WASHINGTON LETTER.

Our Correspondent Writes of the Special Happenings at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, MAY 26th, 1906—Strangely enough in all the discussion, oral and printed, that there has been over the Garfield oil report, it is just beginning to come to the surface that one of the most serious sources of discrimination practiced by the Standard Oil Company was by means of "published tariffs" without rebates and in themselves perfectly legal. With all the hue and cry that has been raised over the matter and with fresh and more disgraceful revelations both as to the oil and the coal roads coming out every day, this is a somewhat remarkable oversight. For taking rebates and for the use of secret tariffs, the company can be punished. And there will undoubtedly be prosecutions instituted by the department of justice in a little while. But the discrimination, that has been the worst of all, has been perfectly legal and there is no punishment for it.

The matter however, has been called to the attention of Senator Dolliver and he has announced that he will see to it before the bill is finally passed that there shall be incorporated in it a provision against the continuance of such a condition. Those interested will recollect that the published accounts of the oil report simply mentioned that there were "discriminations by means of published tariffs." With that reference the subject was dropped. But these discriminations had been going on for twenty years and they were one of the most hurtful features of railroad carriage practiced against the independent refiner. The plan was beautifully simple. The law allows the institution of a "commodity rate" on any article of general commerce instead of the "class rate" under which it would otherwise fall. A commodity rate is usually lower than a class rate and it takes no account of distance within certain limits. That is to say, farmers living around some big town would be allowed a "commodity rate" on certain products. An eight cent rate might carry a commodity 100 miles or it might carry it 200 miles. But all farmers living in the area over which the rate worked would be put on an equal footing when it came to getting goods into the central market. There might be a ten cent rate, a fifteen cent rate or a twenty cent rate as the distance increased. But within the area of these rates, distance would be abolished. It was a good thing for many farmers and other producers and could be made a very beneficit institution. But see how the Standard managed to turn it to account.

They had the railroads declare a commodity rate on oil and then they had the districts in which the rate operated so apportioned that a commodity rate from any point where there was a Standard oil refinery, would carry oil from 100 to 200 miles further than that same rate from an independent refinery, and in addition, they saw to it that the rates from the Standard refineries into the best market regions were very much lower than the commodity rate that would reach from an independent refinery into the same market. Tariffs regularly published and filed [illegible] Interstate Commerce Commission [illegible] tariff was a discrimination in itself.

The report of the commissioner of corporations has incorporated in it a very interesting set of comparative tables showing how the published rates were made to favor the Standard. These discriminations amounted to from 5 to 20 cents on every 100 pounds of oil carried and with the enormous business that the Standard Oil Company did, amounted to millions of dollars annually in every state. Just how this sort of discrimination will be dealt with in the rate bill as it finally shapes itself is a question but it is a thing that will not be overlooked.

After taking a whirl at the interior department in the earlier part of the investigation, the Keep commission now going back to it, and they will find a state of affairs in the Patent Office worthy of serious consideration. This office is one of the most important as it is one of the most popular in the service. Recently, Congress made an increase of 100 experts in the examining force. Yet the Patent Office is today, according to its own confession, eight months behind hand in many of its divisions. That is to say, the cases have accumulated so, that in some departments it is eight months after a patent is submitted before the examiners even take it up to look at it. This means often that it is a year or even two years before a decision is given and the patent finally issued. Now this of course, is an imposition. The office is one of the few under the government that is self-supporting. In fact it pays a big annual revenue. But the present commissioner of patents has been in office so long that he has come to the point of letting his office run itself. The clerks and [illegible] smoke, gossip and read instead of attending to their work and the public has to stand still and [illegible] their pleasure.

[illegible] Hale this week went after government clerks with considerable violence. He declared that they are a set of mendicants on the [illegible] of the government and not [illegible] with the good things they [illegible] like Oliver Twist, always [illegible] for more. He particularly objected to the granting of annual leave [illegible] side or outside of Washington. [illegible] this was a tirade that may have some effect in his next campaign. But it was decidedly an insult to the most of the clerks. The leave and sick leave provisions are abused in some instances [illegible] some of the departments, as [illegible] noted above in the Patent [illegible] be idle, but [illegible] and such a [illegible] decidedly

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Local and Other News of Interest for Our Readers in a Brief Way.

