibley, and Mr. Sibley is the baldest man in the house except Mr. James. On sunny days persons who sit behind them have to wear blinders. Mr. James kept plaguing Mr. Sibley until both became excited. The verbal duel waxed hotter and hotter until Sibley, striding into the aisle and shaking his finger at James, cried furiously: "Sir, you can not shake your gory locks at me!" Mr. James saw at once that this was true. He stuttered and sat down.

Dwarf Trees and Giant Results.

Gather apples and pears two years after planting the trees? exclaims a writer in the February Garden Magazine. Impossible, you say! Not at all. I have done it, others do it, and so may you. Of course, the large or chard trees commonly seen take five or six years to reach fruiting age, but by planting dwarf-trained trees the seemingly impossible may be obtained. The owner of a very small garden need not despair of enjoying luscious pears and juicy apples from his own trees either. Let him plant dwarfs, they occupy so little room that even the average city plot would easily accommodate a score.

Girl Strangely Made Mute.

Having a grudge against his master, a farm laborer in Brunswick, Germany, persuaded a 15-year-old maidservant named Elsie Muller, to set fire to the farmer's barn, which was burned to the ground. Both were arrested and imprisoned on remand. A few days ago the warders found that the girl had become deaf and dumb. Being given paper and ink she related that a sword-bearing angel had appeared to her in her cell, and doomed her to be deaf and dumb for her wicked deed until five years should pass. The doctors having found that the girl was in truth both deaf and dumb, she was discharged from prison and sent home to her parents.

CAREFULLY conducted experiments, ranging over many years, have proved conclusively that the liberal use of POTASH is essential to the production of big yields of full-eared corn.

Let us send you our practical books telling of these and many other careful crop-feeding tests; they are free to farmers without any cost or obligation. Send name and address.

Address, GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

PRICE, 25 Cts

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY
ANTI-GRIPINE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR HEADACHE

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE
GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.
I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee it. Call for your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.
F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo

Big Earrings Now Worn.

Screw earrings of enormous size are the fad among fashionable women this season, which only goes to show how women's ideas change in the matter of what is modish.

Only a short time ago women viewed with disdain these relics of barbarism, as they were called, and would as soon have worn rings in their noses; but fashion can work revolutions when she sets about it.

One of the favorite combinations of stones is turquoises and diamonds in a cluster effect. Previously to going into mourning a woman prominent socially wore such a pair, which were fully one-half inch in diameter, but were most becoming to her dark, piquant beauty.—New York Sun.

STOPS BELCHING.

Cures Bad Breath—Positive and Instant Cure Free—No Drugs—Cures by Absorption.

A sweet breath is priceless.

Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will cure bad breath and bad taste instantly. Belching and bad taste indicate offensive breath, which is due to stomach trouble.

Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers purify the stomach and stop belching, by absorbing foul gases that arise from undigested food, and by supplying the digestive organs with natural solvents for food.

They relieve sea or car sickness and nausea of any kind.

They quickly cure headache, correct the ill effect of excessive eating or drinking. They will destroy a tobacco, whisky or onion breath instantly.

They stop fermentation in the stomach, acute indigestion, cramps, colic, gas in the stomach and intestines, distended abdomen, heartburn, bad complexion, dizzy spells or any other affliction arising from a diseased stomach.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will do this, and we want you to know it. This offer may not appear again.

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