IV. With regard to the charge of an attempt to draw money from the treasury without an appropriation by law—

Mr. Jackson says—" In relation to the principal charge made against him, (the secretary of state)—his having attempted to draw money from the treasury without an appropriation by law; it is not true—no such attempt was made. I happened to see the secretary of the treasury near the door of this house, and asked him whether it was true that such an attempt was made, and he told me it was not; that it was proposed in the executive cabinet before congress met, to instruct our minister to open a negociation for the purchase of the Floridas, upon the supposition that congress would appropriate the money when they met—but that he had remarked it was not certain that congress would make the appropriation—and he added, that this proposition did not come from the secretary of state, but from the president himself."

STAR

OR,

EASTERN SHORE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

EASTON: TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1806.

CATERPILLAR, OR STRIPED WORM.

During the last week, an insect resembling that of the Caterpillar, tho' smooth, have made their appearance in numbers to exceed any thing in the remembrance of our oldest inhabitants—they were first discovered on lots of wheat in the neighborhood of this town, some of which they have stripped almost entirely of its blades, and have attacked the head, which is yet soft; and some alarming specimens of their partial, and entire destruction of the clover, have been witnessed—the grass, so far as they have advanced, has been entirely destroyed—corn does not escape them, the most vulnerable part (the bud) is their immediate resort, which has induced some farmers to lay off their ground and re-plant. In different parts of the county we are informed whole farms are laid under contribution by them. They retire from the head of the wheat during the heat of the day, but return when the sun is obscured. Their size vary from one quarter to an inch and an half in length.

We are authorised to state, that *Thomas Worrell*, Esq. has accepted the appointment of associate judge of the second judicial district of Maryland, having resigned the appointment of clerk of Kent county court.

The U. S. brig HORNET, bound to France, with dispatches respecting the Floridas, was spoken April 10, in lat. 43, long, 30. It is probable she arrived by the 20th of April. *Palladium.*

LONDON, April 8

Report states, that the Hon. David Erskine, son of Lord Erskine, and member for Portsmouth, is shortly to proceed in a special diplomatic character, to America, to arrange the diffences subsisting between us and the United States

The following article, from a late London print, indicates the origin of the Miranda expedition.

" Insurance has been effected at Lloyd's on the baggage of an American officer of rank, employed on an expedition fitting out at New-York. The insurance was for the sea risk between New-York and the coast of Caraccas, in South America, and leave was given to touch St. Domingo. It is said the expedition consists of 7000 men. This curious circumstance explains many of the rumors about the declaration of war against Spain."

We understand that gun boat No. 11 will be armed with 2 long 24 pound iron cannon, and 2 5 1-2 inch brass howitzers. No. 12 with 2 long 24 pound iron cannon, and 2 24 pound brass carronades. The Etna with 1 13 inch iron mortar weighing upwards of 5 tons—2 8 inch brass howitzers, and 8 long 6 pounders. The Vesuvius with 1 13 inch mortar, weighing upwards of 5 tons 2 24 pound carronades, and 8 long 6 pounders.

These vessels have been built, and are now equipping under the superintendance of Commodore Preble—

American.

We hear that in consequence of pleasing intelligence from the Mediterranean of peace and harmony prevailing between the Barbary powers and the United States the Cheasapeake will not be sent out. She will probably be ordered to protect our commerce from the insulting depredations of piratical cruisers and oppressors.—*Wash. Fed.*

The Essex frigate, Commodore Rogers we learn, is on her way home.—There is a report in circulation, that the Essex had sunk a British sloop of war by a broadside given in return for one first received from the British ships, in an unprovoked manner.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.

The ship Fanny, Taylor, in 25 days from Glasgow, has arrived at New-York and brought Greenock papers to the 3d instant, containing London advices to the 29th ult. and Paris dates to the 21st. The most important event is the prospect of a RUPTURE between AUSTRIA and FRANCE, the latter having already violated the treaty of Presburg. The following paragraph, alluding to the circumstance, is taken from the French official Expose of April 19th.

Dalmatia is occupied by the French army. It is separated from the mouth of the Cattara by the republic of Ragusa; the country is mountainous and the roads are bad. The French troops have arrived at Rugasa, when the fort of Castle Nuovo was delivered to 300 Russians, by general Brady, who commanded 2000 Austrians. This general, whose ancestors were English, has been wanting in respect to France and has betrayed his master. Upon receiving this information, marshal Berthier gave orders that Braunau, which defends the frontier of the Inn, and which was to have been given up, on the 1st of April, should not be restored, and that it should be again garrisoned. The division of the grand army which was on its way to France has halted.

The prisoners of war that were to have been sent back to Germany have been detained, until further orders, in the places at which they were.