Farmers are busy thinning corn.

Early cherries are ready for the picker.

School children are counting the days to vacation.

Strawberries which took a rise in price last week, are now on the decline.

A desirable fisherman's house on the river shore on the "Waverly" farm, for rent. Apply to Mrs. M. S. Robinson.

J. Louis Rhodes purchased a standard-bred yearling colt from Alex. Godwin, last Saturday. The price paid was $150.

George H. Pheifer, aged 48 years, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Robt. Dadds, at Perry's Corner, May 20, of tuberculosis.

Report all items of interest to this office. They will be appreciated and each item will help to make the paper that much more interesting.

At a meeting of the Board of Election Supervisors, last week, John R. Cook, was re-elected president; J. H. C. Legg, counsel; Chas. E. Tucker, clerk.

The Junior Epworth League will entertain its members on the lawn adjoining the M. E. Church, this evening. Ice cream and cake will be on sale.

The members of the Gallowsfield Driving Park Association have recouraging words from a number of horsemen who wish to enter the races on July 4.

The Mite Society of Wye Neck M. P. Church, will hold its annual festival on the church green Friday and Saturday evenings, June 8-9. Proceeds for benefit of new church.

The annual lawn fete of Mother of Sorrows Catholic Church, Centreville, will be held on the church lawn Friday and Saturday evenings, June 29-30. Everybody cordially invited.

To the patrons and friends of the Queenstown school who so kindly assisted in making their recent festival a success, the teachers and pupils desire hereby to express their sincere thanks.

A gentleman from New York on Monday, caught at Kent Island Narrows, with hook and line, two hundred pounds of rock fish which he shipped by express to his home for his friends.

Boys, never mind the tan, the rough or hard red hands—or any disadvantages coming from work in the great sunshine outside in the fields of your own farm home. Such things are honorable.

J. L. Goldsborough wishes to inform the public that he is still selling the Wooldridge fertilizers and also agent for Frederick ground commercial lime. Give him a call if you want to grow good crops.

The sworn statement of the manufacturers protects you from opiates in Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar—the cough syrup that drives the cold out of your system. J. S. Denny and Wye Mills drug store.

Closing out sale of the valuable stock of goods in the storehouse formerly occupied by J. B. Downes, Queenstown—below cost for cash. The stock consists of dry goods, notions, groceries, etc. Mrs. S. C. Downes.

We acknowledge receipt of invitation to the fiftieth annual commencement of the Maryland Agricultural College, to be held June 10-13. Jas. J. T. Graham, of this county, will receive the degree of Bachelor of Arts at the commencement.

Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, a convention of the Diocese of Easton Protestant Episcopal Church, will be held in Christ Church, Easton. Seventy or more delegates will be present and important business matters will be attended to.

Frederick, the 12-year-old son of Edward Bailey, fell from a tree in the schoolhouse yard, last Saturday evening, and badly sprained and broke two small bones in his ankle. He was carried to his home, near town, and medical aid summoned who dressed the wound.

Notwithstanding the heavy rain storm Thursday evening, the attendance at the entertainment in Perry's hall, under the auspices of the Wye Literary Society was well attended, and the members warmly applauded. Those present spoke in the highest praise of the entertainment.

J. Louis Rhodes and W. S. Cross returned home from West Virginia, last Saturday, where they purchased several head of thoroughbred North Devon cattle for breeding purposes. The gentleman from whom they purchased, had a number of steers that would dress over 2000 pounds.

Don't forget the town election next Monday. If you are a taxpayer you certainly should feel an interest in your town affairs. Come out and vote for the men whom you think best fitted to advance the town's interests. As the time is limited, you will have to get busy if you want to play a favorite.

Fred Flamer, a negro maildriver from Carmichal to Queenstown, was fined one dollar and costs by a Centreville Justice for disturbing religious worship in Wye Neck. He furnished $100 bail for an appeal to the November term of court, as he thinks his Independent friends did not deal out enough sympathy.

Don't think because we received an order for 25,000 envelopes and 25,000 note heads from a Crisfield firm that our stock is exhausted, but send in your orders, and let us submit you samples of the good work we turn out. And the prices! Well, they must be right, or this firm would not have given us the order; for they, like all good business people are not working for glory.

MARYLAND OYSTER LAW

Will Bring the State Greater Revenue Than the Connecticut Law Gives That State.

The members of the Maryland Oyster Commission that are now investigating the leasing system of Connecticut will doubtless gather a very great amount of valuable information, that will aid in the effort to establish the oyster culture system of this state upon a basis that will insure development. They may not discover that the Connecticut law regulating the leasing of the oyster bottoms is the best measure that might have been devised. In fact, the special dispatch to the *American* from New Haven, published yesterday, indicates that in one particular, at least, Maryland will possess a regulative system for the leased bottoms that will produce far more satisfactory results than the Connecticut system. The Maryland system will eventually produce a very large direct revenue to the state, while the Connecticut system, it appears, makes a return in annual taxes to the state exceedingly small in proportion to the values of the leased properties.

Connecticut has about 75,000 acres of leased oyster bottoms. The leasing system in that state was begun under a provisionary law passed 20 years ago. The vast possibilities of oyster culture were not then appreciated; and, as a consequence, the Connecticut bottoms were practically given to those who would assume the risks believed to be connected with investing money in oyster farming. Only a tax is collected upon the owners' estimate of the values of these bottoms, and the law fixes the high limit of value at $40 per acre. Many of these bottoms are said to be worth now, $3,000 an acre. Assuming that upon the average they have a value of $1,500 an acre that would imply a total value of these privately operated oyster bottoms of $112,500,000. Under the Connecticut law however, the taxable basis of these 75,000 acres of cultivated bottoms cannot rise above $3,000,000. If the state of Connecticut received only the $5 an acre annual rental which the Maryland law stipulates as the maximum, the state would receive annually from its oyster industries $375,000. It is plain enough now that Connecticut made an unthrifty bargain in the original letting of the oyster lands. That the development of the oyster industries benefit the state by the general increase of wealth from that source is not an argument that can obscure the fact that those who have secured immensely valuable concessions from the state are paying next to nothing for these privileges.

There is a valuable lesson from Connecticut for the practical oyster fishermen of Maryland—those who are making a living by taking oysters from the common bottoms. When the question was asked of a member of the Connecticut Board of Shellfish Commissioners whether the professional oystermen have prospered under a leasing system, the reply was that there are hundreds of them who are now counting their wealth by hundreds and thousands of dollars, who, under the old-time system, would have been counting in pennies. Of course, there is a percentage among oystermen, as among other classes, that will not prosper under any system; but the general experience of the oystermen in Connecticut who made use of the leasing opportunity afforded them should teach those of Maryland that the wise thing for them to do is to take advantage of the magnificent chances that are offered them under the leasing law. As a successful planter in Connecticut suggested, "The Chesapeake oystermen should find oyster planting to be a bonanza." The natural conditions, he thinks, are much more favorable to oyster culture in Maryland than in Connecticut waters. Not only are the oyster industries here practically free from the starfish and the mussel pests, but oysters in Maryland waters will grow in two years as large as they will grow in three years in the northern waters. The leasing system is the door of opportunity to the oystermen of Maryland, and they should quickly arouse themselves to that fact.—Thursday's Baltimore *American*.

Unknown Friends.

There are many people who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy with splendid results, but who are unknown because they have hesitated about giving a testimonial of their experience for publication. These people, however, are none the less friends of this remedy. They have done much toward making it a household word by their personal recommendations to friends and neighbors. It is a good medicine to have in the home and is widely known for its cures of diarrhœa and all forms of bowel trouble. For sale by B. E. Cockey & Co.

Following the Flag.