A serious misunderstanding has arisen between the French and Prussians in Westphalia, particularly at Warden and Essen.

The French had taken possession of those places, and pulled down the Prussian arms, substituting those of France in their stead. The Prussian municipalities remonstrated in vain, until a Prussian corps arrived, forcibly re-occupied the towns, and taking down the French arms, replaced the Eagle of their sovereign.

The recent movements of the French on the Austrian frontier, and the reinforcement of their corps in Bavaria, have created much uneasiness at Vienna. On the arrival of a courier from Berthier, the French minister at Vienna communicated to the imperial cabinet the determination of his master to retain possession of Braunau until the affairs of Dalmatia were adjusted.

Prince Schwarzendeg was immediately dispatched to Paris, with a strong remonstrance of this violation of the treaty of Presburg.

The hostility of France, towards Austria, which has recently manifested itself on numerous occasions, was lately insultingly expressed towards the imperial minister count Stetenhiem. The count on his return from Paris, whither he had been sent on a special mission, stopped at Munich; but on the following morning he received orders from the Bavarian government for his immediate departure; and an adjutant of general Berthier attended to see the order enforced.

It was the general opinion in Holland, that the peace with Austria will be of short duration—France seems desirous to strike a blow, before the extensive military arrangements now carrying on, under the orders of the Arckduke Charles can be organized; and it is certain, that the unceasing accumulation of Russian troops on the Austrian frontiers is the occasion of the most serious solicitude to Buonaparte.

LONDON, April 28.

We learn from Constantinople, that the Turkish troops upon the Russian frontiers are considerably increasing, which, with other circumstances, has induced M. Italinski, the Russian minister, to demand explanations relative to these preparations, and that he was informed by the Reis Effendi, that such preparations were necessary for restoring and preserving peace in the interior of the Tuskish empire. A considerable Turkish fleet is fitting out.

The promises and threats of France and Prussia to induce Denmark to assist in excluding our flag from the Baltic, have been hitherto unavailing; the Danish ministry insist on a rigid neutrality; and it is probable that she will succeed in maintaining it.

There was a report on Saturday that gen. Mack had been convicted of high treason, and condemned to suffer the pain of death.

By the Hamburg Mail received on Monday morning, we have accounts from Berlin to the 20th inst. which entirely discredit the report that prevailed in London on Saturday, and Sunday, of the death of the king of Prussia.

Baron Hardenberg, it appears has at length formally resigned. Count Haugwitz has been appointed minister of foreign affairs.

The intelligence of the detention and capture of Prussian ships has produced considerable agitation both at Berlin and Hamburg; where, however, hopes continue to be entertained that the Prussian rivers will not be blockaded!

Permission, as it is called, is said to have been granted to the French to pass thro' the Austrian territory, and 40,000 men are on their march towards Dalmatia.

The German papers contain no further news from Naples, than that prince Joseph is to make a visit to upper Italy for a short time. This looks as if he did not feel himself comfortably accommodated in the former country.

Private letters from Hamburg, are said to state, that Austria has declared in favor of Russia. This report is not sanctioned by any of the German papers.

We lately noticed the destruction occasioned by the fire in the Great Dismal Swamp, which we are sorry to learn continues with unabated violence, carrying destruction in every direction.

Intending, if we can procure, it to publish a full and particular account of this conflagration, we shall not at this time state some facts relative to it, nor offer some reflections which they have suggested.

The consequences have been, and still continue to be very seriously felt by the inhabitants residing near the Swamp; the heated atmosphere occasioned by, and the smoke proceeding from, such an immense body of fire have rendered their habitations almost insupportable. These effects have been for some days past (though in a lesser degree) extended to this place and Portsmouth, and at this moment occasion much inconvenience, and are productive of all the disagreeable sensations which heat and smoke may be supposed to occasion.

At the moment we are writing, and for the last two days, the wind has been to the southward, which setting the smoke directly on this place, the sun has been only at times visible, and the horizon contracted to not more than a mile distant, often not more than half a mile, and sometimes we have not been able, to see three hundred yards.

The captains who lately arrived, informs us, that on approaching the land, they experienced great inconvenience, and were exposed to some dangers from the same circumstance; they state that it was at times so thick from the smoke, they could not see a mile a-head.

The pilots also find difficulty in conducting the vessels up and down the river.

A change of wind will relieve the inhabitants of the towns for the present, but nothing but rain, (which is so devoutly to be desired, for this and other reasons) can remedy the mischief effectually.

(Norfolk Ledger,)

Affair of Honor—The Austrian General Nostitz, has sent a challenge to the Russian Prince Dolgorucky, in consequence of the latter, in his bulletin of the battle of Austerlitz, having asserted that that general did not do his duty.—The terms of the challenge are, that the duel shall and only be the death of one of them, and on these conditions the prince has accepted it.