When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines, health was the most important consideration. Willis T. Morgan, retired commissary sergeant U. S. A., of rural route 1, Concord, N. H., says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philippines, and being subject to colds, I took Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption which kept me in perfect health. And now, in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine in the world for coughs, colds, bronchial troubles and all lung diseases. Guaranteed by J. S. Denny. 50c and $1. Trial bottle free.

You cannot induce a lower animal to eat heartily when not feeling well. A sick dog starves himself, and gets well. The stomach, once overworked must have rest the same as your feet or eyes. You don't have to starve to rest your stomach. Kodol for dyspepsia takes up the work for your stomach, digests what you eat and gives it a rest. Puts it back in condition again. You can't feel good with a disordered stomach. Try Kodol. J. S. Denny and Wye Mills drug store.

STATE GIFT ON CRUISER.

Handsome Silver Service From the People of Maryland Was Presented Thursday.

"This is the gala day for the cruiser Maryland," was the fitting expression of Capt. R. R. Ingersoll, of that gallant ship, as she lay off Annapolis Thursday afternoon, just after the Maryland Cruiser Fund Commission had presented the magnificent $5,000 silver service of 48 pieces before an assemblage of least 800 guests. The day proved to be a historic one for the residents of the State of Maryland, and the scene aboard the stately ship during the exercises will never be forgotten by those who were present.

The occasion was made quite conspicuous by the presence of Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte, Governor Warfield, Mayor Timanus and Admiral Sands, of the Naval Academy. These officials were given tremendous ovations as they boarded the cruiser. Some of Maryland's prettiest women and handsomest men were present at the ceremonies, and the scene upon the after deck of the cruiser reminded one of a gala occasion on one of the large piers at Atlantic City.

The exercises were very brief and consisted of short addresses by Chairman E. Stanley Gary, of the commission; Governor Warfield, Mayor Timanus, Secretary Bonaparte and Capt. R. R. Ingersoll, of the Maryland. Captain Ingersoll was also the master of ceremonies and he introduced the speakers in the order mentioned. Mr. Gary's speech was addressed to the governor and mayor, by whom the commission was appointed, and in which he officially turned the service over to them. The governor and mayor made addresses of presentation to the navy and the ship, and their words were cheered to the echo. Secretary Bonaparte accepted the gift on the part of the navy, and Captain Ingersoll accepted the service on the part of the ship and the officers and men aboard.

A further ceremony of great interest was the presentation to the ship's company by the Governor of Maryland of a beautiful pennant of the State of Maryland. This took place just after the main ceremonies of the presentation of the service, and the flag was accepted by Capt. Ingersoll.

The state's handsome gift was taken from Baltimore to Annapolis aboard the Dolphin, with the cruiser commission and, at once placed on the flag-draped platform of the cruiser. It was the center of attraction, and many of the crowd who had not before seen it, took advantage of this opportunity for a close-range view. The punch bowl was the most admired and was christened immediately after the presentation ceremonies. At the close of his remarks, Capt. Ingersoll invited an inspection of the ship that the deck might be cleared and an opportunity be given to dance. Below in various cabins and ward rooms, delicious punch and sandwiches were served. The giant punch bowl, holding 24 quarts was filled and emptied more than once. Later the band played and there was dancing on the decks.

Horse Show Postponed.

At a meeting of the executive committee held Tuesday, it was decided to postpone the date of the proposed horse show in Chestertown to Wednesday, July 25. The following classes are projected: 1—Standard stallions, trotters and pacers; 2—Non-standard stallions, light harness use; 3—Draft stallions; 4—Jacks; 5—Standard mares; 6—Non-standard mares; 7—Standrad mares with foal at foot, to be judged together; 8—Non-standard mares, with foal at foot, to be judged together; 9—Standard yearlings; 10—Non-standard yearlings; 11—Standard two-year-olds; 12—Non-standard two-year-olds; 13—Single drivers, under 15.2 hands; 14—Single drivers, 15.2 hands and over; 15—Pair drivers, 15.2 hands and under; 16—Pair drivers, over 15.2 hands; 17—Children's pony; 18—Pair mules.

No entrance fee is to be charged in any of the classes, and liberal prizes are to be offered. It is intended to have the judging done by experts invited from other states. A street parade will be one of the main features.

There is no need worrying along in discomfort because of a disordered digestion. Get a bottle of Kodol for dyspepsia, and see what it will do for you. Kodol not only digests what you eat and gives that tired stomach a needed rest, but is a corrective of the greatest efficiency. Kodol relieves indigestion, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, flatulence and sour stomach. Kodol will make your stomach young and healthy again. You will worry just in the proportion that your stomach worries you. Worry means the loss of ability to do your best. Worry is to be avoided at all times. Kodol will take the worry out of your stomach. J. S. Denny and Wye Mills drug store.

How to Break up a Cold.

It may be a surprise to many to learn that a severe cold can be completely broken up in one or two days' time. The first symptoms of a cold are a dry, loud cough, a profuse watery discharge from the nose, and a thin, white coating on the tongue. When Chamberlain's Cough Remdy is taken every hour on the first appearance of these symptoms, it counteracts the effect of the cold and restores the system to a healthy condition within a day or two. For sale by B. E. Cockey & Co.

Deadly Serpent Bites

are as common in India as are stomach and liver disorders with us. For the latter however, there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters; the great restorative medicine, of which S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., says: "They restored my wife to perfect health, after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder disorders. G[illegible] by J. S. Denny. Pri[illegible]

PERSONAL CHRONICLE.

Concise Items of Relatives, Friends and Acquaintances, Visitors and Visited.

Mrs. James B. Price is now able to be downstairs.

Mr. Thomas F. Shortall, Jr., returned Thursday from a visit to Baltimore.

Mr. William Spray, of Longwoods, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Harvey Bailey.

Dr. Wilson, of Easton, spent a few days last week with Doctor Wilmer Adams.

Mr. J. Burton Downes went to Baltimore Thursday morning for a short trip.

Mr. Peter E. Bunn, of Baltimore, spent Decoration Day at his country home in town.

Mrs. Albert Z. Buckman arrived from Baltimore Tuesday evening to visit relatives.

Cashier O. Tilghman Davidson spent Decoration Day at Fishermen's Inn, Narrows.

Mr. Samuel C. Coursey, of Baltimore, is visiting relatives and friends in this section.

Mr. Richard E. Bryan, of Baltimore, is spending a few days on his farm near town.

Mr. Raymond Sparks, of Church Hill, visited friends in this section, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Howard Embert, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his parents at "Wheatlands," near town.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Boyles were guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Manus Boyle, Willoughby, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fesenfeld and daughter, Miss Theo, of Baltimore, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Davidson, Sunday.

Mrs. Otis H. Hunter and infant daughter, of near Centreville, spent Wednesday with her parents, Capt. and Mrs. John F. Jones.

Mrs. John C. Higdon, Mrs. Frank Romer, Miss Lena Kemper, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with Mrs. William Higdon and Mrs. George Timmons.

Capt. Medford M. Larrimore and Mr. Joseph Ozmon, of Centreville, were caught here in the rain storm Thursday aboard their yacht, "Minora."

Miss Margaret McHugh returned to her home in Baltimore, Thursday morning after spending a few days with Mrs. James F. Boyles, "Overton," near town.

Mr. John E. Jones returned home from Wilmington, Del., Tuesday. Mr. Jones has been absent several weeks but says old Queenstown is good enough for him and here he expects to remain.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reier, of Baltimore, are occupants of the "Wilson" cottage with the Rev. Dunbar Gould and family. Mr. and Mrs. Reier are a great addition to the choir of St. Luke's Chapel.

Increase of 10 to 25 Per Cent in Rates.