Letters to the 1st instant, have been received in New-York, from Trinidad, stating that the British frigate Jason, and sloop of war Lily had sailed from thence to Barcelona, for the purpose of joining general Miranda, where it was understood he had arrived.

On the 3d of April, in the British House of Commons, Mr. Rose withdrew his motion against he West India trade.

Agricultural Society.

A STATED MEETING of the AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY for the Eastern Shore will be hell at the Court-House in Easton, on the second Monday in June at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.—Of which all persons intersted will please to take notice.

ROBT. HY. GOLDBOROUGH, *Secretary.*

June 3, 1806.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE AT THE STAR-OFFICE & BOOK-STORE, EASTON,

BLANK BOOKS, boun & half bound; Bibles, Testaments and Psalters; Grammars and Arithmetis; Spelling-Books, (5 kinds) and Primers: Ink-Powder, Sealing-wax, Pencils and Wafers:

Writing and Letter Paper, assorted.

WHERE ALSO MAY BE HAD,

Lawyers' Declarations, different kinds; Bonds, Bills of Sale, and Notes of hand: Bail Bonds, Replevin do and Manumissions;

Warrants, Casas, Fire facias' and Summons', &c. &c. &c.

June 3, 1806.

Notice

WAS committed tche jail of Queen Ann's county as a Runaway, on the 22d of Feb. last, a very dark mulatto woman, supposed to be bout 27 years of age; who came tolerably well dressed in plain muslin, and is said to be the property of a *Mr. Edward Lynch* of Virginia; but having taken every step which was thought necessary to give him information and he not having yet come—this therefore is to give notice that unless he or some other person comes and proves the woman to be the's, and pays her charges, she will be sold according to law.

by SOLOMON SOTT, *Sheriff of Queen Ann's county.*

May 20, 1806. 3

FOR THE REPUBLICAN STAR.

MR. SMITH,

BEING a constant reader of your useful paper, in looking over the one dated the 13th instant, I observed a piece in it written by a schoolmaster, who has subscribed himself a "*A Friend to Youth.*" I think his plan for the "prosperity and happiness" of the rising generation (as to more efficient means being taken for the promotion of learning) is very commendable; but being one of that fraternity myself, and not enjoying the benefit of a grammatical education (which I expect is the teachers he strikes at) I think his assertions, in many instances, are erroneous, and his reflections in general extremely illiberal. We, or our predecessors in the art, having bourn the heat and burthen of the day, in bringing the present, or the major part of the present cultivators of the land in this part of the community, to the capability of reading your paper; and also to calculate the amount of their sales of wheat, corn, &c. ought to have some merit allowed us for our past services. And also a number of our citizens, holding offices under government; a number who have been elected into offices by the suffrages of the people; have filled those offices, as to their education, with dignity and honor. Therefore, how can he with propriety say, that after children have been under such teachers for a "length of time," the parents "inevitably perceive them as destitute of education as at their first commencement?"

As to the dissipation of teachers, I have nothing to say in vindication of them on that head; because, I am of the opinion, that the excessive use that is made of ardent spirits (which lets down the gap for almost all kinds of dissipation), is one of the greatest CURSES to the community; not its imprudent use by teachers alone, but by many people; which, but for that, might have been both respectable and useful members of society. It is our ignorance which he impeaches us with, that has induced me to notice his piece in this way; and his not even allowing us the single consolation of an acquaintance with Arithmatic; though I dare assert that as good Arithmaticians, and even Mathematicians, have been turned off by some of those ignorant teachers, as he terms them, as is common for those to do who have travelled through all the different classes of Articles, Nouns, Pronouns, &c. &c.

If the abilities of the "Friend to Youth" are as great as he artfully insinuates; and his travels in the capacity of a school-master as extensive as he informs us, is it not strange that his merits have not been rightly appreciated before now, and he permanently fixed? As he has made his observations in several states, I suppose he has held forth the same doctrine before; and his not being attended to in that manner he seems to wish, makes me ready to conclude that his abilities are somewhat inferior to his egotism; or his pen would long ago have been laid down, that his fingers might be at liberty to count the *loaves* and *fishes*.

The above remarks are not made with a design to invalidate his plan of education—it might be attended with very beneficial effects; but the "Friend to Youth" may remember that we, for fear of exposing our ignorance in grammar, will not bear his reflections without noticing them. We have been for some time, and still are in the habit of waiting upon our employers in the best manner we are capable; their acquaintance with our assiduity and application has fixed them as our friends; neither is their encouragement to be withdrawn from us by the puffs of, perhaps, an Ignis Fatuus, that may have sprung up from one of the *Hot-beds* of *New England.*

Please to give the above an insertion in your paper, and you will oblige a

SCHOOL-MASTER.