The local fire insurance agencies received notice the first of last week that on and after May 25, the rates would be advanced on a large number of risks in this territory, the increase amounting to from 10 to 25 per cent. The increase takes effect on all new policies and renewals. The increase is made by the Underwriter's Association and covers the entire country. It includes all the old-line companies doing business in the United States. It is presumed that the higher rates are charged on account of the recent heavy losses of the companies at San Francisco, and of other large losses. In some sections of the country the advance is much heavier than in this territory and the Eastern Shore of Maryland gets off with comparatively a slight raise. The 10 per cent advance includes brick and frame stores, stocks of goods of all description, offices and contents, small manufactories and contents, and so forth. The only exception is in dwellings, household furniture and private stables. These are not advanced over the present rates. Among the special hazards that are not advanced in this territory are canning factories and their contents and lumber yards. The increased rates will mean a considerable burden to the business people of the country, but the companies state that the situation demands that it be made. As all the reliable companies except those doing a mutual business has entered into the agreement, there is no way out of paying the higher cost.

Letter to S. E. W. Friel.

Dear Sir: This story cuts two ways, and teaches two sets of people. Father Galvin, Westerly, R I, had his church and residence painted. Good job; and this is how he went at it.

Measured all carefully—seems to have known Devoe.

Then got bids from the painters, paint to be supplied by them and by him.

Saved $70 by using Devoe.

One of those painters ought to have got that money.

Yours truly F. W. DEVOE & Co.
13 New York.

The Very Best Remedy for Bowel Trouble.

Mr. M. F. Borroughs, an old and well known resident of Bluffton, Ind., says: "I regard Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy as the very best remedy for bowel trouble. I make this statement after having used the remedy in my family for several years. I am never without it." This remedy is almost sure to be needed before the summer is over. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? For sale by B. E. Cockey & Co.

Thousands annually bear witness to the efficiency of Early Risers. These pleasant, reliable little pills have long borne a reputation second to none as a laxative and cathartic. They are as staple as bread in mil[illegible] homes. Pleas[illegible] fective. Will promptly rel[illegible] tion wi[illegible]

HOW PEOPLE CHANGE!

Some People Now Living Remember When Tomatoes Were Grown as Flowers.

What a great discovery the tomato was as an article of food! While most food plants are of comparatively ancient origin, there are plenty of people living today who can remember when it was only an ornament cultivated for the beauty of its dainty blossoms and handsome fruit. While its beauty was admired, it was considered like the poisonous oak, dangerous to even handle except by dark complected people. Years of acquaintanceship however, wore off its superstition and a few "fool-hardy" actually owned up to having tasted the fruit.

The growth of this general popularity dates back to the time of the first successful packing houses. When the use of the tomato as a food was established, demand made it necessary to have a cheaper price than the local market gardener could afford and to meet this the tin can as a diminisher of space was called into requisition. It was found much cheaper proportionately to raise one thousand bushels than ten so, by the aid of the tin and cooked product it could be placed on the consumer's table at a price so reasonable as to enable its daily use. Moreover, the article put in the can is brought fresh picked from the field, hermetically sealed and immediately sterilized by heat, while the uncanned fruit is frequently shipped for hundreds of miles before it is used as a food. This artificially ripened fruit must be gathered green and the rich color it finally assumes is the withering of hungry tissues that should have fed the hungry fruit with the red nourishing juice that comes from the soil and, by the aid of Mother Nature is thus transformed. No preservation is used by the canner as the action of heat insures keeping for an indefinite time. There is nothing so healthy as this rich, ripe fruit emptied out of the clean white can ready for any use. The taste is equal to the fresh fruit and every semblance of waste in shape of rind or core has been removed.

Eat it?—why the very sight and smell are irresistible, and the most insistent appetite can be satisfied because of its absolute harmlessness. Its healthfulness has never been attacked and the rich juices colored as the life giving fluid, act as a tonic even for the invalid stomach. There is no home where its visits are not welcome, and the table of either the millionaire or peasant are alike familiar with its presence. As Indian corn, it is distinctly of American origin and, proud indeed can we be of both of these excellent food plants.

Had to Plant Corn Over Again.

In Kent county some farmers had been forced to plant over again many acres of their corn crop; grass and wheat were seriously affected, and the strawberry yield greatly decreased. One Kent county farmer, in his desperation, is reported to have undertaken the almost herculean task of watering his field of corn during the recent drouth. In Caroline county the early berry crop was almost a total failure. Many small fruit farmers plowed their berry fields under in order to plant other crops that will yield greater profits. Early truck in the same county is reported as having been a total loss. Tomatoes have also been seriously hurt throughout the great canning country. When it is remembered that the pack of this vegetable last year was 2,294,408 cases of two dozen cans each, some idea may be had of what a blight to this great industry will mean to the state. Reports from all the counties tend to show that though the loss to nearly all the crops has been heavy, the rains of this week have been of enormous value.