May 19, 1806.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale, on Wednesday the 18th instant, at the late dwelling house of *George Attwood* in Centreville, the personal estate of said *George Attwood*, deceasd—consisting of some young Negroes of both sexes; a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture of almost every kind, and of a superior quality; a small Library: a good saddle Horse, Saddle and Bridle; a good carriage Horse; a handsome Gig with plated harness; a good cow and calf; bacon, lard, and a variety of other articles.

The terms of sale will be a credit of 3 months on all sums over 20 dolls. with note and approved security bearing interest from the day of sale, and cash for all sums of, or under, twenty dolls. will be requird on delivery of the property.

The sale will commence at 10 o'clock and continue until all is sold.

STEPHEN LOWREY, *adm'or. of Geo. Attwood dec'd.*

Queen Ann's county, May 26, 1806. 3

For Sale,

ON a credit of nine months, a *WAGGON and GEAR*, calculated to work four horses. If not sold before the 17th instant, will be offered at public sale near the Market-House, on the same conditions as above stated.

WILLIAM PATTON.

Easton, June 3, 1806. 3

In Chancery, May 16, 1806.

ORDERED, That the sale made by *John Edmondson*, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of *William Trippe*, late of Dorchester county, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the first day of August next: *Provided* a copy of this order be published in the Easton *Star* 3 times before the 1st day of July next.

Test,

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

REG. CUR. CAN.

SHERIFFALTY.

THE subscriber respectfully reminds the independent voters of Talbot county, of his former solication for the *SHERIFF'S OFFICE* of said county at the ensuing election. He continues his desire to serve them—should they honor him with their suffrages, every exertion in his power shall be put in motion to give general satisfaction.

With sentiments of due respect,
The public's obedient servant,
SAMUEL THOMAS.

Easton-Point, June 3, 1805. 3

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at puolic sale on the 17th of June, if fair, if not, the next fair day at the late dwelling of *Thomas Yewell*, deceased, in Queen-Ann's county, near Wye Mill, on a credit until the first day of October next; the purchaser giving bond or note, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale: All the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the said Thomas Yewell, consisting of some valuble young Negroes, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs; household and kitchen Furniture; forming Utensils, Indian Corn, Bacon, Lard, a copper Still, with many other articles. The sale will begin at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by WILLIAM E. MECONEKIN,

administrator of Thomas Yewell, dec'd.

June 3, 1806. 3q

Notice,

THAT the subscriber of Queen Ann's county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Queen Ann's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Thomas Ewell*, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the second day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand, this 2d day of June, 1806.

WILLIAM E. MECONEKIN.

3q *Adm'or.*

Notice,

THAT the subscriber of Queen Ann's county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Queen Ann's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John Keets*, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber at or before the 3d day of December next, they may otherwire by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand, this 3d day of June, 1806.

3q JOHN KEETS, *Adm'or.*

Eighty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Talbot county, (Md.) on the 24th of May last, a Negro Woman named KATE, 23 or 24 years of age; well made, very black and smooth skin—She is an excellent seemstress and cook. She had on striped kersey clothes, and took with her one blue dress, one striped ditto, one white muslin ditto, one green silk bonnet, and a band-box—also some tow linen, with other clothing not recollected. It is probable she may be lurking about Chester-Town, as she has a mother living there. Twenty dollars will be paid on delivery of said Negro Woman to the subscriber, if taken in the county; fifty dollars if taken up out of the county: and the above reward if taken up out of the state, and delivered as above.

ABEL GRACE

June 3, 1806. 3

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on Monday the 12th of May last, a negro boy named *DICK*, 16 or 17 years of age, dark colour, he has a down look when spoken to, his under lip hangs when silent—well made, though small to his age—his clothing, kersey jacket and trousers, swandown vest, and twilled tow shirt—he may probably change his clothing. It is supposed he is lurking in or about Easton. Fifteen dollars will be paid for delivering said boy to the subscriber in Hopkins' Neck, Talbot county, if taken in said county—if taken out of the county and delivered as above, the above reward.

RICHARD DAWSON.

June 3, 1806. 3

Eight Dollars Reward.

STRAYED away from the subscriber on the 25th of May last, a sorrel *MARE* about 13 hands and an half high, stout and strong made, also very fat, with a large star in her forehead, right hind foot white, paces and trots, supposed to be about seven years old this spring. She was bought by the subscriber of a man from Chester county, Penn. & is supposed to be making upwards. The above reward will be given to any person that will deliver the said mare to *John Bullen*, in Easton, or the subscriber, living near the Trappe.

WILLIAM CHAPLAIN.

Talbot county, June 3, 1806. 3