James H. Jarrell Dead.

Mr. James H. Jarrell died at his home on the "Higgins" farm, near Starr, Wednesday night at 9.30 o'clock, aged about 70 years. The immediate cause of his death was heart failure. Mr. Jarrell was a native of Talbot county but had resided in this county for the past forty years, being engaged in agricultural pursuits during the entire time. A widow, Mrs. Mary C. Jarrell, sister to Mr. C. A. Busteed, of Centreville, and Mrs. P. T. Potts, of Hope, and four sons: William Henry, John W., Charles A., and James R. Jarrell survive him. Funeral services will be held from his late residence at 11 o'clock this morning and interment will be made in Centreville cemetery, Rev. Henry G. Budd, of the Centreville M. E. Church, officiating. The following will act as pallbearers: Chas. F. Rich, Marion Hunter, Wm. F. Watson, Wm. F. Bailey, C. Sydney Jump and Wm. P. Burris.

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Barton Morris died at his home in Ridgely, Wednesday, after a lingering illness of consumption, aged 60 years. Mr. Morris had been a successful farmer near Church Hill, for several years. He moved to Ridgely six years ago and engaged in the livery business, and in 1903 was appointed bailiff of the town, but resigned after a year's service. He is survived by a widow and four children.

Death From Lockjaw

never fellows an injury dressed with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its antiseptic and healing properties prevent blood poisoning. Charles Oswald, merchant, of Rensselaersville, N.Y., writes: "It cured Seth Burch, of this place, of the ugliest sore on his neck I ever saw." Cures cuts, burns, wounds and sores. 25c. at J.S. Denny. Try them.

The sincerest tribute that can be paid to superiority is imitation. The many imitations of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve that are now before the public prove it the best. Ask for DeWitt's. Good for burns, scalds, chapped skin, eczema, tetter, bruises, piles, boils and piles. Highly [illegible] and reliable.

Breaking of the Long Drouth.

The steady rains of Sunday and Monday reached completely over the parched area embracing Maryland, Northern Virginia and Southern Pennsylvania, and gave relief to a situation that had grown distressing. The rain, it is believed, has come in time to save millions of dollars to the farmers of Maryland alone. The wheat crop is at a stage of development when a drouth much longer continued would have meant almost complete ruin to the present year's yield. During the next three or four weeks the grain must form, and to accomplish this, abundant moisture in the soil is useful. Corn is generally above ground, and there is reason to expect that the young plants will quickly respond to the welcome moisture. There has been much complaint of damage to fruit, especially to the strawberry crop, which was just beginning to ripen. The tree fruits however, including the peach, are sustained by roots that reach far down below the surface soil, and, therefore, these have probably not sustained any particular damage. The rains have been of just the right kind to do good—gentle, intermitting showers give the aggregate fall of water a chance to soak into the soil. The long continuance of the rain will assure beneficial results, even though the total precipitation may not be comparatively large. Already there is news of rejoicing from the rural districts and a quick revival of a spirit of optimism.

Summerfield Tilghman, president of the Gallowsfield Driving Park Association who, last week, purchased a fine launch in Baltimore, started for this port early last Sunday morning with Frederick Startt, as pilot. When they reached Seven-Foot Knoll lighthouse the engine stopped and the gentlemen were compelled to paddle back to Steelton, as the boat had no oarlocks. It only took about eight hours for them to make the trip.

Those persons who are served mail by what is known as the rural free delivery should know that an order has been issued by the Department to go into effect on and after July 1, that carriers will not be required to stop to open a box that does not have on it a signal to show that it contains matter to be collected. It is not necessary that the signal be complicated or costly, for a very simple arrangement will answer the purpose.

If your stomach troubles you do not conclude that there is no cure, for a great many have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Try them, they are certain to prove beneficial. They only cost a quarter. For sale by B. E. Cockey & Co.

St. Gertrude's Academy

"THE PLAINS,"

Near Ridgely, Caroline Co., Md.

Boarding and Day School for Girls and Young Ladies

The Academy is situated about 4 miles from Ridgely and 10 miles from Centreville, in a beautiful and healthy location. The building is commodious with modern improvements, including steam heat. The grounds, artistically laid out, afford ample space for exercise and recreation.

Differences of religion will not be regarded in the admission of pupils who are willing to conform to the general regulations. For particulars apply to or address

THE MOTHER SUPERIOR,
St. Gertrude's Academy,
Ridgely, P. O., Md.

Queenstown Roller Mills

To the Public

The past summer we remodelled our mill on the latest improved Peerless Sifter System, also putting new labor-saving machinery which enables us to turn out more trade, also giving us the advantage of giving quanity and quality which we guarantee quality to be excelled by none. Since remodelling we have the most complete mill in Maryland.

We keep on hand at all times HIGH-GRADE FLOUR, HOMINY, MEAL, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR and FEEDS of all kinds.

Special attention given to Exchange work.

Try a sack of our best flour "Golden Grains."

J. J. Golt,

Proprietor of Queenstown Flour Mill,

QUEENSTOWN, MD.

CHESAPEAKE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

"Chesapeake Line."

ELEGANT PASSENGER STEAMERS "AUGUSTA AND "ATLANTA,"
For OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK, VA
Steamer leave Baltimore daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 P. M., and arrive Old Point Comfort at 6 A. M. and Norfolk at 7.15 A. M., where connection is made with the Rail lines for all point South.

"York River Line."

ELEGANT PASSENGER STEAMERS "CHARLOTTE" and "BALTIMORE."
For WEST POINT and RICHMOND, VA.
Steamers leave Baltimore daily (except Sunday) at 5 P. M., and arrive West Point at 7.30 A. M., and Richmond at 9.25 A. M.
Steamers leaving Baltimore on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and leaving West Point on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, call at Gloucester Point, Clements and Allmond's; and Steamers leaving Baltimore on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and West Point on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, call at Yorktown and Clay Bank (weather permitting.)
STEAMERS LEAVE BALTIMORE FROM PIERS 18 AND 19 LIGHT STREET WHARF.
Through tickets to all points may be secured, baggage checked and staterooms reserved from the City Ticket Office, 119 E. Baltimore St., ARTHUR W. ROBSON, Agent, 127 E. Baltimore St., or the General Office, 590 Light St.
RUEBEN FOSTER, General Manager. E. J. CHISM, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
T. H. McDANIEL, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent.

WM. H. SMITH,

OF CENTREVILLE

for many years a merchant of that city desires to advise his friends that he has formed a connection with The Hub of Baltimore, Md.

He will take great pleasure in personally looking after the wants of his old neighbors and will not only be glad to see them in person, but will give his strictest attention to any mail orders that may be sent to The Hub and which will be turned over to his care.

The Hub carries an admirable line of men's and boys' clothing, ladies' garments of all kinds, hats, shoes, girls' suits and coats, furnishing goods, muslin underwear, and sporting goods.

These are all in the very best style and at the lowest prices. Mr. Smith is absolutely certain of satisfying every customer, for the policy of the house permits him to guarantee everything sold and to refund money on demand, without question.

The Hub

Baltimore Street At Charles

BALTIMORE, MD.

THE HUSTLERS

Our Spring line is Complete.

Beautiful Dress Goods.
Pretty line Percales, Ginghams, Lawns and Calicoes
Nice line of White Goods.
Ladies and Gent's Underwear.
Uptodate line of Novelties.
Handsome line of Ladies, Gent's and Children Dress Shoes.
Men's Pants—Latest patterns.

IT IS TO YOUR INTEREST TO SEE US.

GROCERIES.

Tons of them. The best Goods money can buy.
To the small merchants we will guarantee to save money in anything that may need from us.

Perry [illegible]